

GR-PANORAMA 81(1)A



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
GEOLOGICAL REPORT
1981

113

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
COAL DIVISION

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT GEOLOGICAL REPORT
1981

COAL LICENCE NUMBERS 5484 TO 5520 INCLUSIVE
AND 7037 TO 7042 INCLUSIVE
CASSIAR LAND DISTRICT
NTS MAP NO. 104 A
LATITUDES BETWEEN 56° 44' AND 56° 53' N
LONGITUDES BETWEEN 128° 24' and 128° 39' W

Author John Ihms

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

- and -

DAVID E. PEARSON, Ph.D. P.Eng.,
CONSULTING GEOLOGIST

NOVEMBER, 1981

SUBMITTED: JANUARY, 1982

DATE WORK DONE: MAY - NOVEMBER, 1981

CONFIDENTIAL OPENAL FILE

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

JOHN W. INNIS

This is to certify that I obtained a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geological Science at Queen's University in 1977, and a Master of Science Degree in Geology at the University of Western Ontario in 1980.

My geological experience has been through exploration and mapping programs in Newfoundland, Saskatchewan, and British Columbia, including two summers with the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources. I have been employed as a geologist in the Coal Division of Gulf Canada Resources Inc. since 1980.

PANORAMA PROJECT

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- VI Trench and Drill Hole Location Map
- VII Base Map Preparation Procedure

APPENDICES EXTERNAL TO TEXT

- VIII Geology Maps and Cross-Sections (1:10 000) ←
- IX Detailed Vitrinite Reflectance Data * *Refer to Confidential Coal Analysis.*

LIST OF MAPS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX IV

Scale 1:50 000

Geology — 7 maps here — (to break up
this area @ 1:10,000)

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

A-A'

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 2000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 3550

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 4000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 6000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 8000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P 9100

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P10000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P12000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P14000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P16000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P18000

Scale 1:50 000

Cross-Section

P20000

LIST OF MAPS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX VIII

Scale 1:10 000	Geology	Map A2
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	A3
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	B1
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	B2
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	B3
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	C1
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	C2
Scale 1:10 000	Geology	C3

Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	A-A'
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 2000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 3550
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 4000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 6000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 8000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P 9100
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P10000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P12000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P14000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P16000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P18000
Scale 1:10 000	Cross-Section	P20000

1.0.0 SUMMARY

1.1.0 Location

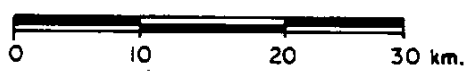
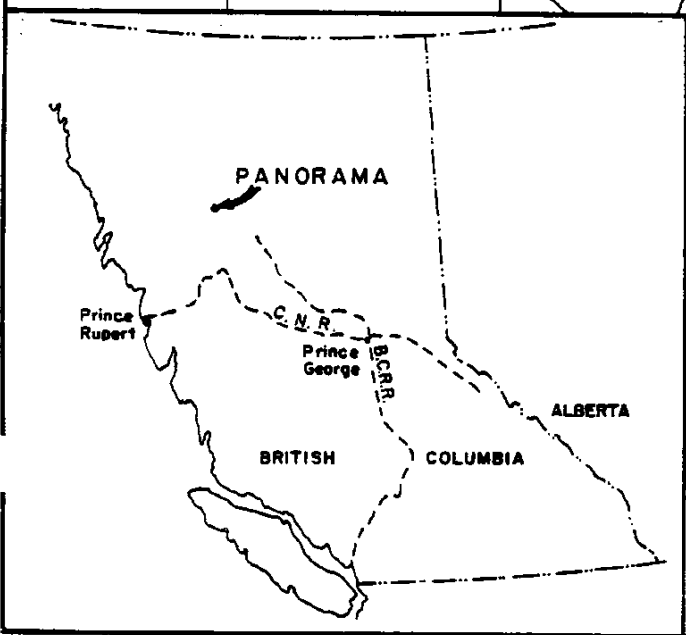
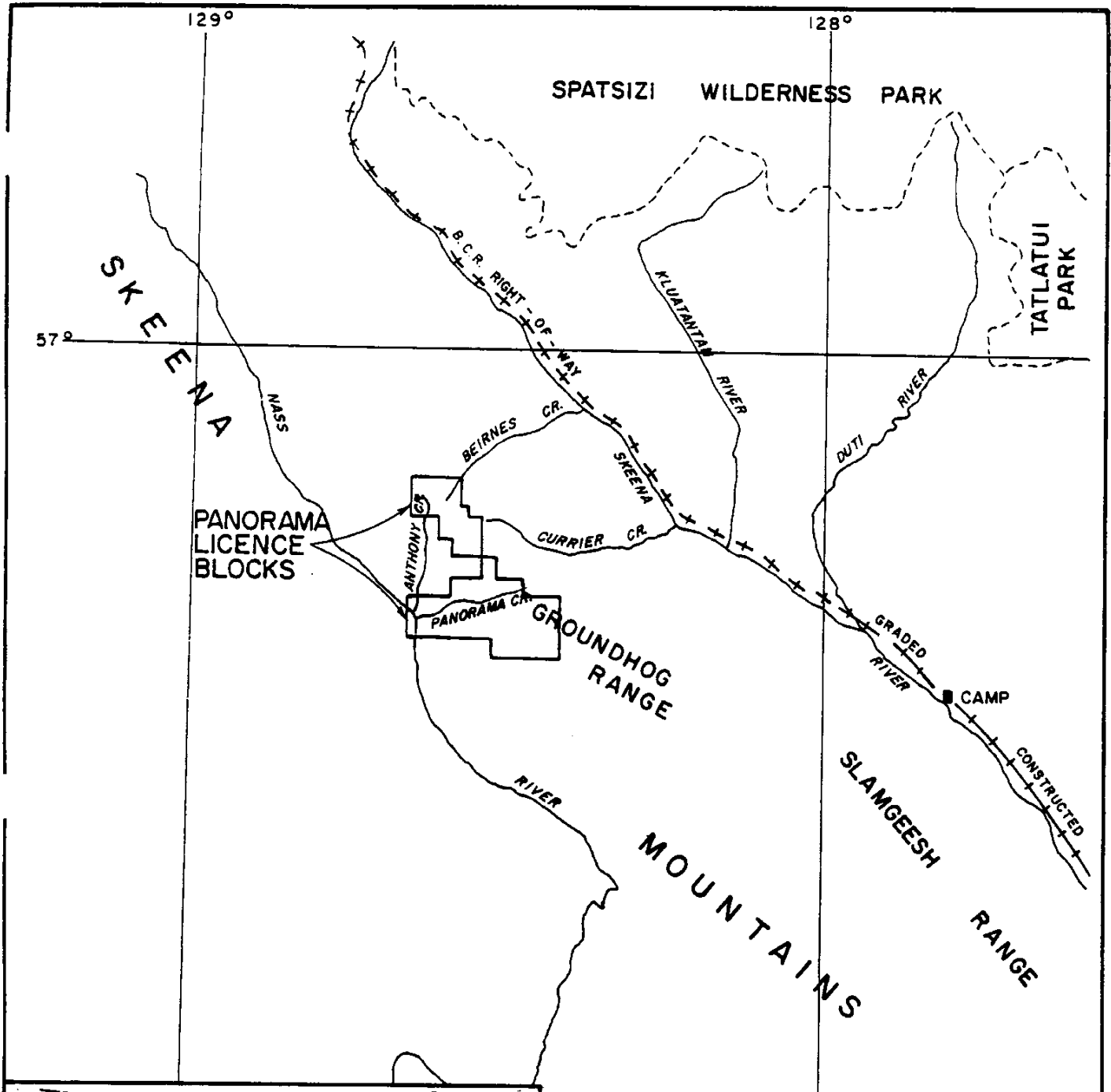
The Panorama Coal Licences are located in Northwestern British Columbia, approximately 234 air kilometres north of Smithers, British Columbia. The Licence Block lies within the Groundhog Range between the Skeena and Nass Rivers.


1.2.0 Access

The cleared right-of-way for the abandoned Prince George - Dease Lake British Columbia Railway is 15 kilometres northeast of the licences, and rail tracks are in place as far as the camp (shown in Figure 1.1), about 40 kilometres east of the licences. The sea port of Stewart is only 129 air kilometres to the southwest, but no access in this direction presently exists.

1.3.0 Licences

The property held comprises 43 licences with a total area of 12 061 hectares.



GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
LOCATION MAP		
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		SCALE 1:600,000
APPROVED BY:		DATE: OCT., '81 DRAWING No. FIG. 1.J

1.4.0 Ownership

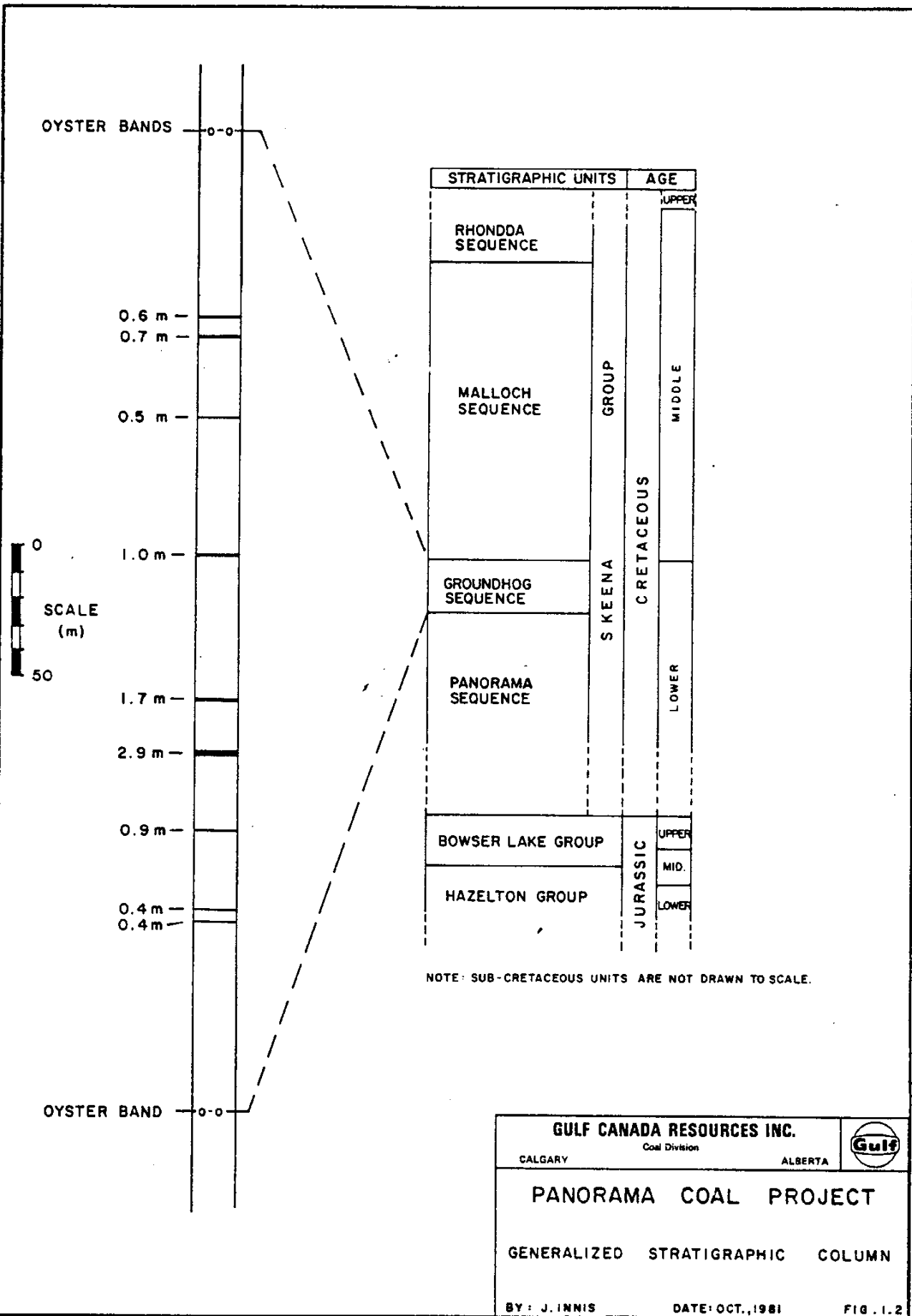
Gulf Canada Resources Inc. holds 100% interest in the Panorama licences.

1.5.0 Exploration

To date, investigation of the Panorama Licence Area has included helicopter-supported geological mapping of the entire area on a 1:10 000 scale in 1980 and 1981, hand trenching of all seams discovered in excess of 0.5 metres in thickness, and petrographic and quality analysis of coal samples from the trenches.

1.6.0 Geology

The Panorama Licences are underlain by lower to middle Cretaceous sedimentary rocks of the Skeena Group, which is subdivided into four stratigraphic sequences; the Panorama, the Groundhog, the Malloch, and the uppermost Rhondda. Major coal development is confined to the Groundhog sequence which is contained between prominent Oyster-bearing marine bands. Flexural-slip folding and thrusting in many localities thickens the coal-bearing sequence, and by repetition increases the number of coal seams. Late normal faults, however, restrict the distribution of the coal measures.



GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
GENERALIZED STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN		
BY: J. INNIS	DATE: OCT., 1981	FIG. 1.2

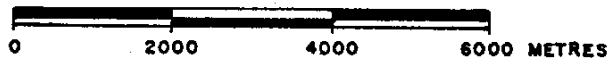
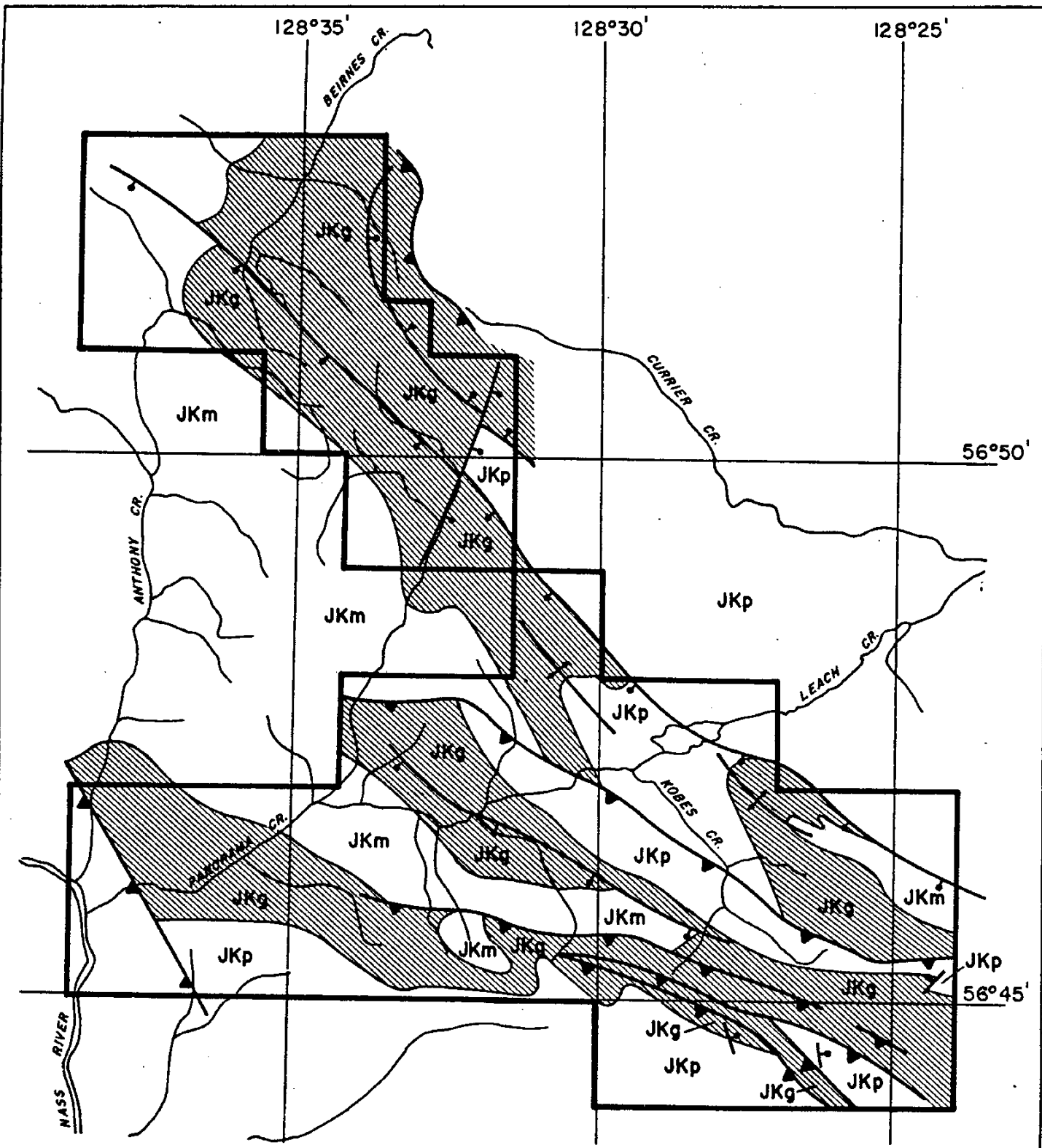
1.7.0 Resource Potential

The resource potential in the Panorama Licence Area is contained within the Groundhog sequence. Although nine coal seams with an aggregate thickness of 9.1 metres occur in the Groundhog sequence, structural thickening and erosion change total coal thickness in most locations.

The Inferred Resources of the area where the Groundhog sequence outcrops are estimated to be 240 million tonnes.

1.8.0 Coal Quality

The coal of the Panorama area is anthracite, as determined by vitrinite reflectance measurement on 138 individual coal samples. Because of oxidation, volatile matter yields of the coals are enhanced and calorific values are reduced, so their rank cannot be determined by means of proximate analysis of trench samples.



- JKm MALLOCH SEQUENCE
- GROUNDHOG SEQUENCE
COAL BEARING SEQUENCE
- JKp PANORAMA SEQUENCE
- GEOLOGIC CONTACTS
- ⌋ ⌋ FAULTS (NORMAL, THRUST)
- ⌋ ⌋ FOLDS (SYNCLINE, ANTICLINE)

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
<h2 style="margin: 0;">PANORAMA COAL PROJECT</h2> <h3 style="margin: 0;">GEOLOGY MAP</h3>		
PREPARED BY: S. BARRON		SCALE: 1:100,000
DATE: OCT. 1981		FIG. 1.3

2.0.0 INTRODUCTION

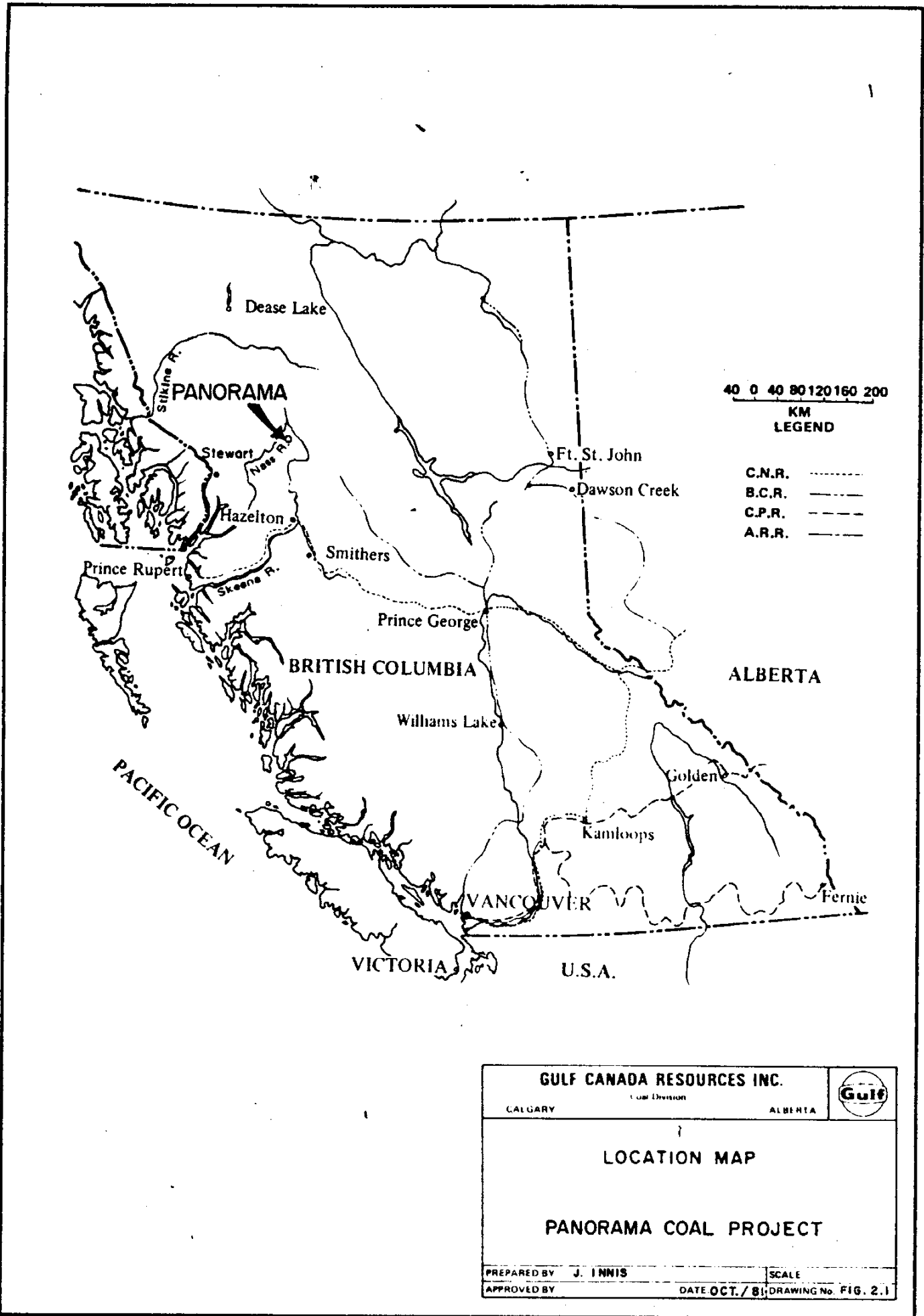
2.1.0 Objectives

The objectives of the 1981 Panorama exploration program were:

- a) to map precisely the distribution of stratigraphic units defined in the 1980 program;
- b) to map all significant coal seams and to determine their relative stratigraphic position;
- c) to define structural domains;
- d) to trench seams for accurate resource appraisal;
- e) to establish coal rank;
- f) to delineate areas of potentially surface-mineable resources;
- g) to establish the size of the resources in those areas; and,
- h) to select sites for future drilling programs.


2.2.0 Location

The Panorama coal licences are located between the Nass and Skeena Rivers of northwestern British Columbia, within the Groundhog Ranges of the Skeena Mountains (Figure 2.1). The area is between 56°44' and 56°53' north latitude and 128°24' and 128°39' west longitude.



40 0 40 80 120 160 200
 KM
 LEGEND

C.N.R.
 B.C.R. ———
 C.P.R. - - - -
 A.R.R. - · - · -

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC. <small>Coal Division</small>		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
LOCATION MAP		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>SCALE</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> OCT. / 81	<small>DRAWING No.</small> FIG. 2.1

2.3.0 Coal Licences

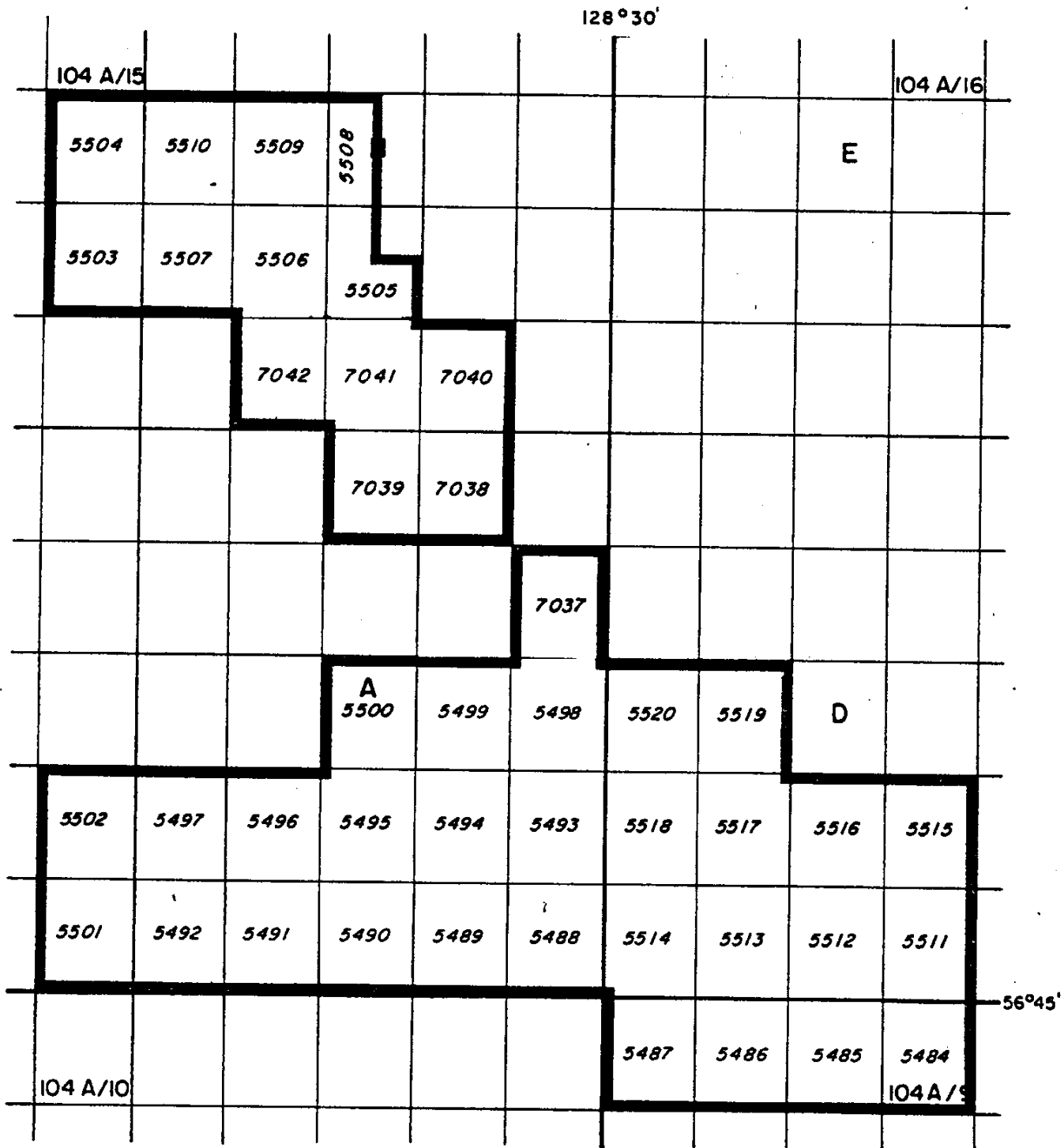
Forty-one whole licences and two partial licences comprise the Panorama licence block. The area contains 12 061 hectares. The distribution of these licences is shown in Figure 2.2, and a listing of them occurs as Appendix I. Licences 5482 to 5520 inclusive were acquired on November 5, 1979. A subsequent application for licences 7037 to 7042 inclusive was made on April 1, 1981.


2.4.0 Ownership

The Panorama coal licences are wholly owned by Gulf Canada Resources Inc.

2.5.0 Access

At present, there is no road access to the area of the Panorama coal licences. The cleared right-of-way for the abandoned British Columbia Railway between Prince George and Dease Lake lies 15 kilometres east of the Panorama licence block (Figure 2.3). Present railhead is 39 kilometres southeast of the licence block.



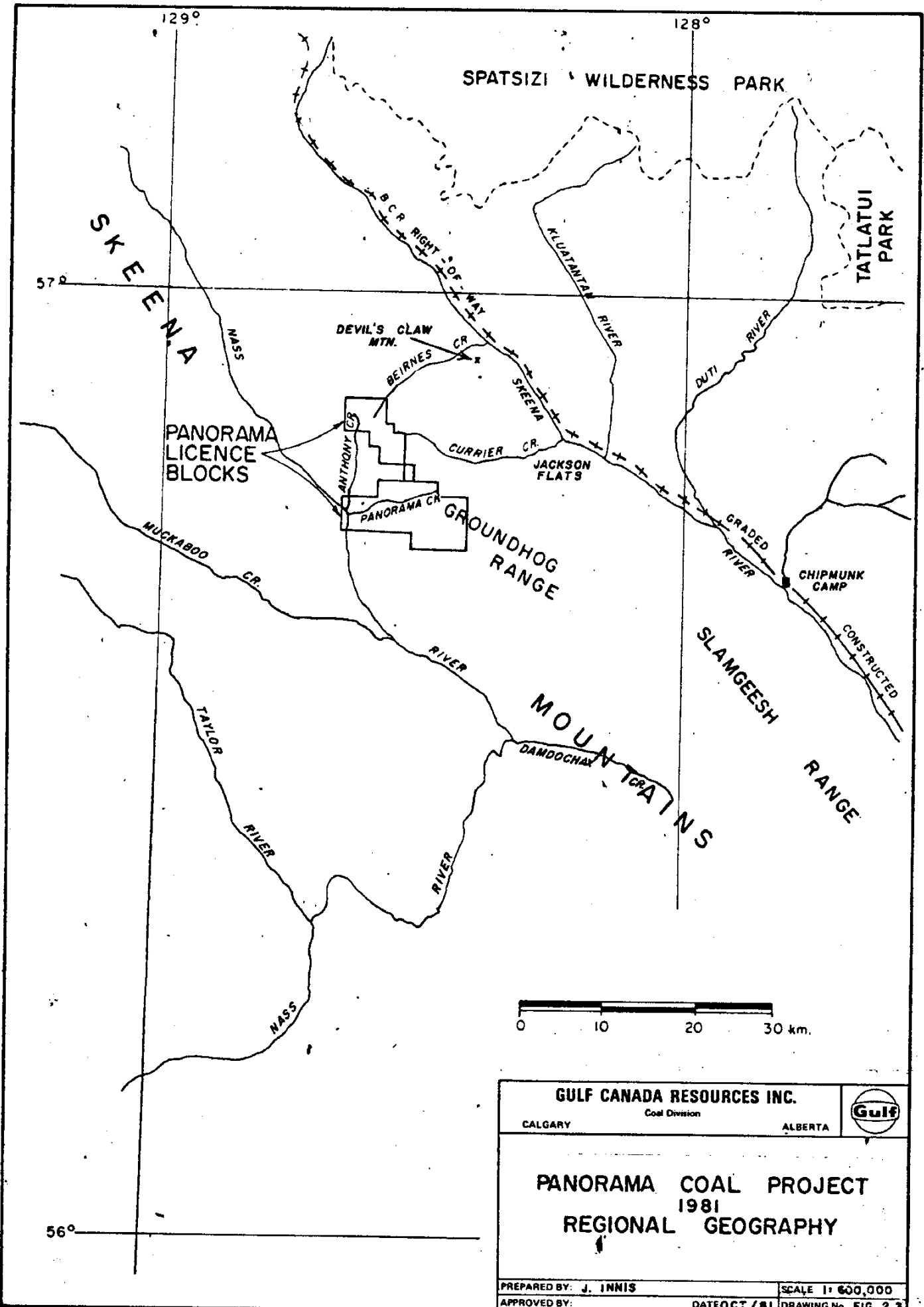
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
 PANORAMA COAL PROJECT COAL LICENCE MAP 		
<small>PREPARED BY: K. H. BABCOCK</small>		<small>SCALE 1:100,000</small>
<small>APPROVED BY:</small>		<small>DATE: OCT./81 DRAWING No. 2.2</small>


The coal licences are 129 air kilometres east of Stewart, B.C. (population 1,357), 249 kilometres northeast of Terrace (population 9,991), and 234 kilometres north of Smithers (population 3,864).

2.6.0 Biophysical Environment

The Panorama licences are located within the Skeena Mountains' physiographic region (Figure 2.3). Topography reflects the underlying structure somewhat, but is strongly influenced by the regional drainage pattern. The height of land in the middle of the property forms a drainage divide. Anthony Creek and Panorama Creek flow west from the licence block into the Nass River. Beirnes Creek in the north and Currier Creek in the east flow northeast into the Skeena River. The Nass and Skeena Rivers approximately parallel each other, flowing south and then west to the Pacific.

Elevations range from less than 700 metres at the Nass River in the southwest corner of the property, to over 2 000 metres on Cushing Ridge to the east.



GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
1981		
REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY		
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		SCALE 1:600,000
APPROVED BY:		DATE OCT./81 DRAWING No. FIG. 2.3

Many who have worked in the Panorama area have remarked on the abundance of precipitation that characterizes local weather patterns. Approximately half the yearly precipitation falls as snow. Most summers are reported as "exceptionally wet" (Buckham and Latour, 1950), with frequent days of precipitation. Daily temperatures range between 0°C and 30°C during the summer months.

The 1981 field season was a particularly dry and warm one. Of the eighty-six days spent in the field, only on twenty-five days did any precipitation fall; on many of the remaining days, temperatures exceeded 20°C.

The most abundant trees are the alpine species, including fir, white and black spruce, lodgepole pine, aspen, balsam, poplar and white birch. The timber line is approximately 1 350 metres above sea level with timber quite dense below 1 100 metres.

Game appeared plentiful with frequent sightings of moose, caribou, mountain goat and black bear. Grizzly bears were also observed on rare occasions. Grouse and ptarmigan are abundant as are Canada geese in the late summer. Steelhead and rainbow trout, coho salmon and dolly varden are reported in the upper Skeena and Klumatantan Rivers (Tompson, 1977).

3.0.0 EXPLORATION

3.1.0 Introduction

Thirty-seven of the Panorama coal licences were applied for in June, 1979. Subsequent to the 1980 field season, a further six licences were obtained.

3.2.0 Cartography

Government maps are available for the Panorama area on both the 1:50 000 and 1:250 000 scale. For the purpose of detailed mapping, this coverage was augmented by maps on a 1:10 000 scale with 10-metre contour intervals prepared from existing aerial photography by Hardy and Associates (1978) Ltd. (Appendix VII).

3.3.0 Field Camp

Field camp operations began June 17, 1981 at a site adjacent to the Chipmunk airstrip along the Skeena River. All initial supplies and equipment were flown from Smithers, British Columbia, as were weekly supplies. The camp consisted of five 16 x 14 foot tents, used for cooking, dining, recreation and office facilities; and ten smaller personnel tents. Power

for the lights and freezer was supplied by a 3.5 kW gasoline generator. A propane heater provided hot water for the shower facilities and kitchen. Camp operations ceased on September 11, 1981, when much of the camp equipment was returned to Smithers for winter storage.

3.4.0 Geologic Mapping

The Panorama coal project utilized 7 crews, each consisting of a geologist and a geological assistant. The crews were air-supported by a Hughes 500D helicopter.

Two methods of mapping were employed. Extensive modified plane-table surveying of traverse lines assured accurate location of outcrop on 1:10 000 scale map cards. Occasional use was made of 1:10 000 scale orthophotos where limited vegetation cover allowed accurate identification of outcrop. All geological information was transferred from the map cards, orthophotos and field notes to 1:10 000 scale dylar maps in the field office. The results of the geological mapping program are summarized at a scale of 1:50 000 at the end of the text (Appendix IV). The same maps and cross-sections are provided at 1:10 000 scale in Appendix VIII. A map outlining each of the traverse locations is presented in Appendix V.

3.5.0 Trenching

A hand-trenching program was an integral part of the field mapping program. A two-man crew worked under the direction of geologists who had been responsible for mapping particular areas. The objective of trenching was to fully expose those coal seams that were thought to exceed a minimum thickness of 0.5 metres, but which were covered by overburden. The seam could then be accurately measured for resource appraisal.

The trenches were approximately 0.7 metres wide and cut to a minimum depth of 1 metre. A total of 54 were dug and logged on the Panorama licences in 1981. Several others were dug, but the actual coal thickness did not warrant logging.

The trench logs, illustrating a visual appraisal of the oxidized coal quality, are presented in Appendix II, and the trench location map is contained in Appendix VI. Trench locations are also plotted on the geology maps.

Quality analysis results from the 1981 program indicated that samples taken from trenches were highly oxidized. To augment the trenching program, a Winkie

drill was used in an attempt to obtain fresh coal samples from seams exposed by trenching. Six holes were drilled for a total of 65.8 metres. The program met with limited success and was discontinued. The locations of the drill holes are shown on the Trench and Drill Hole location map, Appendix VI.

3.6.0 Reclamation

The area of environmental disturbance associated with the 1981 Panorama coal exploration program was minimal since all transportation was via helicopter or fixed-wing aircraft. Only minor disturbances were associated with the camp, trenching, and with drilling. Several hand trenches were left open for later viewing, while the remaining trenches were filled in. The camp utilized a pre-existing clearing, cleared by construction activities of the British Columbia Railway. The camp site was left in its original condition.

3.7.0 Project Management and Contractors

The 1981 coal exploration program was managed by B.P. Flynn (Supervisor, Regional Exploration) of Gulf Canada Resources Inc. Field operations were

supervised by J.W. Innis of Gulf Canada Resources Inc., and geological supervision was provided by Dr. D.E. Pearson of David E. Pearson & Associates Ltd. The geological report was prepared by J.W. Innis and D.E. Pearson.

The following additional professional and technical personnel contributed to the Panorama Coal Project:

K. Babcock		Geologists
S. Barron		
R. Berg		Geological Assistants
D. Bird		
R. Brezovski		
M. Desroches		
J. Greggs		
D. Matsushita		
E. More		
V. Cobb		Helicopter Pilot/Engineer

The following also contributed to the project:

S. Lammle	Cook
G. Murray	Trencher
R. Bourdeau	Trencher
G. Barclay	First Aid Attendant

The following is a list of the service companies and suppliers used during the project:

SERVICES

Canadian Marconi Co.	Calgary
West Can Electronics Services Ltd.	Calgary
Minchuk Leasing Ltd.	Calgary
Smithers Air Service	Smithers
M.R. Rentals	Smithers
R.T. Exploration Services	Smithers
Aspen Motel and Restaurant	Smithers
Sandman Inn	Smithers
Alpine Helicopters Ltd.	Kelowna
Quasar Helicopters	Richmond
Highland Helicopters Ltd.	Smithers
Northern Mountain Helicopters	Prince George
Aviair Aviation	Kamloops
Kelowna Flightcraft Ltd.	Kelowna
Trans Provincial Airlines	Terrace
Columbia Airlines Ltd.	Prince George
David E. Pearson & Assoc. Ltd.	Victoria
Cyclone Engineering Sales Ltd.	Edmonton
Birtley Coal and Minerals Testing	Calgary
Canadian Freightways	Calgary
Nova Photo Centre Ltd.	Calgary

SUPPLIERS

Totem Distributors	Calgary
Ribtor's Mnfg. & Distr. Co. Ltd.	Calgary
Caldraft	Calgary
Carter Mapping (1979) Ltd.	Calgary
Photomovie Supply and Equip.	Calgary
Economy Bookbindery Co. Ltd.	Calgary
Sprung's Western Tent & Awning	Calgary
Alta. Tent & Awning	Calgary
Safety Supply Canada	Calgary
Petrocraft	Calgary
Neville Crosby	Vancouver
Premo Plastic Engineering	Victoria
The Plastic Shop	Victoria
Canadian Lab Supplies	Vancouver
Western Scientific Services	Richmond
Micro Metallurgical	Thornhill, Ont.
Smithers Hardware	Smithers
Tatlow Industries (1979) Ltd.	Smithers
Supervalu Stores	Smithers
Canadian Propane Gas & Oil	Smithers
Chevron Bulk Fuel	Smithers
Alfar Industrial Supplies Ltd.	Smithers
Alpine Wiring & Plumbing Services	Smithers
Trac and Trail Equipment Ltd.	Smithers
Apollo Automotive Parts	Smithers
Dieterich Post (Alta.) Ltd.	Edmonton
Guncraft Ltd.	Calgary

4.0.0 PREVIOUS WORK

4.1.0 Introduction

Prior to the 1980 field season, geological information on the Panorama area of the Groundhog Coalfield was limited to two industry reports and a reconnaissance report by the Geological Survey of Canada. The Geological Report of Gulf's 1980 Panorama Coal Project contained a synthesis of these reports and included a reinterpretation of the regional Groundhog stratigraphy. This is described in Section 5 of this report. A precis of these reports follows.

4.2.0 Regional Stratigraphy

The coal development which was the object of investigation of the Panorama coal exploration program is part of a Jurassic-Cretaceous depositional sequence in one of several successor basins in the Intermontane Belt of northwestern British Columbia (Eisbacher, 1974 [a]).

Volcanism dominated prior to the establishment of the successor basins, producing the Takla and Hazelton groups. Through the Upper Jurassic to Tertiary times, the marine strand line retreated to the

southwest, coinciding with the deposition of the predominantly marine Bowser Lake Group, the marginally marine Skeena Group, and finally, the mostly continental Sustut Group (Figure 4.1).

The Panorama licence area is underlain solely by strata of the Skeena Group. These were deposited in an alluvial fan and coalswamp setting (Eisbacher, 1974 [a]) prograding over the older Bowser Lake marine deltaic complex. The resulting facies is typically laterally discontinuous, but with significant local coal deposits.

Malloch (1912), who named the Skeena (Series) Group, described in general terms the coal measures over much of the Groundhog coalfield, including the area of the Panorama licences. He also described some specific coal occurrences (1912, p. 93), but did not attempt a subdivision of the Skeena Group to aid in local correlation.

The first attempt at a correlatable subdivision of the Skeena was made by Black (1968), who described "Lower Conglomerate, Lower Shale, Upper Shale and Upper Conglomerate" sequences from a large area.

**STRATIGRAPHY
TABLE OF FORMATIONS**

AGE	SUBDIVISION OF AGE	GROUP	LITHOLOGY
TERTIARY	LOWER	SUSTUT	QUARTZ PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE, TO PEBBLY SANDSTONE, SANDSTONE SUB QUARTZOSE FELDSPATHIC, DARK GREY TO REDDISH MUDSTONE, THIN COAL SEAMS, SHALE, AND ASH FALL TUFFS IN UPPER PORTION OF UNIT.
	UPPER		
CRETACEOUS	MIDDLE	SKEENA	CHERT PEBBLE RICH; BROWN-GREY CONGLOMERATE, BLACK, BROWN, AND ORANGEY CLAYSTONE, SILICEOUS AND CLAYEY SANDSTONE, WITH SILTSTONE, CLAYSTONE AND COAL INTERBEDS. BASE OF UNIT DARK GREY TO BLACK TUFFS, TUFFACEOUS SANDSTONE AND CARBONACEOUS SHALE.
	LOWER		
JURASSIC	UPPER	BOWSER LAKE	FELDSPATHIC TO QUARTZOSE SANDSTONE, DARK GREY TO BLACK SHALE, SILTSTONE, GREYWACKE, CHERT PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE AND MINOR COAL SEAMS.
	MIDDLE		
	LOWER	HAZELTON	REDDISH, PURPLE, GREY AND GREEN PYROCLASTIC AND FLOW VOLCANICS, WITH CALC-ALKALINE CHEMICAL AFFINITIES, REDDISH SANDSTONE, SILTSTONE, MUDSTONE, MINOR CONGLOMERATE, AND LIMESTONE AND THEIR TUFFACEOUS EQUIVALENTS.
	UPPER	TAKLA	GREY-GREEN TO DARK GREEN FLOW AND PYROCLASTIC, BASALTIC AND ANDESITIC VOLCANIC ROCKS, PELITIC SEDIMENTARY ROCKS AND MINOR CARBONATE ROCKS.
	MIDDLE		

FIGURE 4.1

The Lower Conglomerate is composed of thick sandstone and conglomerate units with interbedded thinner sandstones, siltstones, and shales. The thicker sandstones are sometimes found to be quite dirty. The sequence, as a whole, fines and becomes more thinly-bedded upward with minor coal at the top and a gradational boundary with the overlying Lower Shales.

The Lower Shales unit comprises interbedded shale, sandstone, and coal units. The sandstones here are also quite dirty and, like those in the Lower Conglomerate, are non-marine. A few sandstones of marine character contain abundant bivalve shells. Black's (1968) mapped distribution of the coal-bearing Lower Shales was one of the main criteria employed in determining the number and location of licences in the initial application for the Panorama coal project.

A gradational boundary separates the Lower Shales from the Upper Shales. The Upper Shales unit contains predominantly sandstone, siltstone, and shale beds, but lacks the coal of the Lower Shales. The Upper Shales unit is also further distinguished by its content of thin beds of limy material and horizons containing excellently preserved plant fossils.

The Upper Conglomerate is made up of conglomerate beds 15 to 60 metres thick, interbedded with sandstone and shale. Some of the latter is carbonaceous, but no coal seams are reported.

Fossil evidence is interpreted by Black (1968) to indicate an age of Upper Jurassic for the Lower Conglomerate, Lower Shales, and most of the Upper Shales. The uppermost Upper Shales and the Upper Conglomerate are, therefore, Lower Cretaceous in age.

Tompson, Jenkins, and Roper (1970), described a four-fold subdivision of the Skeena Group from the area around Devil's Claw Mountain and the adjacent Skeena Valley between Jackson Flats and the confluence with Beirnes Creek (see Figure 2.3). This area is immediately north and east of the Panorama Licence block. Each subdivision was called a "lithosome" and named for the geographic location where it is best developed, for its predominant lithology, or for both.

The McEvoy Ridge lithosome is dominated by silty claystone with a relatively minor proportion of immature sandstone and very minor conglomerate. The sequence is evenly bedded with little cross-bedding and lateral and vertical gradational boundaries between lithologies. The sandstone beds usually have

distinct bases and are friable to a degree that varies with the maturity of the sandstone.

The Coal-Bearing lithosome comprises coal, siltstone, and silty claystone with about 15 to 20 percent carbonaceous material, and very minor cross-bedded, medium-grained sandstone. A recessive weathering habit largely obscures the bedding character, but float is a characteristic brown-orange streaked with black.

The Lonesome Mountain lithosome comprises sandstone, conglomerate, and mudstone with thin discontinuous coals. Sandstones are fine to medium grained and may be interbedded with conglomerate. Burrows and marine bivalve fossils are found in some sandstones. The mudstones are brown in colour and 3 to 6 metres in thickness, with contained coals up to 1 metre in thickness.

The Devil's Claw Conglomerate lithosome is described by Tompson et al (1970) as being a time stratigraphic equivalent of the Lonesome Mountain lithosome, lacking the extent of claystone and coal development of the Lonesome Mountain lithosome, and characterized by a much greater proportion of thick (60 metres) pebbly sandstones and conglomerates.

Thick claystone units do occur between the conglomerates and are carbonaceous, but the zones are not significantly coaly or continuous.

Mapping by Gulf geologists in 1980 showed that there was considerable discrepancy between the stratigraphy envisaged by Black (1968) and Tompson et al (1970), and what was actually observed in the field. A modified stratigraphy was established combining elements of both Black's and Tompson's stratigraphic units. These new stratigraphic units are (from oldest to youngest), Panorama Sequence, Groundhog Sequence, Malloch Sequence and Rhondda Sequence. A correlation between Black's (1968), Tompson et al's (1970), and Gulf's (1980) stratigraphies is shown in Figure 4.2. The stratigraphy as developed by Gulf (1980) was further refined in the 1981 program, as described in Section 5 of this report.

4.3.0 Regional Structure

Tompson, Jenkins and Roper (1970, p. 33) described and named a number of folds and faults north and east of the Panorama licence area that are of regional significance. Although some structure was described earlier by Malloch (1912), the general

COMPARED STRATIGRAPHIES

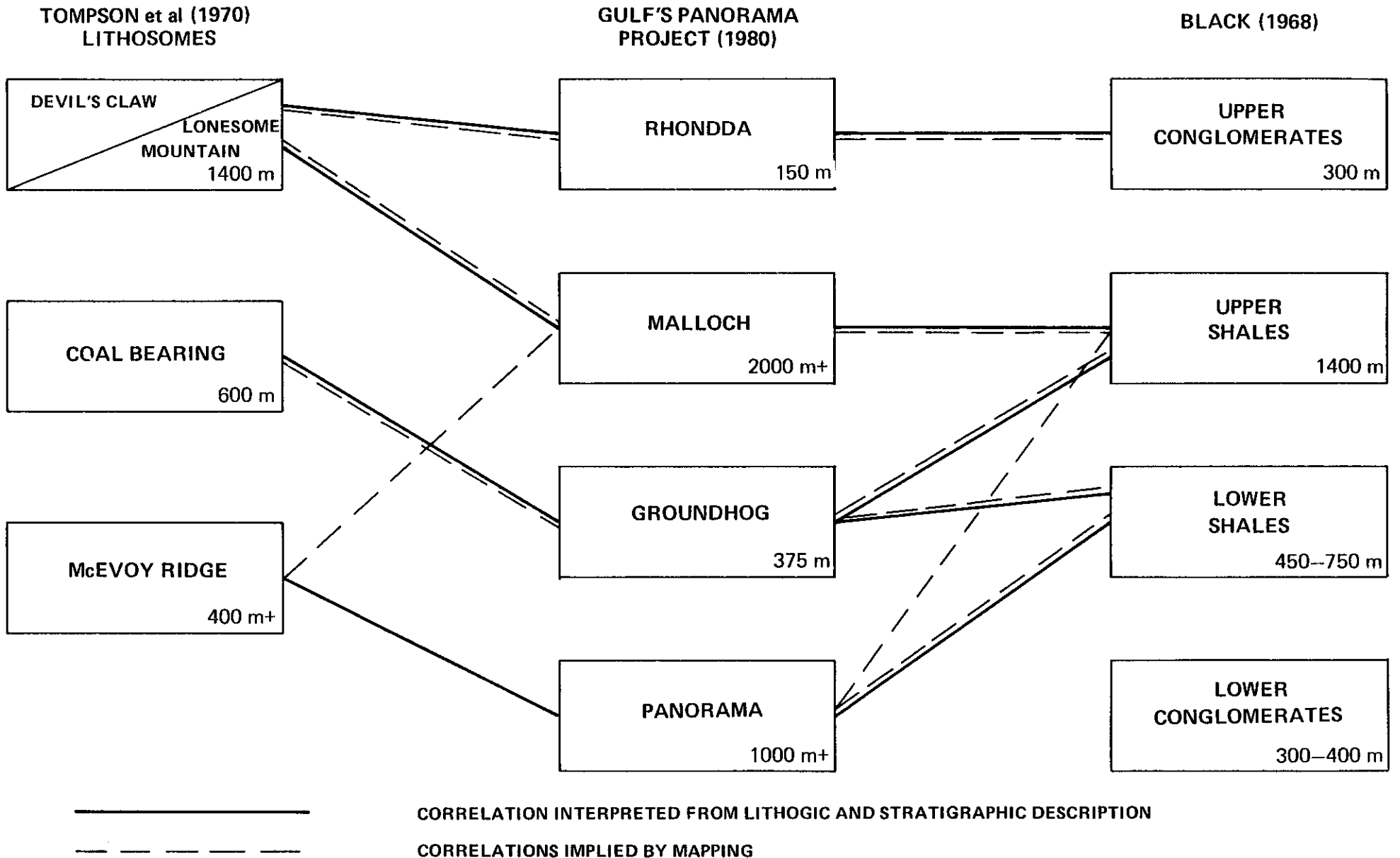


FIG. 4.2

nature of his descriptions together with the absence of specific details within the Panorama Licence area limit its usefulness.

A regional fault, referred to by Tompson et al as the "Groundhog Thrust Fault", is exposed along the west side of Skeena Valley northwestwards from Currier Creek. Folds beneath the fault surface, exposed in the vicinity of Mount Alec, caused these authors to interpret the structure as a thrust fault. The emplacement of McEvoy Ridge lithosome rocks over rocks of the coal-bearing lithosome offers further support for this interpretation.

Late tensional normal faults were also recognized by Tompson et al. One of these, the "Upper Currier Creek Normal Fault", transgresses the northeastern part of the Panorama Licences. The fault, which trends northwesterly, downthrows to the east.

A number of regional folds are described by Tompson et al, among which are the "Upper Currier Creek - Upper Beirnes Creek Folds". These folds are exposed in the northeast part of the Panorama Licences. They are described as "northwest-striking anticlines and synclines" that vary in fold style from tight to open.

5.0.0 GEOLOGY

5.1.0 Introduction

The Gulf Panorama Geological Report 1980 describes a stratigraphic succession, developed to resolve the discrepancies complicating previously suggested stratigraphies. The succession includes four units: the Panorama sequence, the Groundhog sequence (coal-bearing), the Malloch sequence and the Rhondda sequence in ascending order; however, only the lower three occur on the Panorama property. An objective of the 1981 program was to better define the character and boundaries of each of these sequences. This was accomplished by using more detailed observation of lithologies, actively tracing key fossil horizons, and quantitatively identifying coal seams using vitrinite reflectance.

The further objective of resolving the structural convolutions of the property was also greatly assisted through application of vitrinite reflectance measurements.

5.2.0 Stratigraphy

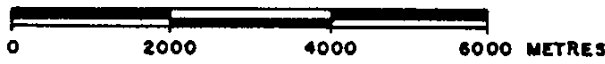
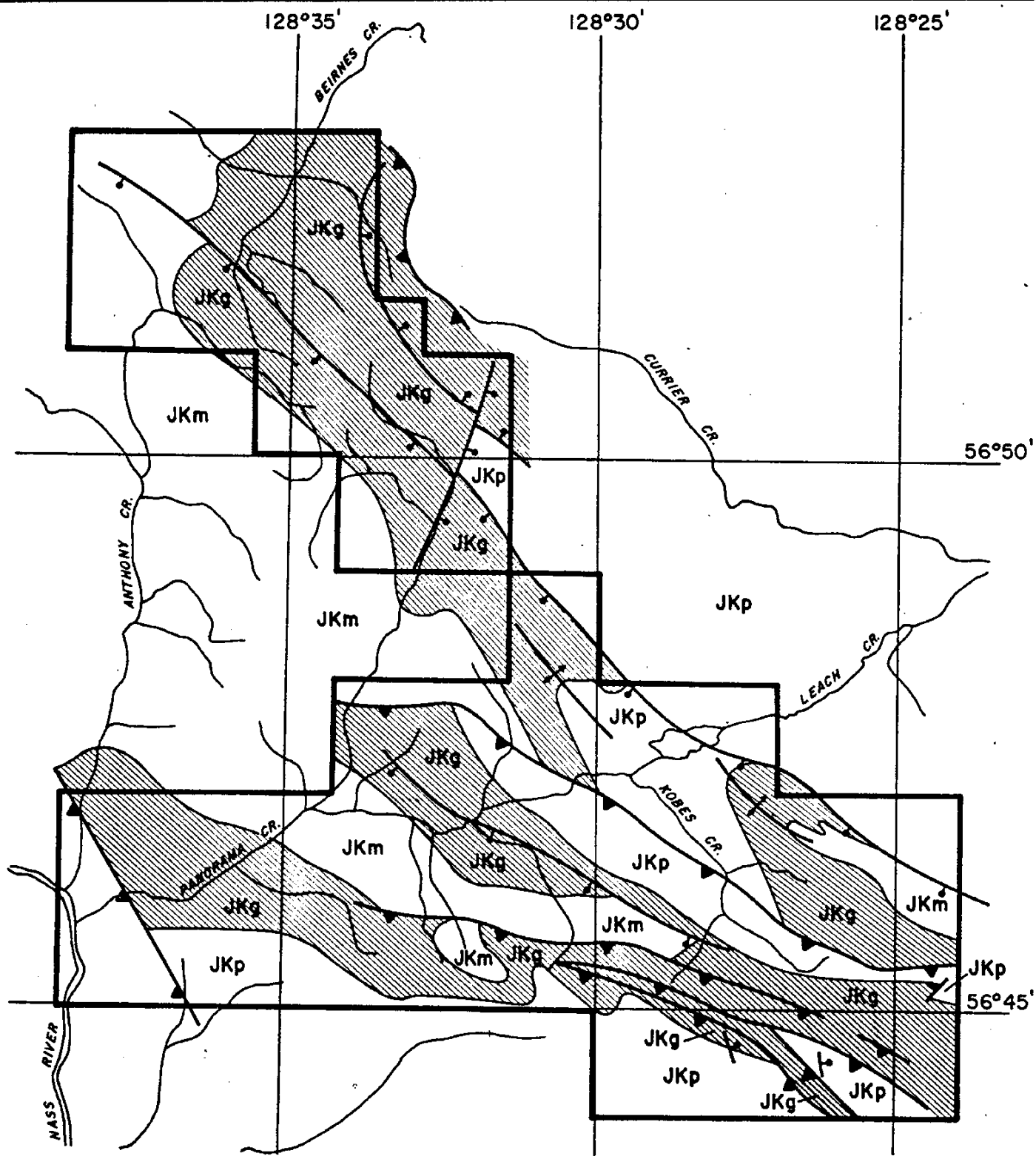
5.2.1 Panorama Sequence

The Panorama Sequence is the stratigraphically lowest mapped unit on the Panorama licences. The base of the sequence is not exposed, but the unit is at least 1 000 metres thick. The distribution of the unit is shown in Figure 5.1.

Lithologically, the unit consists of fine to medium-grained, medium to thick-bedded, grey sandstone gradationally associated with subordinate interbeds of recessive claystone to siltstone. Coal is rarely developed in these finer grained carbonaceous sediments. Primary sedimentary structures in the form of ripple marks and cross-bedding are not uncommon.

Fossil bivalves are preserved at a number of localities, and plant fossils are locally abundant.

The top of the Panorama sequence is marked, and generally recognized, by a succession of thick-bedded cliff-forming sandstones



- JKm MALLOCH SEQUENCE
- JKg GROUNDHOG SEQUENCE
COAL BEARING SEQUENCE
- JKp PANORAMA SEQUENCE
- GEOLOGIC CONTACTS
- ⌋ ⌋ FAULTS (NORMAL, THRUST)
- ⊕ ⊕ FOLDS (SYNCLINE, ANTICLINE)

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
 PANORAMA COAL PROJECT GEOLOGY MAP 		
PREPARED BY: S. BARRON		SCALE: 1:100,000
DATE: OCT. 1991		FIG. 5.1

as observed on the west end of Whistling Cairn Ridge, the west end of Grizzly Ridge, and northeast of Eldridge Ridge. A one metre thick, orange weathering, Oyster-bearing mudstone bed is found in some localities immediately above the sequence of sandstones. Although not always apparent, the Oyster-bearing bed is a useful stratigraphic marker in a generally non-distinctive sequence. The Oyster bed marks the top of the Panorama sequence on Grizzly Ridge, ASA 64 Ridge, Ptarmigan Ridge, Falcon Ridge, Cushing Ridge and Eldridge Ridge. However, it was not located on the west end of Whistling Cairn where a lithological transition indicates the top of the Panorama sequence.

Mean maximum vitrinite reflectance ($R_{o\max}$) of coals of the Panorama Sequence is in the range of 3.5% to 4%.

5.2.2 Groundhog Sequence

The Groundhog Sequence, which is the principal coal-bearing member, conformably overlies the Panorama Member. The base of the Groundhog is most confidently recognized through the location of the oyster-bearing

horizon at the top of the Panorama sequence. Twelve separate oyster bands were observed at a complete exposure of this marine interval. Fewer oyster bands are found in poorer exposures at other localities.

Primary distinction of the Groundhog sequence from the Panorama is made on a lithologic basis. The Groundhog sequence is predominantly finer grained than the Panorama sequence, with abundant, thinly-bedded dark argillites and siltstones. Sandstones are less massive and some are recessive. There is considerable vertical and, particularly, lateral gradation between lithologies.

The Groundhog sequence rocks weather a characteristic orangey colour, helping to distinguish them from the Panorama rocks below and the Malloch rocks above.

The scarcity of ripple marks and small-scale cross-bedding, relative to the Panorama sequence, suggest a lower-energy depositional environment for the Groundhog Sequence. The absence of primary sedimentary structures to

indicate tops, sometimes makes structural interpretation difficult.

Fossils, however, are relatively abundant within the Groundhog sequence. Plant fragments appear in all lithologies and bivalves are locally abundant at a number of horizons. The latter were not found to be useful in correlation, suggesting localized lacustrine and fluvial rather than marine environments of deposition.

Where seen, the top of the Groundhog sequence is recognized by the reappearance of an Oyster-bearing marine band. This band is called the Upper Oyster band to distinguish it from the Lower Oyster band beneath the Groundhog. On Whistling Cairn Ridge, the Upper Oyster band is about 1.5 metres thick, but on Cushing Ridge at the top of the coal-bearing sequence, a marine interval includes no fewer than five distinct oyster beds with a combined thickness of 11.25 metres.

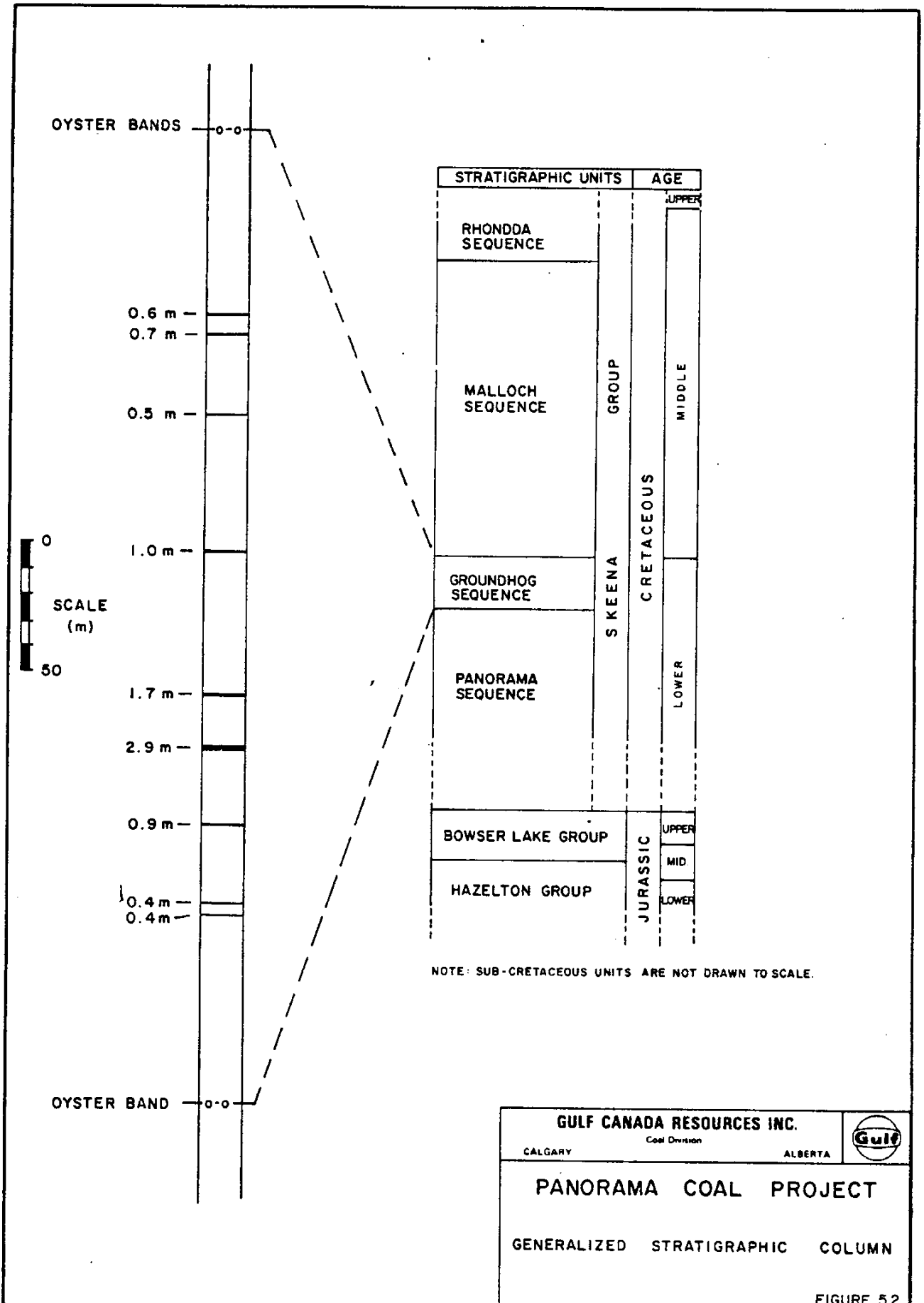
The range of values for mean maximum vitrinite reflectance ($\overline{R_o \max}$) of coals found within the Groundhog sequence varies and appears to be dependent on geographic location

(structural position). Typically, coals within the Groundhog have a reflectance between 2.7% and 3.4%, though in the unusual structural terrain in the north of the property, coal within rocks lithologically resembling Groundhog have a reflectance of 4.1%.

Structural complications exist in each of the sections where the Groundhog sequence is exposed, so the true stratigraphic thickness can only be estimated from composite sections. On Ptarmigan Ridge, which appears to have a non-structurally thickened section, from the top of the Lower Oyster Bed to the base of the highest exposed coal is 440 metres. On Cushing Ridge, the thickness of the section from the estimated position of the Lower Oyster Bed (60 metres) beneath the stratigraphically lowest coal to the base of the Upper Oyster Bed is 320 metres, as shown in Figure 5.2.

5.2.3 Malloch Sequence

The Malloch is the stratigraphically highest sequence mapped on the Panorama Licences, conformably overlying the Groundhog sequence. The base of the Malloch is taken as



the Upper Oyster band; the top of the sequence is not exposed, but at least 2 000 metres appears to be present. The distribution of the unit is shown in Figure 5.1.

Lithologically, the Malloch sequence is composed of interbedded sandstones, siltstones, and claystones with a predominance of the finer grained lithologies. From a distance, the Malloch sequence is a distinct, monotonous, dark-green unit. In hand sample, olive-green sandstones and dark brown siltstones are common. The unit is characterized by step-like topography caused by the resistant, often thickly-bedded, coarse sandstone and granular to pebbly conglomerates interbedded with recessive siltstone/claystone sequences.

Primary sedimentary structures are common in the Malloch; including large-scale cross-bedding, ripple marks and small-scale Bouma sequences.

Rare carbonaceous zones occasionally contain vitrain bands only centimetres wide. Reflectance values measured from thin coals a

short distance above the Groundhog fall in the 2.3% to 2.4% range.

5.2.4 Rhondda Sequence

The thick, prominent conglomerates which overlie the Malloch sequence mentioned by both Black (1968) and Tompson (1970), do not occur within the Panorama licence area. The contact between these conglomerates, here included in a sequence named the Rhondda, and the Malloch sequence, can be found immediately to the northeast of the licence area on Devil's Claw Mountain. It is surprising that such a prominently weathering and resistant sequence as the Rhondda does not have a more extensive distribution. However, the factors controlling its erosion or non-deposition in the licence area are not known.

5.3.0 Coal Development

Figure 5.2 shows a section through the core of the Cushing Ridge anticline. Although the base of the sequence is not seen in the core of the fold, it is estimated to be 60 metres beneath the base of the lowest seam, based on a correlation with a stratigra-

phic section measured on the west end of Cushing Ridge. Nine distinct coal seams, with a combined thickness of 9.1 metres, are exposed in this section. Seven of these seams are thicker than 0.5 metres and these were trenched in either the 1980 Program or the 1981 Program.

Figure 5.2 shows that coal is developed throughout the Groundhog sequence with, in this example, the thicker coals developed in the middle part of the succession.

Structural disturbance is so common, however, that only rarely is the complete stratigraphic section preserved; more commonly seen are structurally thickened sections where one or more thrust faults accompanied by folds cause stratigraphic repetition. On ASA 64 Ridge (P 6000) for example, the apparently greater thickness of coal (9.5 metres), is caused by structural repetition of portions of the stratigraphy. At the north end of the ridge however, only 3.06 metres of coal were observed in 440 metres of apparently undisturbed Groundhog. Elsewhere, on East Grizzly Ridge in a structurally repeated section that contains ten distinct seams, the total coal development is 8.44 metres.

The conclusion is reached, therefore, that coal development is variable. In non-structurally thickened sequences, percentage of coal in total Groundhog stratigraphy varies from 0.7 to 2.8%. This either increases or decreases depending on the local structural setting.

5.4.0 Structure

The structure of the Panorama licence area is typical of constrictional tectonic regimes, with overturned flexural folds and thrust faults being very common. Later tensional normal faulting is also evident in the area (Figure 5.3).

5.4.1 Synthesis of Structural Geology

Figure 5.1 is a map showing the principal structural features of the Panorama licences.

South and east of Panorama Creek, coal-bearing Groundhog sequence reoccurs at three separate structural levels.

On Cushing Ridge, an overturned syncline with a thin development of Malloch sequence in

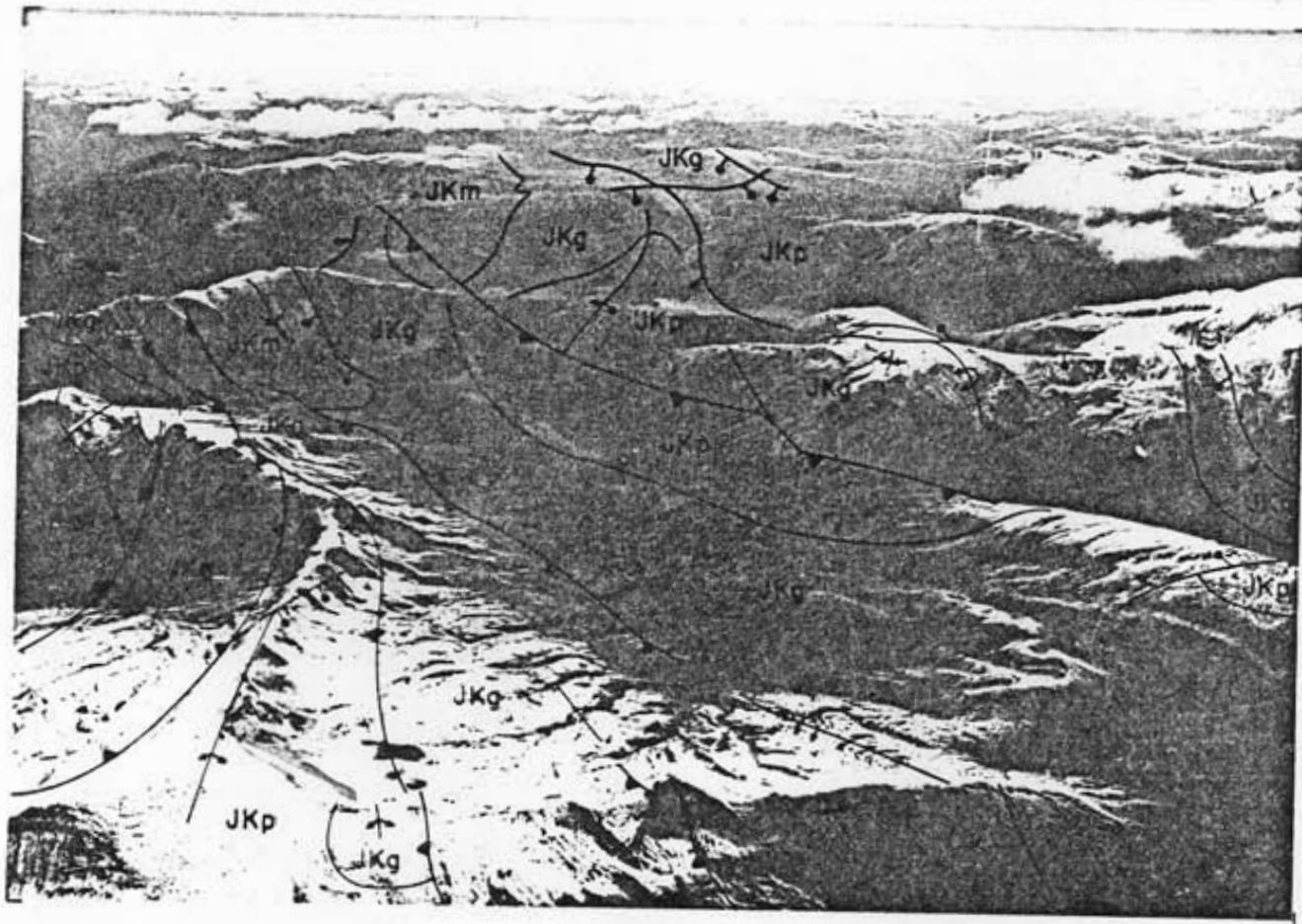


Figure 5.3 View of Panorama Licence Area Looking Northwest

its core, and flanked on the south side by an upright anticline in Groundhog sequence rocks, occurs as the lowest structural level.

This coal-bearing fold-couple is overthrust from the south by a coal-bearing stratigraphic package that occupies the second structural level and rides on the Kobes Ck. Thrust, the trace of which follows Kobes Creek. The Malloch sequence on this second structural level occupies the core of a broad WNW-trending syncline, the north limb of which is downfaulted against the Groundhog on ASA 64 Ridge and in Panorama Creek. The west limb of this syncline is exposed along the Whistling Cairn Ridge. An extension of the Kobes Ck. Thrust trends west along the north side of Panorama Ck. Here, the thrust carries quite severely contorted Panorama, Groundhog and Malloch sediments (visible in Panorama Ck.) over gently folded Malloch rocks that support the broad ridge north of Panorama Ck.

The third structural level, which rides the Grizzly thrust plate, is itself imbricated by a series of lesser thrusts. It comprises Groundhog and Panorama sequence rocks and over-

lies Malloch sequence rocks on the south end of ASA 64 Ridge and Groundhog sequence rocks on Grizzly Ridge.

A northwest-trending normal fault, which downthrows to the southwest, provides a northern boundary to the coal-bearing sequence of Cushing Ridge, where the Groundhog sequence is juxtaposed with Panorama sequence rocks. Along the northwest part of this fault, Groundhog rocks are downfaulted against Groundhog. In the northeast of the licences, a vertical normal fault becomes a decollement surface towards the east.

5.4.2 Details of Structural Geology

5.4.2.1 Cushing Ridge

A structurally-thickened sequence of coal measures occurs on Cushing Ridge where an overturned anticline is flanked on the north side by a tight symmetric syncline and on the south side by an open asymmetric syncline. All the folds have essentially horizontal axes. The effect of these folds is to steepen dips and repeat the coal-bearing stratigraphy (Section P 3550).

5.4.2.2 East Grizzly Ridge

Coal-bearing Groundhog sequence rocks on East Grizzly Ridge ride on the Kobes Ck. thrust, and structurally are above the Cushing Ridge folds. At the south end of the structure, an asymmetric anticline is thrust over an asymmetric syncline that is in turn thrust over coal measures along the north part of the ridge. The result is to stack at least ten seams of coal into a steeply dipping, 600 metre section (Section A-A').

5.4.2.3 Grizzly Ridge

Grizzly Ridge Thrust, together with splays of the sole thrust, dominate the structure of this ridge. Grizzly Ridge comprises a steeply north-dipping homoclinal sequence of coal-bearing Groundhog Member rocks, repeated on two subsidiary faults. The result is that nine coal seams, in a 600 metre section, are thrust over coal-bearing rocks that strike west of East Grizzly Ridge (Section P 3550).

5.4.2.4. ASA 64 - Ptarmigan Ridge

At the north end of this ridge, a southerly dipping homoclinal sequence of about 440 metres of coal measures is truncated against the Ptarmigan Ridge normal fault. The coal measures at this end of the ridge are thought to be contiguous with those of East Grizzly Ridge, described above.

At the south end of the ridge, coal measures riding on the Grizzly Ridge Thrust are in contact with Malloch sequence strata. A splay of the main thrust repeats the stratigraphy (Section P 6000).

5.4.2.5 Whistling Cairn Ridge

A homoclinal, northerly dipping sequence comprising Panorama, Groundhog and Malloch sequence rocks is located on Whistling Cairn Ridge. This stratigraphic package is continuous with that underlying the Grizzly Ridge Thrust on ASA 64 - Ptarmigan Ridge. The coal measures here form the southern limb of a gentle, open, northwest-trending syncline. Unfortunately, the coals exposed on Whistling Cairn Ridge, though numerous, are also relatively thin.

5.4.2.6 North Panorama Creek

The northwest-trending, normal-faulted synclinal parcel of rocks, described above, is exposed in Panorama Creek. At higher elevations on the north side of the creek, however, an entirely different structural situation prevails. There, a southeast-trending sequence of folded, coal-bearing Groundhog is overlain on the west side by Malloch sequence rocks. The junction between these two structural regimes coincides with a break in slope that marks the position of the western extension of the Kobes Ck. Thrust.

5.4.2.7 Eldridge Ridge

In the northernmost part of the area, south of Beirnes Creek, the coal-bearing Groundhog is folded in a tight overturned anticline. This deformed sequence appears to have been thrust towards the southwest over gently folded Lower Groundhog rocks and then subjected to remobilization to the east on the Eldridge Ridge Normal Fault. This fault is vertical where found on Eldridge Ridge, but it shallows rapidly to the east and becomes a decollement surface. The net effect of this structural deformation is to compress thirteen coal seams, with a combined thickness of 14.5 m, into a 1.5 km section.

6.0.0 RESOURCE POTENTIAL

6.1.0 Introduction

The 1980 Geological Report on the Panorama property includes a section on Resource Potential, with tonnages computed for two presumed continuous seams shown on generalized cross-sections. These two seams were labelled the Currier and the Leach. Six other seams, considered to be laterally impersistent, were omitted from the resource estimate. Thus, the estimated quantity of coal was based on broad knowledge of the geological character of the region and the assumed continuity of the two seams. These are therefore Speculative Resources, and comprise 322.5 million tonnes.

6.2.0 Inferred Resources

More detailed work on the Panorama Licences during the 1981 program, enabled the construction of more accurate cross-sections for many areas. These, together with the trenching program which allowed measurement of numerous previously covered seams, permitted a resource estimate with an improved level of confidence. Correlation of individual seams between cross-sections is still not possible however, and

continuity of seams in most instances is still assumed. The quantity estimate shown in Table 6-1 is therefore of Inferred Resources, and follows the criteria of the National Resource Classification (Energy, Mines & Resources Canada, Report ER 79-9, 1979).

The magnitude of the Inferred Resource was calculated by dividing the property into a number of sub-areas and determining the contained resource within each. The formula applied is as follows:

Total thickness of coal (observed or projected)
x length of coal trace as interpreted in cross-section
x interpreted or observed extent of seams
between cross-section x specific gravity.

Without benefit of drilled seam intersections, the figure for total coal thickness in resource estimates is strongly subject to variation as a function of the exposure available. In areas of better exposure, more seams will be observed than in predominantly covered areas. For the purposes of these calculations, a conservatively rounded sum of the thicknesses of all observed seams over 0.5 m was used for total coal thickness in areas of good exposure. Over areas of cover known to be underlain by the Groundhog sequence, a coal thickness of 2.0 m was used as a bare minimum expected resource.

The length of each seam trace was approximated by constructing a line (called the "Coal Zone Median Line") to define the middle of the package of seams under consideration. Measurement of this line provides a reasonable average length for the several seams involved. Structural complexities depicted in the cross-sections, required that a separate median line be drawn for each structural block containing coal. These are numbered on each cross-section and resources are calculated separately. Seam traces at depths in excess of 300 m beneath surface were not included in the resource.

As the cross-sections were spaced at 2 km intervals, the influence of the quantity of coal projected within any particular cross-section was usually extended for 1 km on either side of it. This is true except in cases where the attitude of seams dictates that their extent would be more limited, or where faulting cuts off the resource package short of the 1 km mark. In these cases, a reduced figure would be applied.

Specific gravity in all cases was 1.7 S.G. This is a conservative figure considering the general density of coals found in the Groundhog coalfield.

The total in-situ Inferred Resource, calculated as described above, is 240 million tonnes (see Table 6.1).

TABLE 6-1 PANORAMA INFERRED RESOURCES

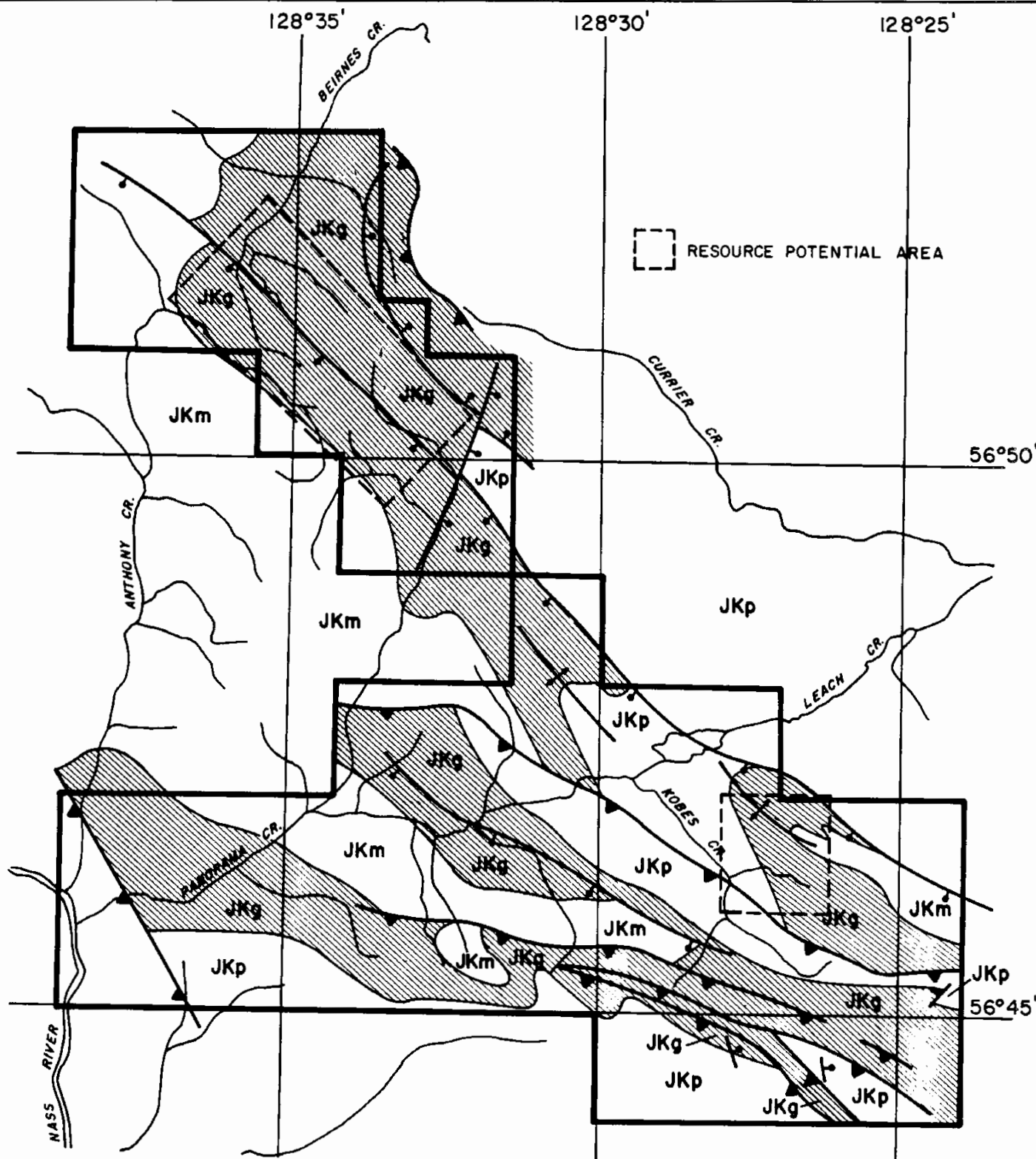
SECTION	SUB-AREA	TOTAL COAL THICKNESS (m)	SEAM SECTION LENGTH (km)	EXTRAPOLATED DISTANCE FROM SECTION LINE (km)	SPECIAL GRAVITY	INFERRED RESOURCES (MILLIONS OF METRIC TONNES)
P 2000	1	7.50	1.60	2.50	1.7	51.0
	2	3.75	0.50	1.50	1.7	4.8
P 4000	1	5.00	1.10	2.00	1.7	18.7
	2	3.25	1.10	2.00	1.7	12.2
	3	3.75	0.80	2.00	1.7	10.2
P 6000	1	5.00	0.50	1.00	1.7	4.2
	2	3.50	0.25	1.50	1.7	2.2
	3	3.00	0.40	2.00	1.7	4.1
	4	2.00	0.35	2.00	1.7	2.4
P 8000	1	2.00	1.10	1.30	1.7	4.9
	2	2.00	0.60	1.50	1.7	3.1
	3	3.00	0.60	1.50	1.7	4.6
	4	2.00	0.70	0.80	1.7	1.9
P 9100	1	2.00	0.50	1.50	1.7	
	2		0.35	1.00	1.7	
	3	0.75	1.00	1.00		
P 10 000	1	2.00	0.70	2.00	1.7	4.8
	2	2.50	0.60	1.50	1.7	3.8
	3	3.00	0.90	1.50	1.7	6.9
	4	2.00	1.10	0.50	1.7	1.9
P 12 000	1	2.00	1.30	2.00	1.7	8.8
	2	4.50	0.80	2.00	1.7	12.2
	3	2.00	1.50	2.00	1.7	10.2
P 14 000	1	2.00	0.75	1.50	1.7	3.8
	2	2.00	1.50	2.00	1.7	10.2
	3	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.7	6.8
	4	2.00	1.40	2.00	1.7	9.5
P 16 000	1	2.00	0.60	2.00	1.7	4.1
	2	2.00	0.80	2.00	1.7	5.4
	3	5.00	0.50	2.00	1.7	8.5
	4	5.25	0.70	2.00	1.7	12.5
	5	3.25	0.70	2.00	1.7	7.7
P 18 000	1	2.00	0.50	2.00	1.7	3.4
	2	2.00	0.60	1.50	1.7	3.0
	3	2.00	0.80	1.20	1.7	3.3
	4	2.00	0.60	1.20	1.7	2.4
P 20 000	1	2.00	1.40	1.40	1.7	6.6

6.3.0 Specific Areas of Potential

Aside from the resource figure determined for the property as a whole, an additional resource of unknown size may be present in two specific areas of perhaps better potential than the average for the property. These areas are the west end of Cushing Ridge and the broad open valley that straddles Cushing Ridge Normal Fault, south of Beirnes Creek (Figure 6.2).

On Cushing Ridge, 9 metres of coal are found in 9 seams in a succession striking northwestward towards Panorama Lake. Unfortunately, outcrop is virtually absent toward the northwest and so appraisal of coal thickness can only be achieved by drilling. Should good intersections be obtained, the area may share the surface mineable potential of the well-exposed part of Cushing Ridge.

The northern area of the property, in the vicinity of Beirnes Creek, is dissected by the Cushing Ridge Normal Fault. East of this fault, a few thin seams were located on a dip slope, but exposure is not good and other coal seams may well have been missed during regional mapping. A drill program here would test the potential for another surface mineable deposit. West of the fault, tight folds are observed in resistant sandstones and recessive coal seams may be covered. This area should also be tested by drilling.



0 2000 4000 6000 METRES

- JKm MALLOCH SEQUENCE
- GROUNDHOG SEQUENCE
COAL BEARING SEQUENCE
- JKp PANORAMA SEQUENCE
- GEOLOGIC CONTACTS
- ▼▲ FAULTS (NORMAL, THRUST)
- ⊕⊖ FOLDS (SYNCLINE, ANTICLINE)

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
<p>PANORAMA COAL PROJECT</p> <p>AREAS OF RESOURCE POTENTIAL</p>		
PREPARED BY: S. BARRON		SCALE: 1:100,000
DATE: OCT. 1981		FIG. 6.2

7.0.0 COAL QUALITY

7.1.0 Introduction

The 1980 Geological Report on the Panorama Coal Project contains a section describing coal quality. Forty-two trench samples were subjected to float/sink tests, proximate analysis and classification by rank based on standard A.S.T.M. procedures. The coals were thought to be of semi-anthracite to low volatile bituminous rank, with one sample representing a medium volatile bituminous coal. Subsequent petrographic analysis revealed that all of the coals were anthracite.

The discrepancy is thought to be due to the effects of oxidation on volatile matter yield and calorific value. Volatile matter yield, corrected for moisture and mineral matter, is used as the criterion to assign rank, but it is liable to marked increase upon coal oxidation. Conversely, calorific value (on a dry basis) is reduced upon oxidation and can, in fact, be used to show level of oxidation. With the knowledge of the effects of oxidation on the results of proximate analysis, these results and petrographic measurements can be used jointly to establish rank (quality) of Panorama coals.

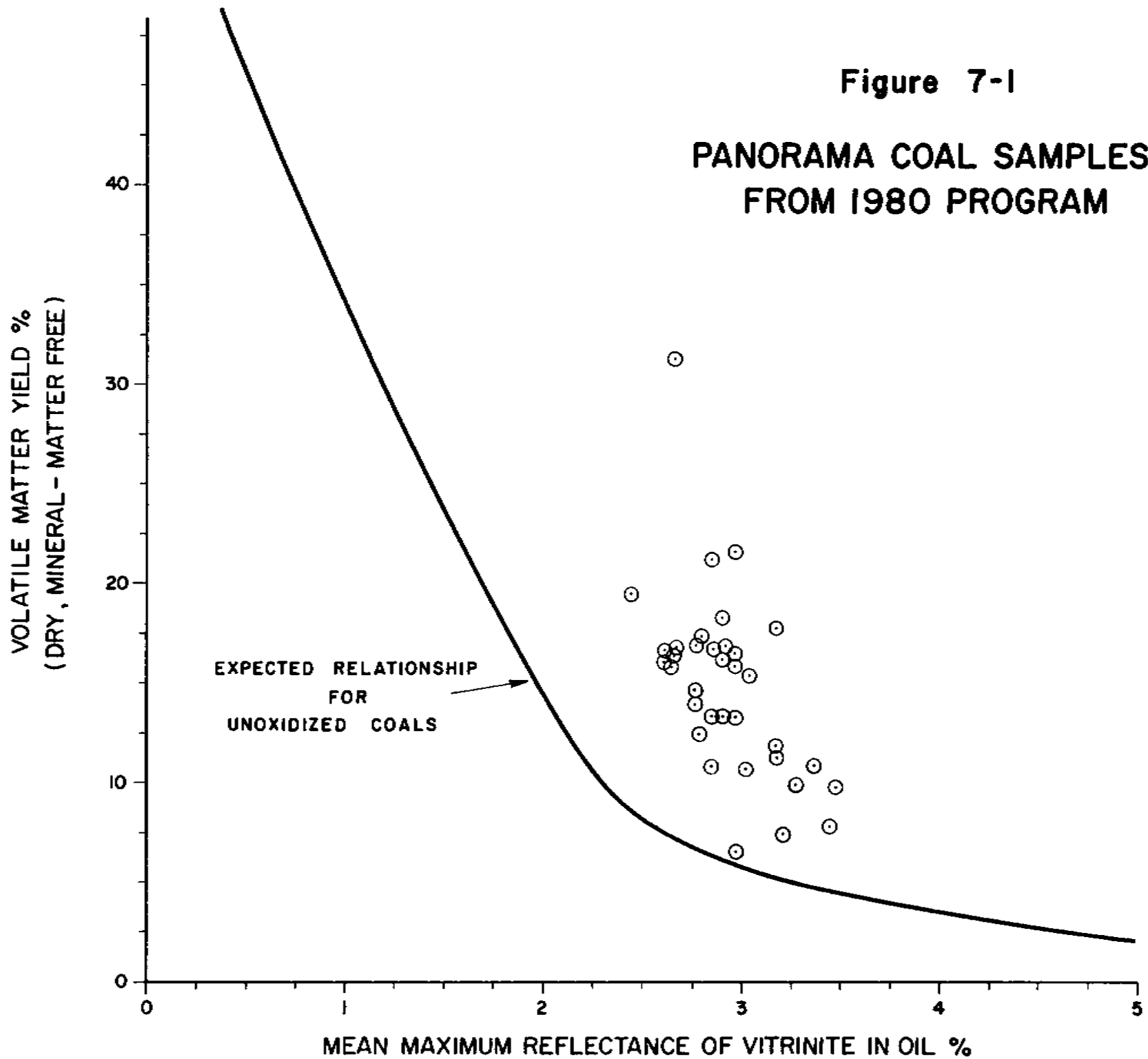
7.2.0 Rank of Coals

Figure 7.1 shows a plot of volatile matter yield (corrected to a dry, mineral-matter free basis) versus the mean maximum reflectance of vitrinite in oil ($R_o \max$) for Panorama coals from the 1980 program. The solid line in the diagram is the relationship between these two parameters obtained from fresh coals sampled worldwide (Stach, 1975). It is apparent from the diagram that for Panorama coals, either the volatile yield is too high for the reflectance value, or the reflectance value is too high for the volatile yield. Whereas there are a number of reasons why volatile yield is enhanced in oxidized coals (and the occurrence is relatively common), examples of coals with raised reflectances relative to volatile matter yield are unknown.

The occurrence of SO_4^- , OH^- and CO_2^- bearing minerals, formed in response to oxidation, and often contained on cleat surfaces, is common among weathered coals. And whereas correction for the CO_2 contained in syngenetic carbonate mineral matter will correctly restore the volatile yield among fresh coals to a normal value shown in Figure 7.1, similar corrections among oxidized samples still leave the coal with anomalously high volatile yields.

Figure 7-1

PANORAMA COAL SAMPLES
FROM 1980 PROGRAM

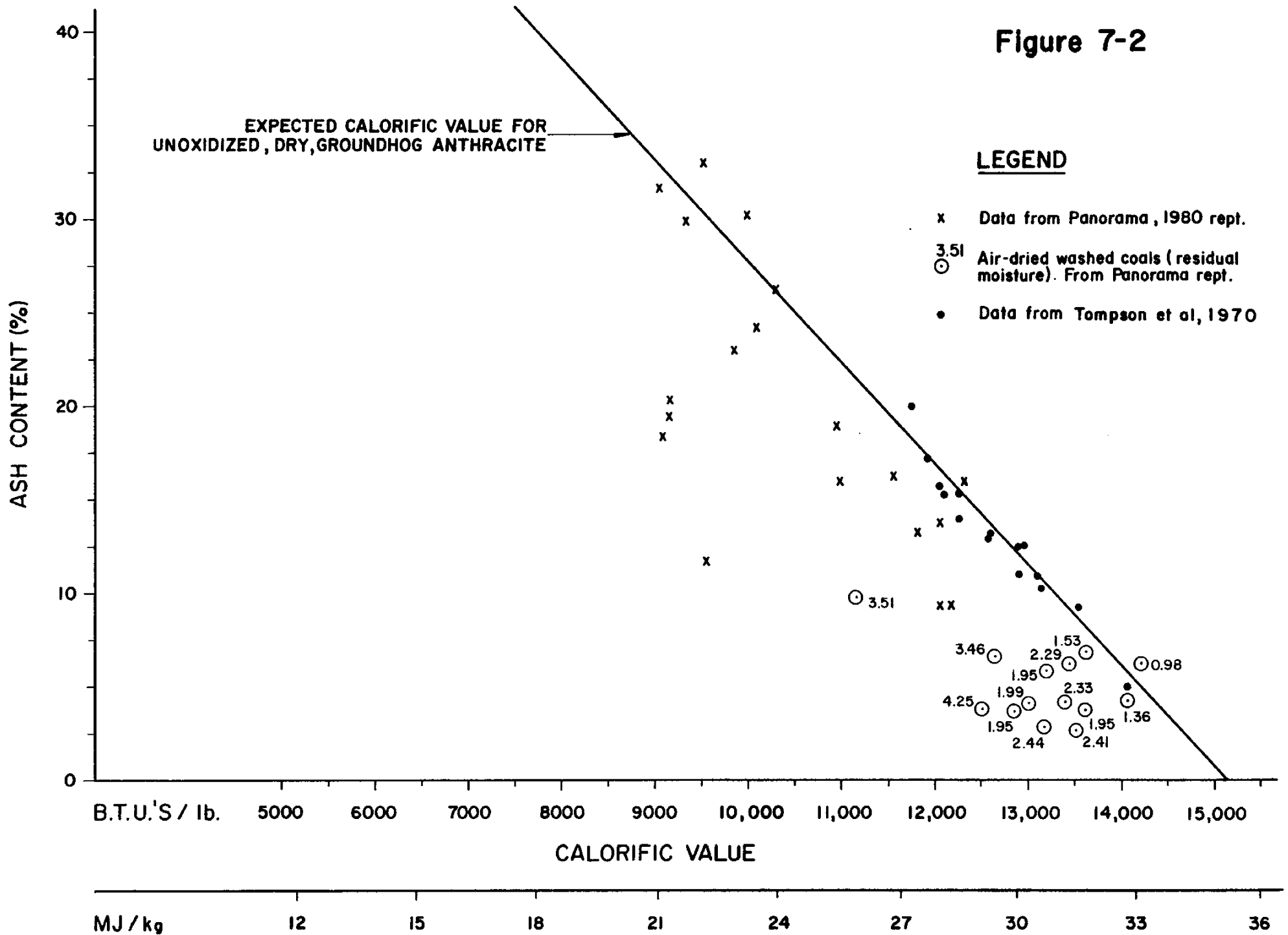


Further evidence of the fact that samples of Panorama coals taken to date are oxidized, is provided by Figure 7.2 which plots calorific value versus ash content for unoxidized Groundhog anthracites (Tompson, 1970, Appendix). Since the plot is on a dry basis, the relationship is linear. Departure from this line is therefore caused by reduction in calorific value, a function of oxidation. The Panorama 1980 Coals, with few exceptions, fall away from the line in a scattered fashion. The effect of the residual moisture remaining in an air-dried coal can also be seen in Figure 7.2.

It is concluded, therefore, that the coals collected in the 1980 Program were oxidized, calorific values were reduced and volatile yields were enhanced. Accordingly, these parameters cannot be used to establish rank (quality).

Reliance has therefore been placed on reflectance data, which consistently has indicated that the coals are of anthracite rank.

Figure 7-2



Not surprisingly, the fresh drill-core coals from the Skeena Valley (Tompson 1970, Appendix) show lower volatile yields and higher calorific values than the Panorama 1980 samples. Although this could be caused by other factors, the level of oxidation may be significant.

In an attempt to obtain fresh core samples from trenched seams, a Winkie drilling program was undertaken. Although the core recovery was very poor, of three samples analyzed, two were relatively unoxidized on the basis of their volatile yields (Figure 7.1).

7.3.0 Estimated Quality of Coals

Although no fresh coal samples have yet been obtained from the Panorama Coal Licences, fresh samples from elsewhere in the Groundhog Coalfield, and the Winkie drill-core are sufficient to allow estimates of coal quality.

The following ranges for fresh coal is expected on the licences:

Raw Ash	8 - 32%
Volatile Matter (dmmf)	4 - 7%
Calorific Value (d.b.) (at ash values shown above)	13650 - 9200 Btu/lb. 31.7 - 21.4 MJ/kg.
<u>Sulphur</u>	0.47%
Ro Max.	3.4 - 2.7%

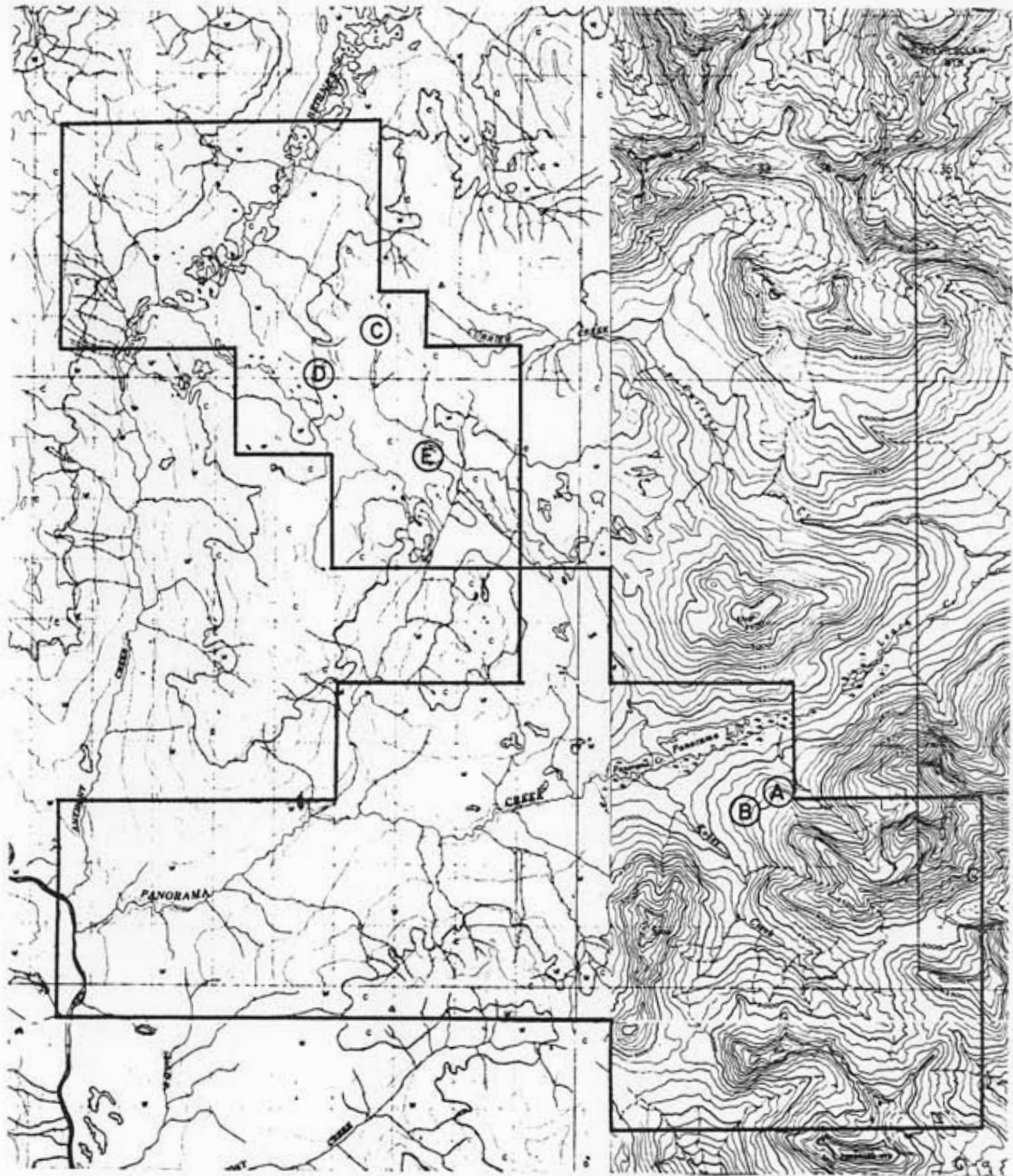
8.0.0 RECOMMENDATIONS


The following recommendations are made regarding the Panorama licences:

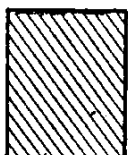
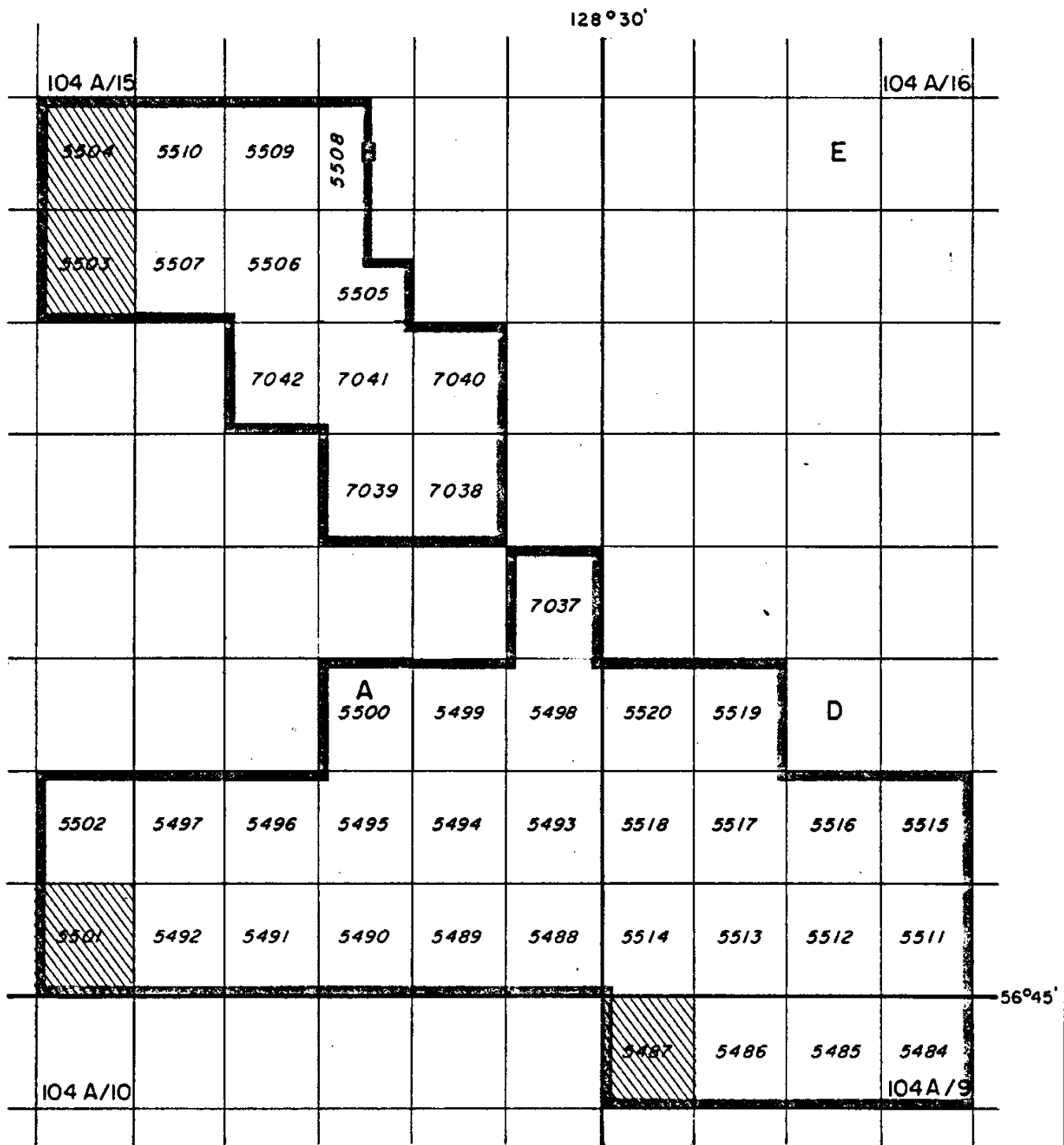
1. To establish indicated resources, a drilling program should be instituted to test:
 - a) the continuity of coal seams along the western end of Cushing Ridge;
 - b) the presence, thickness and extent of potential coals in the area south of Beirnes Creek.

The recommended drilling sites are as indicated on Figure 8.1.

2. On the basis of the current geological interpretation of the Panorama licence block, it is recommended that four licences be dropped, as they cover non-coal-bearing sequences. Licences 5487 and 5501 are underlain by Panorama sequence rocks. Licences 5503 and 5504 are underlain by the Malloch sequence (Figure 8.2).



GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY		ALBERTA
 PANORAMA COAL PROJECT RECOMMENDED DRILLING SITES 		
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		SCALE 1:100,000
APPROVED BY:		DATE: DEC. 1980 DRAWING No. FIG. 8.1



LICENCES TO BE SURRENDERED

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division
CALGARY ALBERTA



**PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
LICENCE REVISIONS**

PREPARED BY: J. INNIS SCALE 1:100,000
APPROVED BY: DATE: NOV./81 DRAWING No. 8.2

9.0.0 SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

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_____, 1977, Geology of the Groundhog Coalfield, Upper Skeena River Area, British Columbia, for: B.C. Hydro and Power Authority.

APPENDIX I

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981

LICENCE DESCRIPTION

Licence No.	Date Issued	Hectares	Land Description		
			Series	Block	Units
5484	November 5/79	284	104-A-9	L	83,84,93,94
5485	"	"	"	"	85,86,95,96
5486	"	"	"	"	87,88,97,98
5487	"	"	"	"	89,90,99,100
5488	"	"	104-A-15	A	1, 2,11,12
5489	"	"	"	"	3, 4,13,14
5490	"	"	"	"	5, 6,15,16
5491	"	"	"	"	7, 8,17,18
5492	"	"	"	"	9,10,19,20
5493	"	"	"	"	21,22,31,32
5494	"	"	"	"	23,24,33,34
5495	"	"	"	"	25,26,35,36
5496	"	"	"	"	27,28,37,38
5497	"	"	"	"	29,30,39,40
5498	"	"	"	"	41,42,51,52
5499	"	"	"	"	43,44,53,54
5500	"	"	"	"	45,46,55,56
5501	"	"	104-A-15	B	1, 2,11,12
5502	"	"	"	"	21,22,31,32
5511	"	"	104-A-16	D	3, 4,13,14
5512	"	"	"	"	5, 6,15,16
5513	"	"	"	"	7, 8,17,18
5514	"	"	"	"	9,10,19,20
5515	"	"	"	"	23,24,33,34
5516	"	"	"	"	25,26,35,36
5517	"	"	"	"	27,28,37,38
5518	"	"	"	"	29,30,39,40
5519	"	"	"	"	47,48,57,58
5520	"	"	"	"	49,50,59,60
5503	"	"	104-A-15	G	21,22,31,32
5504	"	283	"	"	41,42,51,52
5505	"	245	104-A-15	H	25,26,35,36 PTN
5506	"	284	"	"	27,28,37,38
5507	"	"	"	"	29,30,39,40
5508	"	175	"	"	45,46,55,56 PTN
5509	"	283	"	"	47,48,57,58
5510	"	"	"	"	49,50,59,60

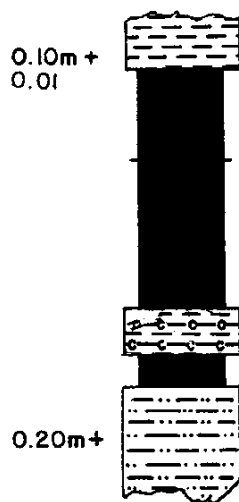
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981

LICENCE DESCRIPTION

<u>Licence No.</u>	<u>Date Issued</u>	<u>Hectares</u>	<u>Land Description</u>		
			<u>Series</u>	<u>Block</u>	<u>Units</u>
7037	April 1/81	284	104-A-15	A	61,62,71,72
7038	"	"	"	"	83,84,93,94
7039	"	"	"	"	85,86,95,96
7040	"	"	"	H	3, 4,13,14
7041	"	"	"	"	5, 6,15,16
7042	"	"	"	"	7, 8,17,18
TOTAL		12,061			

APPENDIX II

	ROCK	COAL
	0.60	0.95
	0.30	0.19
TOTAL	0.30	1.74



CLAYSTONE
QUARTZ VEIN
COAL, C-3


COAL, C-2

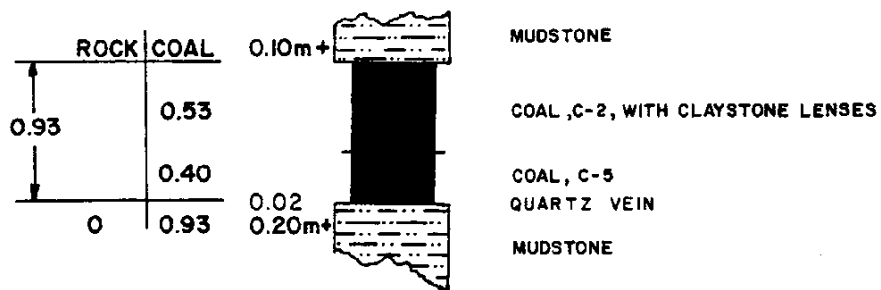
CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE WITH BRIGHT
COAL BANDS
COAL, C-2

MUDSTONE


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ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 144/59°S

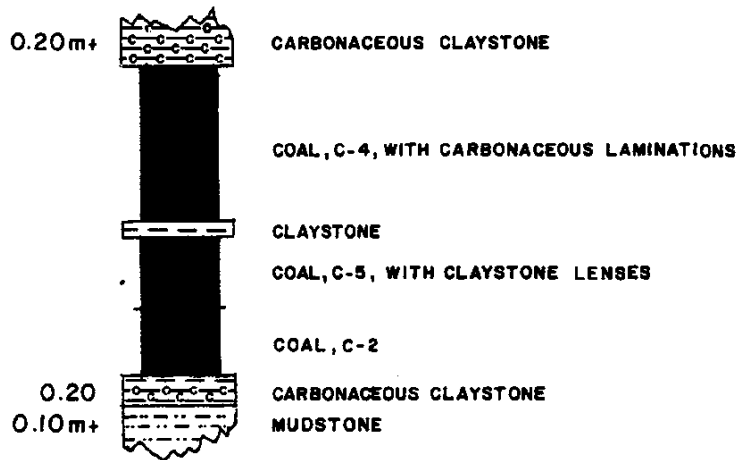
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 001		
DRAWN BY:	DATE: 20-10-81	SCALE: 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	




ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 090/80°N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 070/65°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	COAL Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 002		
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PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		DRAWING No.
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	

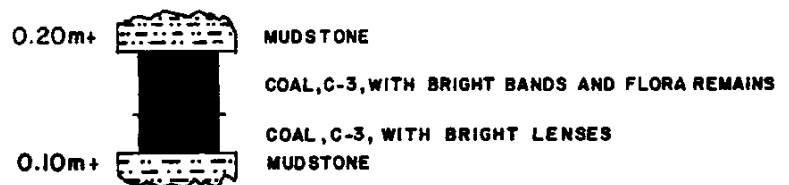
	ROCK	COAL
		1.03
↑	2.01	0.08
↓		0.42
	TOTAL 0.08	1.93



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N / A
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 080 / 65° N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC-81-003		
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PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE	

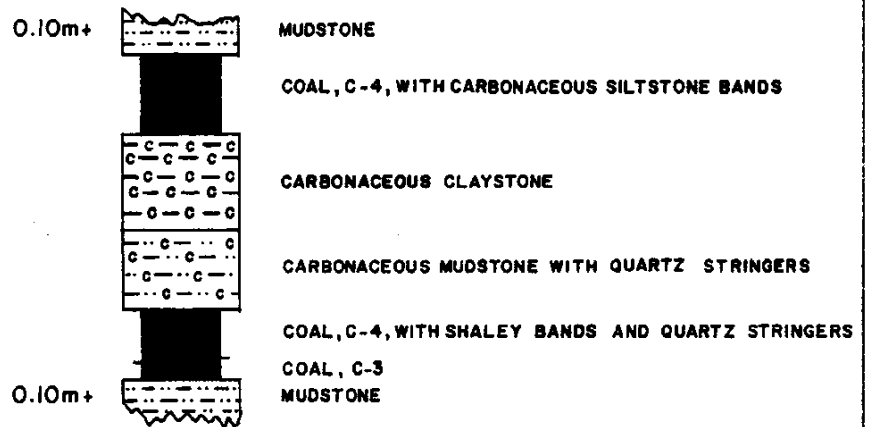
	ROCK	COAL
▲		0.45
▼		0.24
0.69		
TOTAL	0	0.69




ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 125/57° S.W.
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 114/56° S.W.

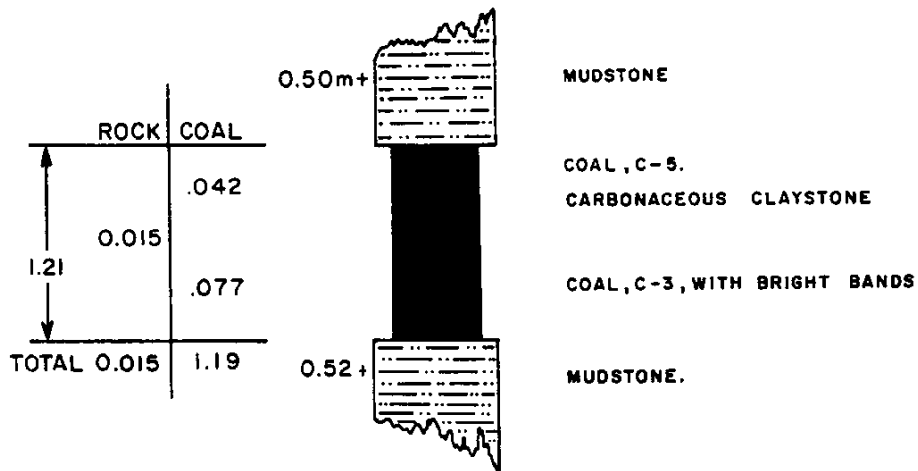
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
Coal Division		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 004		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20.10.81	SCALE 1 : 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
↑ 2.16 ↓		0.53
	0.64	
	0.53	
		0.34 0.12
TOTAL	1.17	0.99




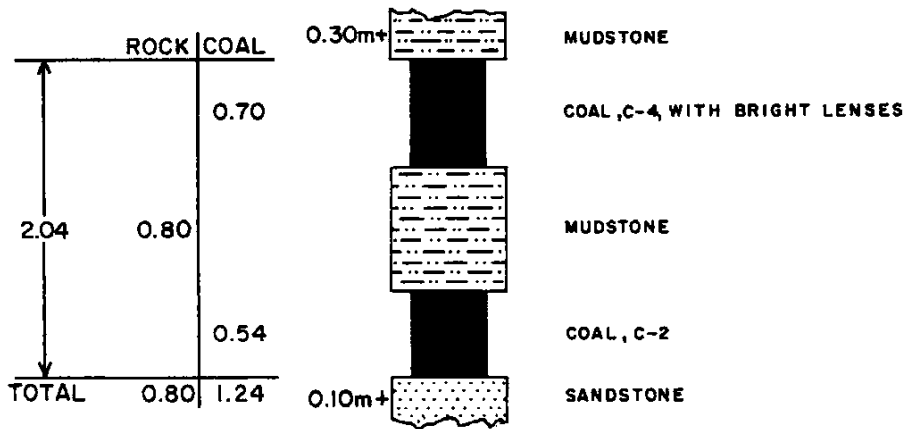
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 114/75° S.W.
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 132/54° S.W.

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC-81-005		
DRAWN BY:	DATE 20.10.81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE	



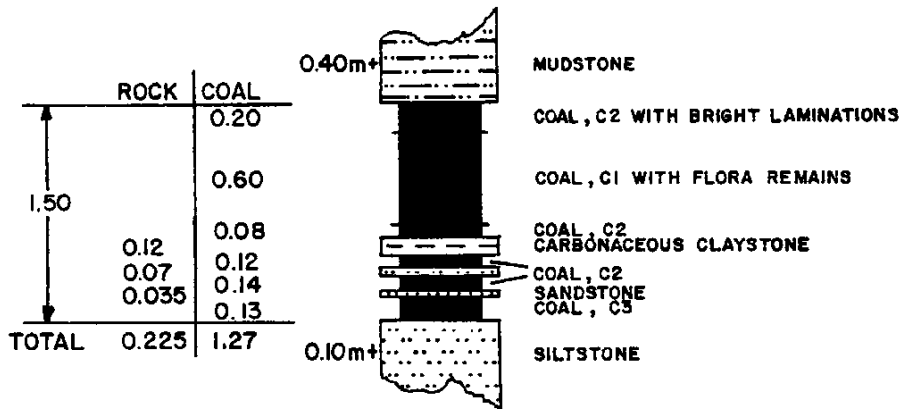
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 115/54° SW
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 130/42° SW

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Calgary	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 006		
DRAWN BY	DATE: 20-10-81	SCALE: 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE:	



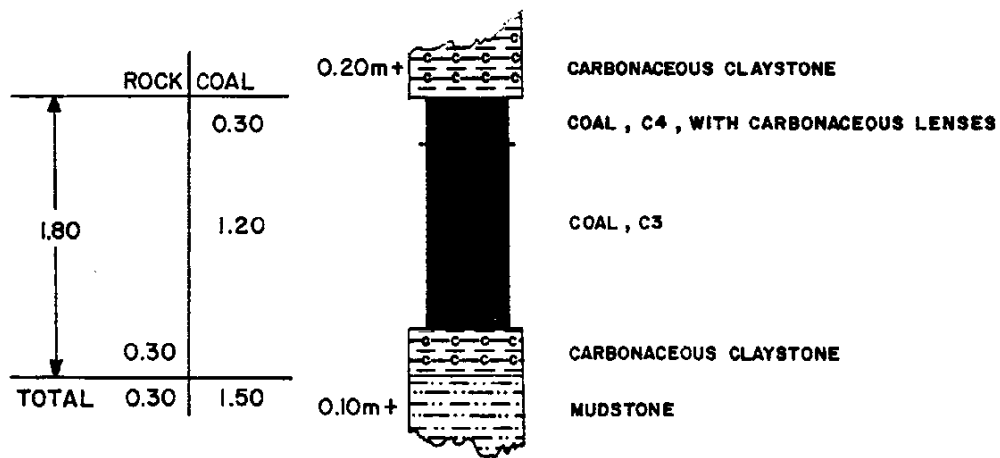
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 109/50°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 114/56°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 007		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	



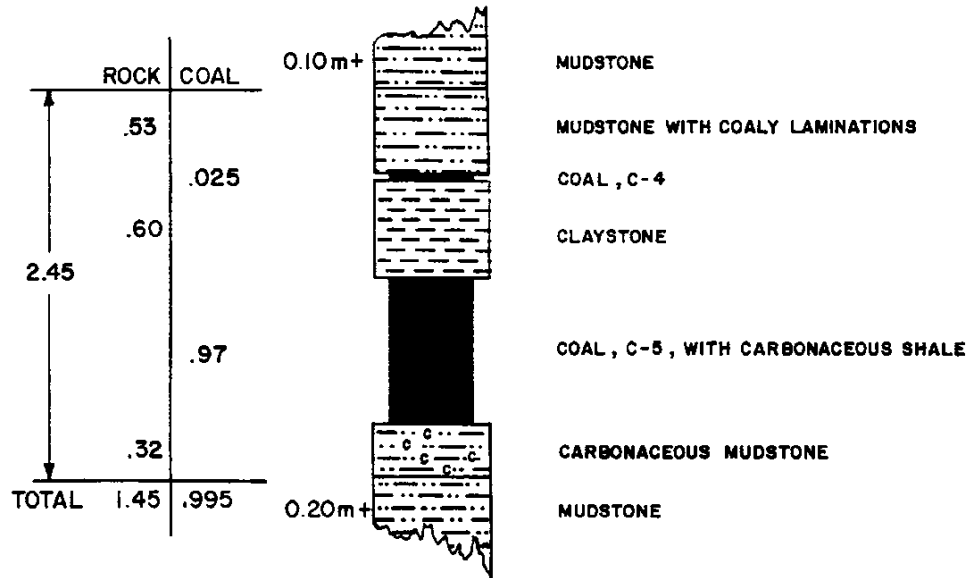
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 119/51° NE
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 016/85° W

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 008		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE : 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 100/46°N

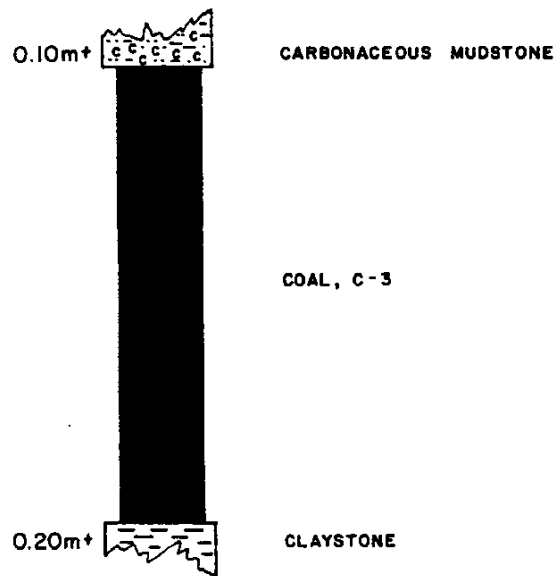
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Calgary Alberta</small>		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 009		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWN BY
APPROVED BY	DATE	



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 159/59°E
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 150/62°E

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 010		
DRAWN BY	DATE	SCALE
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	20-10-81	1:50
APPROVED BY	DATE	DRAWING NO.

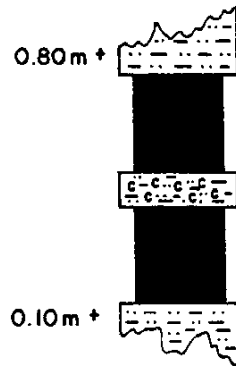
	ROCK	COAL
2.90		2.90
TOTAL	0	2.90



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 099/70°N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 096/82°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 011		
DRAWN BY:		DATE: 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		DRAWING No.
APPROVED BY:		DATE:

	ROCK	COAL
		.61
↑	.19	
1.36		.30
↓		.26
TOTAL	.19	1.17



MUDSTONE WITH CARBONACEOUS LAMINATIONS

COAL, C-3

CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE

COAL, C-2, WITH BRIGHT BANDS

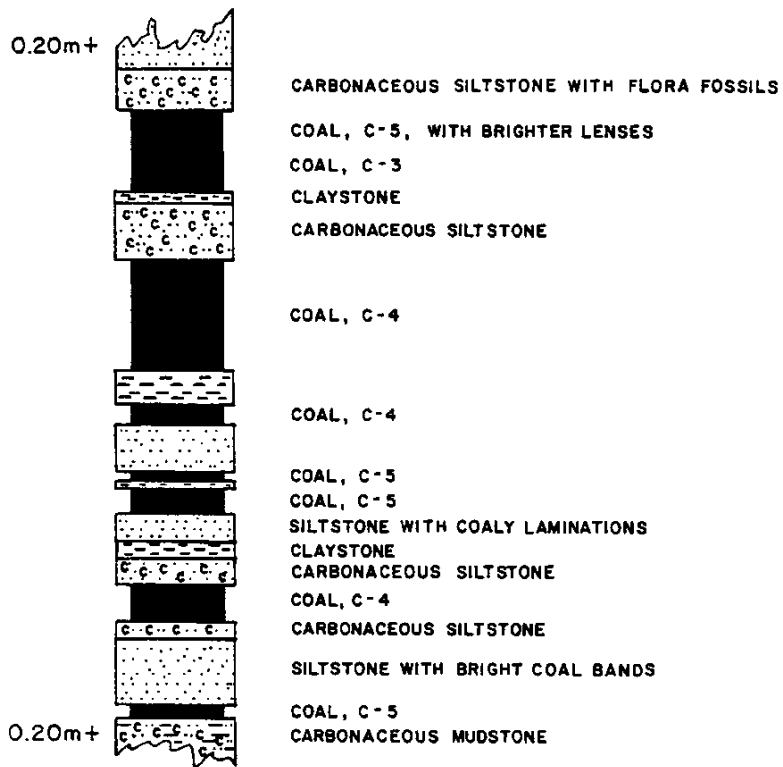
COAL, C-3

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 119/72°S

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 115/57°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		Gulf
Calgary		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 012		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWING NO.
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
4.15	.24	
		.30
	.08	.24
	.35	
		.76
	.20	
	.31	.11
	.04	.09
	.19	.16
	.08	
	.19	.21
	.11	
	.41	.08
TOTAL	2.20	1.95



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 110/70°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 102/69°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Local Division</small>		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DATE</small>	<small>DRAWING No</small>
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 013		

	ROCK	COAL
↑		0.15
0.57		0.10
↓		0.13
		0.19
TOTAL	0	0.57

0.20m+



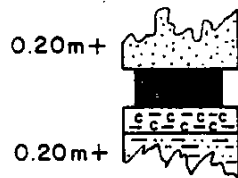
0.20m+

CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 COAL, C-4
 COAL, C-2
 COAL, C-4, WITH BRIGHT BANDS
 COAL, C-4
 CLAYSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 90/60°N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 110/55°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Calgary Alberta</small>		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 014		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING NO.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
0.38	0.16	0.16
TOTAL	0.16	0.22

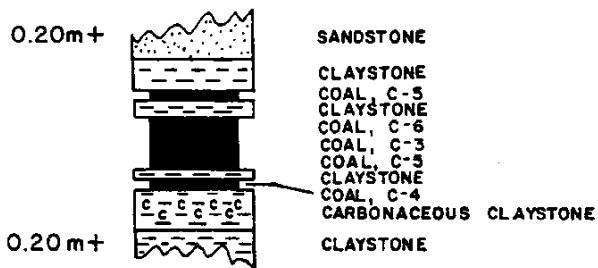


SANDSTONE
 COAL, C-4
 COAL, C-5
 CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 100/70°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 95/60°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		Gulf
CALGARY	COAL DIVISION	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 015		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
↑ 1.06 ↓	0.18	
	0.10	0.02
		0.02
		0.26
	0.04	0.08
	0.27	0.09
TOTAL	0.59	0.47



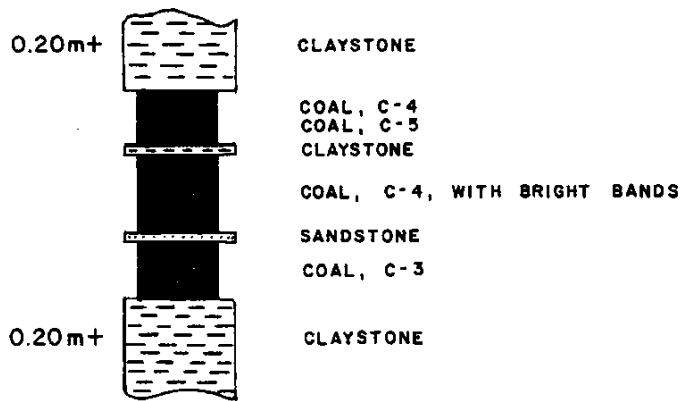
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 100/65°S

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 100/65°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Calgary</small>	<small>Coal Division</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 016		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
	0.04	0.30 0.10
	0.03	0.50
		0.32
TOTAL	0.07	1.22

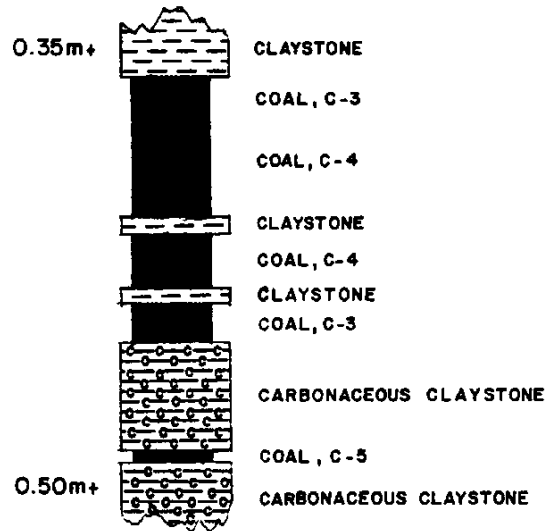
↑
1.29
↓



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 110/85°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 110/85°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 017		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING No</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL	
2.50		0.20	
	0.12	0.70	
	0.10	0.35	
		0.21	
	0.72	0.10	
	TOTAL	0.94	1.56

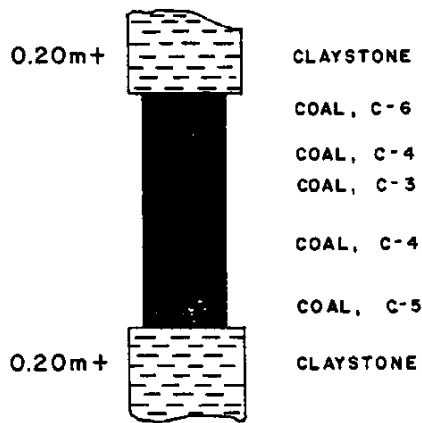


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
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 110/90°

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
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DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

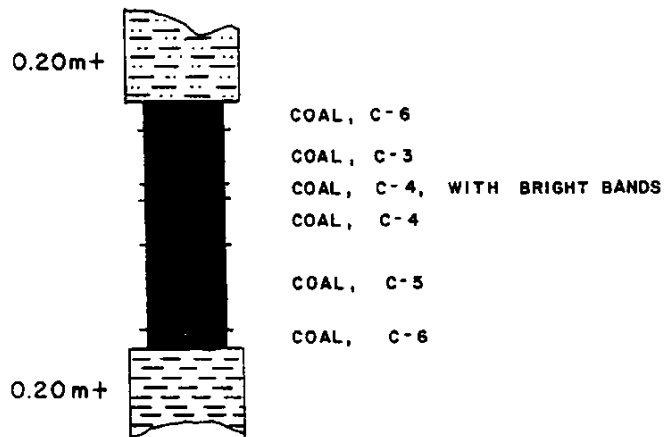
	ROCK	COAL
↑ 1.48 ↓		0.12
		0.46
		0.02
	0.06	0.03
		0.55
	0.24	
TOTAL	0.06	1.42



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 110/90°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 110/90°S

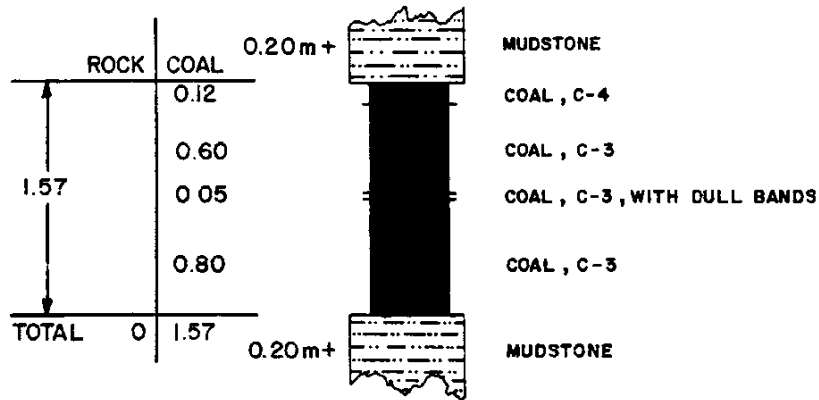
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 019		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWN BY</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
		0.18
		0.36
		0.14
		0.25
		0.55
		0.10
TOTAL	0	1.58




ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 90/75° N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 90/75° N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 020		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWN BY
APPROVED BY	DATE	



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 125/35°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 125/35°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY		ALBERTA
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 021		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1: 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWING NO.
APPROVED BY	DATE	

APPLICATION TO EXTEND TERM OF LICENCE

1. COURTERELLE, P. agent for Gulf Canada Resources Inc.
(Name) (Name)
67 CROMWELL AVENUE 401 - 9th Avenue, S.W., PO Box 130
(Address) (Address)
CALGARY, ALBERTA T2L 0M6 CALGARY, ALBERTA T2P 2H7
 Valid FMC No. 244895

hereby apply to the Minister to extend the term of Coal Licence(s) No(s). 5484-5486, 5488-5500,
5502, 5505-5520

for a further period of one year.

2. Property name PANORAMA COAL LICENCES

3. I am allowing the following Coal Licence(s) No(s). to forfeit 5501, 5503, 5504, 5487

4. I have performed, or caused to be performed, during the period May 25, 1981 to
November 5, 19 81, work to the value of at least \$ 440,257

on the location of coal licence(s) as follows:

CATEGORY OF WORK	Licence(s) No(s).	Apportioned Cost
Geological mapping		329,419
Surveys: Geophysical		
Geochemical		
Other		
Road construction		
Surface work		26,800
Underground work		
Drilling		21,670
Logging, sampling, and testing		22,610
Reclamation		
Other work (specify)		
Off-property costs		39,758

5. I wish to apply \$ 440,257 of this value of work on Coal Licence(s) No(s). as per
 attached.

6. I wish to pay cash in lieu of work in the amount of \$ NIL on Coal Licence(s) No(s).

7. The work performed on the location(s) is detailed in the attached report entitled
THE PANORAMA COAL PROJECT GEOLOGICAL REPORT 1981

January 22, 1982
(Date)

P. Courterelle
(Signature)
.....
(Position)

CATEGORY OF WORK

GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

Yes No

Area (Hectares) 10,926 Scale 1:110,000 Duration 85 days
 Detail: Surface N/A
 Underground
 *Other (specify)
 Total Cost \$ 329,419

GEOPHYSICAL/GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

Yes No

Method
 Grid
 Topographic
 *Other (specify)
 Total Cost \$

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Yes No

Length
 On Licence(s) No(s)
 Access to
 Total Cost \$

SURFACE WORK

Yes No

Length 80m Width 0.5m Depth 1.5m Cost 26,800
 Trenching
 Seam Tracing
 Crosscutting
 *Other (specify)
 Total Cost \$ 26,800

UNDERGROUND WORK

Yes No

No. of Adits Maximum Length No. of Holes Total Metres Cost
 Test Adits
 *Other workings
 Total Cost \$

DRILLING

Yes No

Hole Size No. of Holes Total Metres Cost
 Core: Diamond IAX 6 66 21,670
 Wireline
 Rotary: Conventional
 Reverse circulation
 *Other (specify)
 Contractor DRILCOR SALES LTD. (supplied rental equipment)
 Where is the core stored?
 Total Cost \$ 21,670

LOGGING, SAMPLING AND TESTING

Yes No

Lithology: Drill samples Core samples Bulk samples
 Logs: Gamma-neutron Density
 *Other (specify)
 Testing: Proximate analysis FSI Washability
 Carbonization Petrographic Plasticity
 *Other (specify) \$ 22,610

OTHER WORK (specify details)

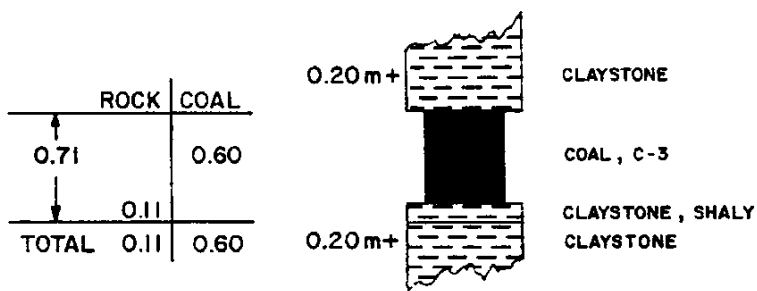
Cost

Total Cost \$ 22,610
 On-property costs 400,499
 Off-property costs 39,758
 Total Expenditures \$ 440,257

January 1982
 (Date)

[Signature]
 (Signature)
Administration Analyst
 (Position)

*A full explanation of other work is to be included.

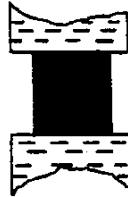


ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 090/85°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 090/85°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC		
Geology		Project
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 022		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWING NO.
APPROVED BY		DATE

	ROCK	COAL
↑		0.08
0.51		0.19
↓		0.24
TOTAL	0	0.51


0.10m⁺

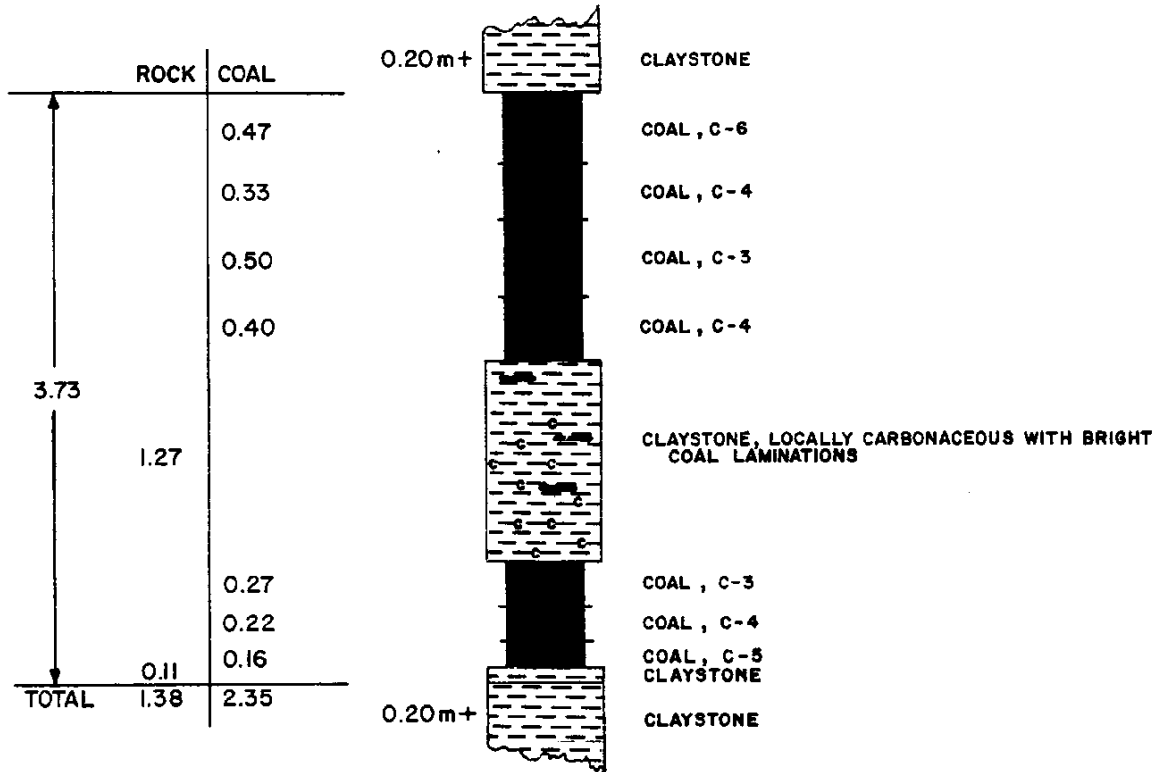


0.20m⁺

COAL , C - 8 .
 COAL , C - 3 .
 COAL , C - 5 .

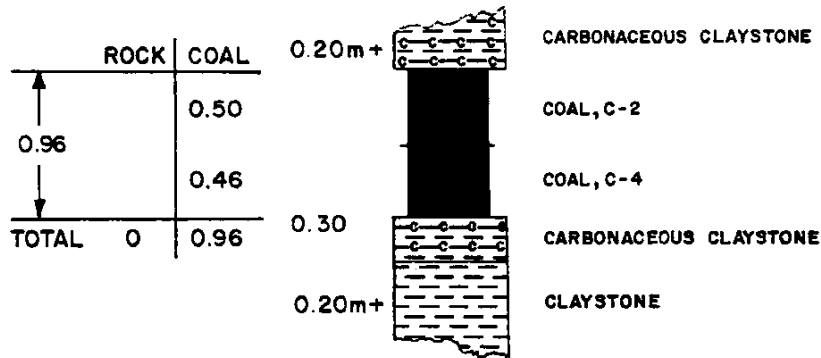
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 090/90°
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 090/90°

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 023		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE: 20-10-81</small>	<small>SCALE: 1: 50</small>
<small>PREPARED BY: J. INNIS</small>	<small>DRAWING No.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY:</small>	<small>DATE:</small>	



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 085/45°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 100/85°S

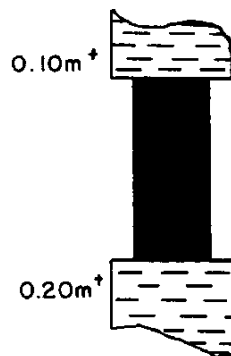
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 024		
DRAWN BY:	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 100/70°N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 100/70°N


GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Geel Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 025		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
		0.35
		0.32
		0.57
TOTAL	0	1.24

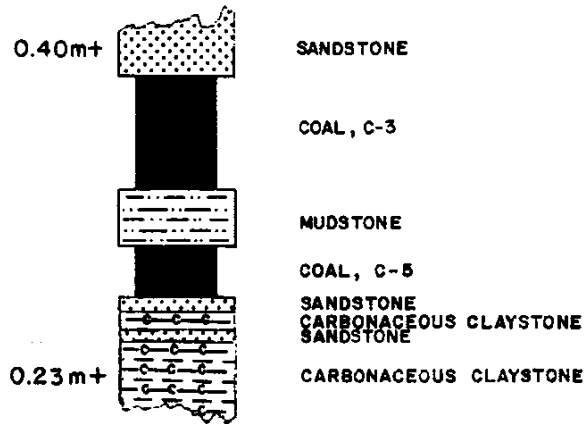


CLAYSTONE
 COAL , C - 4 .
 COAL , C - 2 .
 COAL , C - 6 .
 CLAYSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 140/60°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 140/60°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 026		
DRAWN BY:	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	

	ROCK	COAL
		.74
↑ 1.61 ↓	.34	
		.21
	.11 .09 .12	
TOTAL	.66	.95



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 084/57°E
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 027		
DRAWN BY:		DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1: 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWING No.
APPROVED BY		DATE:

	ROCK	COAL
↑		0.36
0.68	0.20	
↓		0.12
TOTAL	0.20	0.48

0.48m⁺



SILTSTONE

COAL, C-6.

SILTSTONE

COAL, C-6.

CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE

0.10m⁺

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 058/004°S

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 028

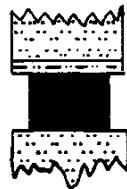
DRAWN BY: DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50

PREPARED BY: J. INNIS DRAWING No.

APPROVED BY: DATE.

	ROCK	COAL
↑	0.08	0.4
↓		
TOTAL	0.08	0.4


0.30m⁺



0.40m⁺

SILTSTONE
MUDSTONE
COAL, C-5
SILTSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 121/47°NE
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 119/10°NE

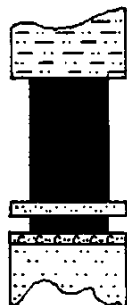
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 029		
DRAWN BY:	DATE: 20-10-81	SCALE: 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS		DRAWING No
APPROVED BY:		DATE:

	ROCK	COAL
		0.15
		0.7
	0.05	0.11
TOTAL	0.05	0.96

↑
1.01
↓

0.30 m⁺

0.20 m⁺

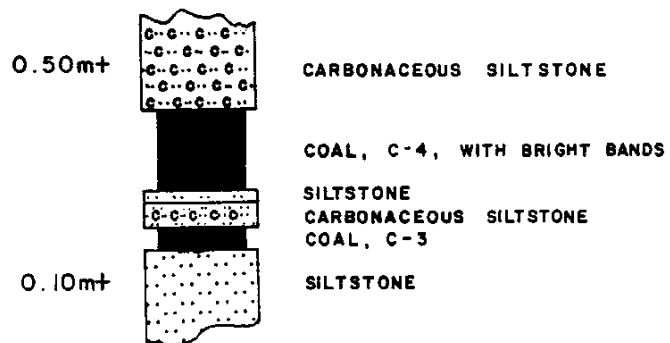


MUDSTONE
 COAL , C - 5 .
 COAL , C - 5 .
 SILTSTONE
 COAL , C - 6 .
 CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE
 SILTSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 124/54° E
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 140/43° E

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 030		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1: 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

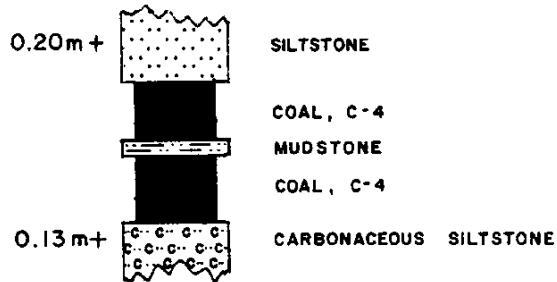
	ROCK	COAL
↑		
0.94	.06	.55
↓	.15	.18
TOTAL	.21	.73




ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 67/12°N

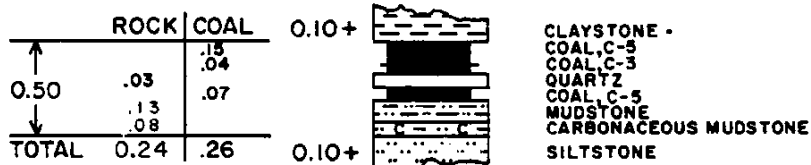
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
<small>CALGARY</small>		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 031		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE: 20-10-81</small>	<small>SCALE: 1: 50</small>
<small>PREPARED BY: J. INNIS</small>	<small>DRAWING No.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY:</small>	<small>DATE:</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
↑		.38
0.87	.08	
↓		.41
TOTAL	.08	.79



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 092/27°W
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 032		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING No</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

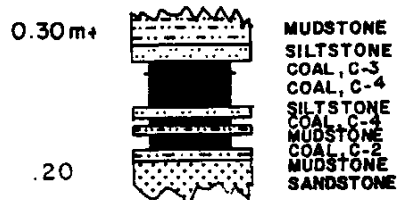


CLAYSTONE -
 COAL, C-3
 COAL, C-3
 QUARTZ
 COAL, C-5
 MUDSTONE
 CARBONACEOUS MUDSTONE
 SILTSTONE


ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 070/28°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 031/12°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 033		
DRAWN BY:	DATE: 20-10-81	SCALE: 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	

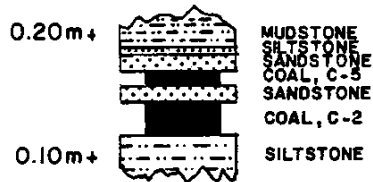
	ROCK	COAL
↑	.10	0.07
0.64	0.10	0.23
↓	0.03	0.05
TOTAL	0.23	0.41




ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 140/30°N
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 141/34°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 034		
DRAWN BY:	DATE: 20-10-81	SCALE: 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	

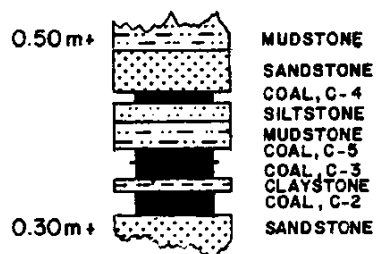
	ROCK	COAL
↑	0.04	0.07
0.53	0.12	
	0.09	0.21
↓		
TOTAL	0.25	0.28



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 162/40°SW
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 005/25°SW

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 035		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY:</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING No.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY:</small>	<small>DATE:</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
↑	0.23	0.05
1.02	0.31	
↓	0.07	0.07
	0.07	0.13
		0.16
TOTAL	0.61	0.41



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 036		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING No.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE:</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
↑	0.07	0.28
↓	0.16	0.19
TOTAL	0.23	0.47

0.40m +



0.50m +

SILTSTONE

COAL, C-4.

CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE
CARB. SILTSTONE WITH BRIGHT COAL LENSES

COAL, C-5.

SILTSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 112/48°W

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 037

DRAWN BY

DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50

PREPARED BY

J. INNIS

DRAWING NO.

APPROVED BY

DATE

	ROCK	COAL
↑		0.56
0.80	0.10	
↓		0.24
TOTAL	0.10	0.70

0.50 m⁺



SILTSTONE

COAL, C-5.

CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE
COAL, C-4.

MUDSTONE

0.20 m⁺

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 131 / 25 °S
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 120 / 29 °S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA

Gulf

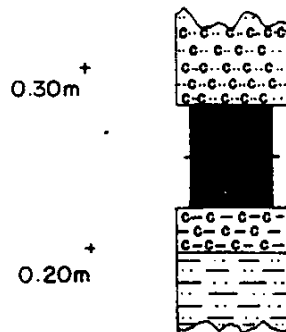
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 038

DRAWN BY: DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY: J. INNIS DRAWING NO.
APPROVED BY: DATE

	ROCK	COAL
		0.37
↑	0.97	0.29
↓	0.31	
TOTAL	0.31	0.66

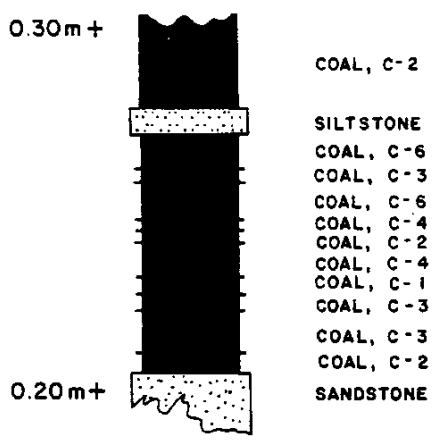


CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE
 COAL, C - 5
 COAL, C - 3
 CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 073/25°SW
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 039		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1: 50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
1.55	.18	.30+
		.21
		.07
		.20
		.07
		.06
		.24
		.06
		.14
		.26
		.16
TOTAL	.18	1.37+



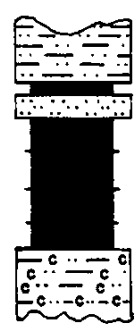
ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 021/14°SW
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		Gulf
Calgary		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 040		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		3/24/81
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
↑ 1.00 ↓	0.15	0.06
		0.21
		0.24
		0.16
		0.18
TOTAL	0.15	0.85

0.18m +

0.20m +



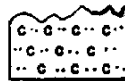
MUDSTONE
 COAL, C-2.
 SILTSTONE
 COAL, C-2.
 COAL, C-3.
 COAL, C-3.
 COAL, C-5.
 CARBONACEOUS MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 173/19°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC. <small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 041		
<small>DRAWN BY:</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY:</small> J. INNIS		<small>DRAWN BY:</small>
<small>APPROVED BY:</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
	0.22	0.22
TOTAL		0.22

0.20m⁺



CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE

0.10m⁺



COAL, C-3.

SANDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 179/10°SW

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

COAL Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 042

DRAWN BY

DATE 20-10-81

SCALE 1:50

PREPARED BY

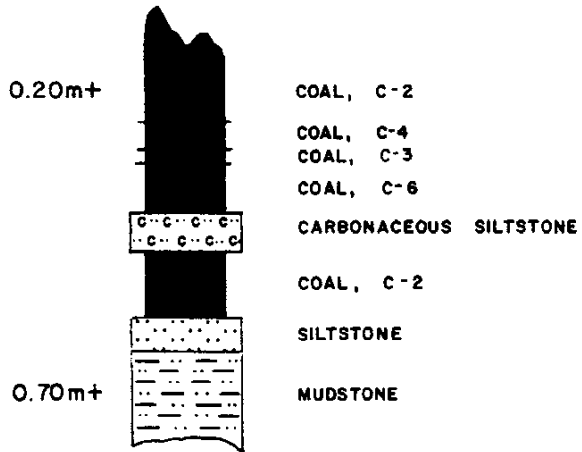
J. INNIS

DRAWING NO.


APPROVED BY

DATE

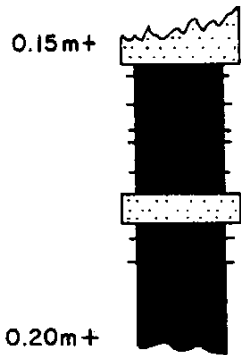
	ROCK	COAL
		.20+
		.20
		.10
		.30
	.25	
		.41
TOTAL	.25	1.21+



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A
 ADJACENT OUTCROP = 275/18°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC <small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>	<small>ALBERTA</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 043		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DATE</small>	<small>DRAWING No</small>
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
 1.42		.11
		.17
		.17
		.08
		.13
	.16	.16
		.11
		.12
		.21 +
TOTAL	.16	1.26 +



SILTSTONE
 COAL, C-3
 COAL, C-5
 COAL, C-4
 COAL, C-2
 COAL, C-4
 COAL, C-3
 SILTSTONE
 COAL, C-3
 COAL, C-3, WITH BRIGHT BANDS
 COAL, C-3

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = (N END) 122/73°N
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC. <small>CALGARY ALBERTA</small>		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT TRENCH LOG TRC - 81 - 044		
<small>DRAWN BY</small> <small>PREPARED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81 J. INNIS	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50 <small>DRAWING NO.</small>
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
	0.23	
	0.05	
	0.11	
	0.07	
	0.20	
	0.30	
	0.13	
	0.10	
	0.16	
	0.26	
	0.29	
	0.41	
TOTAL	0.62	1.69

2.31

0.40m⁺

0.70m⁺



SILTSTONE

COAL, C-2 .
COAL, C-3 .
COAL, C-2 .
SILTSTONE
COAL, C-4 .

COAL, C-3 .

COAL, C-6 .
SILTSTONE
CARBONEOUS MUDSTONE

COAL, C-5 .

SILTSTONE

COAL, C-4 .

CARBONEOUS CLAYSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A
INTERMEDIATE ATTITUDE = 131/47°

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 045

DRAWN BY

DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50

PREPARED BY J. INNIS

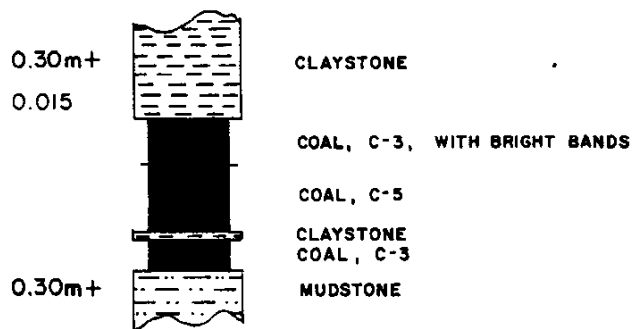
DRAWING NO.

APPROVED BY

DATE

	ROCK	COAL
		0.27
		0.48
	0.03	0.23
TOTAL	0.03	0.98

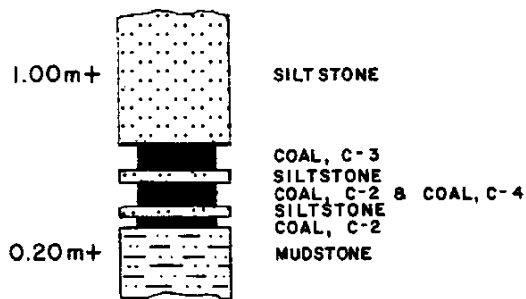
↑
1.01
↓



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 120/47°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 132/50°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALCULATED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	<small>SCALE</small>
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 046		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	<small>SCALE</small>
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DATE</small>	<small>DRAWING NO.</small>
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
↑	.07	.17
.50	.07	.09
↓		.07
		.03
TOTAL	.14	.36

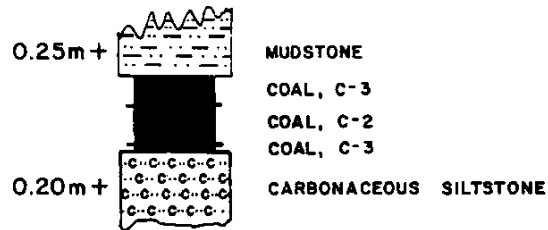


ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A INDISTINCT BEDDING
HERE


ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 130/34°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 047		
DRAWN BY	DATE	SCALE
PREPARED BY	20-10-81	1:50
APPROVED BY	J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.
	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
↑	0.0	.20
↓		.24
		.03
TOTAL	0.0	.47



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 115/8°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 115/8°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Calgary</small>	<small>Coal Division</small>	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 048		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING No</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

	ROCK	COAL
↑ 1.16 ↓		0.12
		0.44
		0.50
		0.10
TOTAL	0.0	1.16

0.60m +



0.05m +

COAL, C-2.

COAL, C-2, WITH BRIGHT COAL BANDS.

COAL, C-3, WITH BRIGHT COAL LAMINATIONS.

COAL, C-3.

MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 106/24°S

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 112/29°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



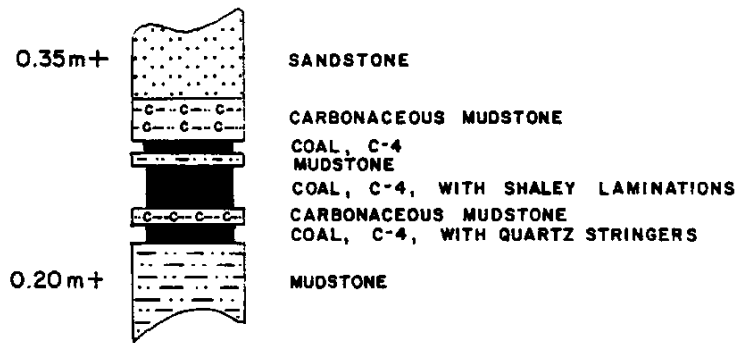
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 049

DRAWN BY: _____ DATE 20-10-81 SCALE 1:50
 PREPARED BY: J. INNIS DRAWING No. _____
 APPROVED BY: _____ DATE _____

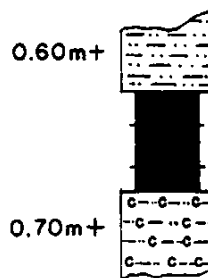
	ROCK	COAL
↑	.28	
0.94	.08	.07
↓	.11	.12
TOTAL	.47	.47



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 082/29°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 070/35°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 050		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

	ROCK	COAL
	0.0	.25
	0.0	.28
	0.0	.12
TOTAL	0.0	.65



MUDSTONE

COAL, C-3

COAL, C-2

COAL, C-5, WITH SHALEY AND BRIGHT COAL HORIZONS

CARBONACEOUS MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 085/21°S

ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 080/4°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

TRENCH LOG

TRC - 81 - 051

DRAWN BY: DATE: 20-10-81 SCALE: 1" = 50'
 PREPARED BY: J. INNIS DRAWING NO.
 APPROVED BY: DATE:

	ROCK	COAL
		0.04
		0.48
	0.09	0.32
	0.31	0.03
		0.13
	0.21	0.05
	0.16	
		0.26
		0.44
		0.06
		0.08
TOTAL	0.77	1.89

0.50 m +



CARBONACEOUS MUDSTONE
 COAL, C-5.
 COAL, C-3.
 CARBONACEOUS SILTSTONE
 COAL, C-4.
 CLAYSTONE
 COAL, C-6.
 COAL, C-5.
 COAL, C-4.
 MUDSTONE
 CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 COAL, C-6.
 COAL, C-4, WITH BRIGHT LENSES
 COAL, C-4.
 COAL, C-5.
 MUDSTONE

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = N/A
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = N/A
 INTERMEDIATE ATTITUDE = 095/43°N

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		Gulf
Calgary	Alberta	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 052		
DRAWN BY	DATE 20-10-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS		DRAWING NO.
APPROVED BY		DATE

	ROCK	COAL	
	0.15	0.09	0.40m ⁺
	0.06	0.14	
	0.30	0.09	
	0.22	0.11	
		0.15	
		0.05	
		0.13	
		0.25	0.10m ⁺
TOTAL	0.73	1.01	

1.74



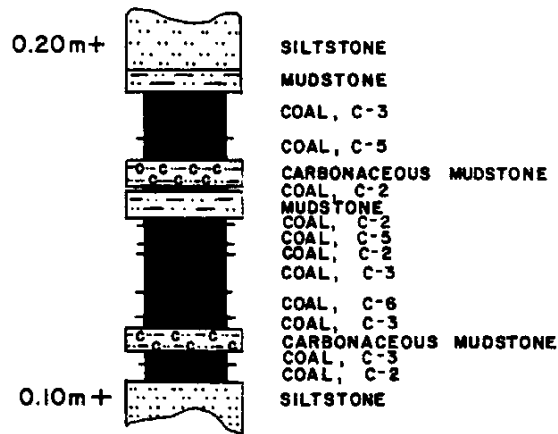
- SANDSTONE
- SILTSTONE
- COAL, C-4.
- SILTSTONE
- COAL, C-4.
- MUDSTONE

- SILTSTONE
- COAL, C-6.
- COAL, C-3.
- COAL, C-2.
- COAL, C-2.
- COAL, C-3.

ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 149/45°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 145/54°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 053		
DRAWN BY	DATE 2010-81	SCALE 1:50
PREPARED BY J. INNIS	DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED BY	DATE	

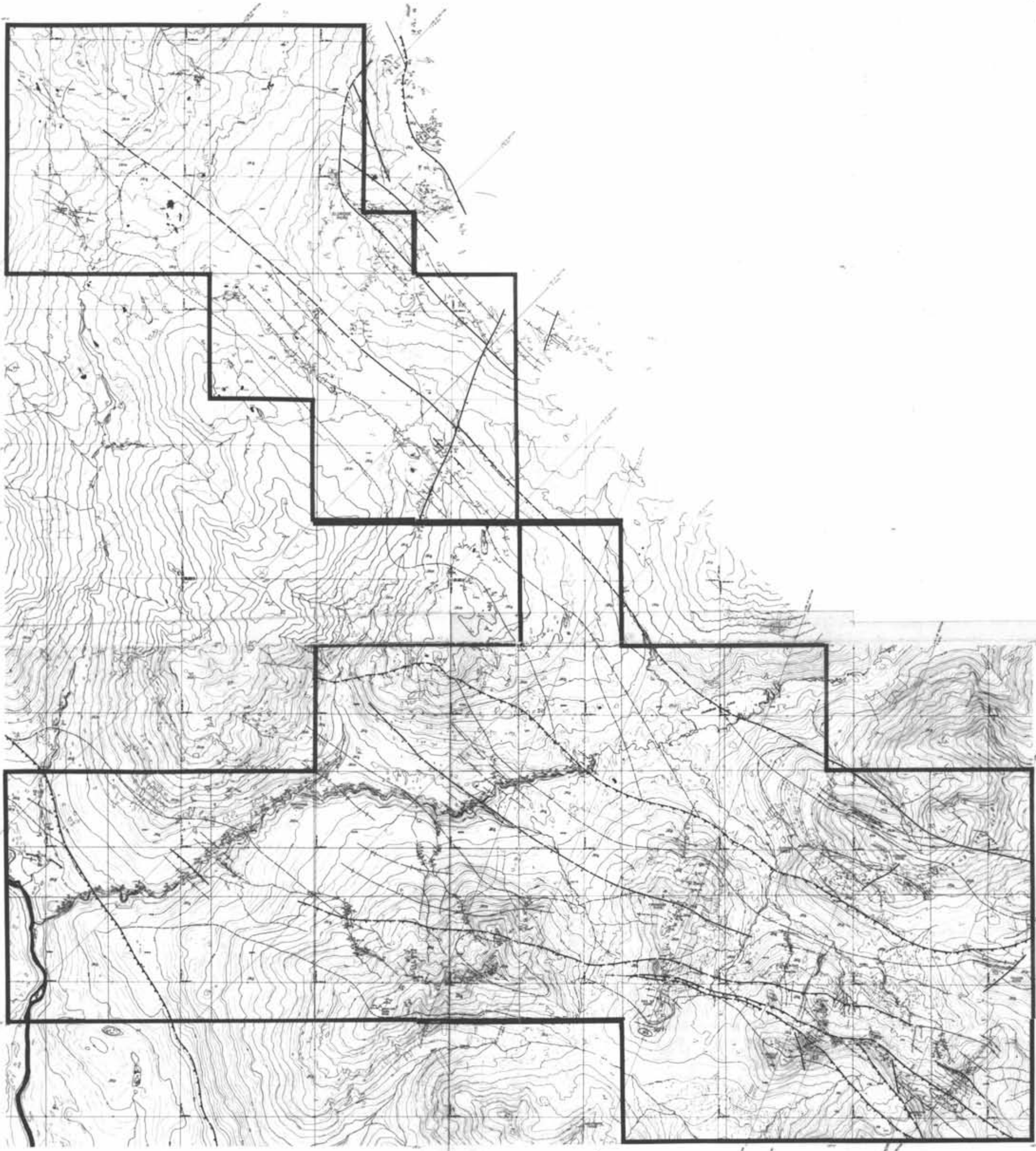
	ROCK	COAL
↑ 1.91 ↓	0.15	.25
	.15	.17
	.17	.02
		.02
		.14
		.04
		.25
	.11	.12
		.09
		.11
	.10	
	TOTAL 0.58	1.33



ATTITUDE OF ROOF = 128/84°S
 ATTITUDE OF FLOOR = 135/69°S

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
<small>Coal Division</small>		
<small>CALGARY</small>		<small>ALBERTA</small>
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
TRENCH LOG		
TRC - 81 - 054		
<small>DRAWN BY</small>	<small>DATE</small> 20-10-81	<small>SCALE</small> 1:50
<small>PREPARED BY</small> J. INNIS	<small>DRAWING NO.</small>	
<small>APPROVED BY</small>	<small>DATE</small>	

APPENDIX IV



LEGEND

MALLOCH MEMBER
 JK4 - Homogeneous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and massive shales and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and star-banding

GROUNDHOOD MEMBER
 JK5 - Interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant lenticles and plant fossils, contained between two massive intervals marked by cross-banding sandstone beds

PANORAMA MEMBER
 JK6 - Interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE

--- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- ANTICLINE (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- SYNTYCLE (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- THRUST FAULT (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- NORMAL FAULT (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- VERTICAL BEDDING (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- HORIZONTAL BEDDING (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)
 --- STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTHROWING BEDS (DEFINES APPROXIMATE INTERFACES)

KEY

--- CONGLOMERATE
 --- SANDSTONE
 --- SILTSTONE
 --- CLAYSTONE
 --- MUDSTONE
 --- CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 --- LEGENDARY BOUNDARY
 --- COAL SEAM TRACE
 --- TRENCH LOCATION
 --- PELECYPOD BAND

GR-Panorama 81(2)A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

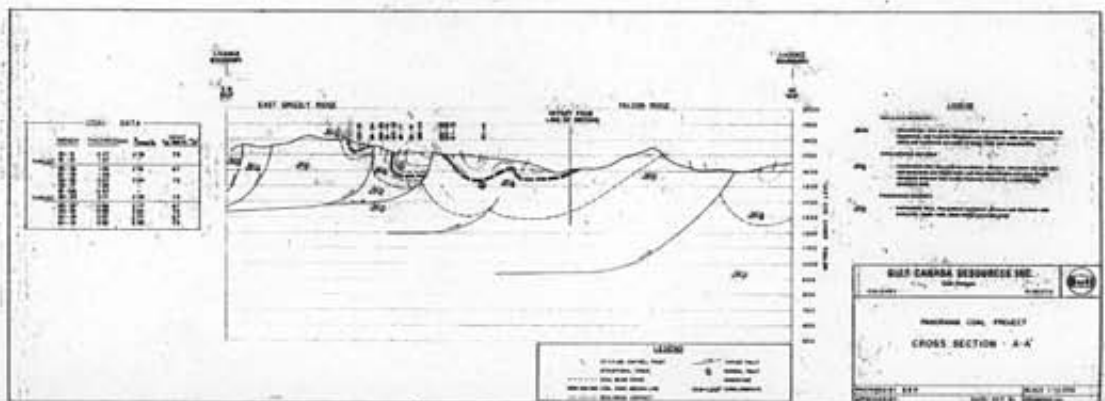
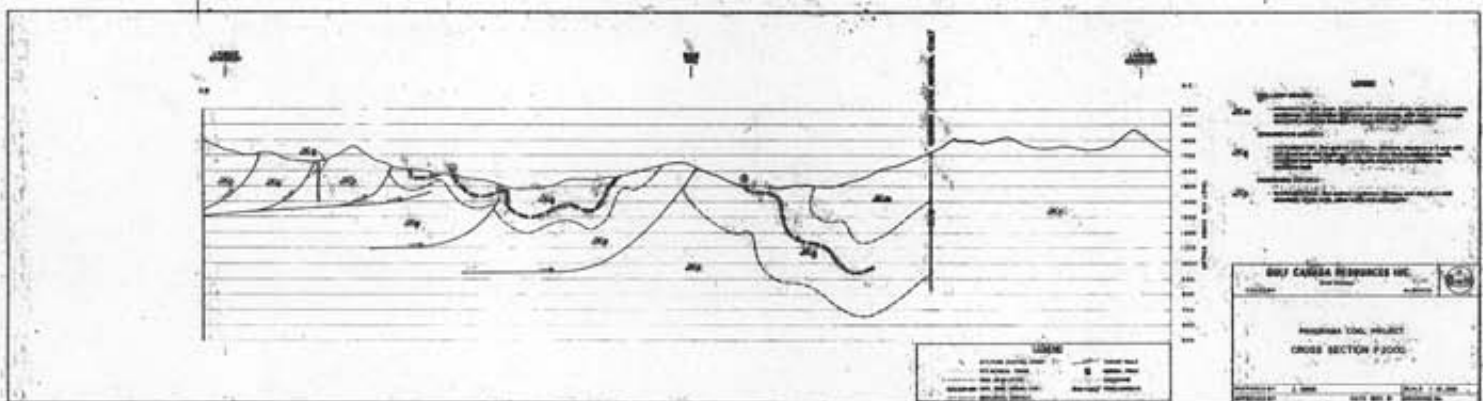
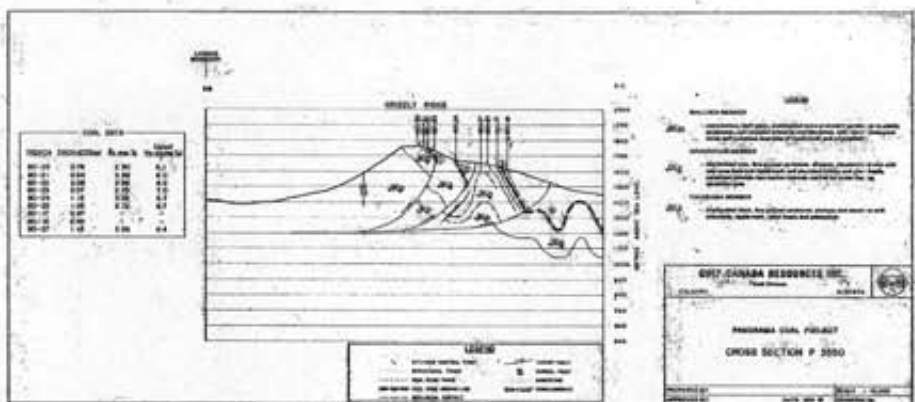
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
GEOLOGY

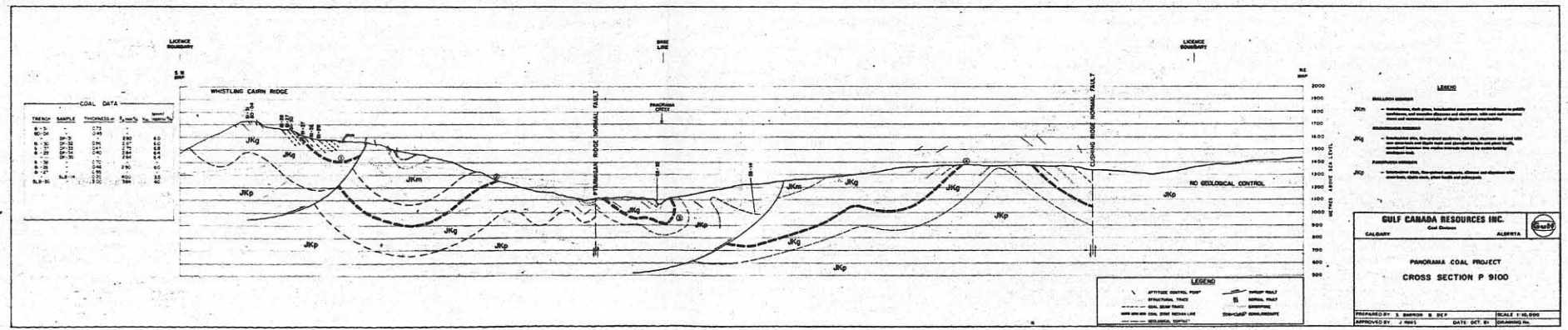
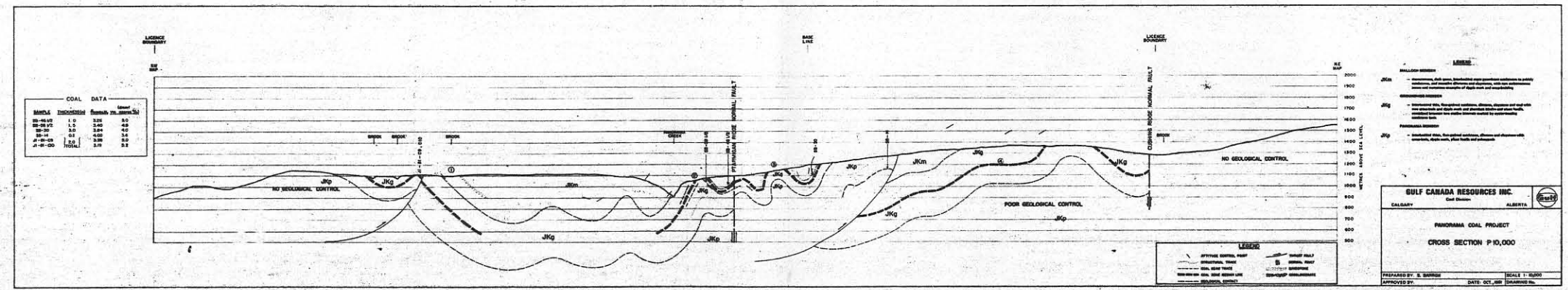
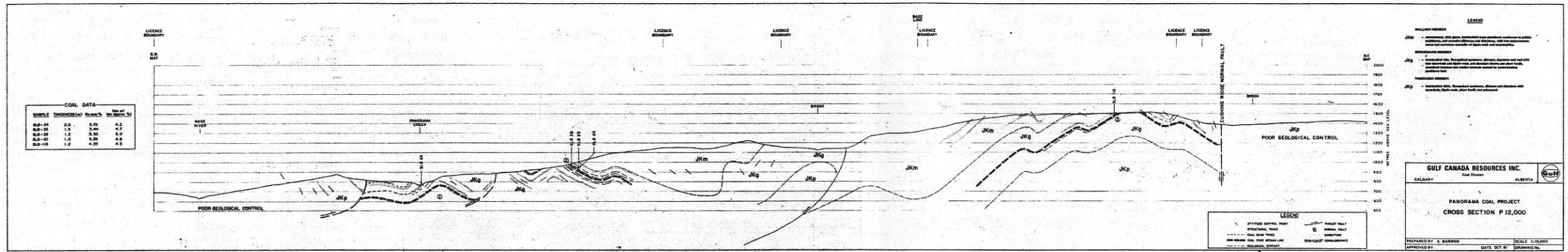
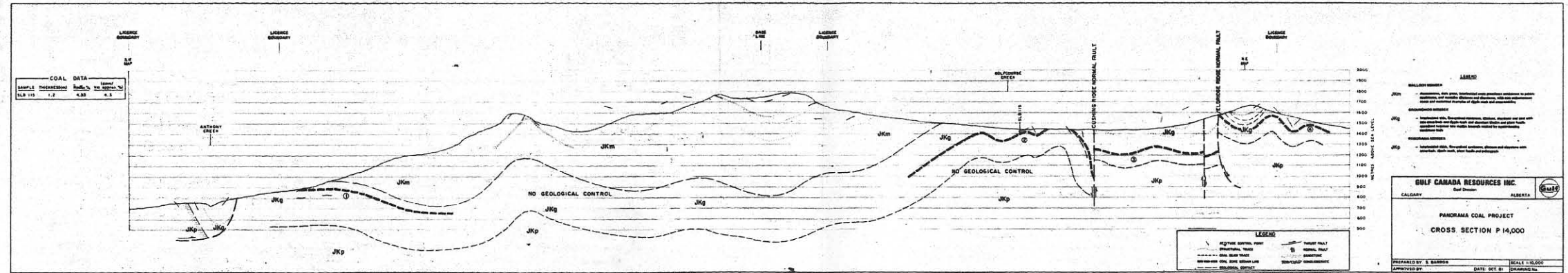
104 A/9,10,15,16

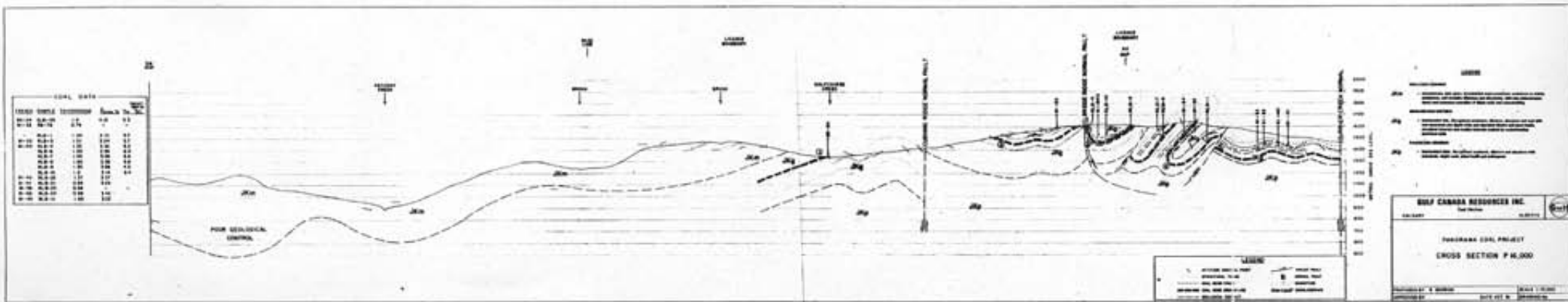
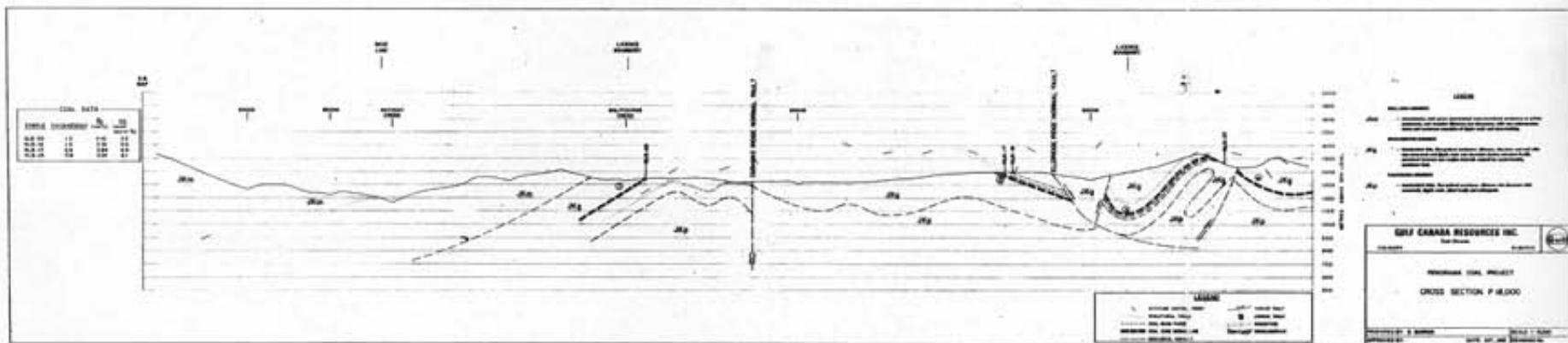
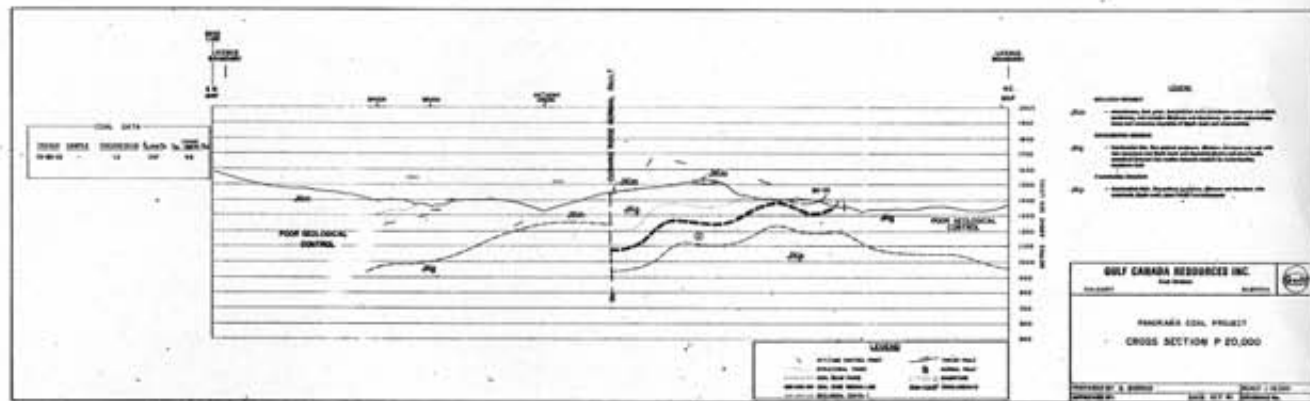
PREPARED BY: D.E.P. SCALE: 1:50,000
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113

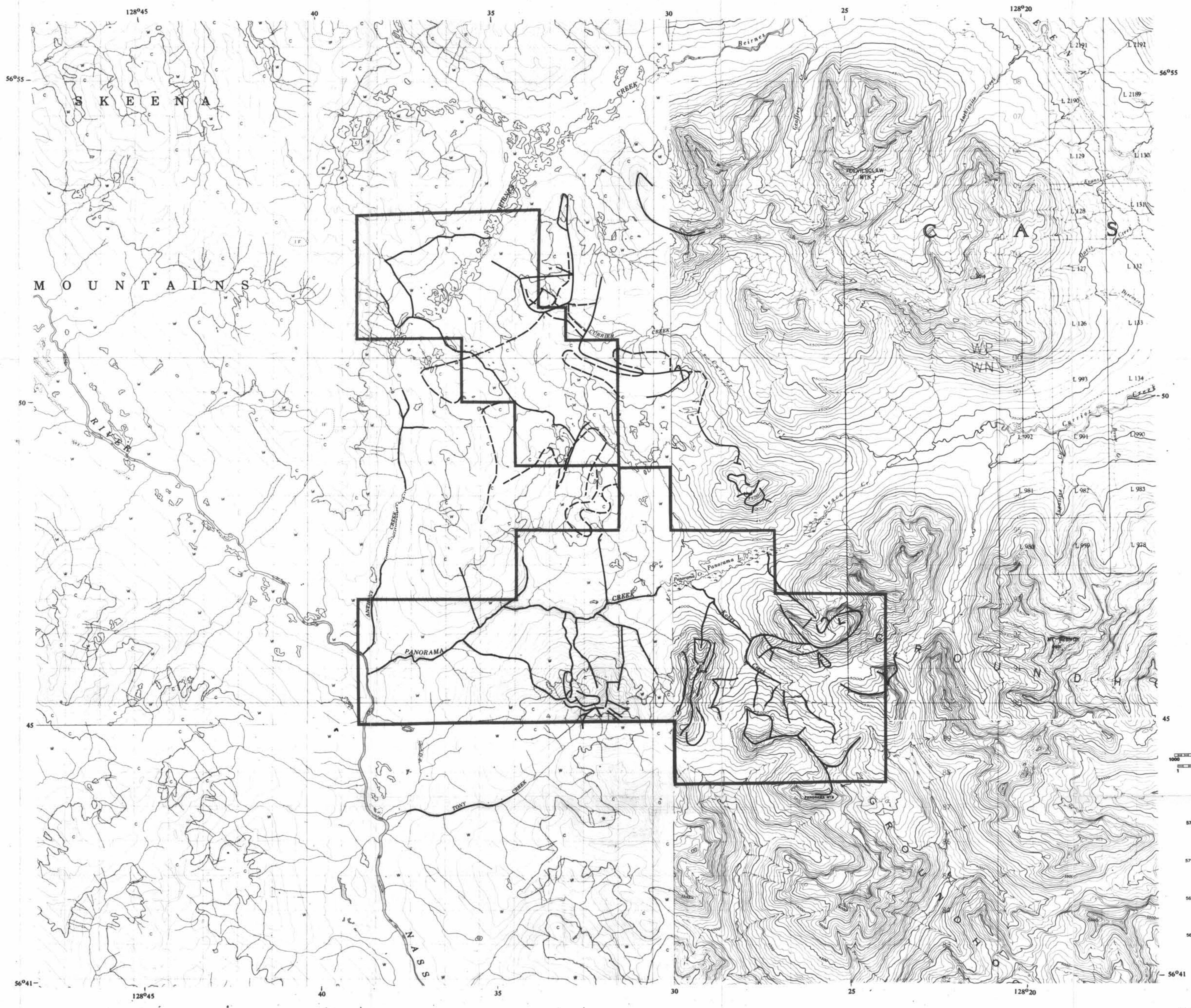
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 NO NORTH





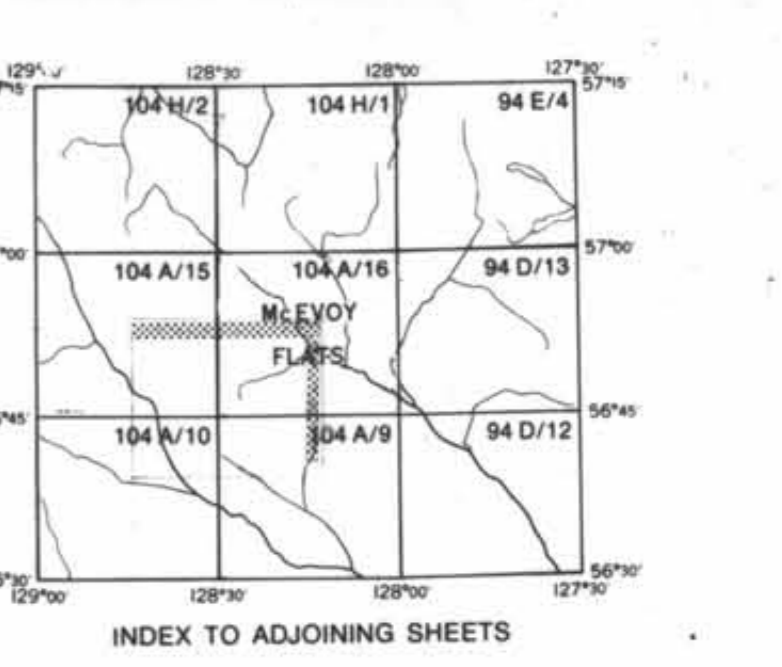
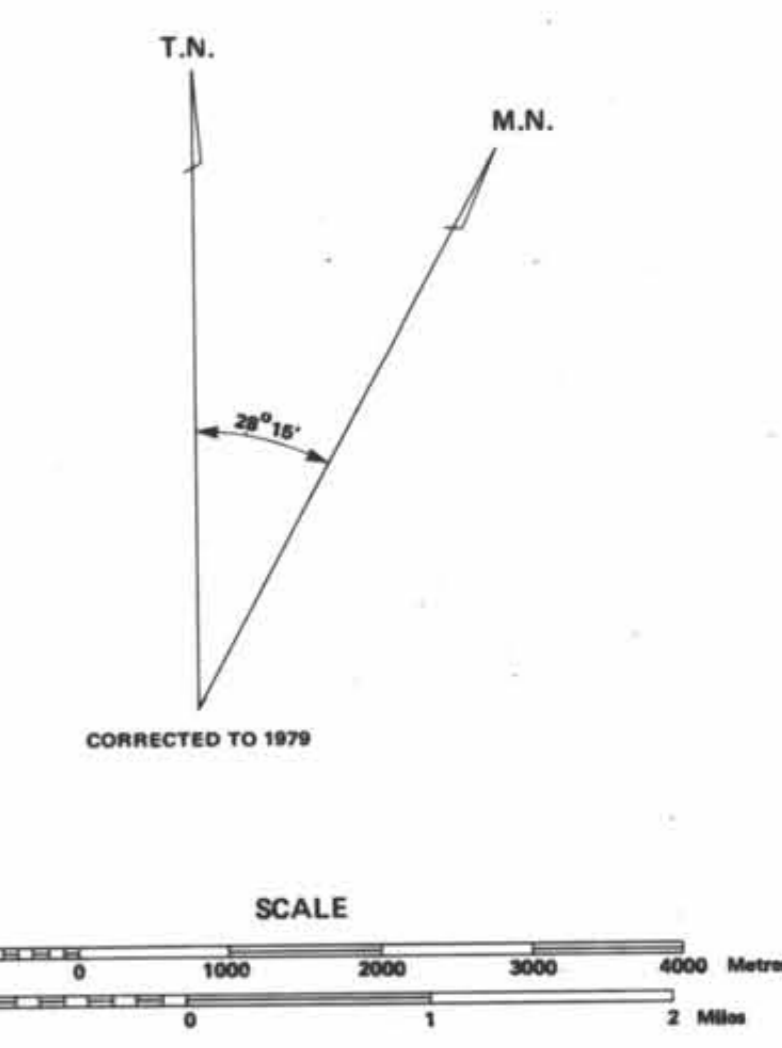


APPENDIX V



LEGEND

ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES	
HARD SURFACE, ALL WEATHER	
LOOSE SURFACE	
DIRT TRACK, WINTER ROAD	
TRAIL, CUT LINE, PORTAGE	
BUILT-UP AREA	
RAILWAY, BONG, STATION, STOP	
BRIDGE	
BEAPLANE BASE, ANCHORAGE	
LANDMARK FEATURES	
HOUSE, BARN	
CHURCH, SCHOOL	
POST OFFICE	
HISTORICAL SITE	
TOWERS, FIRE RADIO	
WELL, OIL GAB	
TANK, OIL, GASOLINE, WATER	
TELEPHONE LINE	
POWER TRANSMISSION LINE	
MINE	
CUTTING, EMBANKMENT	
GRAVEL PIT	
BOUNDARIES AND SURVEY CONTROL	
INTERNATIONAL, PROVINCIAL, BOUNDARY MONUMENT	
COUNTY, DISTRICT	
TOWNSHIP, PARISH-SURVEYED, UNSURVEYED	
TOWNSHIP, D.L.S. SURVEYED, UNSURVEYED	
SECTION CORNERS	
MUNICIPALITY	
INDIAN RESERVE, PARK, ETC.	
HORIZONTAL SURVEY POINT	
BENCH MARK WITH ELEVATION	
SPOT ELEVATION, PRECISE, LAND, WATER	
DRAINAGE AND RELATED FEATURES	
STREAM, SHORELINE, INDEFINITE	
DIRECTION OF FLOW	
LAKE, INTERMITTENT LAKE	
FLOODED LAND	
MARSH, SWAMP, WOODS	
DRY RIVER BED WITH CHANNELS	
SAND, ABOVE, IN WATER	
STRONG BOGS	
TUNDRA, PONDS, POLYONS	
RAPIDS, FALLS, RAPIDS	
FORESHORE FLATS	
ROCK	
DAM	
WHARF	
DITCH	
RELIEF FEATURES	
CONTOUR	
APPROXIMATE CONTOUR	
DEPRESSION CONTOUR	
SPOT ELEVATION, APPROXIMATE, LAND, WATER	
ESKER	
PRIMO	
SAND, SAND DUNES	
FALSA BOG	
WOODED AREA	
CLEARED AREA	



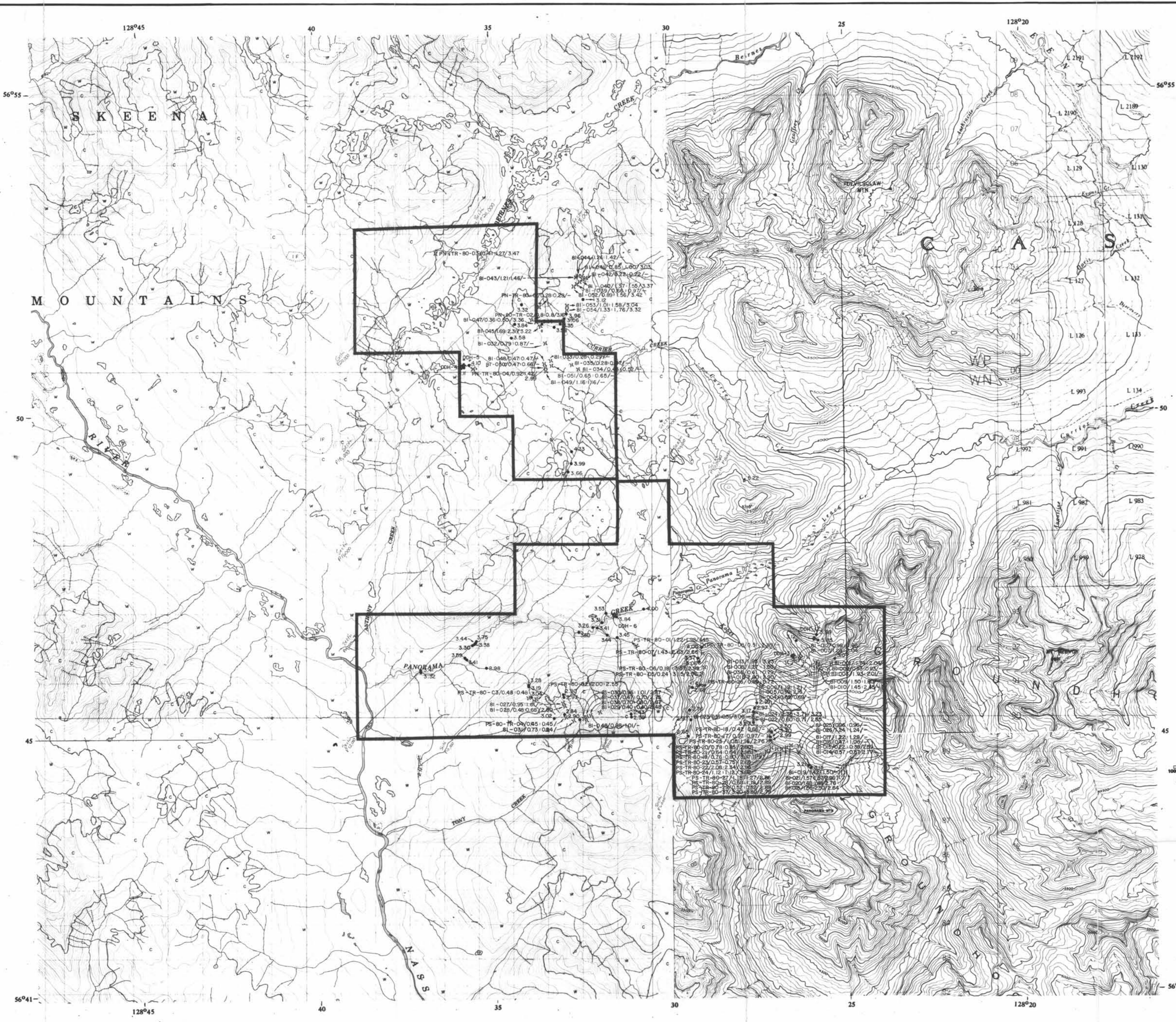
Published 1950
 Compiled by the Topographical Survey in 1949 from photographs taken in 1948 by the Royal Canadian Air Force.
 Converted from 1:63,360 to 1:50,000 without revision, by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa, in 1971.
 Copies may be obtained from the Map Distribution Office, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

— PLANE TABLED
 - - - WALKED

GR-Panorama 81(27)A (1st)

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.			113
CALGARY	Coal Division		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981			
TRAVERSE LOCATIONS			
DRAWN BY:		DATE: OCT. 1981	SCALE: 1:50,000
PREPARED BY: K.H.B.		DRAWING No.	
APPROVED BY:		DATE:	APPENDIX 5

APPENDIX 9E



LEGEND

ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES

- ROAD SURFACE, ALL WEATHER
- ROAD SURFACE, LOOSE SURFACE
- CART TRACK, WINTER ROAD
- TRAIL, CUT LINE, PORTAGE
- BUILT-UP AREA
- RAILWAY, BOWLS, STATION, STOP
- BRIDGE
- SEAPLANE BASE, ANCHORAGE

LANDMARK FEATURES

- HOUSE, SHED
- CHURCH, SCHOOL
- POST OFFICE
- HISTORICAL SITE
- TOWERS, FIRE, RADIO
- WELL, OIL, GAS
- TANK, OIL, GASOLINE, WATER
- TELEPHONE LINE
- POWER TRANSMISSION LINE
- WIRE
- CUTTING, EMBANKMENT
- BRIDGE, PVI

BOUNDARIES AND SURVEY CONTROL

- INTERNATIONAL, PROVINCIAL, COUNTY, DISTRICT
- TOWNSHIP, PARISH, SURVEYED
- UNSURVEYED
- TOWNSHIP, D.L.S. SURVEYED, UNSURVEYED
- SECTION CORNERS

MUNICIPALITY

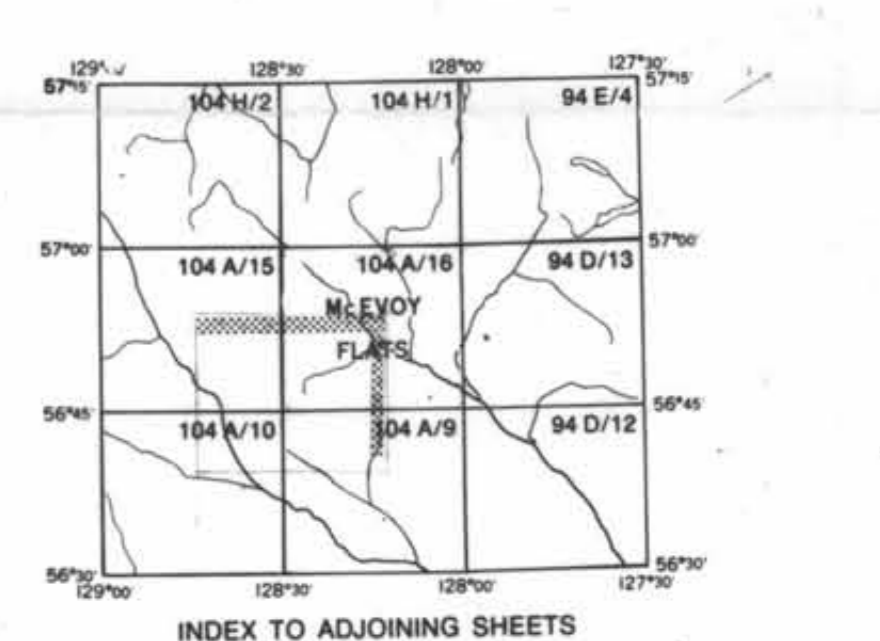
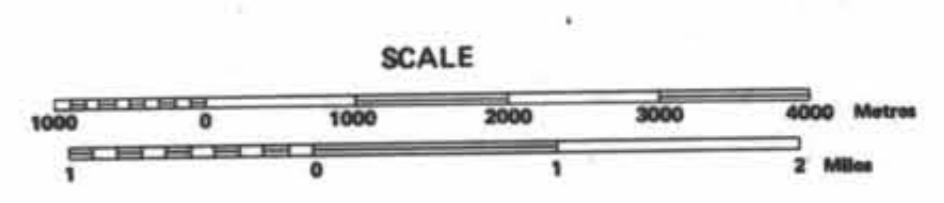
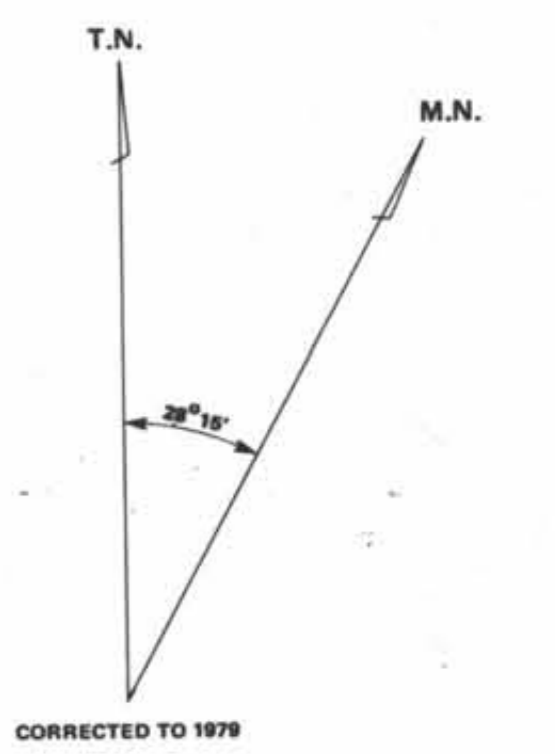
- INDIAN RESERVE, PARK, ETC.
- HORIZONTAL SURVEY POINT
- BENCH MARK WITH ELEVATION
- SPOT ELEVATION, PRECISE LAND, WATER

DRAINAGE AND RELATED FEATURES

- STREAM, SHORELINE, INTERMITTENT
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- LAKE, INTERMITTENT LAKE
- FLOODED LAND
- MARSH, SWAMP (WOODED)
- DRY RIVER BED WITH CHANNELS
- SAND, ABOVE, IN WATER
- STRING BOG
- TUNDRA, PONDS, POLYTONS
- RAPIDS, FALLS, RAPIDS
- FORESHORE FLATS
- ROCK
- DAM
- WHARF
- DITCH

RELIEF FEATURES

- CONTOURS
- APPROXIMATE CONTOURS
- DEPRESSION CONTOUR
- SPOT ELEVATION, APPROXIMATE LAND, WATER
- ESKER
- FRISO
- SAND, SAND DUNES
- PALM BOG
- WOODED AREA
- CLEARED AREA



Published 1950.
 Compiled by the Topographical Survey in 1949 from photographs taken in 1948 by the Royal Canadian Air Force.
 Converted from 1:63,360 to 1:50,000 without revision, by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa, in 1971.
 Copies may be obtained from the Map Distribution Office, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

TRENCH LOCATION

TRENCH 81-030

COAL (m)

COAL & ROCK (m)

Ro (max)

81-030/0.96 : 1.01/2.87

Ro (max)

DRILLHOLE

GR-Panorama 8(12)A (1)

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	Coal Division	
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981		
TRENCH DATA, SAMPLE REFLECTANCE & DRILLHOLE LOCATIONS		
DRAWN BY:	DATE: OCT. 1981	SCALE 1 : 50,000
PREPARED BY: S.L.B.	DATE:	DRAWING No. APPENDIX 6
APPROVED BY:	DATE:	DRAWING No. APPENDIX 6

113

APPENDIX VII



HARDY ASSOCIATES (1978) LTD.

CONSULTING ENGINEERING & PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

File No.

December 21, 1979

Gulf Resources Canada Inc.
401 Ninth Avenue S.W.
Calgary, Alberta
T2P 3C5

CALGARY OFFICE (MAIN)
219 - 18th STREET S.E.
CALGARY, ALBERTA
T2E 6J5
TELEPHONE: (403) 272-8761
TELEX NO.: 03-826717

Attention: Mr. Brian Flynn

Dear Sir:

Re: Reconnaissance Type Photogrammetric Mapping of the
Sustut and Panorama Project Areas

In reference to our meeting in your office with yourself and Mr. G.D. Childs, we are pleased to submit the following proposal to satisfy your photogrammetric mapping requirements on the above two project areas.

To obtain the 1:10 000 approximate scale reconnaissance type photogrammetric mapping with a 10 metre form line interval, we propose the following procedures:

- 1) We will obtain from the Federal Government photography and diapositives covering the Sustut Project at the approximate scale of 1:72 000; and we will obtain from the British Columbia Government the set of contact prints and diapositives for the Panorama Project at the approximate scale of 1:63 000.
- 2) For control in the above mapping, we shall utilize existing data, i.e. Government monuments and locations providing they are photo identifiable, and survey control from existing NTS maps.
- 3) Prior to mapping, we will carry out aerial triangulation and numerical adjustment for both project areas.



Gulf Resources Canada Inc.
Page 2
December 21, 1979

- 4) Mapping will be carried out on our first and second order stereo plotter instruments and we will submit to you, as an end product, pencil manuscripts showing the approximate position of UTM grids and all necessary details as specified for this type of reconnaissance mapping by the CAAS.

Production of this type of reconnaissance mapping is very economical and may be accomplished within a short period of time. However, the mapping will only be as accurate as existing data and their photo identifiability. In other words, the relative elevation between form lines will be good but absolute elevation differences for the whole property, plus the scale, will not be exact or as reliable as if special survey had been carried out for the project. The map, therefore, is only a reconnaissance type map which can only be used as a tool during the field geology, but cannot be used for detailed evaluation or engineering feasibility studies, etc.

The entire Sustut area will be mapped photogrammetrically, as aforementioned, and the maps will be produced on irregular sheet sizes on reproducible cronoflex sheets. However, the Panorama area which is outlined and marked number 10 on the 1:250 000 map sheets will be mapped photogrammetrically and the area between the two blocks will be mapped by enlarging the existing 1:50 000 map sheets to the 1:10 000 scale and hand interpolate 50 metre form lines and trace all other details. For both areas, the extent of the maps and mapping area is shown on the Appendix maps.

We estimate that producing both maps could take as long as 3 1/2 to 4 months of which 2 months would be spent obtaining necessary data, material, and carrying out aerial triangulation and numerical adjustments. It is our understanding that no photo reproduction, enlargements or reductions will be carried out by our organization, but that



Gulf Resources Canada Inc.
Page 3
December 21, 1979

this will be taken care of by your company in accordance with our specifications.

It is also our understanding that you may require ortho photos for both the above properties. For the ortho photos, we suggest we utilize the diapositives produced by us and controlled for the mapping. The ortho photos should be produced at the approximate scale of 1:20 000 (end product would not be good at the 1:10 000 approximate scale because of the 7 X enlargement) on the individual model basis. All photo reproduction in connection with the ortho photos should be carried out by your organization. To relate the ortho photos to the line map, we suggest the following procedures:

- 1) Obtain the original ortho photo negatives and Gulf will enlarge them to 1:20 000.
- 2) Reduce manuscripts of the line map to 1:20 000 (some of the lines such as intermediate contours may not reproduce very well because the original is only pencil).
- 3) By fitting ortho photo negatives by their control points on the line map, the grids should be transferred onto the negatives.
- 4) From the above negatives, screen cronoflex positives on photographic paper prints should be produced as an end product.
- 5) If you should require a composite and ortho photos to be made from the line map, we strongly recommend that the line map should be redrafted for better reproduction purposes prior to the production of the composite map.

We also discussed the possibility of transferring the geological interpretation onto the line map using a photogrammetric method. It is quite possible and we suggest, some test models should

Gulf Canada Resources Inc.
Page 4
December 21, 1979

be done as soon as the field work is completed. We feel that photo geological interpretation could be extended during the plotting phase of the above, if needed, on the geological overlay.

FEE SCHEDULE:

1. To provide aerial triangulation and numerical adjustment to cover both project areas and to produce the above reconnaissance photogram-metric mapping at the approximate scale of 1:10 000 with 10 metre form line intervals as shown on the appendix maps:

OUR ESTIMATED FEE: \$26,000.

The above fee will include the manual interpretation of the enlarged 1:50 000 map to cover the area between two blocks No. 10 on the Panorama Project, the end product on manuscripts on the reproducible cronoflex sheets as discussed in the attached proposal.

2. To provide ortho photo negatives from existing photograph at the same scale as the photography, our fee will be \$120 per model, (please note that all photo reproductions will be done by Gulf Canada Resources Inc.

We thank you for the opportunity of submitting the above proposal and cost estimate. We look forward to hearing from you in the near future.

Yours truly,

HARDY ASSOCIATES (1978) LTD.


J. Kende, C.C.
Director, Mapping Section

JK:bc

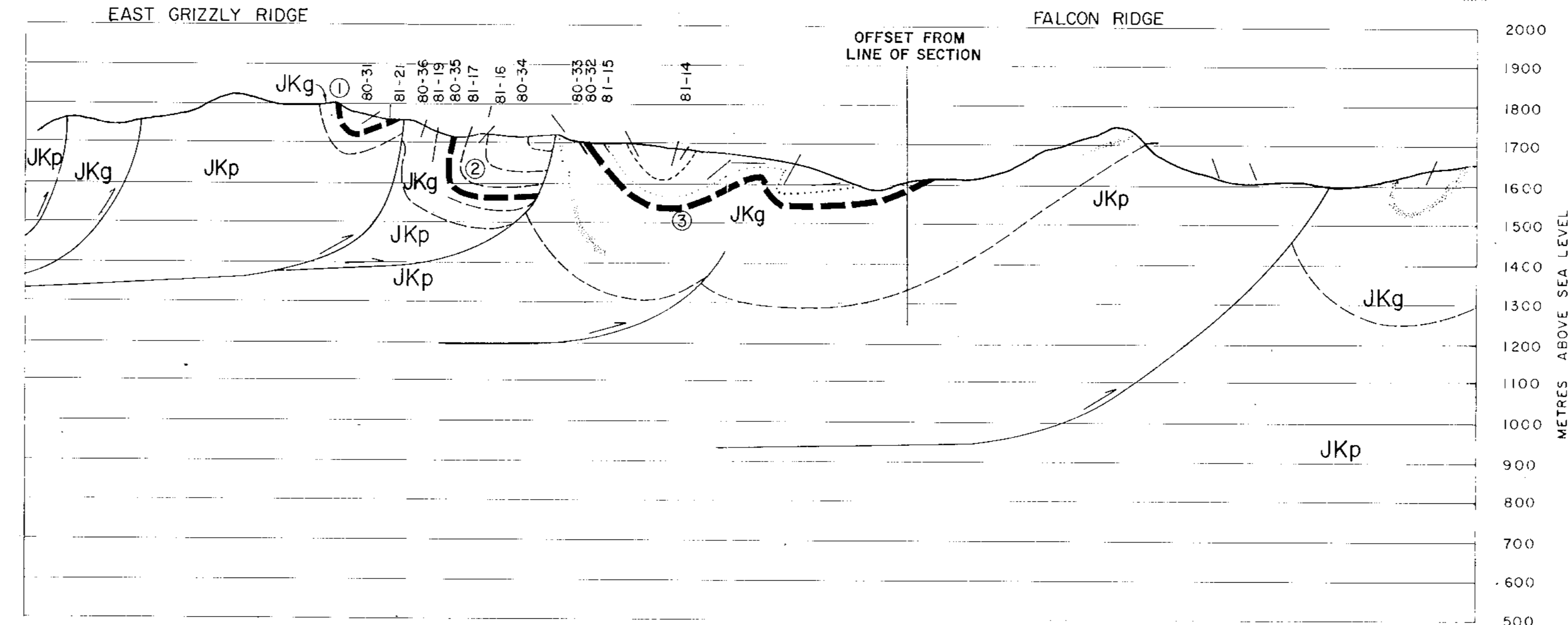
COAL DATA			
TRENCH	THICKNESS(m)	$\bar{R}_{\text{max}}\%$	V_m (dmmf approx %)
THRUST	80-31	0.47	2.59
	81-21	1.57	-
THRUST	80-36	1.05	2.76
	81-19	1.44	-
	80-35	0.23	2.64
	80-17	1.29	-
THRUST	81-016	0.47	-
	80-34	0.71	2.59
THRUST	80-33	0.66	2.77
	80-32	0.55	2.63
	81-14	0.57	2.77
	81-15	0.22	2.59

LICENCE
BOUNDARY

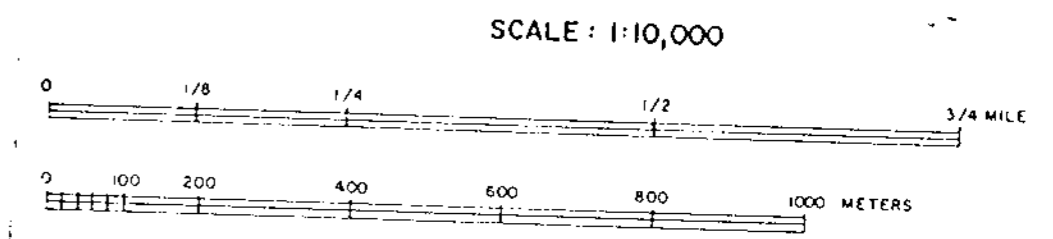
S.W.
MAP

LICENCE
BOUNDARY

NE.
MAP



LEGEND	
	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE
	COAL SEAM TRACE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
	THRUST FAULT
	NORMAL FAULT
	SANDSTONE
	CONGLOMERATE

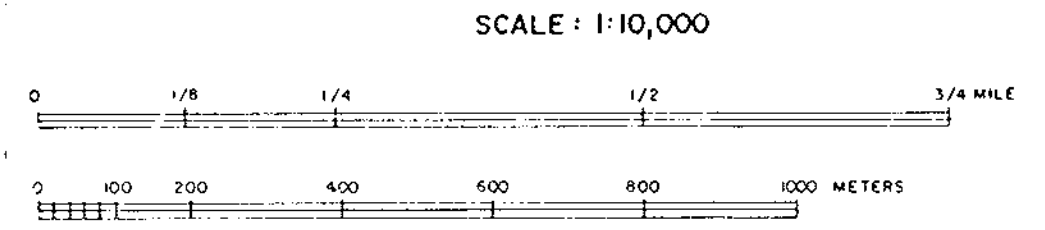
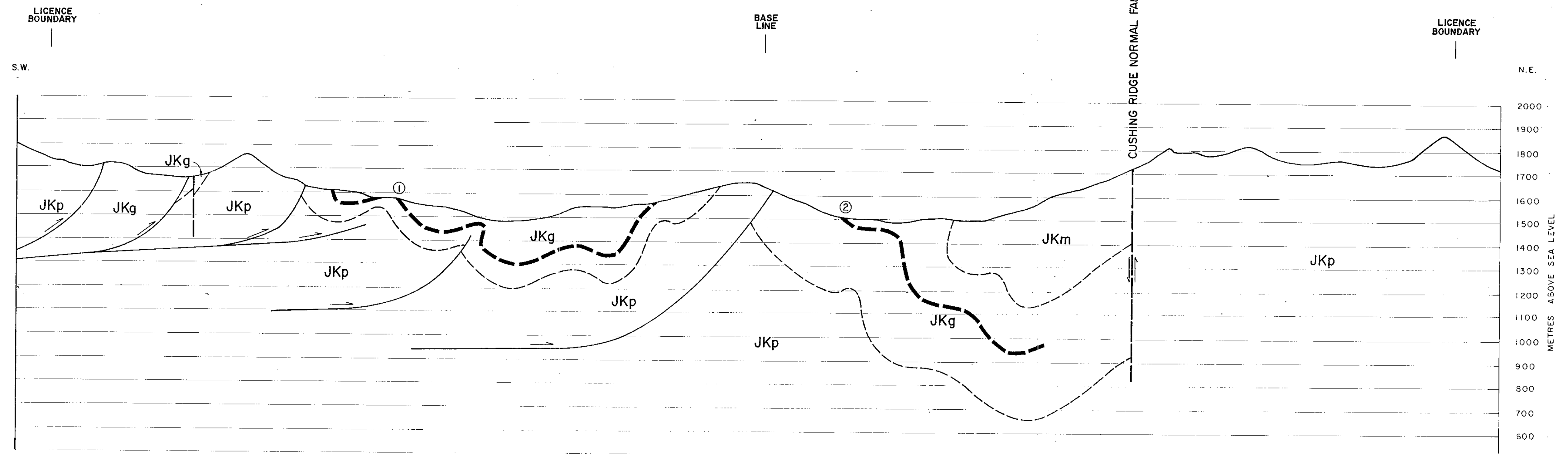


LEGEND	
MALLOCH MEMBER	
JKm	monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
GROUNDHOG MEMBER	
JKg	interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
PANORAMA MEMBER	
JKp	interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

*GZ-Panorama 81-21A *1*

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
Coal Division		
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT		
CROSS SECTION - A-A'		
PREPARED BY: D.E.P.	SCALE 1:10,000	
APPROVED BY:	DATE: OCT. 81	DRAWING No.



- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
 - JKm** — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
 - GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
 - JKg** — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
 - PANORAMA MEMBER**
 - JKp** — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- LEGEND**
- ▲ ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
 - STRUCTURAL TRACE
 - - - COAL SEAM TRACE
 - COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
 - GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
 - ↗ THRUST FAULT
 - ||| NORMAL FAULT
 - ▨ SANDSTONE
 - ⊞ CONGLOMERATE

113

CR-Panorama F(2)A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division
CALGARY ALBERTA



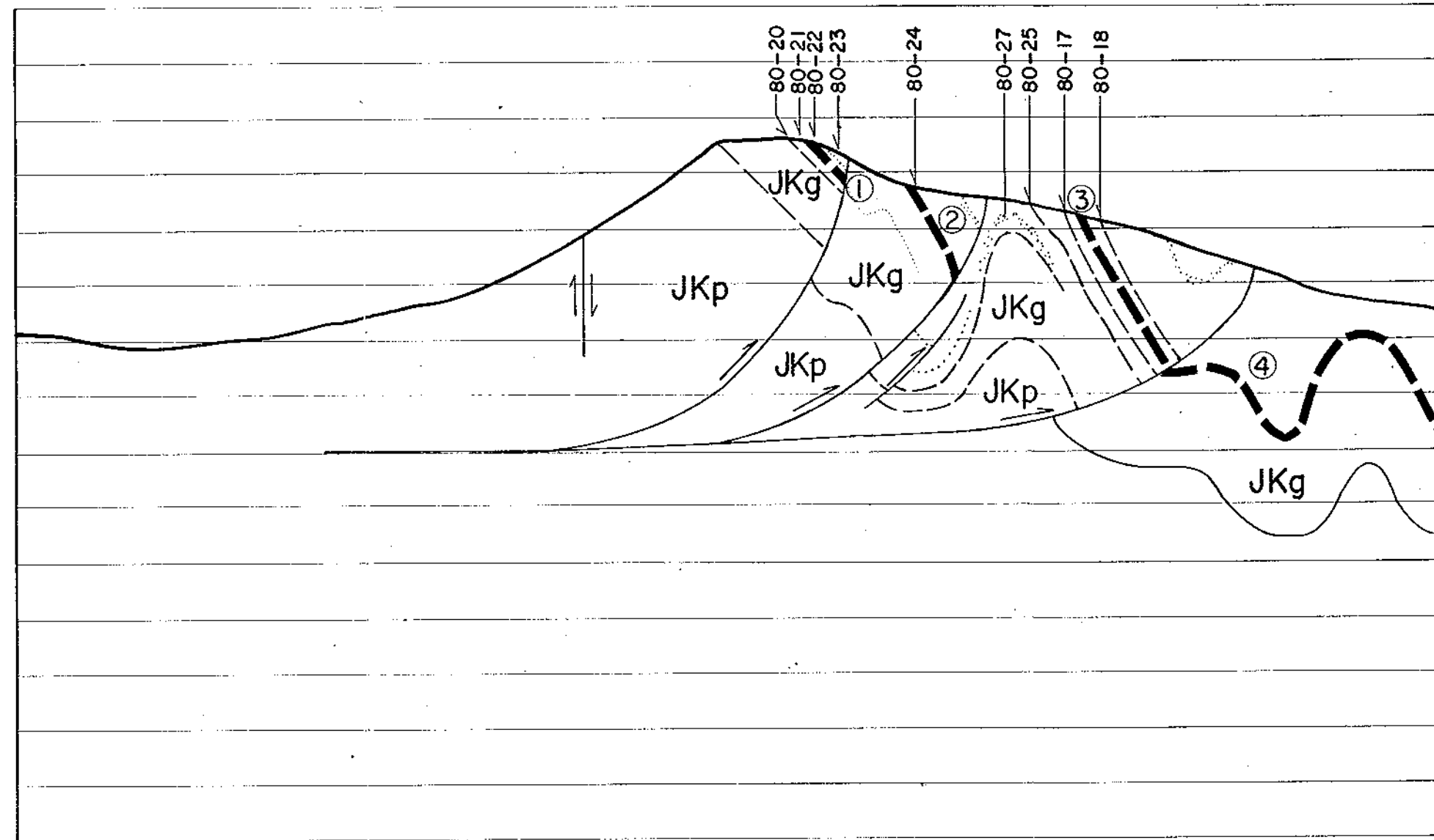
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P2000

PREPARED BY: J. INNIS
APPROVED BY: DATE: NOV. 81
SCALE 1:10,000
DRAWING No.

LICENCE
BOUNDARY

S.W.

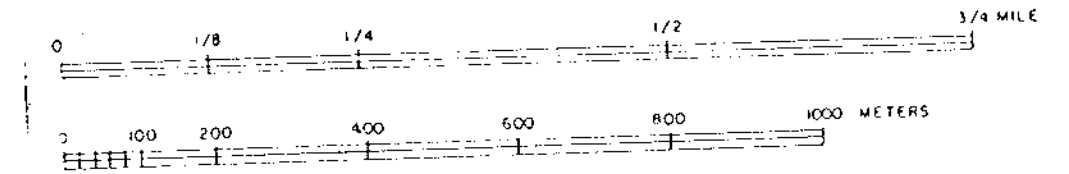
GRIZZLY RIDGE



COAL DATA

TRENCH	THICKNESS(m)	R _o max %	(dmmf Vm approx.%)
80-20	0.78	2.90	6.1
80-21	0.64	2.96	6.0
80-22	2.08	2.96	6.0
80-23	0.57	2.65	7.0
80-24	1.12	3.02	5.7
80-25	1.05	2.76	6.7
80-17	0.97	-	-
80-18	0.42	-	-
80-27	1.18	2.86	6.4

SCALE: 1:10,000



N.E.

LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm** — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
- JKg** — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp** — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

GR-Panorama 81625A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.

Coal Division

CALGARY

ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

CROSS SECTION P 3550

LEGEND

	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT		THRUST FAULT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE		NORMAL FAULT
	COAL SEAM TRACE		SANDSTONE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE		CONGLOMERATE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT		

PREPARED BY:

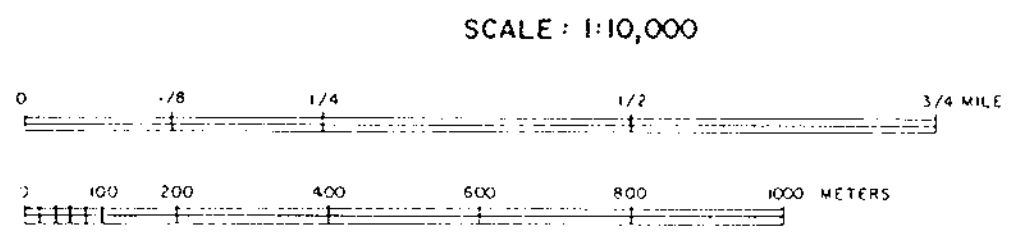
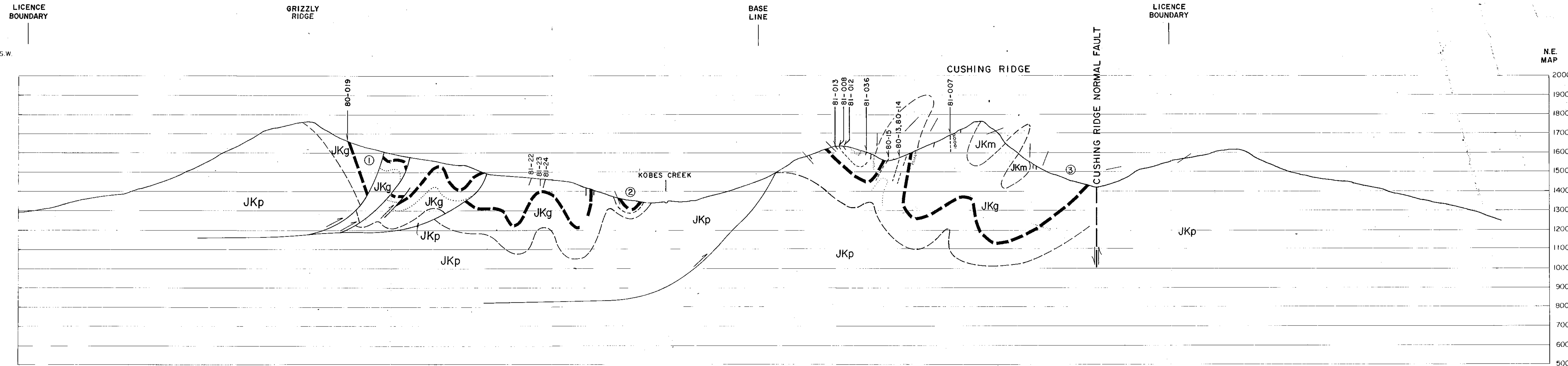
SCALE 1:10,000

APPROVED BY:

DATE: NOV. 81

DRAWING No.

COAL DATA			
TRENCH	THICKNESS(m)	Ro max%	(dmmf) Vm approx. %
80-13	1.22	3.27	5.0
80-014	1.34	3.18	5.2
80-15	1.19	-	-
80-019	0.76	3.37	4.6
81-007	1.24	-	-
81-008	1.27	-	-
81-012	1.17	-	-
81-013	1.95	-	-
81-036	0.51	-	-
81-22	0.60	2.85	6.4
81-23	0.51	3.06	5.5
81-24	2.35	3.23	5.1



LEGEND

MALLOCH MEMBER
JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding

GROUNDHOG MEMBER
JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds

PANORAMA MEMBER
JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

LEGEND

▲ ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
- - - STRUCTURAL TRACE
- - - COAL SEAM TRACE
- - - COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
- - - GEOLOGICAL CONTACT

▬ THRUST FAULT
||| NORMAL FAULT
[] SANDSTONE
[] CONGLOMERATE

113

*GR-Panorama 81(2)A *1*

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 4000

PREPARED BY: DEP
APPROVED BY: J. INNIS

SCALE 1:10,000
DATE: OCT. 81
DRAWING No.

COAL DATA

ASA 64 RIDGE*

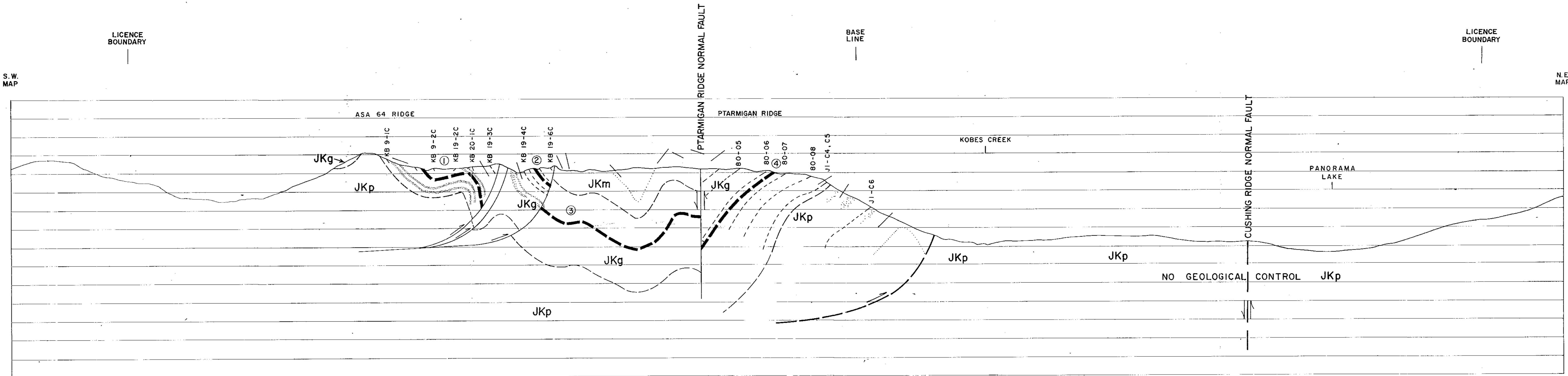
TRENCH	SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	Romax%	Vm	(dmmf approx. %)
-	KB 9-1C	2.0	2.65	-	-
-	KB 9-2C	0.9	2.97	-	-
-	KB 19-2C	0.7	2.26	-	-
-	KB 20-1C	1.0	2.88	-	-
-	KB 19-3C	1.1	2.98	6.0	-
-	KB 19-4C	1.6	2.85	-	-
-	KB 19-6C	2.3	2.89	6.2	-

PTARMIGAN RIDGE

TRENCH	SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	Romax%	Vm	(dmmf approx. %)
80-05	1376	0.24	2.76*	-	-
80-06	1377	0.18	2.99	6.0	-
80-07	1375	1.43	2.66*	-	-
80-08	-	0.51	-	-	-
-	J1-C4	0.35	3.06	5.5	-
-	J1-C5	0.35	3.37	4.7	-
-	J1-C6	0.30	4.00	3.7	-

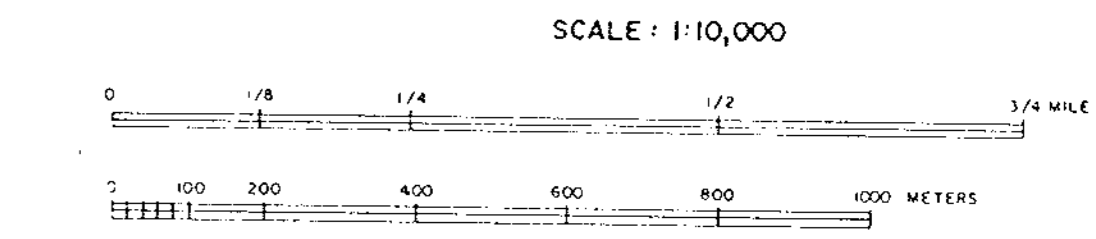
* highly oxidized samples

S.W. MAP



LEGEND

	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT		THRUST FAULT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE		NORMAL FAULT
	COAL SEAM TRACE		SANDSTONE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE		CONGLOMERATE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT		



LEGEND

MALLOCH MEMBER	
JKm	monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
GROUNDHOG MEMBER	
JKg	interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
PANORAMA MEMBER	
JKp	interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

GR-Panorama E(2)A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
<p>PANORAMA COAL PROJECT</p> <p>CROSS SECTION P 6000</p>		
PREPARED BY: D.E.P.		SCALE 1: 10,000
APPROVED BY:		DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No.

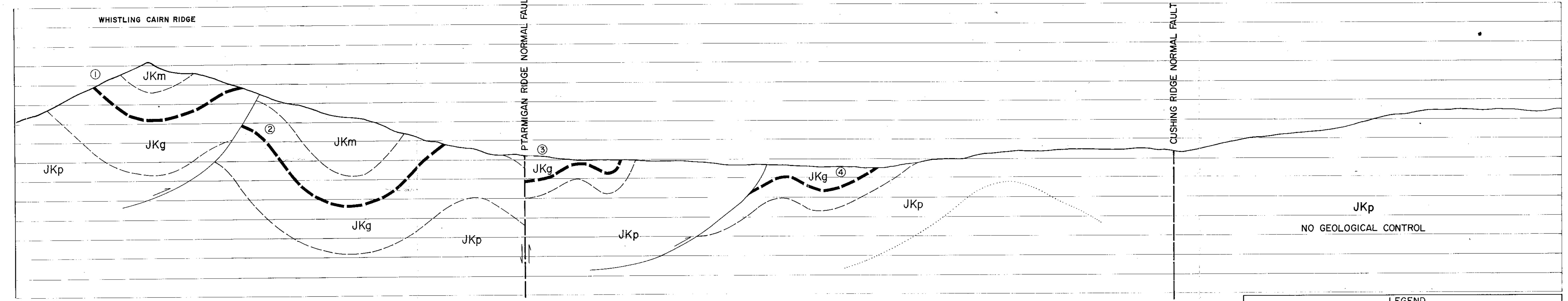
LICENCE
BOUNDARY

BASE
LINE

LICENCE
BOUNDARY

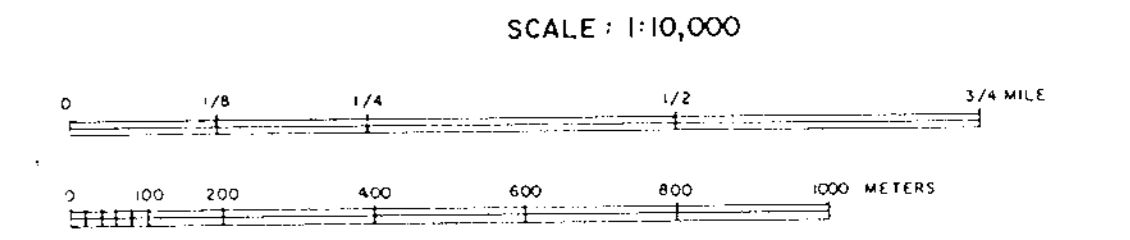
S.W.

N.E.



LEGEND

ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT	THRUST FAULT
STRUCTURAL TRACE	NORMAL FAULT
COAL SEAM TRACE	SANDSTONE
COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE	CONGLOMERATE
GEOLOGICAL CONTACT	



- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm** — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
- JKg** — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp** — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

GR-Panorama 8/27/81

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 8000

PREPARED BY: J. INNIS SCALE: 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: DATE: NOV. 81 DRAWING No.

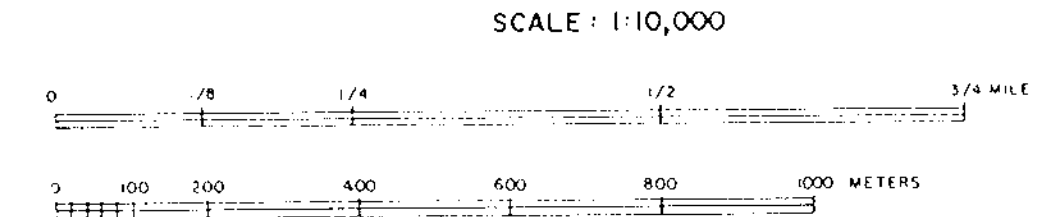
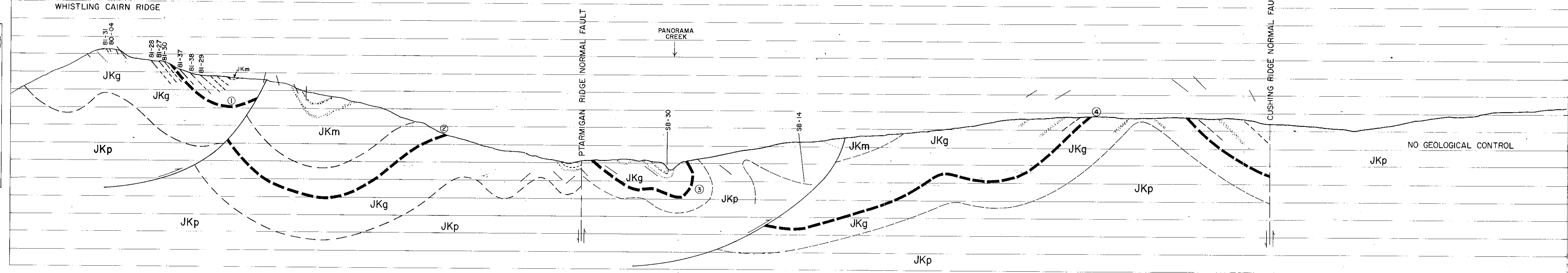
LICENCE
BOUNDARY

S. W.
MAP

BASE
LINE

LICENCE
BOUNDARY

N.E.
MAP



COAL DATA

TRENCH	SAMPLE	THICKNESS (m)	R _g max%	V _m (dmmf approx.%)
81-31	-	0.73	-	-
80-04	-	0.45	-	-
81-30	DP-31	-	2.90	6.0
81-37	DP-32	0.96	2.87	6.0
81-29	DP-33	0.47	2.75	6.8
81-29	DP-34	0.40	2.84	6.4
81-29	DP-30	-	2.84	6.4
81-38	-	0.70	-	-
81-28	-	0.48	2.90	6.0
81-27	-	0.95	-	-
-	SLB-14	0.20	4.00	3.5
SLB-30	-	3.00	3.84	4.0

- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
 - JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
 - GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
 - JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
 - PANORAMA MEMBER**
 - JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- LEGEND**
- ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
 - STRUCTURAL TRACE
 - COAL SEAM TRACE
 - COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
 - GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
 - THRUST FAULT
 - NORMAL FAULT
 - SANDSTONE
 - CONGLOMERATE

113 G.R. Panorama 81(2) 71

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

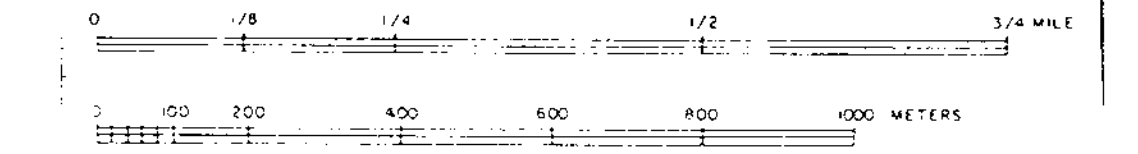
CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 9100

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON & DEP
APPROVED BY: J. INNIS

SCALE 1:10,000
DATE: OCT. 81
DRAWING No.

SCALE: 1:10,000



LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm** — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
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- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp** — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

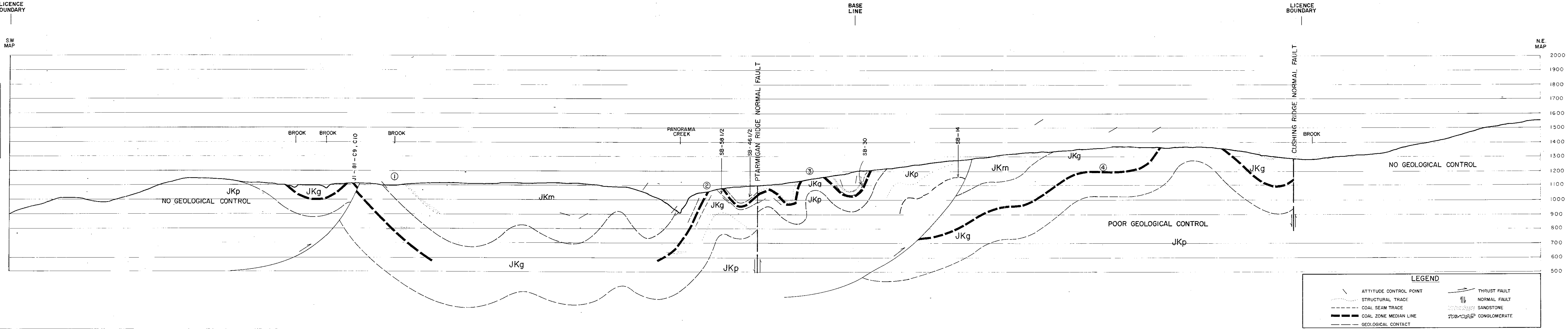
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT

CROSS SECTION P 10,000

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: DATE: OCT., 1981 DRAWING No.

COAL DATA

SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	Romax% Vm	(dmmf approx %)
SB-46 1/2	1.0	3.26	5.0
SB-58 1/2	1.5	3.40	4.9
SB-30	3.0	3.84	4.0
SB-14	0.2	4.00	3.6
J1-81-C9	2.0	3.28	5.0
J1-81-C10			
TOTAL	3.19	5.2	

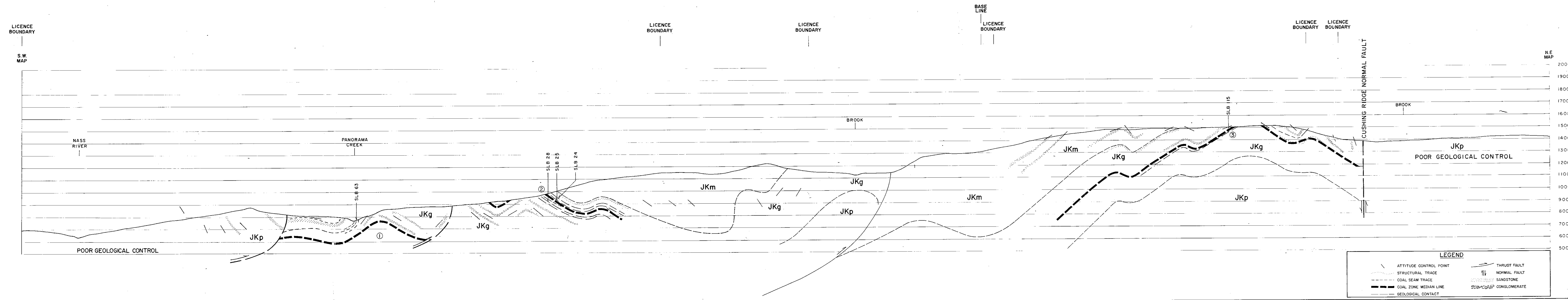


LEGEND

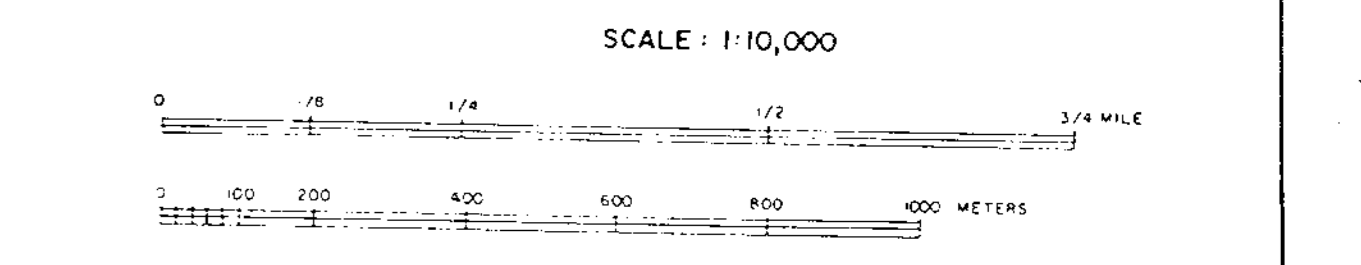
	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT		THRUST FAULT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE		NORMAL FAULT
	COAL SEAM TRACE		SANDSTONE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE		CONGLOMERATE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT		

COAL DATA

SAMPLE	THICKNESS (m)	Ro max %	(dm mf Vm approx. %)
SLB-24	2.0	3.75	4.2
SLB-25	1.5	3.44	4.7
SLB-28	1.2	3.30	5.0
SLB-63	1.0	3.36	4.9
SLB-115	1.2	4.33	4.3



- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
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- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
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- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods



113 *Gr-Panorama S(12)**

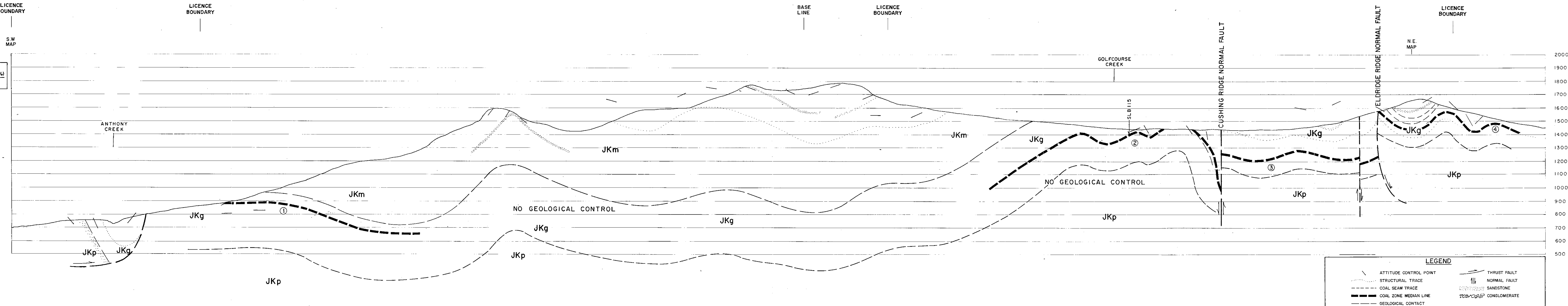
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

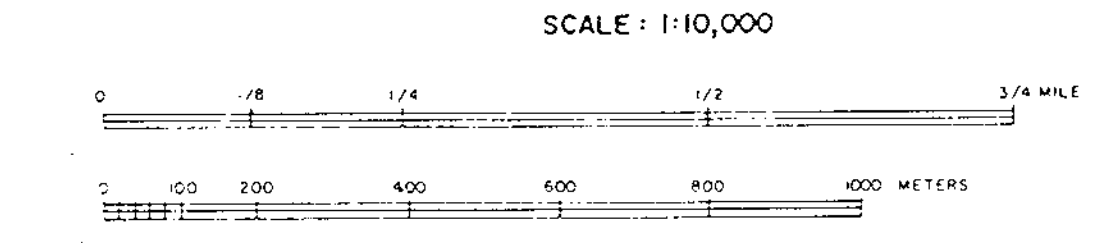
PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 12,000

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON SCALE: 1:10,000
APPROVED BY: DATE: OCT. 81 DRAWING No.

COAL DATA			
SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	Rom %	(dmmf Vm approx. %)
SLB 115	1.2	4.33	4.3



LEGEND	
	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE
	COAL SEAM TRACE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
	THRUST FAULT
	NORMAL FAULT
	SANDSTONE
	CONGLOMERATE



- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
- JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113 G.R. - Panorama (113)A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

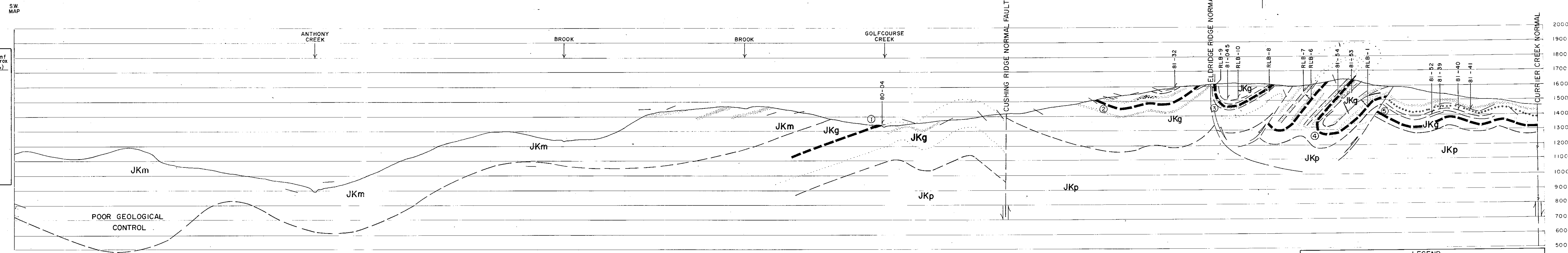
CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
 CROSS SECTION P 14,000

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: DATE: OCT. 81 DRAWING No.

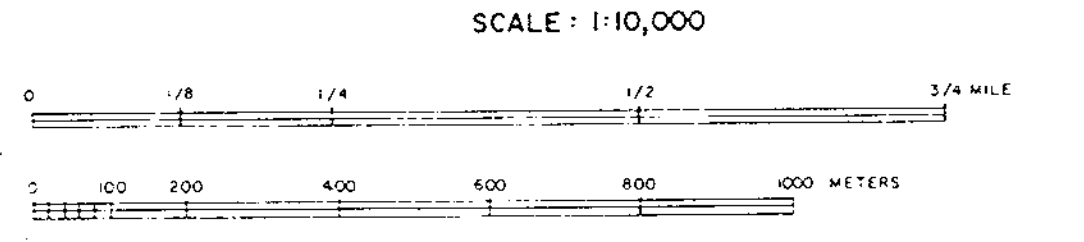
COAL DATA

TRENCH	SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	R _{max} %	V _m (dmm f approx %)
80-04	SLB-20	1.4	4.10	3.5
81-32	RB-78	0.79	-	-
-	RLB-1	1.00	3.12	5.5
81-53	RLB-3	1.01	3.04	5.7
81-54	RLB-4	1.33	3.32	5.2
	RLB-6	1.00	2.96	6.0
	RLB-7	1.00	3.06	5.6
	RLB-8	1.50	3.35	4.9
	RLB-9	1.30	3.58	4.5
	RLB-10	1.0	3.14	5.4
81-40	RLB-22	1.37	3.37	-
81-41	RLB-21	0.85	3.03	-
81-39	RLB-23	0.66	-	-
81-52	RLB-24	0.89	3.42	-
81-45	RLB-11	1.69	3.22	-



LEGEND

	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT		THRUST FAULT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE		NORMAL FAULT
	COAL SEAM TRACE		SANDSTONE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE		CONGLOMERATE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT		



LEGEND

MALLOCH MEMBER	
JKm	monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
GROUNDHOG MEMBER	
JKg	interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
PANORAMA MEMBER	
JKp	interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
Coal Division

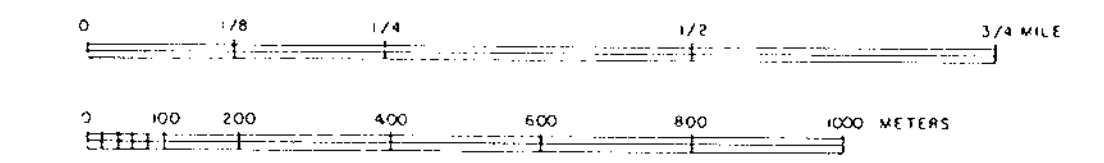
CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 16,000

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON
APPROVED BY:

SCALE 1:10,000
DATE: OCT. 81
DRAWING No.

SCALE: 1:10,000



LEGEND

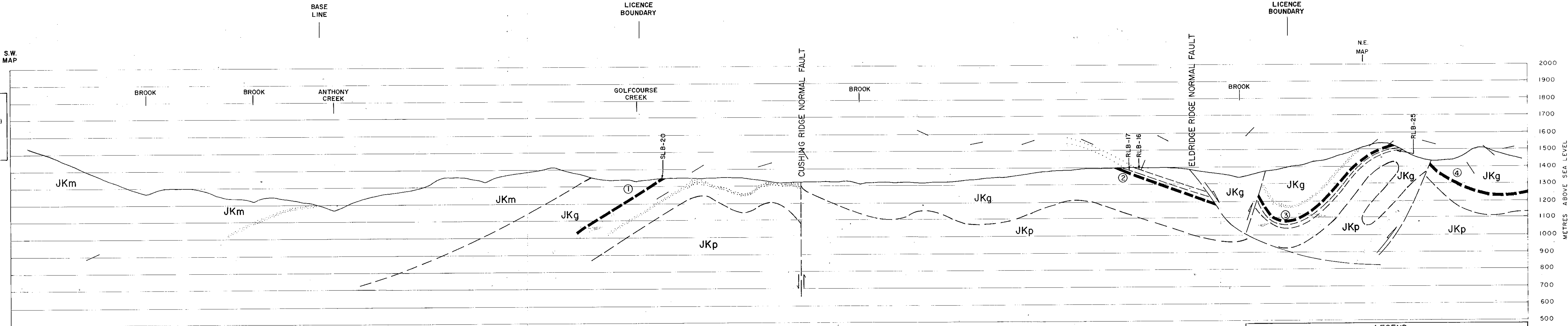
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm** — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
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- JKg** — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp** — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

113 GR-Panorama 8(L2)*A *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division
 CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT
CROSS SECTION P 18,000

PREPARED BY: S. BARRON SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: DATE: OCT., 1981 DRAWING No.



LEGEND

	ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT		THRUST FAULT
	STRUCTURAL TRACE		NORMAL FAULT
	COAL SEAM TRACE		SANDSTONE
	COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE		CONGLOMERATE
	GEOLOGICAL CONTACT		

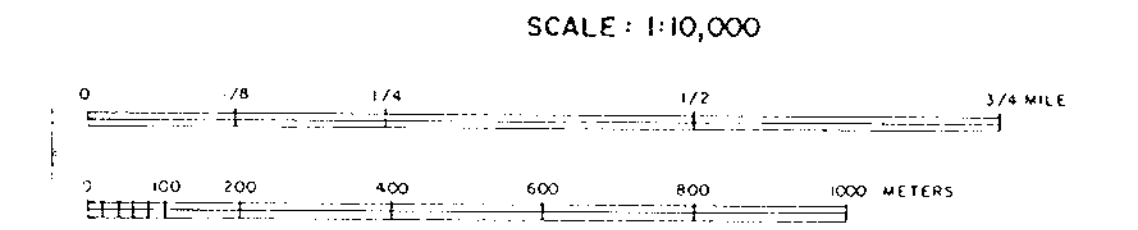
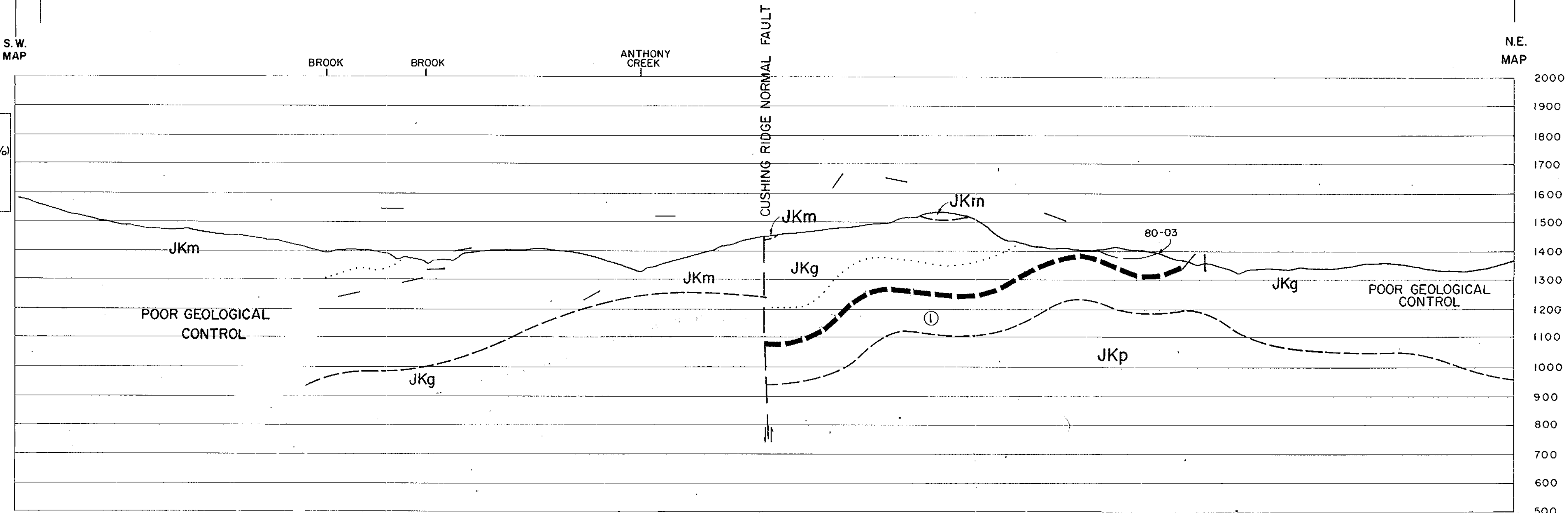
COAL DATA

SAMPLE	THICKNESS(m)	R _o (max%)	V _m (dmmf approx.%)
SLB-20	1.5	4.10	3.5
RLB-16	1.0	3.32	5.0
RLB-17	0.8	3.84	4.0
RLB-25	0.8	3.24	5.1

BASE LINE
LICENCE BOUNDARY
S. W. MAP

LICENCE BOUNDARY
N.E. MAP

COAL DATA				
TRENCH	SAMPLE	THICKNESS (m)	R _o max%	V _m (dmmf approx %)
TR-80-03	-	1.3	3.47	4.6



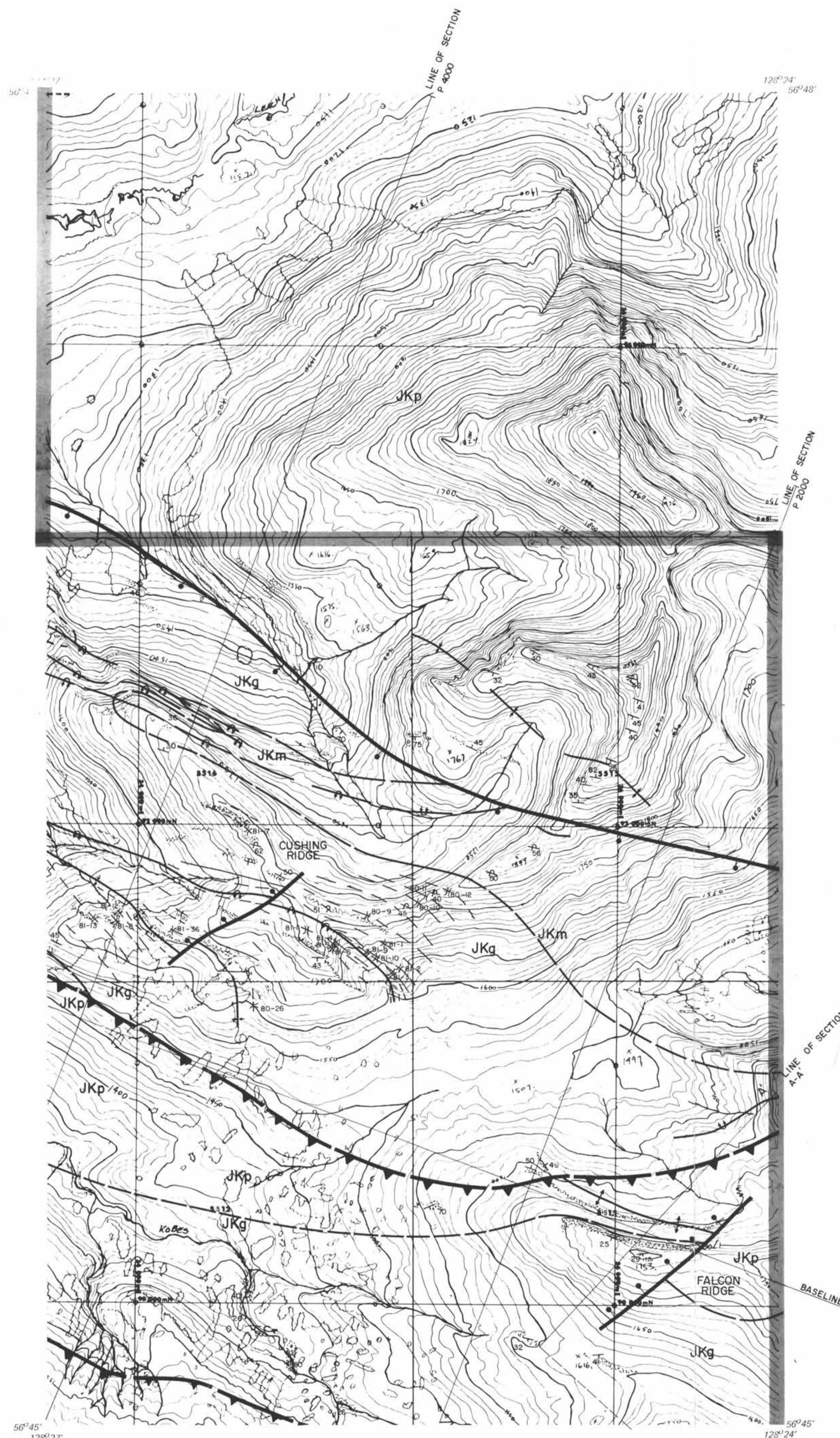
- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
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- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- LEGEND**
- ATTITUDE CONTROL POINT
 - STRUCTURAL TRACE
 - COAL SEAM TRACE
 - COAL ZONE MEDIAN LINE
 - GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
 - THRUST FAULT
 - NORMAL FAULT
 - SANDSTONE
 - CONGLOMERATE

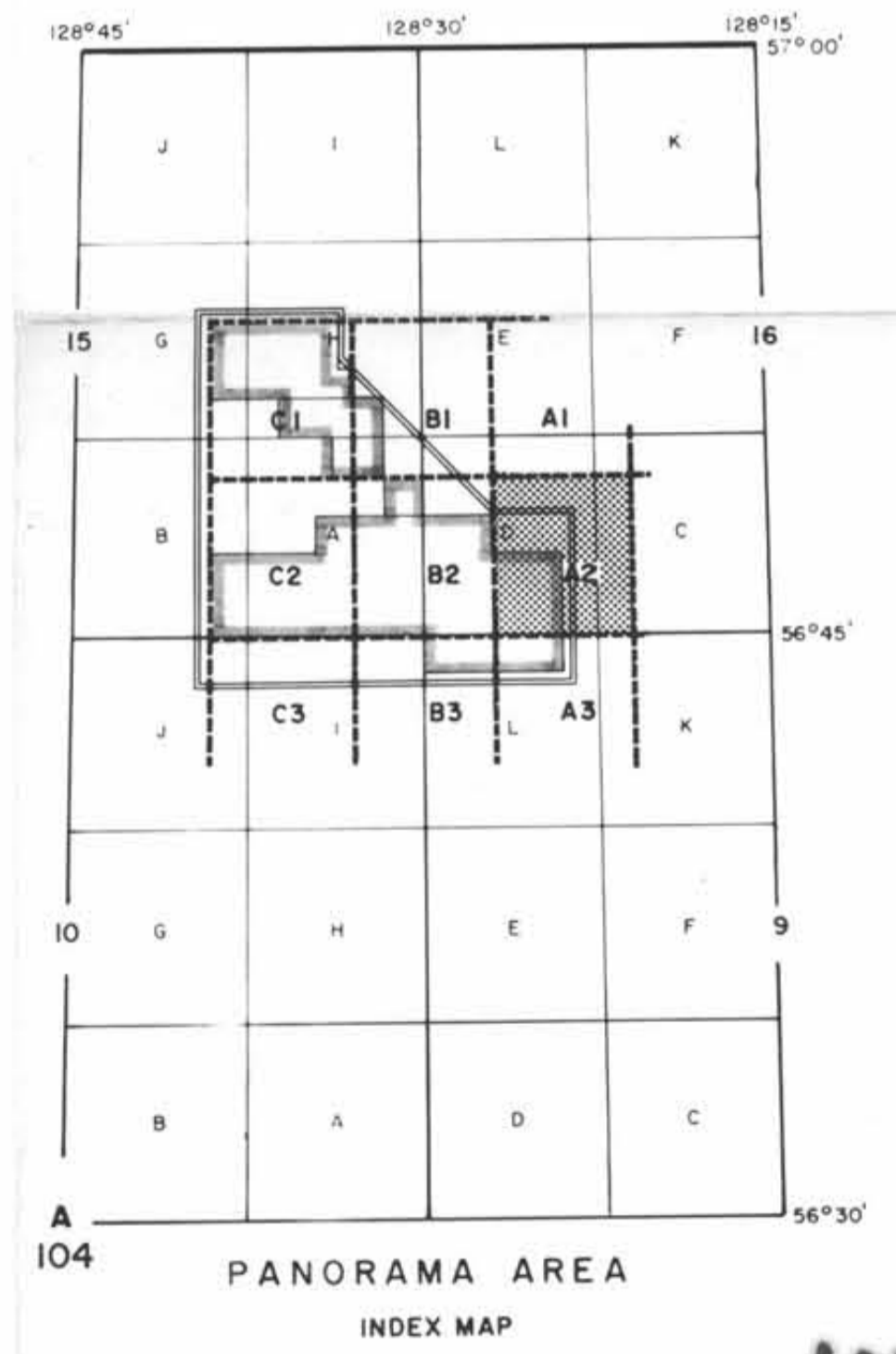
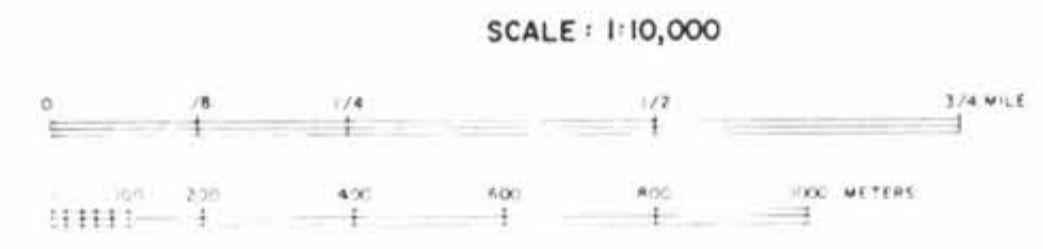
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SR-Panorama 8162JA *1

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.		
Coal Division		
CALGARY	ALBERTA	
<p>PANORAMA COAL PROJECT</p> <p>CROSS SECTION P 20,000</p>		
PREPARED BY: S. BARRON		SCALE 1:10,000
APPROVED BY:		DATE: OCT. 81 DRAWING No.



- LEGEND**
- RIVER
 - STREAM
 - LAKE
 - SAND
 - TREE LINE
 - FORM LINES
 - DEPRESSION FORM LINE
 - SPOT HEIGHT
 - MAIN ROAD
 - SECONDARY ROAD
 - TRACK
 - TRAIL
 - CUT LINE
 - RAILROAD
 - BUILDING
 - COAL LICENCE
- FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES
- SURVEY NOTE**
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.



- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
- JKg — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstones, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalves and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstones, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE**
- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - ANTECLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - SYMBLIND (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - ANTICLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - SYMBLIND (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - THURST FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - - - NORMAL FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, HACHURES ON DOWN THROWN SIDE)
20. STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
20. APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
20. VERTICAL BEDDING
20. HORIZONTAL BEDDING
20. STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

- KEY**
- CONGLOMERATE
 - SANDSTONE
 - SILTSTONE
 - CLAYSTONE
 - MUDSTONE
 - CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 - LICENCE BOUNDARY
 - COAL BEAM TRACE
 - TRENCH LOCATION
 - PELECYPOD SAND

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

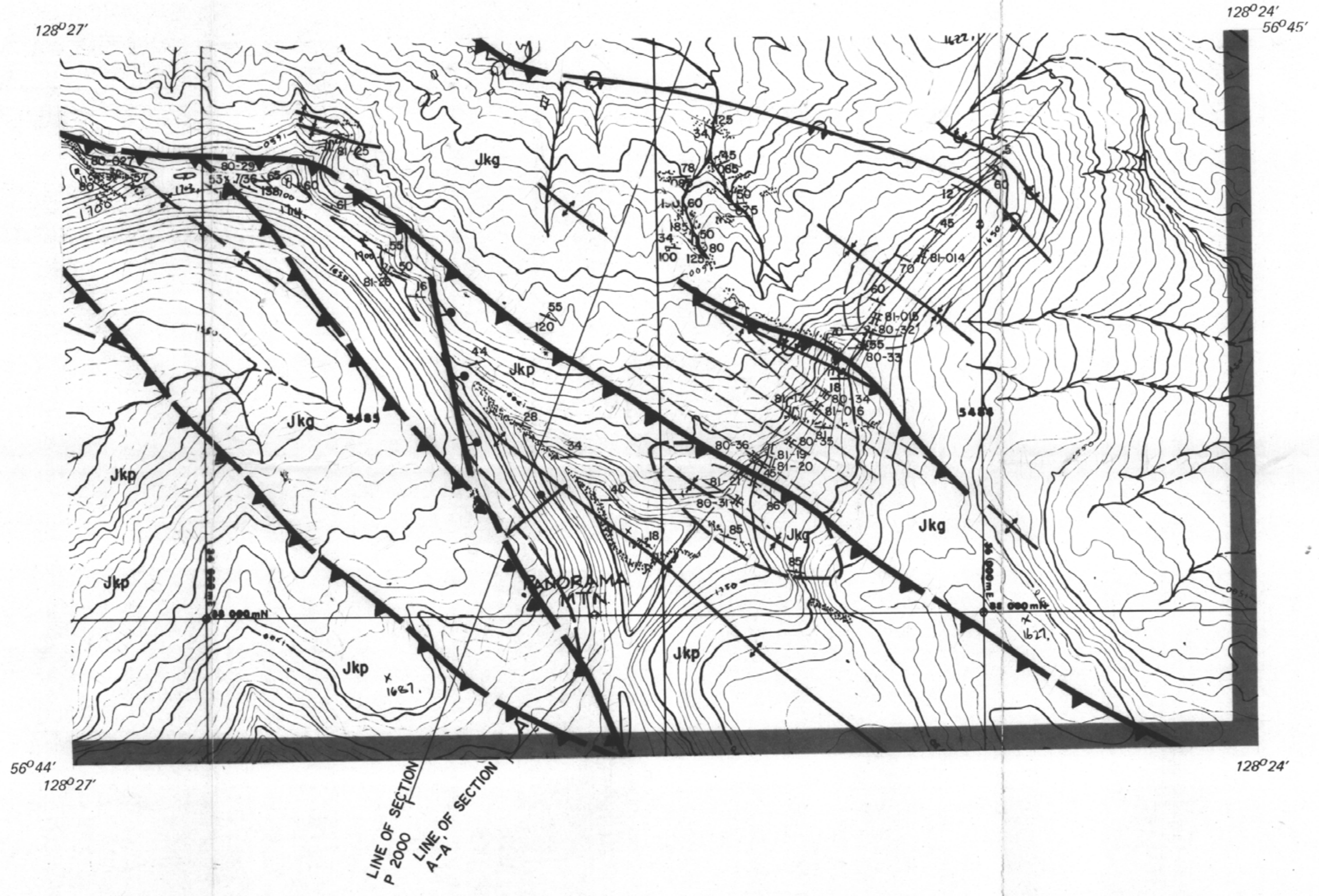
CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
GEOLOGY
MAP A2

PREPARED BY: D. E. P. SCALE: 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No. GR-Panorama #1(2)71

113

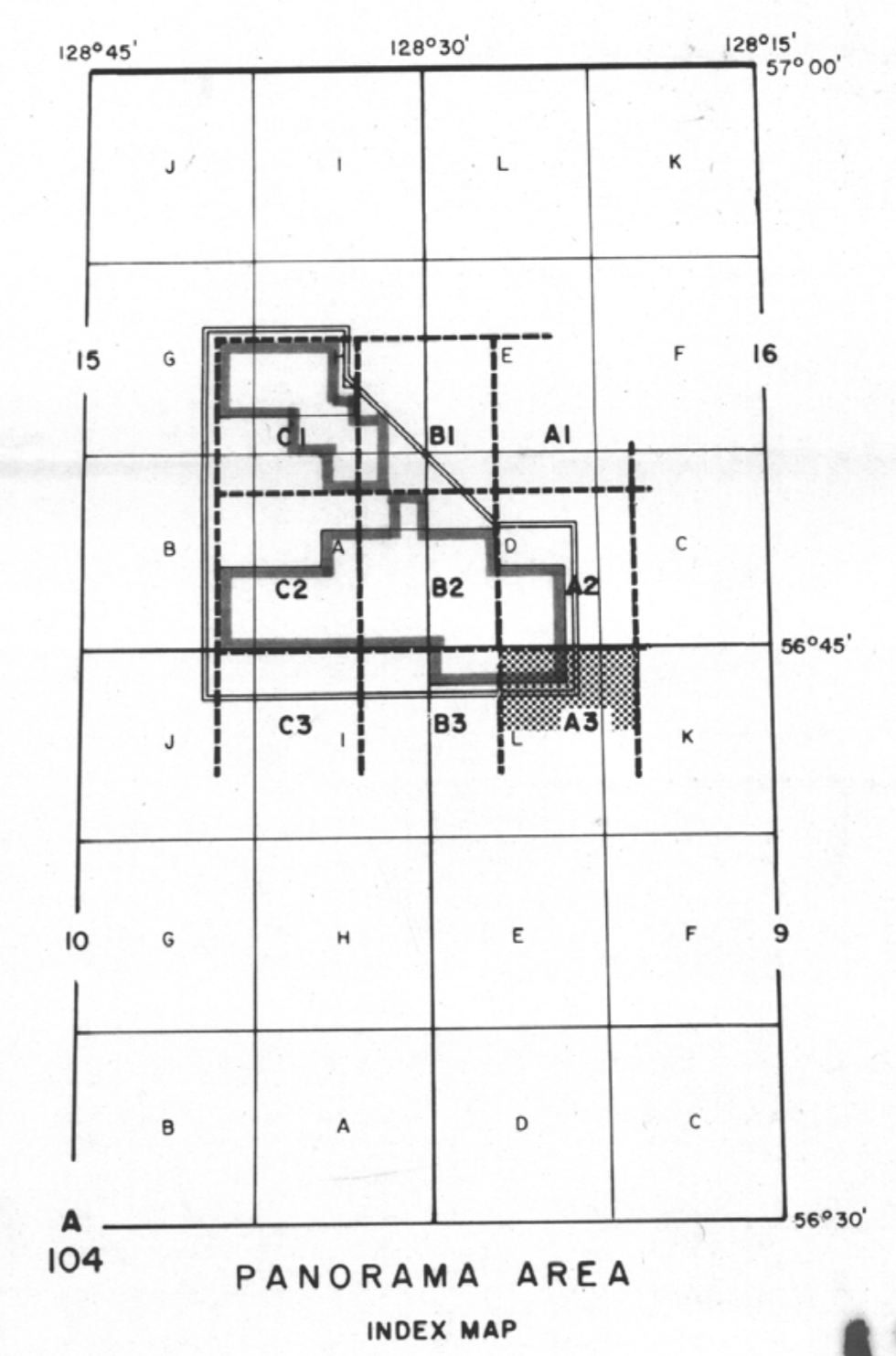
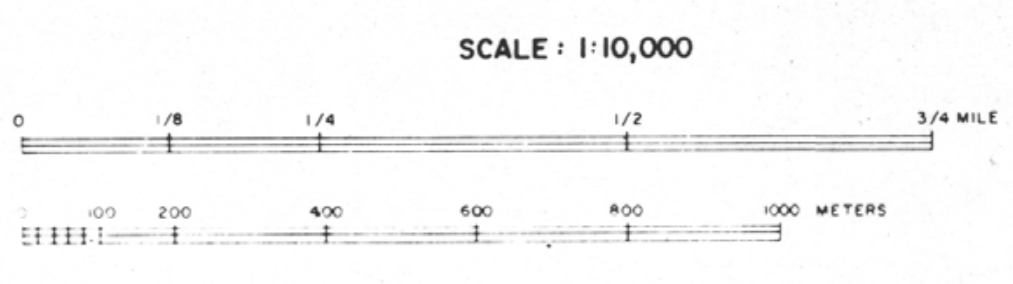




- LEGEND**
- RIVER
 - STREAM
 - LAKE
 - SAND
 - TREE LINE
 - FORM LINES
 - DEPRESSION FORM LINE
 - SPOT HEIGHT $\times 10/2$
 - MAIN ROAD
 - SECONDARY ROAD
 - TRACK
 - TRAIL
 - CUT LINE
 - RAILROAD
 - BUILDING
 - COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES

SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.



- LEGEND**
- MALLOCH MEMBER**
 JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and massive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
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 JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstones, siltstones, claystones and coal with rare ripple beds and ripple mark and abundant blebs and plant fossils, contained between two massive intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
 JKp - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstones, siltstone and claystone with cross-bed, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE**
- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - ANTICLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - SYNCLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - ANTICLINE (OVERTURNED)
 - SYNCLINE (OVERTURNED)
 - THRUST FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - NORMAL FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 - APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 - VERTICAL BEDDING
 - HORIZONTAL BEDDING
 - STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

- KEY**
- CONGLOMERATE
 - SANDSTONE
 - SILTSTONE
 - GLAUCONITE
 - MUDSTONE
 - CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 - LICENCE BOUNDARY
 - COAL SEAM TRACE
 - TRENCH LOCATION
 - PELECYPOD BAND

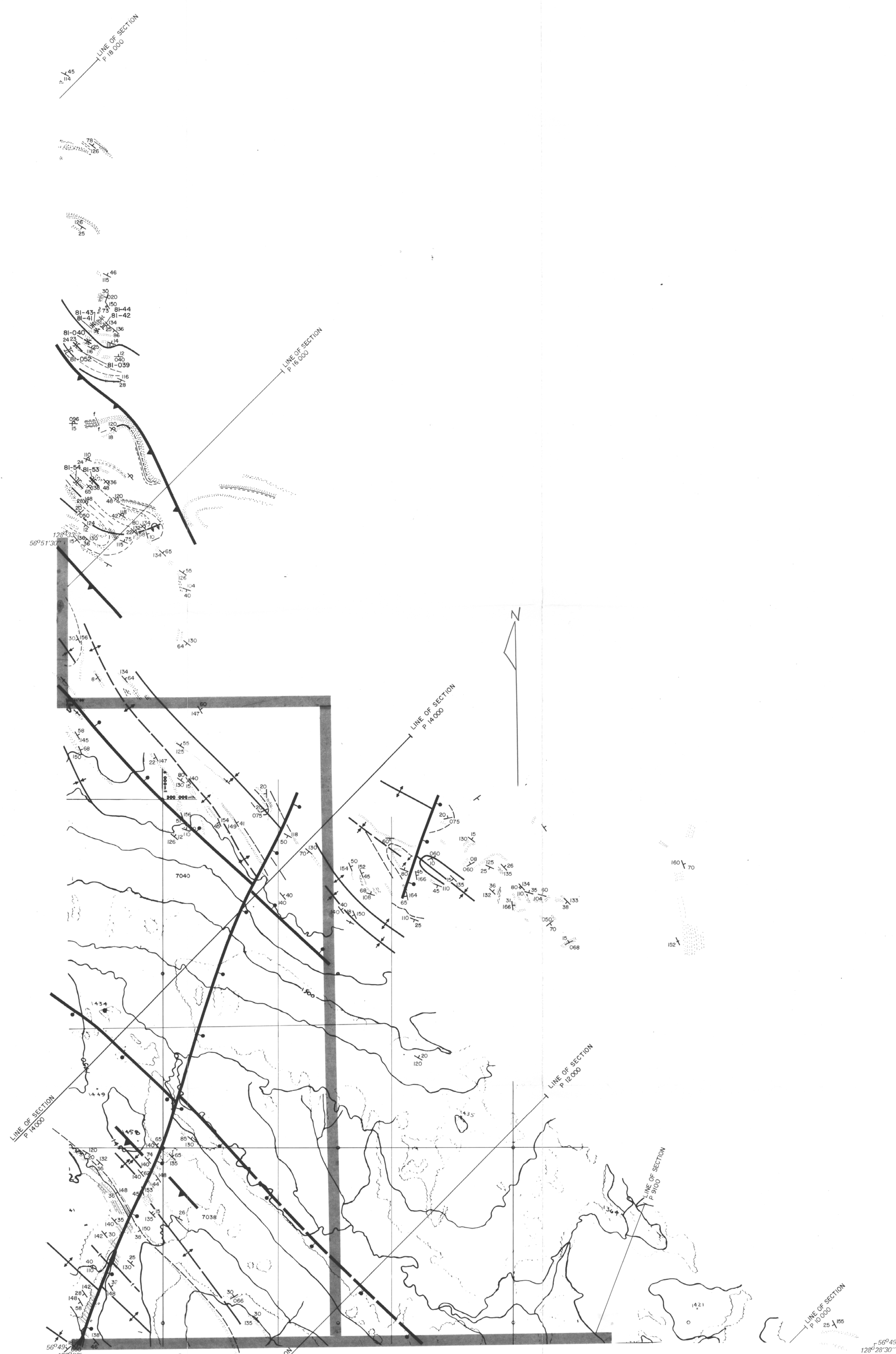
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
GEOLOGY
MAP A3

PREPARED BY: D. E.P. SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No. *CR-Panorama 81(2)A*

113

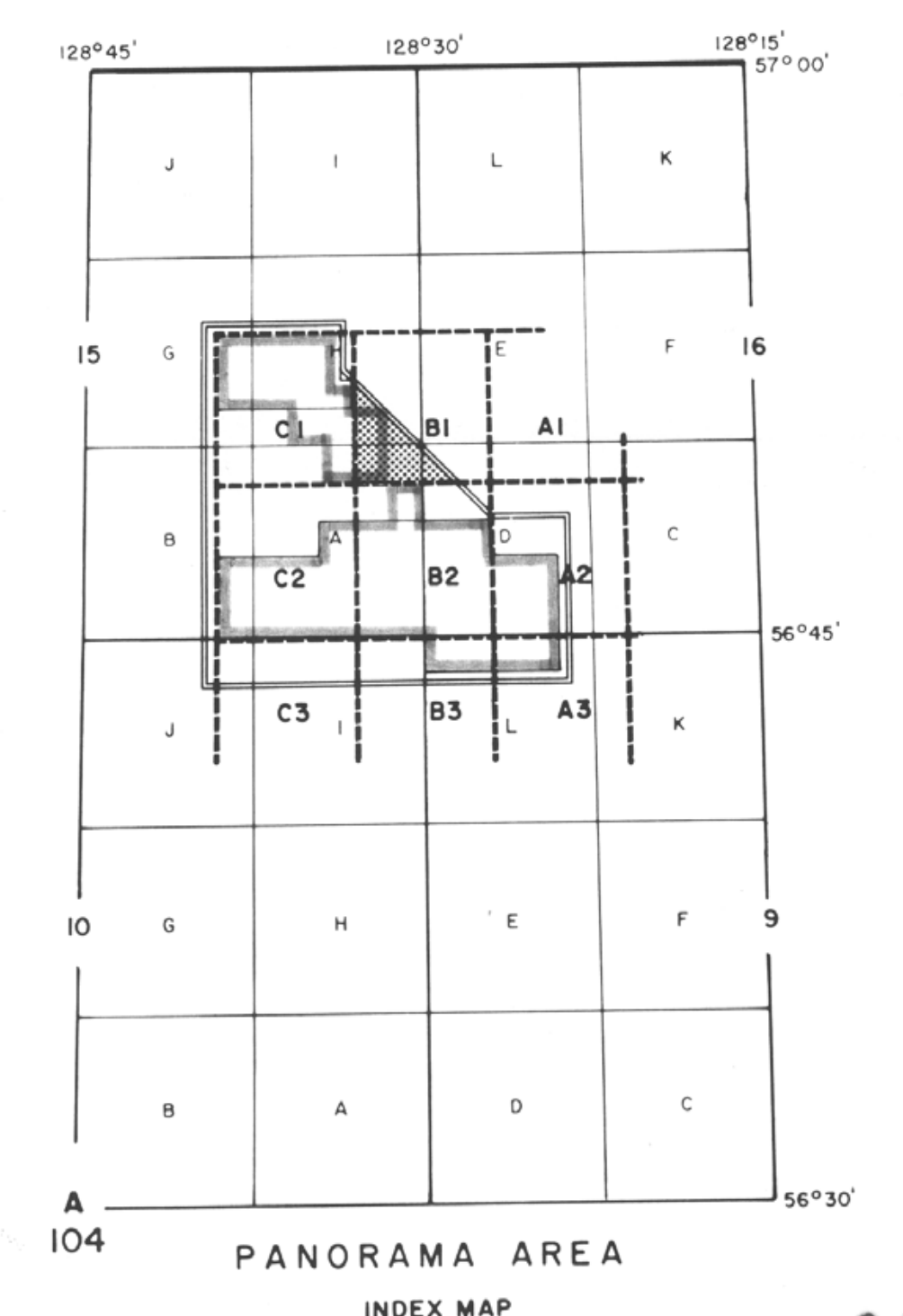
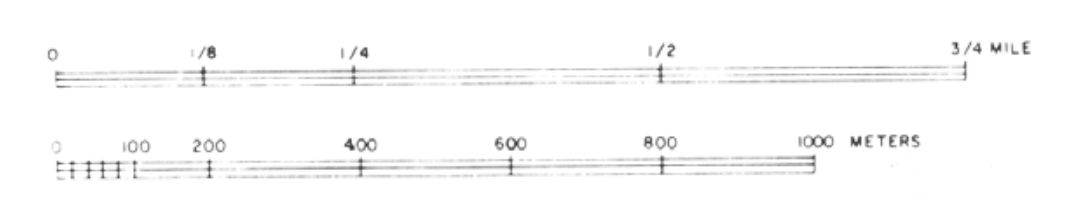


LEGEND

- RIVER
- STREAM
- LAKE
- SAND
- TREE LINE
- FORM LINES
- DEPRESSION FORM LINE
- SPOT HEIGHT
- MAIN ROAD
- SECONDARY ROAD
- TRACK
- TRAIL
- CUT LINE
- RAILROAD
- BUILDING
- COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES
 SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.

SCALE: 1:110,000



LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and massive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalves and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
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JKp - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE

- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- ANTICLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- SYNCLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- ANTICLINE: OVERTURNED
- SYNCLINE: OVERTURNED
- THRUST FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- NORMAL FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, HACHURES ON DOWN THROWN SIDE)
- 20° STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
- 20° APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
- VERTICAL BEDDING
- HORIZONTAL BEDDING
- 20° STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

KEY

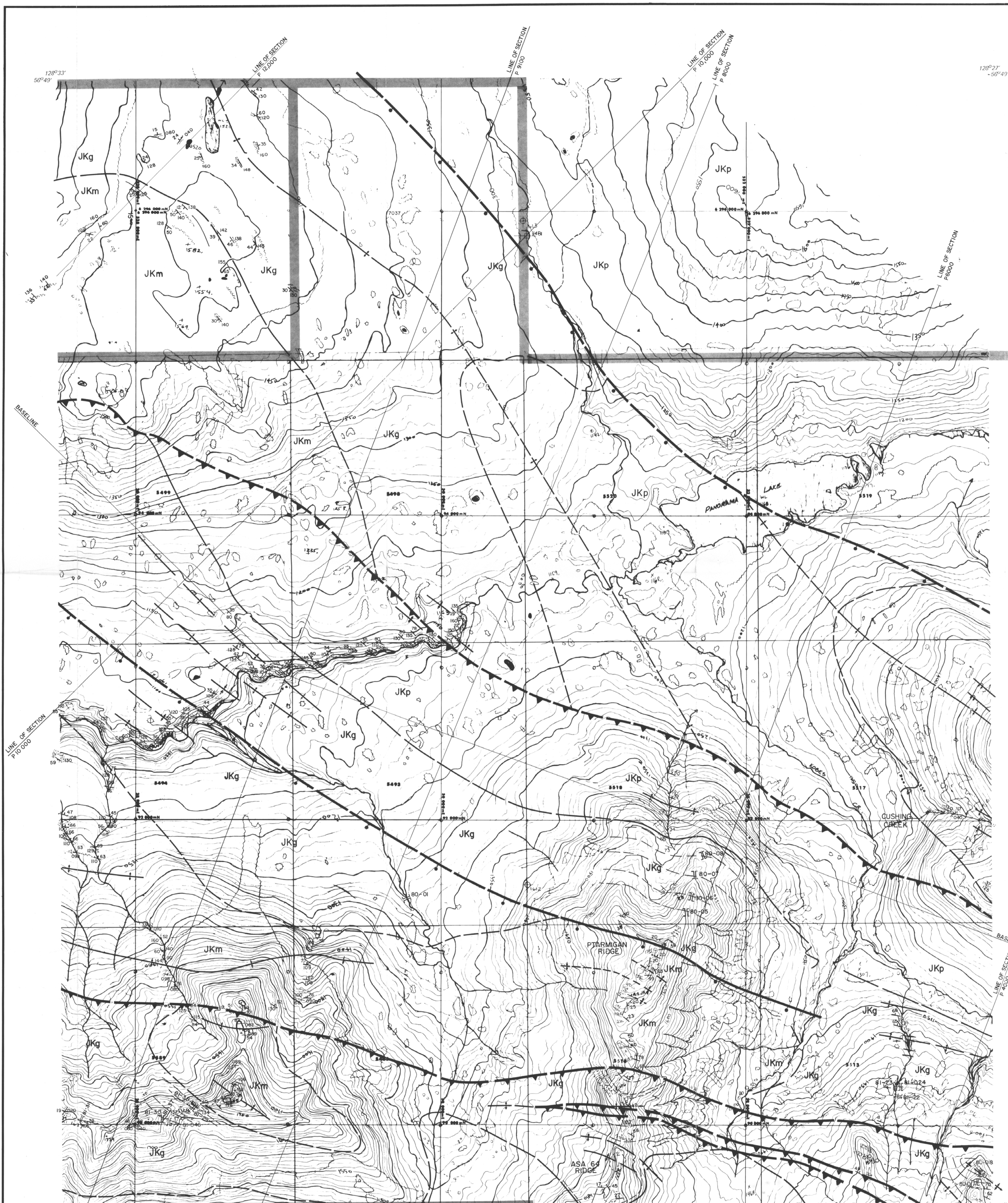
- CONGLOMERATE
- SANDSTONE
- SILTSTONE
- CLAYSTONE
- MUDSTONE
- CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
- LICENCE BOUNDARY
- COAL SEAM TRACE
- TRENCH LOCATION
- PELECYPOD BAND

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Calgary Alberta

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
 GEOLOGY
 MAP B1

PREPARED BY: D.E.P. SCALE 1:110,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No. 71
 CR - Panorama 81(2)71

113



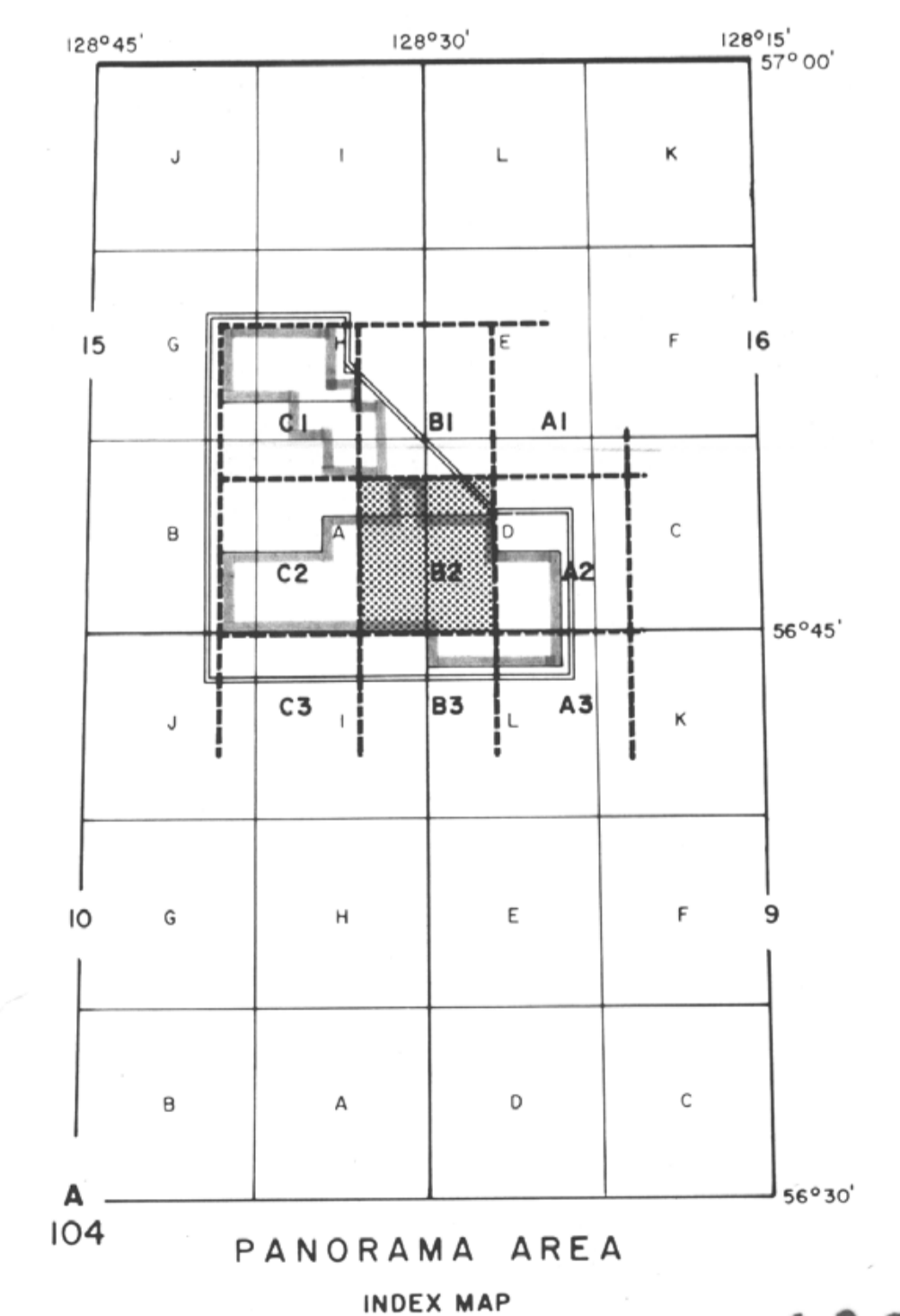
128°27' 56°49'

LEGEND

- RIVER
- STREAM
- LAKE
- SAND
- TREE LINE
- FORM LINES
- DEPRESSION FORM LINE
- SPOT HEIGHT
- MAIN ROAD
- SECONDARY ROAD
- TRACK
- TRAIL
- CUT LINE
- RAILROAD
- BUILDING
- COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES
 SURVEY NOTE
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SCALE: 1:10,000



PANORAMA AREA INDEX MAP

113

LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
 JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
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- PANORAMA MEMBER**
 JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE

- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- ANTICLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- SYNCLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- ANTICLINE OVERTURNED
- SYNCLINE OVERTURNED
- THRUST FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
- NORMAL FAULT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, HADRIANES ON DOWN THROWN SIDE)
- 20. STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
- 20. APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
- 20. VERTICAL BEDDING
- 20. HORIZONTAL BEDDING
- 20. STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

- JKp CONGLOMERATE
- JKp SANDSTONE
- JKp SILTSTONE
- JKp CLAYSTONE
- JKp MUDDSTONE
- JKp CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
- LICENCE BOUNDARY
- COAL SEAM TRACE
- TRENCH LOCATION
- PELECYPOD BAND

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

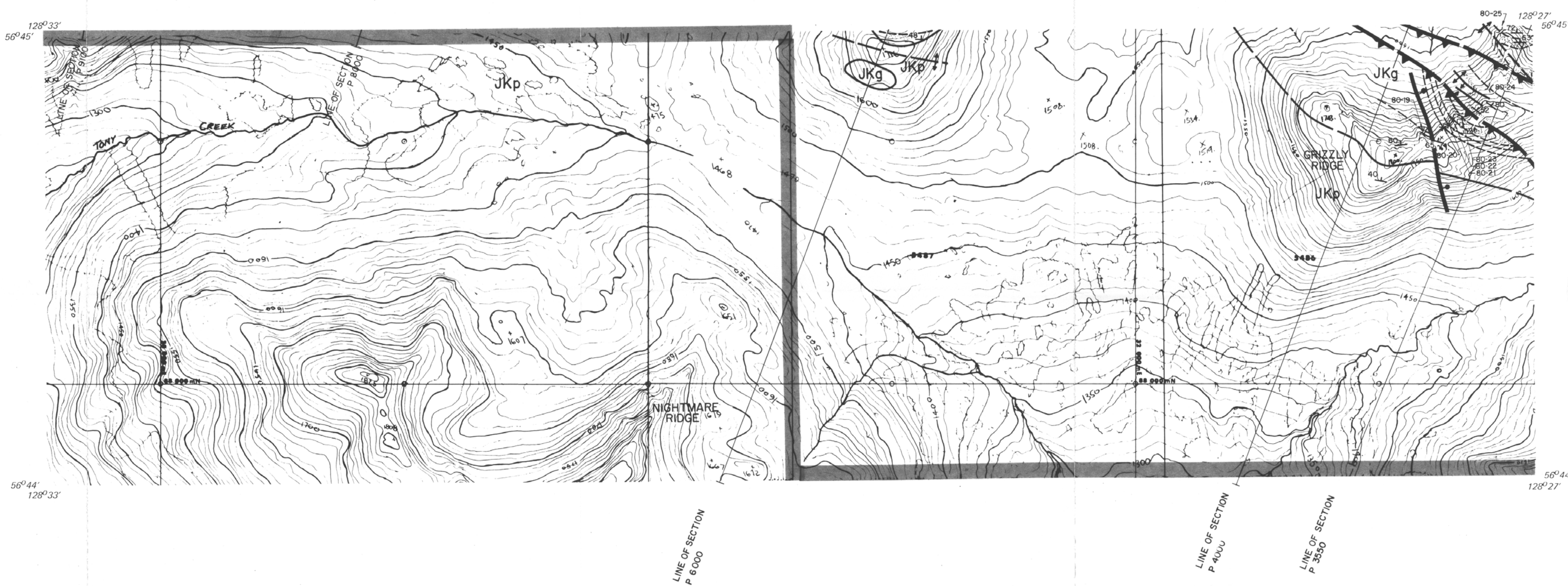
CALGARY ALBERTA



PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
 GEOLOGY
 MAP B2

PREPARED BY: D. E. P. SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT., 1981 DRAWING No.

GR-Panorama 81 (2) A *1

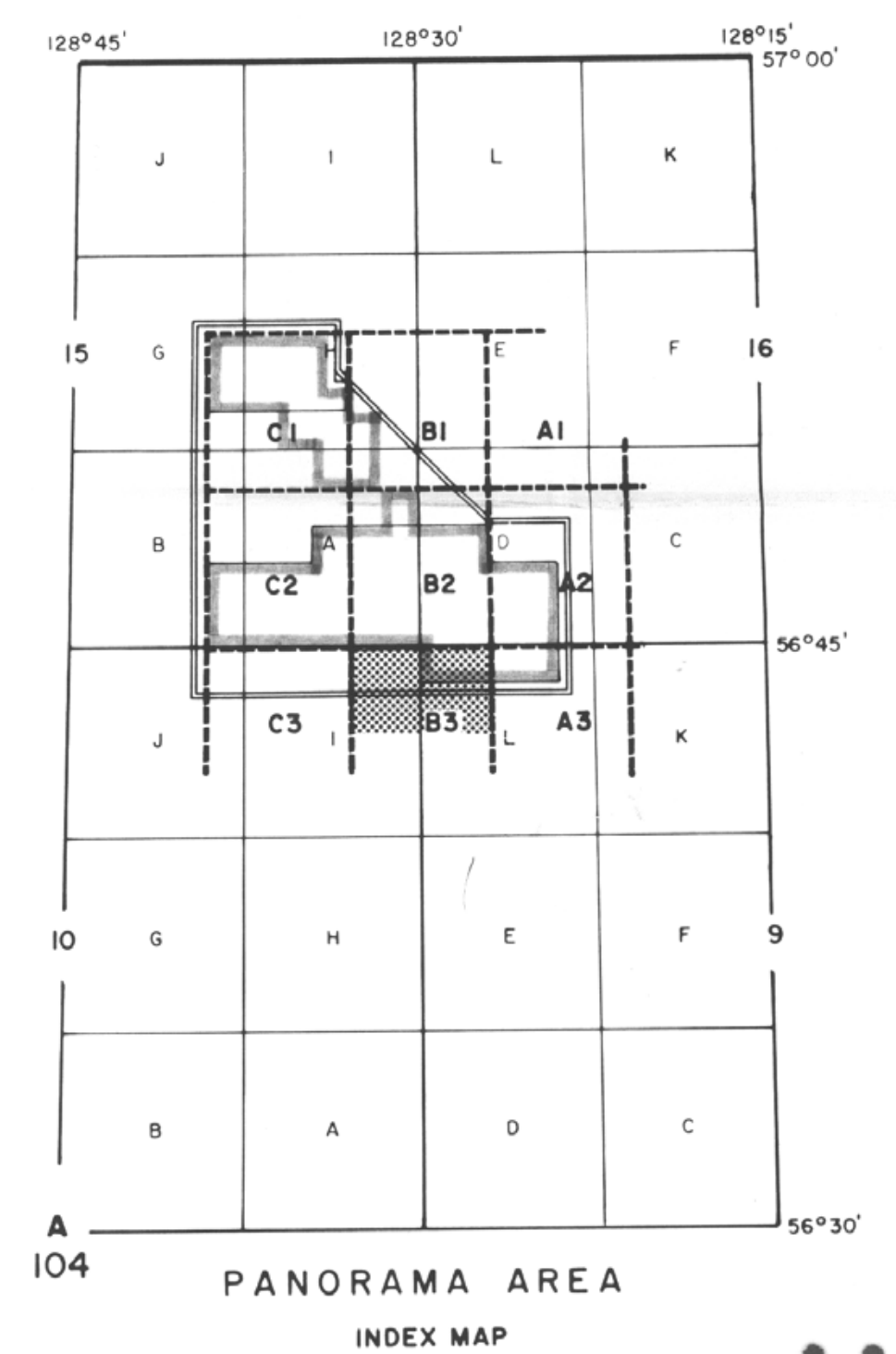
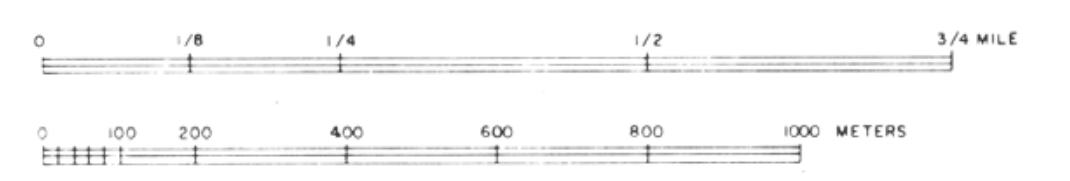


- LEGEND**
- RIVER
 - STREAM
 - LAKE
 - SAND
 - TREE LINE
 - FORM LINES
 - DEPRESSION FORM LINE
 - SPOT HEIGHT
 - MAIN ROAD
 - SECONDARY ROAD
 - TRACK
 - TRAIL
 - CUT LINE
 - RAILROAD
 - BUILDING
 - COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES

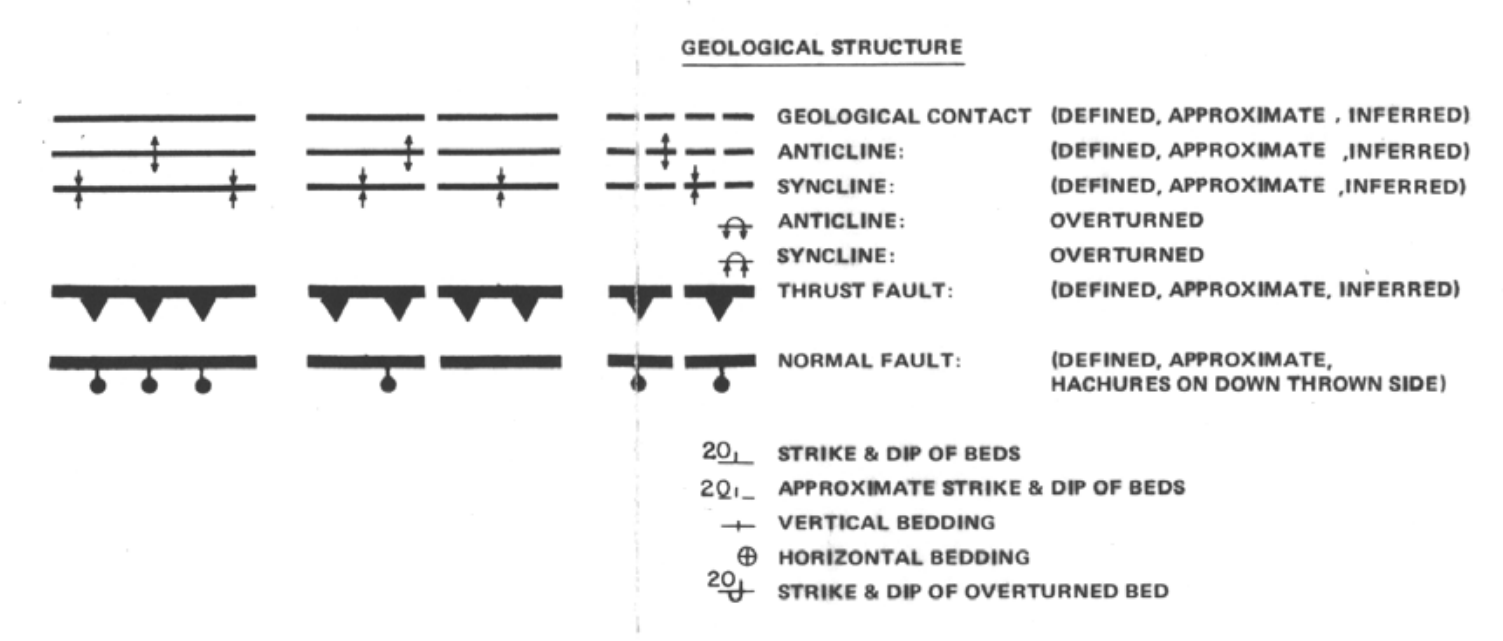
SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.

SCALE: 1:10,000



113

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- KEY**
- SANDSTONE
 - SILTSTONE
 - CLAYSTONE
 - MUDSTONE
 - CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 - LICENCE BOUNDARY
 - COAL BEAM TRACE
 - TRENCH LOCATION
 - PELECYPOD BAND

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Calgary Coal Division ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
GEOLOGY
MAP B3

PREPARED BY: D. E. P. SCALE: 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No. _____

GR-Panorama 8(2)B *1

128°30'

BASELINE
LINE OF SECTION
P 10 000

LINE OF SECTION
P 18 000

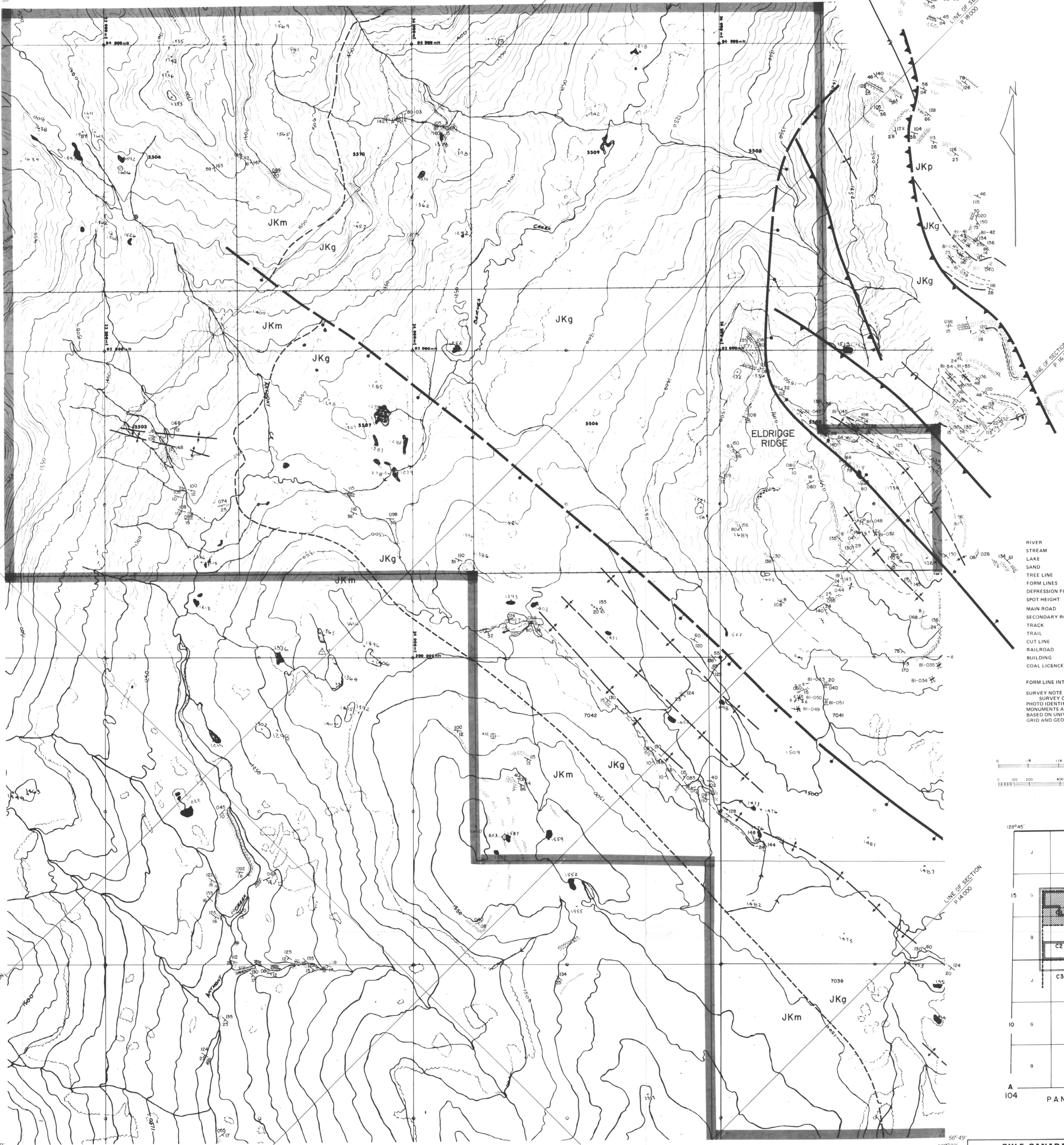
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128°39'

LINE OF SECTION
P 16 000

LINE OF SECTION
P 20 000

LINE OF SECTION
P 14 000

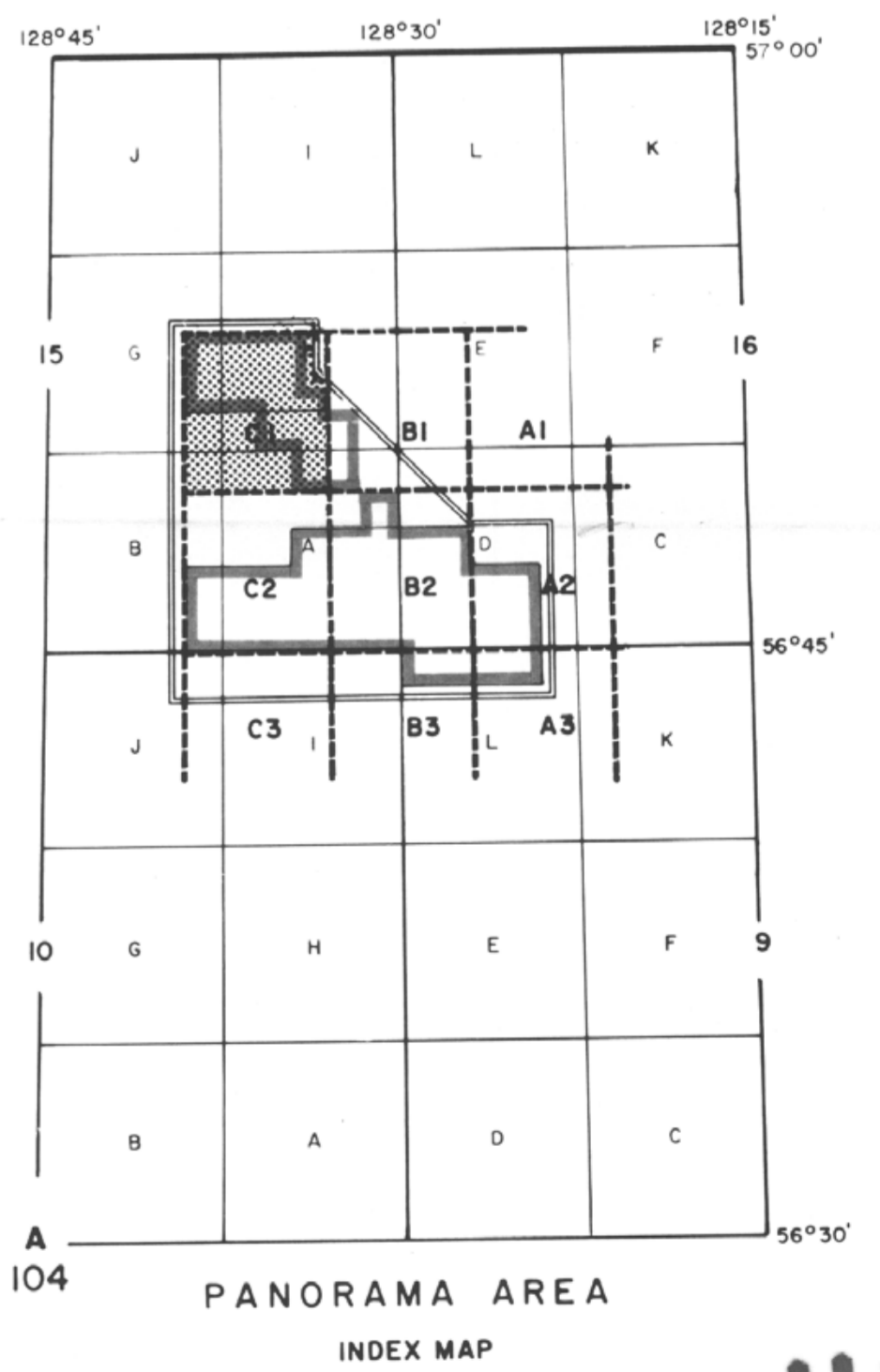
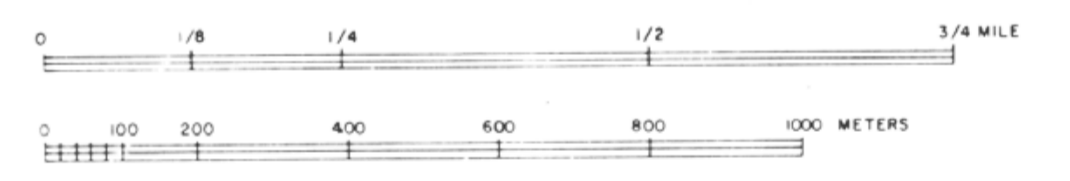
56°49'
128°33'



- LEGEND**
- RIVER
 - STREAM
 - LAKE
 - SAND
 - TREE LINE
 - FORM LINES
 - DEPRESSION FORM LINE
 - SPOT HEIGHT
 - MAIN ROAD
 - SECONDARY ROAD
 - TRACK
 - TRAIL
 - CUT LINE
 - RAILROAD
 - BUILDING
 - COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES
 SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM

SCALE: 1:10,000



LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
 JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
 JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
 JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

- GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE**
- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT
 - ANTICLINE: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - SYNCLINE: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - ANTICLINE: OVERTURNED
 - SYNCLINE: OVERTURNED
 - THRUST FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - NORMAL FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, HACHURES ON DOWN THROWN SIDE)
 - 20. — STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 - 20. — APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 - VERTICAL BEDDING
 - HORIZONTAL BEDDING
 - 20. — STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

- KEY**
- CONGLOMERATE SANDSTONE
 - SILTSTONE
 - CLAYSTONE
 - MUDSTONE
 - CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
 - LICENCE BOUNDARY
 - COAL SEAM TRACE
 - TRENCH LOCATION
 - PELECYP BAND

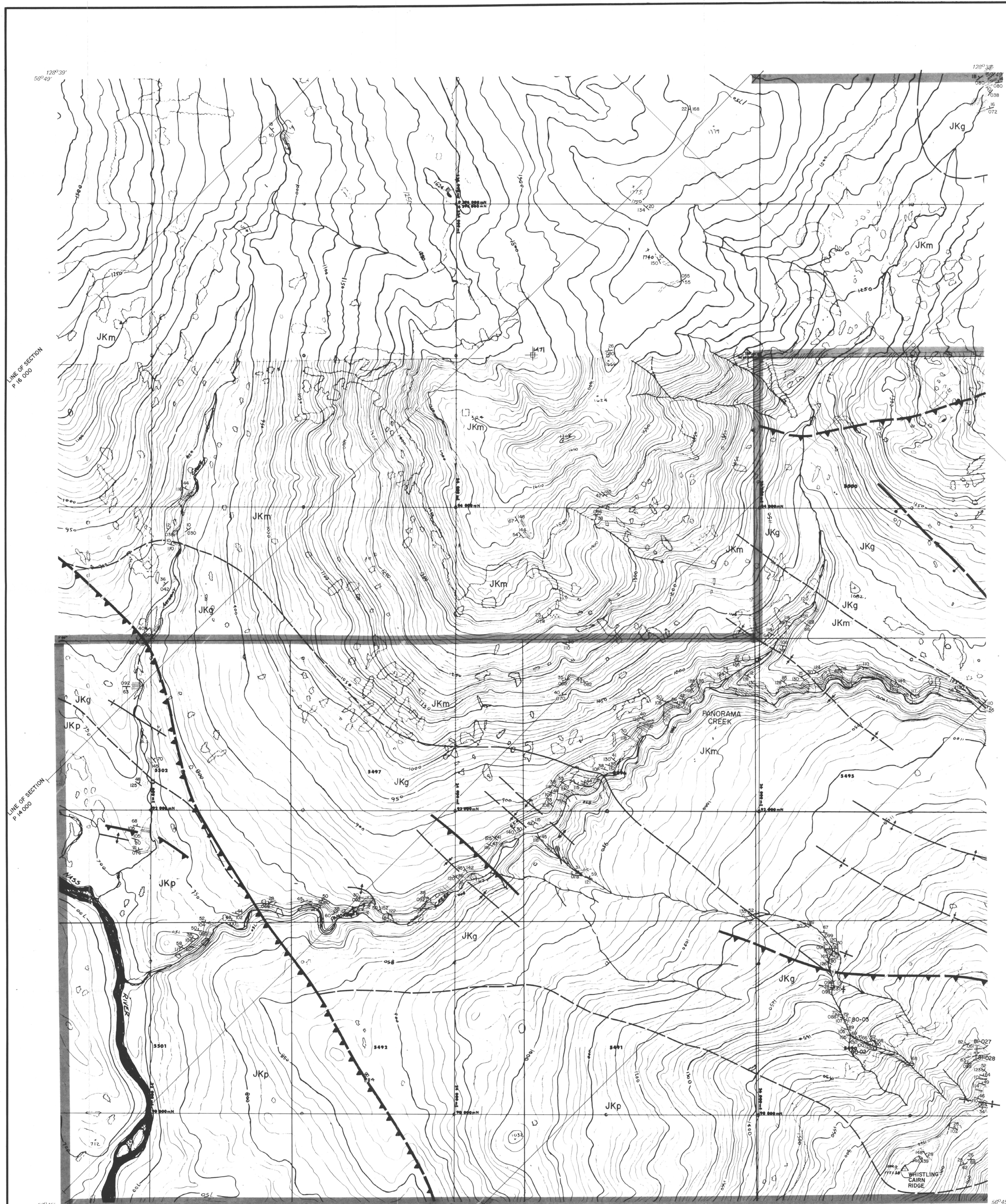
GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division
 CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
 GEOLOGY
 MAP C1

PREPARED BY: D. E. P. SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No.

113

Gr-Panorama 8(2)A



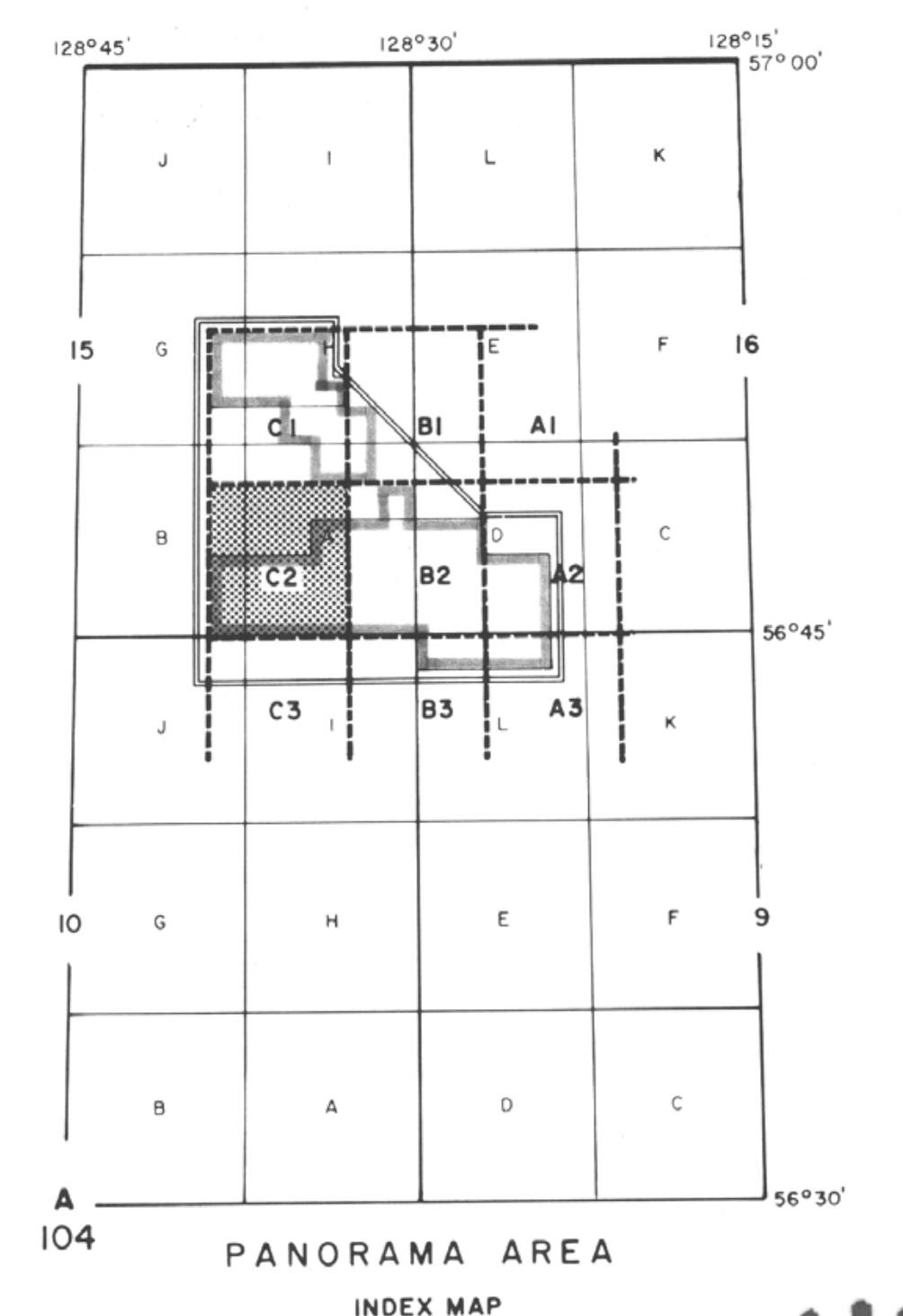
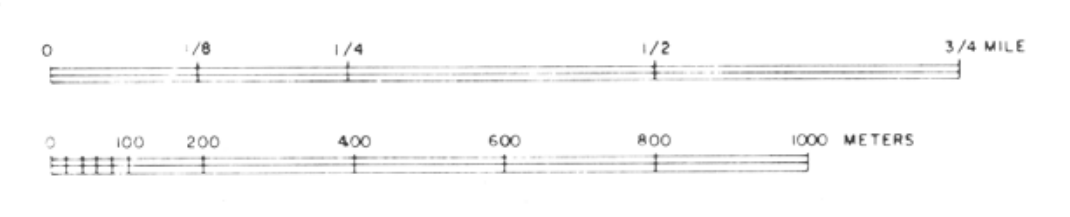
BASELINE

- LEGEND
- RIVER
 - STREAM
 - LAKE
 - SAND
 - TREE LINE
 - FORM LINES
 - DEPRESSION FORM LINE
 - SPOT HEIGHT
 - MAIN ROAD
 - SECONDARY ROAD
 - TRACK
 - TRAIL
 - CUT LINE
 - RAILROAD
 - BUILDING
 - COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES

SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.

SCALE: 1:10,000



LINE OF SECTION P 16 000

LINE OF SECTION P 14 000

LINE OF SECTION P 12 000

LEGEND

- MALLOCH MEMBER**
- JKm — monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding
- GROUNDHOG MEMBER**
- JKg — interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstones, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-beds and ripple mark and abundant bivalve and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds
- PANORAMA MEMBER**
- JKp — interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-beds, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods

GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE

- GEOLOGICAL CONTACT (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - ANTICLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - SYNCLINE (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - ANTICLINE: OVERTURNED
 - SYNCLINE: OVERTURNED
 - THRUST FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, INFERRED)
 - NORMAL FAULT: (DEFINED, APPROXIMATE, HACHURES ON DOWN THROWN SIDE)
20. STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 20. APPROXIMATE STRIKE & DIP OF BEDS
 — VERTICAL BEDDING
 — HORIZONTAL BEDDING
 20. STRIKE & DIP OF OVERTURNED BED

KEY

- CONGLOMERATE
- SANDSTONE
- SILTSTONE
- CLAYSTONE
- MUDSTONE
- CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
- COAL SEAM TRACE
- TRENCH LOCATION
- PELECYPOD BAND

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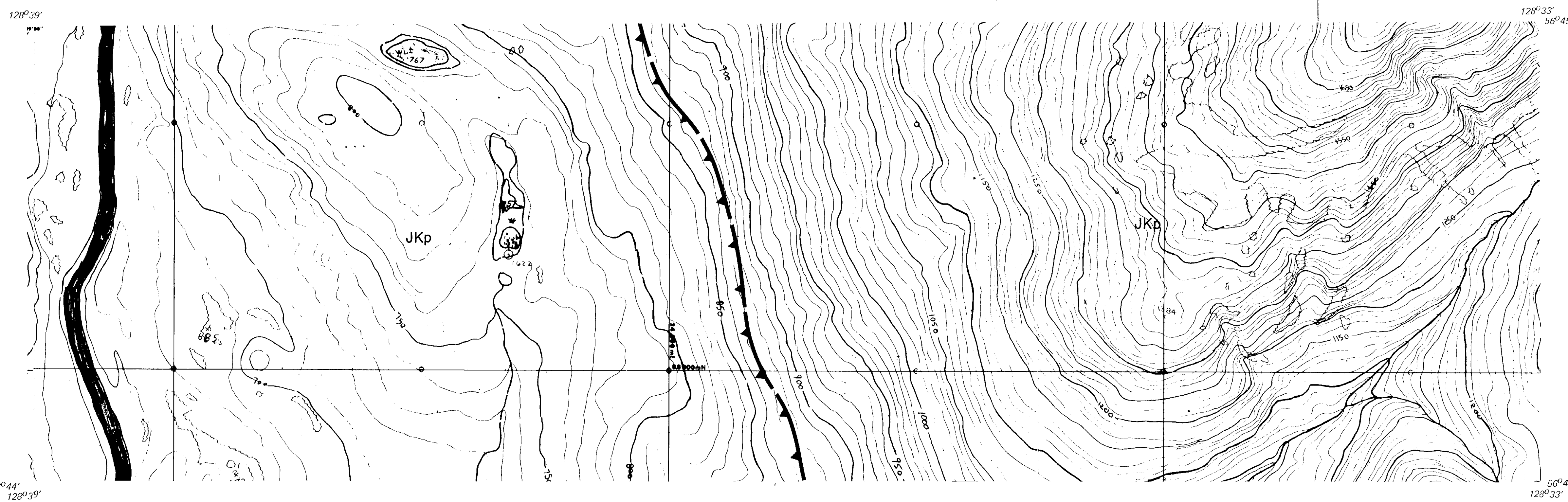
CALGARY ALBERTA

113

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
 GEOLOGY
 MAP C2

PREPARED BY: D.E.P. SCALE: 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT, 1981 DRAWING No.

GR-Panorama 81C2A 1



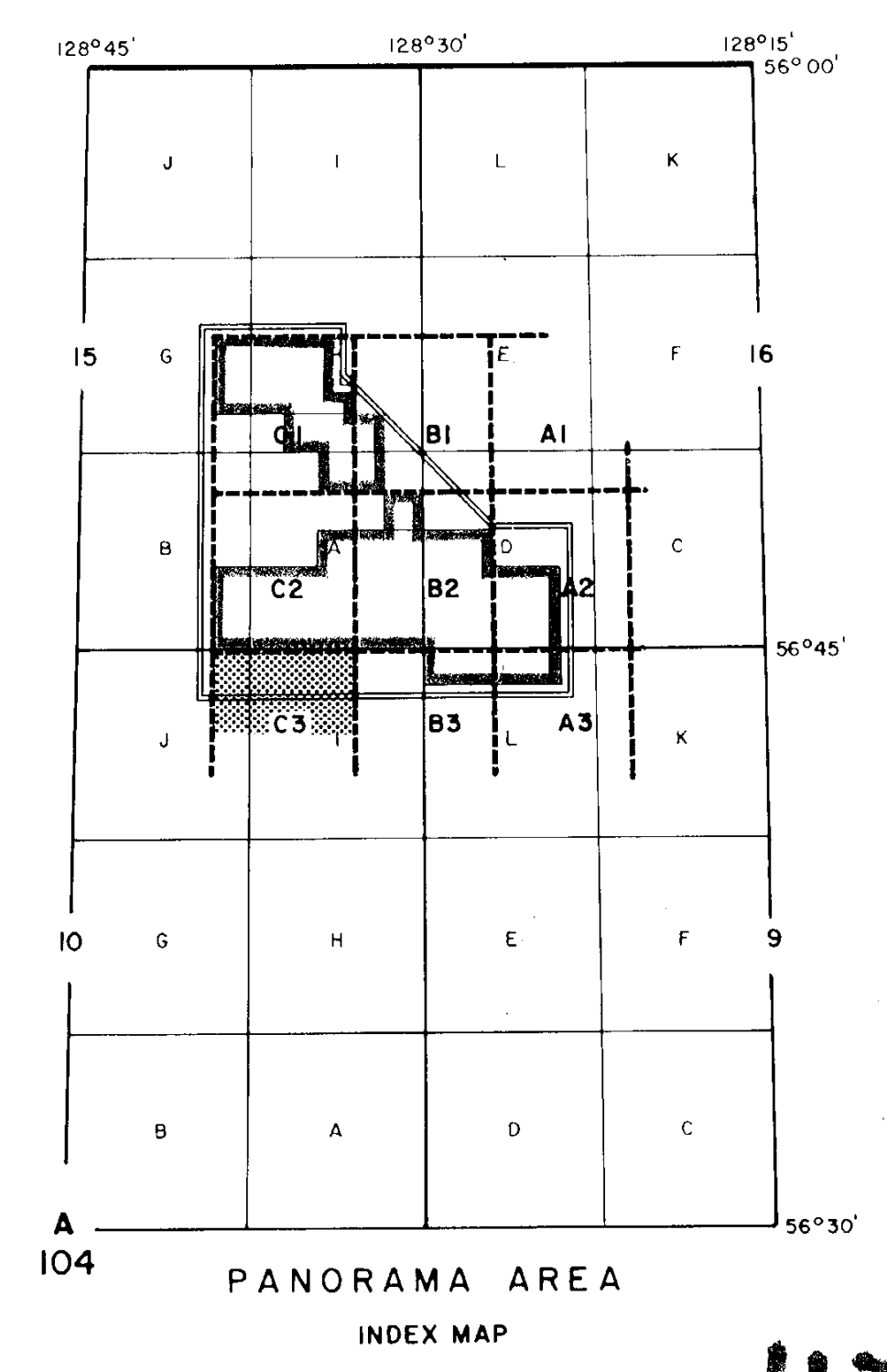
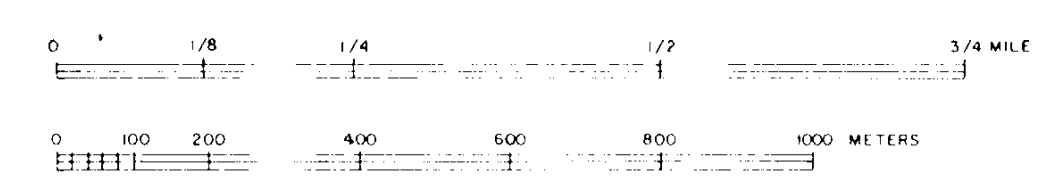
LEGEND

- RIVER
- STREAM
- LAKE
- SAND
- TREE LINE
- FORM LINES
- DEPRESSION FORM LINE
- SPOT HEIGHT
- MAIN ROAD
- SECONDARY ROAD
- TRACK
- TRAIL
- CUT LINE
- RAILROAD
- BUILDING
- COAL LICENCE

FORM LINE INTERVAL 10 METRES

SURVEY NOTE
 SURVEY CONTROL TAKEN FROM EXISTING PHOTO IDENTIFIABLE GOVERNMENT SURVEY MONUMENTS AND N.T.S. MAPS. MAPPING IS BASED ON UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID AND GEODETIC DATUM.

SCALE 1:10,000

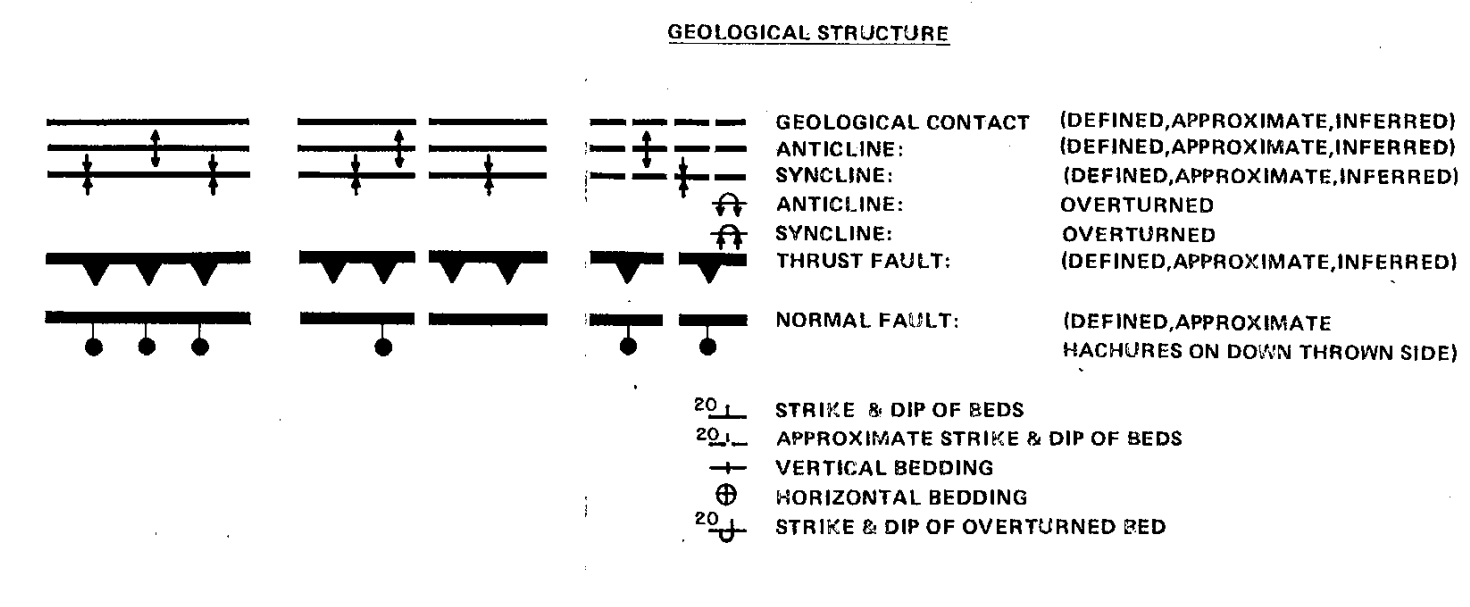


LEGEND

MALLOCH MEMBER
 JKm - monotonous, dark green, interbedded more prominent sandstones to pebbly sandstones, and recessive siltstones and claystones, with rare carbonaceous zones and numerous examples of ripple mark and cross-bedding

GROUNDHOG MEMBER
 JKg - interbedded thin, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, claystone and coal with rare cross-bedding and ripple mark and abundant brachiopod and plant fossils, contained between two marine intervals marked by oyster-bearing sandstone beds

PANORAMA MEMBER
 JKp - interbedded thick, fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and claystone with cross-bedding, ripple mark, plant fossils and pelecypods



- CONGLOMERATE
- SANDSTONE
- SILTSTONE
- CLAYSTONE
- MUDSTONE
- C-C-C CARBONACEOUS CLAYSTONE
- LICENCE BOUNDARY
- COAL SEAM TRACE
- TRENCH LOCATION
- PELECYPOD SAND

GULF CANADA RESOURCES INC.
 Coal Division

CALGARY ALBERTA

PANORAMA COAL PROJECT 1981
GEOLOGY
MAP C3

PREPARED BY: D.E.P. SCALE 1:10,000
 APPROVED BY: J. INNIS DATE: OCT. 1981 DRAWING No. 113

C.R.-Panorama 81(2)A

GR-Panorama 81(4)A + (1)

APPENDIX IX

Detailed Vitrinite Reflectance Data

138 Samples from

Panorama Area

113

Analysis by:

David E. Pearson and Assoc. Ltd.
804 Leota Place
Victoria, B.C.
V8Y 1H2

APPENDIX III

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE SAMPLES

Samples From 1980 Program

Trench #	Sample #	$\overline{R_o}$ Max.(%)	Standard Deviation(%)
PN-TR-80-02	1365	3.16	0.10
	03 1363	3.47	0.12
	04 1391	2.99	0.10
PS-TR-80-01	1368	3.45	0.12
	02 1367	2.85	0.10
	05 1376	2.76	0.18
	06 1377	2.99	0.08
	07 1375	2.66	0.15
	09 1309	2.92	0.13
	10 1310	2.45	0.14
	11 1311	2.85	0.13
	12 1315	2.77	0.11
	13 1314	3.27	0.10
	14 1312	3.18	0.10
	16 1313	3.21	0.09
	19 1353	3.37	0.10
	20 1351	2.90	0.08
	21 1352	2.96	0.12
	22 1354	2.96	0.08
	23 1355	2.65	0.10
	24 1356	3.02	0.17
	25 1357	2.76	0.10
	27 1360	2.86	0.15
	28 1361	2.89	0.12
	29 1362	2.89	0.11
	31 1370	2.59	0.07
	32 1371	2.63	0.07
	33 1372	2.77	0.10
	34 1373	2.59	0.09
	35 1374	2.64	0.09
	36 1378	2.76	0.11
	37 1369	2.79	0.11
	38 1304	3.04	0.15

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE SAMPLES

Samples From 1981 Program

Sample #	\bar{R}_o Max. (%)	Standard Deviation(%)	Sample #	\bar{R}_o Max. (%)	Standard Deviation(%)
DP-81- 4	3.07	0.08	KB-81-1-1C	2.68	0.08
5	3.07	0.05	9-1C	2.65	0.14
6	3.85	0.11	9-2C	2.97	0.05
8	3.89	0.10	9-4C	2.76	0.09
12	3.12	0.14	10-1C	3.13	0.06
23	2.98	0.07	10-2C	3.21	0.08
24	3.02	0.13	10-5C	3.11	0.05
25	2.97	0.08	13-1C	2.50	0.11
29	3.02	0.07	13-2C	3.20	0.10
30	2.84	0.07	13-3C	2.99	0.07
31	2.90	0.07	14-1C	3.27	0.05
32	2.87	0.08	14-2C	2.85	0.10
33	2.75	0.05	14-3C	3.06	0.07
34	2.84	0.07	14-4C	3.23	0.07
35	2.97	0.07	14-5C	3.17	0.09
36	2.80	0.05	14-6C	2.99	0.07
44	3.48	0.05	17-1C	2.90	0.08
45	3.11	0.12	17-2C	2.97	0.07
46	3.11	0.07	19-2C	2.26	0.11
47	3.17	0.05	19-3C	2.98	0.06
52	2.75	0.17	19-4C	2.85	0.10
55	3.16	0.05	19-6C	2.89	0.07
66	3.22	0.06	20-1C	2.88	0.05
67	3.26	0.05			
JI-81-C1	2.35	0.12	RB-81- 6	3.45	0.07
C2	2.43	0.11	7	3.44	0.10
C3	2.39	0.16	8	3.41	0.07
C4	3.06	0.15	10	2.90	0.05
C5	3.37	0.13	11	2.76	0.08
C6	4.00	0.08	12	2.98	0.07
C7	3.19	0.09	13	3.41	0.06
C8	3.04	0.10	15	3.59	0.06
C9	3.28	0.10	16	3.23	0.06
C10	3.19	0.10	17	5.22	0.07
C11	3.50	0.07			
C14	4.20	0.11			

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE SAMPLES

Samples From 1981 Program
(Page 2)

Sample #	\bar{R}_o Max. (%)	Standard Deviation(%)
RLB-81- 1	3.12	0.09
3	3.04	0.09
4	3.32	0.07
6	2.96	0.09
7	3.06	0.09
8	3.35	0.07
9	3.58	0.06
10	3.14	0.08
11	3.22	0.08
14	3.36	0.09
16	3.32	0.08
17	3.84	0.08
18	3.58	0.07
21	3.03	0.10
22	3.37	0.06
24	3.42	0.07
25	3.24	0.05
SLB-81-8-1/8	3.53	0.09
14	4.00	0.08
16-1/4	4.11	0.08
20	4.10	0.10
22-1/2	3.99	0.06
24	3.75	0.06
25	3.44	0.08
26-1/3	3.66	0.14
28	3.30	0.10
30	3.84	0.09
41	3.31	0.08
46-1/2	3.26	0.04
58-1/2	3.40	0.10
59	3.25	0.05
Seam 2 63	3.41	0.12
Seam 3 63	3.32	0.08
115	4.33	0.13



Report
on
thirty-three coal samples
from the
Panorama Area.

June 1981.

David E. Pearson & Associates Ltd.,
Consulting Coal Geologists and Petrographers,
804 Leota Place,
Victoria,
British Columbia.

INTRODUCTION

Thirty three coal samples, representative of samples collected during the 1980 field season, were received at the laboratory on May 22, 1981. The samples were in crushed form and ready for pelletising. The objective of the study was to see if coal reflectance could shed light on the quality of the coals found in the Panorama area, and help in the elucidation of the stratigraphy and structure of the area. One sample was to be studied to show the format and kind of study that this laboratory is capable of performing.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

The coals were placed in 25mm. plastic METSERV moulds together with a quantity of casting resin to which had already been added MEK peroxide hardener. The pellets were allowed to solidify and were subsequently ground and polished on BEUHLER equipment.

MEASURING PROCEDURE

The pellets were placed on plates for attachment to the microscope stage. A LEITZ Orthoplan microscope-photometer interfaced to a HEWLETT-PACKARD 85 Series computer with HP-7225 plotter was used in the determinations. The microscope was standardised, and 50 maximum reflectance measurements on the maceral vitrinite were made. The computer then determined the mean maximum reflectance of the readings together with the standard deviation, and drew the histogram contained in the appendix. The readings were grouped by the computer into "half-V steps", (units of 0.05% reflectance). The blue line in these histograms represents the computer-derived normal distribution curve for the determined values, and is an indication of the central tendency of that sample.

RESULTS

The results of the reflectance analysis are shown in Table 1, and the results of the maceral analysis on sample #1369, from trench PS-TR-80-37 on the Grizzly Mountain section, are shown in Table 2.

All of the coals examined have levels of organic maturity that indicates them to be ANTHRACITES.

The lowest reflectance value is 2.45%, from a highly oxidised coal; the highest reflectance is 3.51%. Corresponding volatile-matter yields would be 9% and 5% respectively. Higher volatile yields would suggest the addition of carbonates or hydroxyl-bearing minerals to the oxidised coal.

Coals near the base of the stratigraphic sequence have reflectance values of about 3.4%; those towards the top of the succession have values of about 2.6%, giving a stratigraphic rank gradient of about 0.25% R_o / 100 metres.

The following geological observations are worthy of note:-

FIGURE 1

Coals at the west end of Cushing Ridge dip south and have R_o 's of 3.2%. At the east end of the Ridge, coals also dip south, but have R_o 's of 2.9%-2.7%. Thus, the succession appears to be inverted, or overturned, as high rank coals overlie lower rank coals.

FIGURE 2

A post-coalification thrust separates two coal-bearing sequences on Grizzly Mountain. Trenches 19-23 are overthrust by a plate containing trenches 24-37. On East Ridge (my name), it appears trenches 30&31 are similarly overthrust.

FIGURE 3

On Ptarmigan Ridge, a possibly complete succession of coal measures is exposed. Coal in trench 5 was very oxidised and probably has a "real" value of reflectance of about 3.2%.

<u>Trench #</u>	<u>Sample #</u>	<u>R_o max</u>	<u>Standard deviation</u>
		%	%
PN-TR-80-02	1365	3.16	0.10
03	1363	3.47	0.12
04	1391	2.99	0.10
PS-TR-80-01	1368	3.45	0.12
02	1367	2.85	0.10
05	1376	2.76	0.18
06	1377	2.99	0.08
07	1375	2.66	0.15
09	1309	2.92	0.13
10	1310	2.45	0.14
11	1311	2.85	0.13
12	1315	2.77	0.11
13	1314	3.27	0.10
14	1312	3.18	0.10
16	1313	3.21	0.09
19	1353	3.37	0.10
20	1351	2.90	0.08
21	1352	2.96	0.12
22	1354	2.96	0.08
23	1355	2.65	0.10
24	1356	3.02	0.17
25	1357	2.76	0.10
27	1360	2.86	0.15
28	1361	2.89	0.12
29	1362	2.89	0.11
31	1370	2.59	0.07
32	1371	2.63	0.07
33	1372	2.77	0.10
34	1373	2.59	0.09
35	1374	2.64	0.09
36	1378	2.76	0.11
37	1369	2.79	0.11
38	1304	3.04	0.15

TABLE 1.

Results of reflectance analysis.

Identification

Laboratory Number.....	1369
Description.....	PS-TR-80-37

Distribution of Vitrinite Types

V-24.....%	
V-25.....%	
V-26.....%	26
V-27.....%	28
V-28.....%	28
V-29.....%	14
V-30.....%	4
V-31.....%	

"Reactive" Components (all components are inert in anthracites).

Total Vitrinite.....%	83.6
Reactive semi-fusinite.....%	-
Exinite.....%	-
Total.....%	83.6

Inert Components

Inert semi-fusinite.....%	5.1
Macrinite.....%	1.1
Fusinite.....%	0.3
Mineral Matter.....%	9.9
Total.....%	16.4

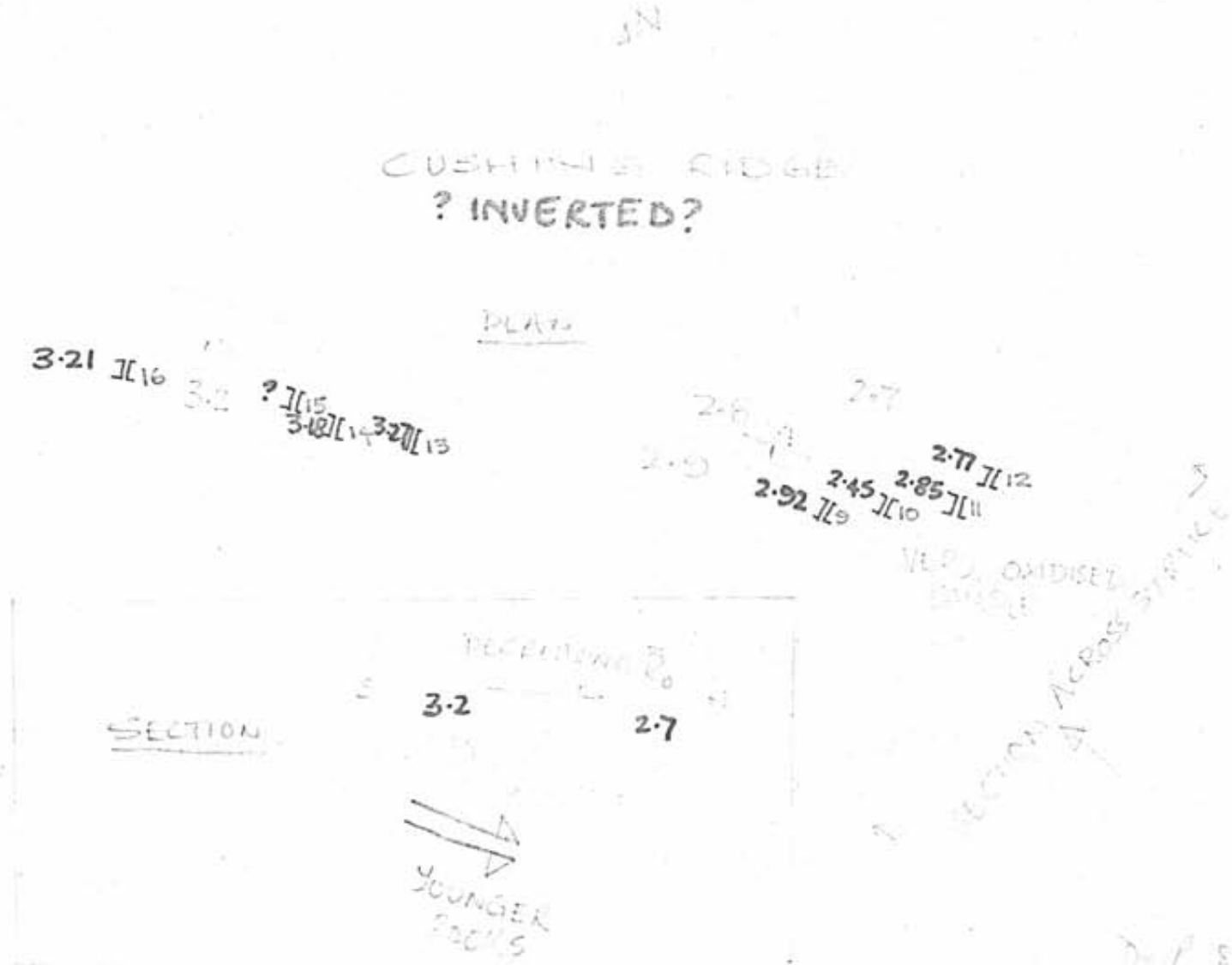
Petrographic Indices

Mean Maximum Reflectance....%	2.79
Balance Index.....%	-
Strength Index.....%	-
Stability Index.....%	-

TABLE 2.

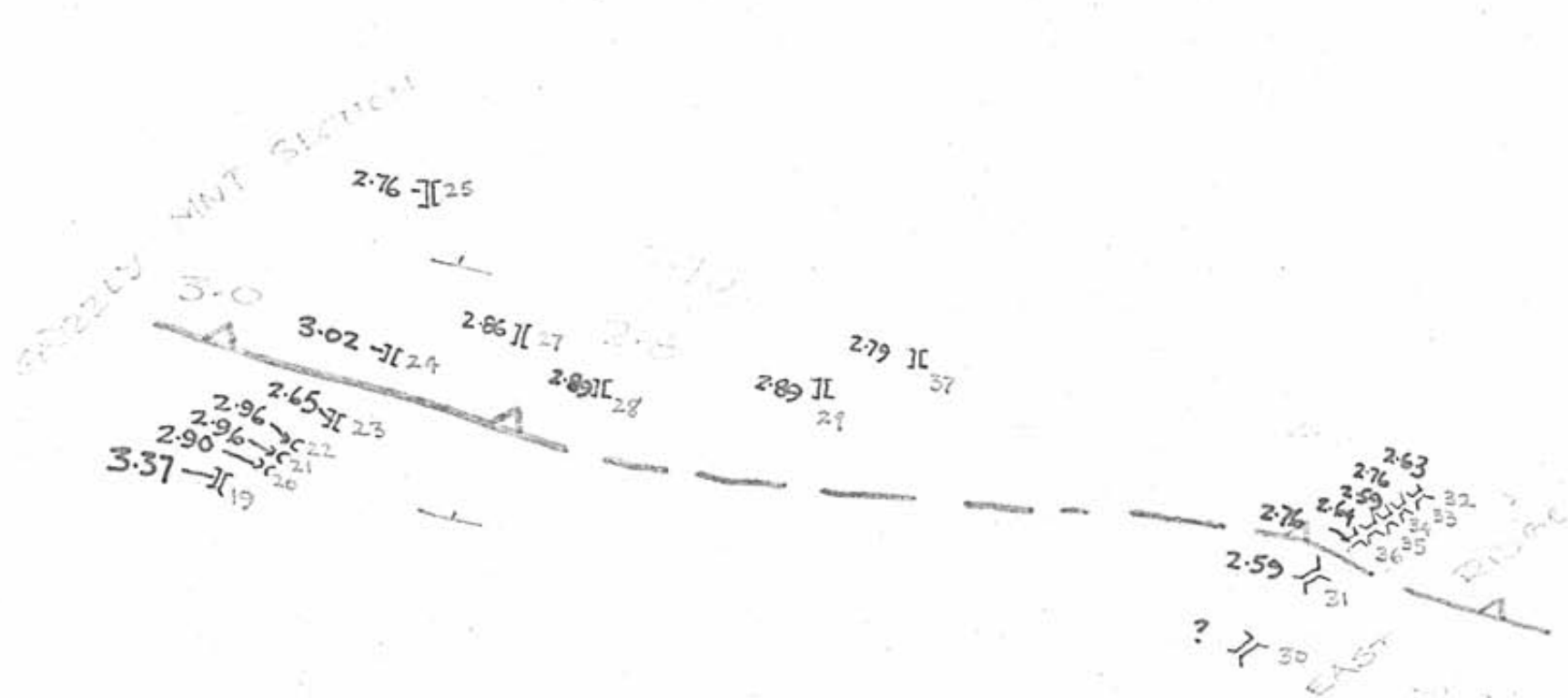
FIGURE 1.

Geological sketch map of Cushing Ridge.



D.P. E. 11

FIGURE 2.
 Geological sketch map of Grizzly Mountain.



LEGEND

3.37 [19]

Handwritten signature or date

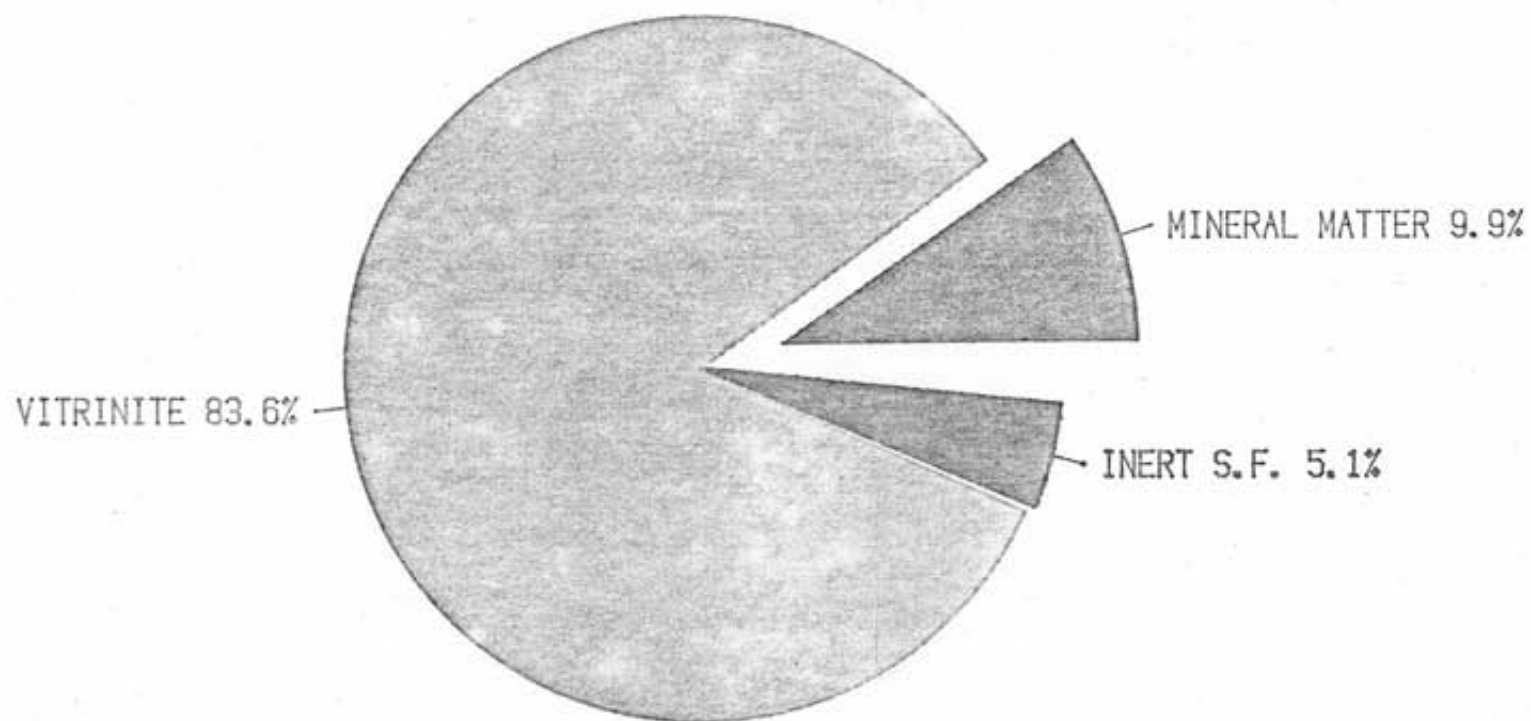
FIGURE 3.
Geological sketch map of Ptarmigan Ridge.



Map June '81

MACERAL DISTRIBUTION

PANORAMA-1369 TRENCH PS-TR-80-37



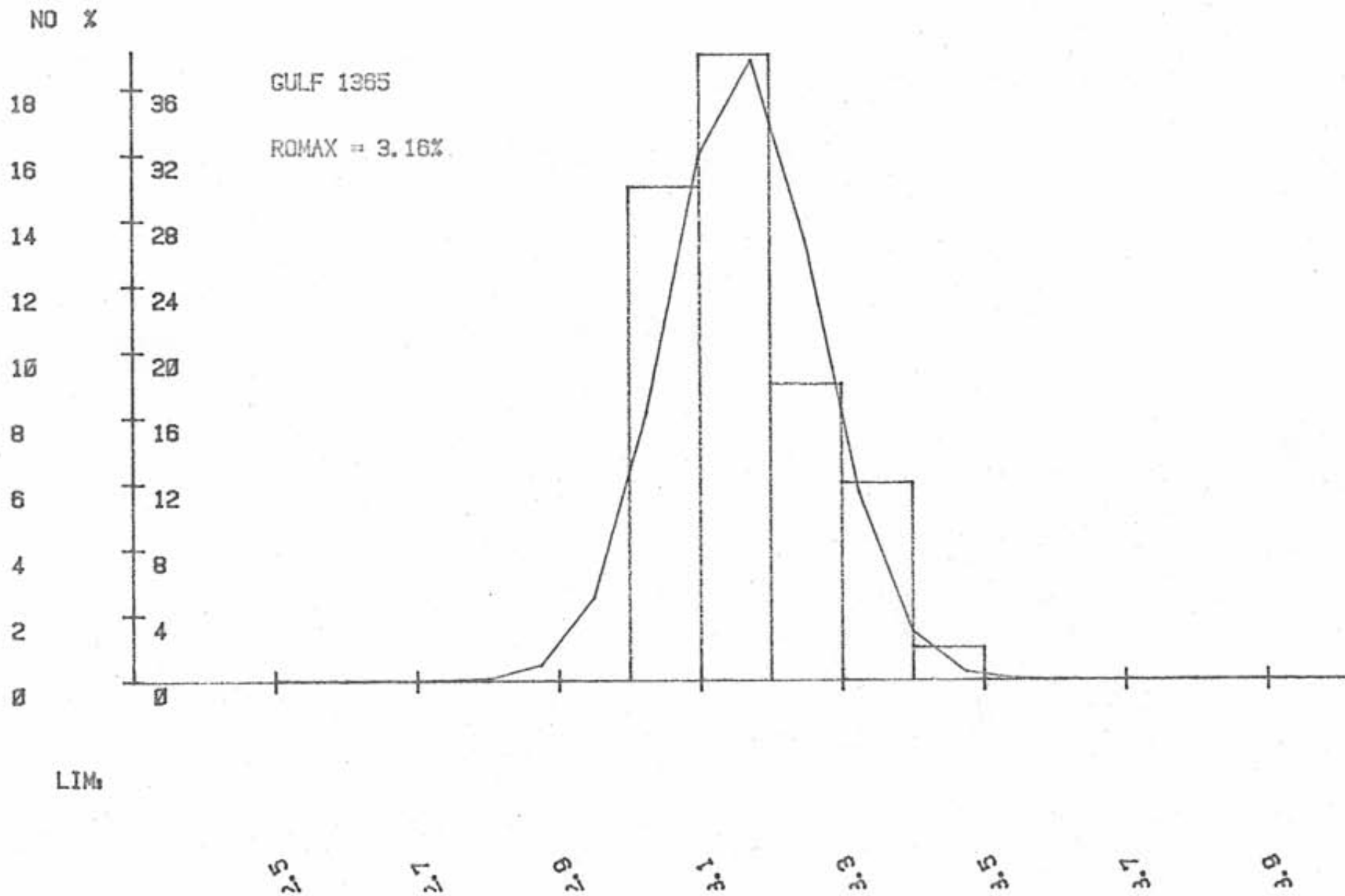
GLF65

1

X(I)

X(I+1)

1	3.2500	3.1800
3	3.1300	3.0600
5	3.1500	3.2900
7	3.0700	3.1700
9	3.0100	3.1900
11	3.1000	3.1400
13	3.2200	3.0600
15	3.0900	3.1600
17	3.1300	3.0700
19	3.0600	3.4400
21	3.0900	3.1500
23	3.0200	3.1800
25	3.0300	3.3000
27	3.1100	3.2300
29	3.2200	3.0000
31	3.3100	3.2700
33	3.0500	3.0800
35	3.0300	3.3100
37	3.3800	3.1000
39	3.0600	3.1500
41	3.2700	3.1500
43	3.3700	3.2400
45	3.3300	3.1200
47	3.1800	3.2100
49	3.1100	3.1500



GLF63

1

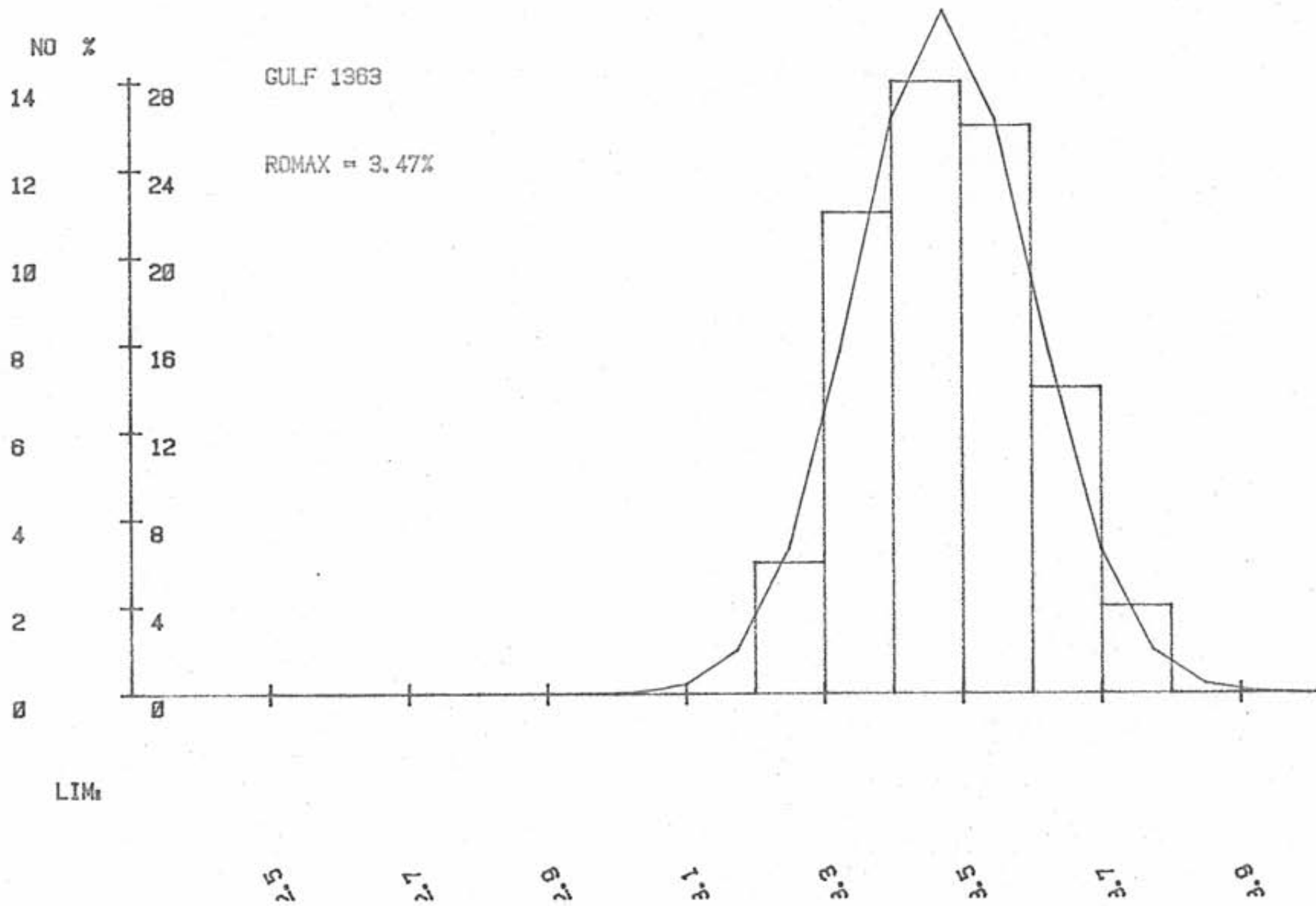
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43
45
47
49

X(I)

3.7600
3.4100
3.5900
3.5700
3.4100
3.5500
3.5100
3.3900
3.6200
3.5700
3.3300
3.4800
3.3800
3.5400
3.4800
3.3300
3.4100
3.5400
3.2900
3.4800
3.6300
3.3800
3.5900
3.4600
3.3100

X(I+1)

3.5200
3.5200
3.3800
3.4300
3.3800
3.6100
3.4100
3.3200
3.6600
3.6900
3.4900
3.6600
3.5400
3.5200
3.4000
3.4700
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3.3200
3.3000
3.7200



GLF91

I

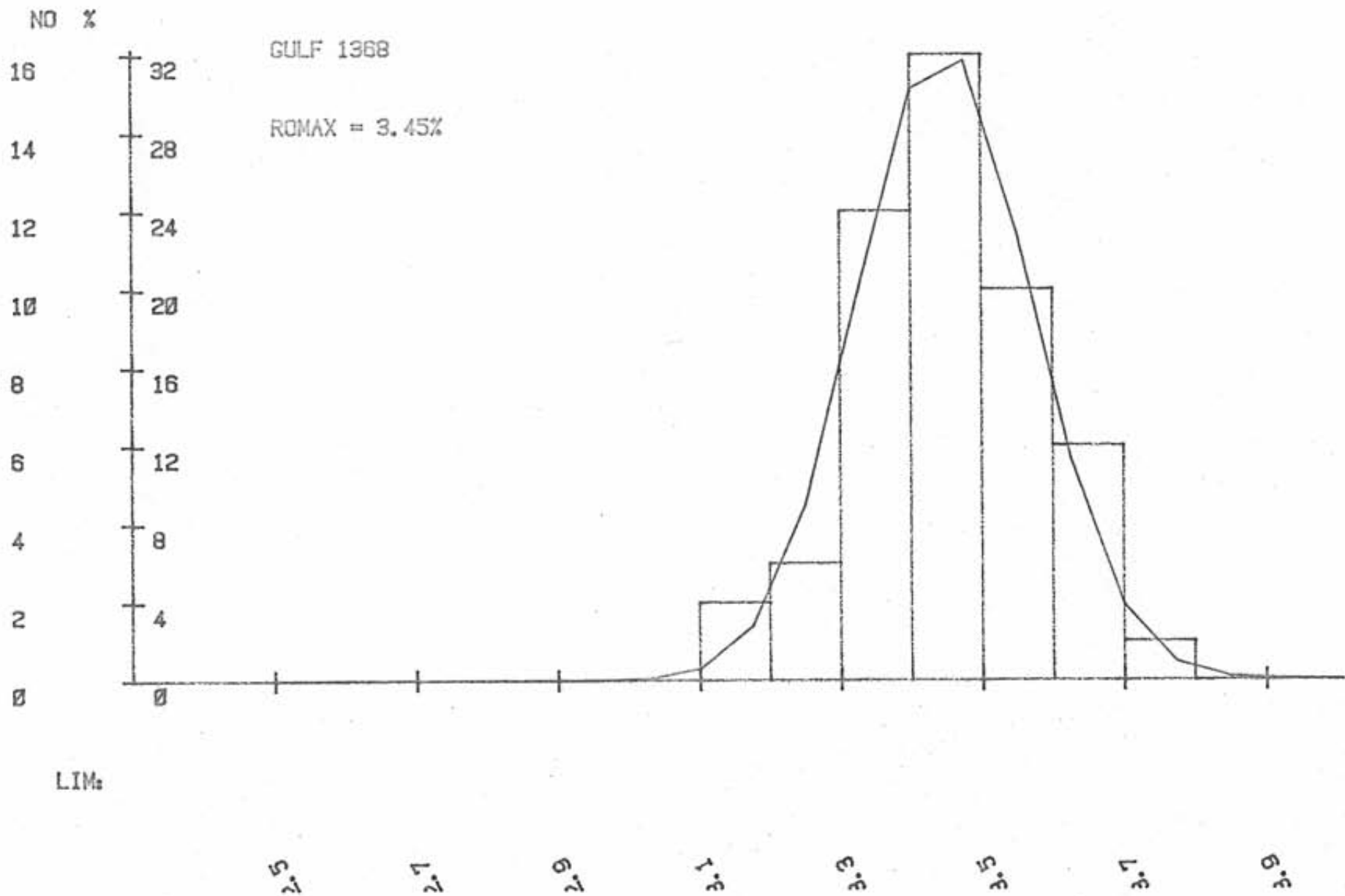
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39
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43
45
47
49

X(I)

2.8700
2.8500
3.0000
2.9200
2.1500
3.1700
2.8300
2.8200
2.0400
2.9900
2.0900
3.0000
2.1300
2.9700
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2.0500

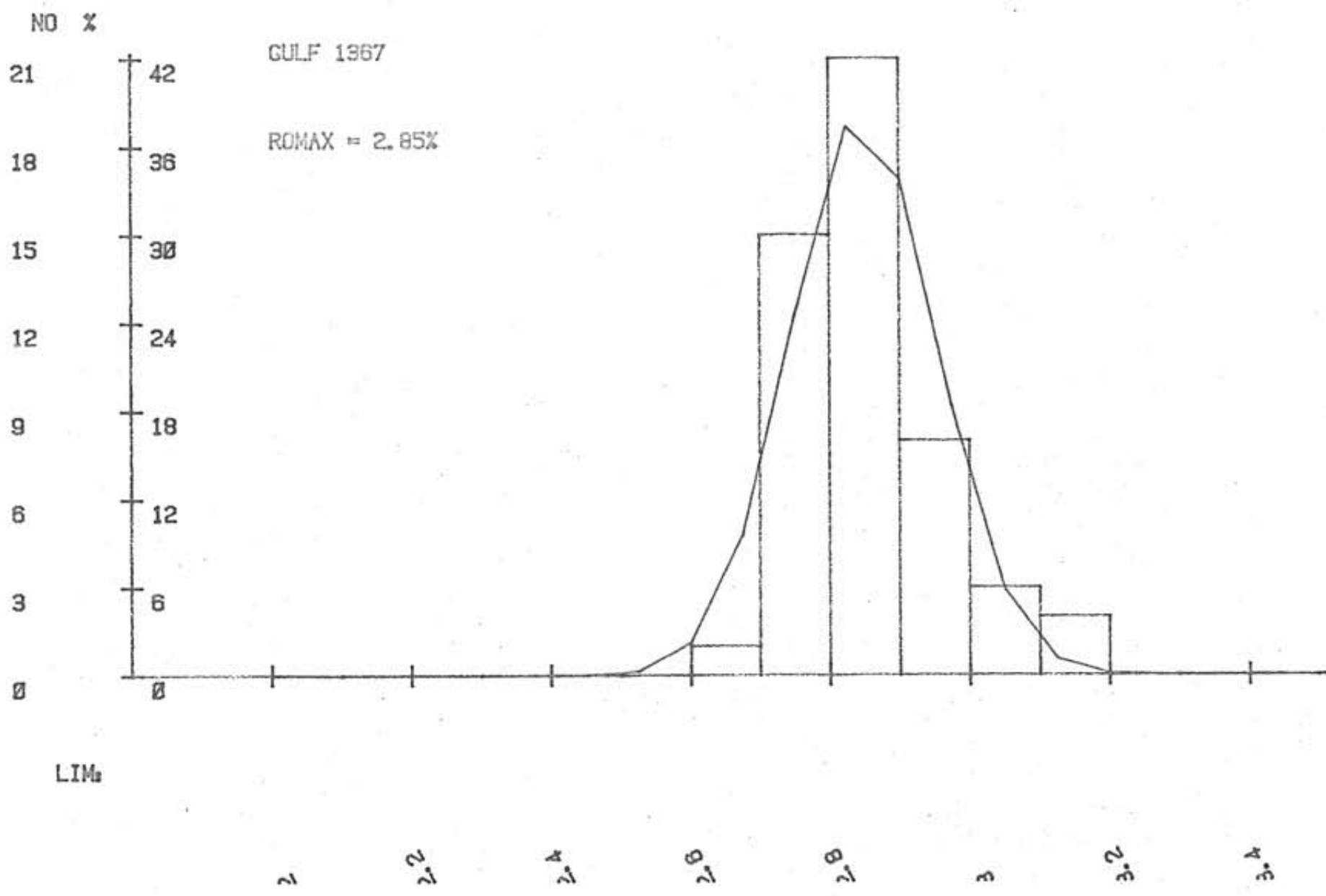
X(I+1)

2.8600
3.1000
3.0300
2.8300
2.9500
2.9000
3.0200
3.1600
2.9700
2.9900
3.1200
2.9100
2.9900
3.0400
3.0500
3.0000
3.1500
2.9500
2.9300
2.9200
2.8600
3.0000
2.9200
2.9800
2.9500



GLFG7

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.8300	2.8300
3	2.7800	2.8200
5	2.8300	2.9100
7	2.9400	2.8600
9	2.8200	2.5700
11	2.7500	2.8100
13	2.7800	2.8000
15	2.7300	2.7700
17	2.7300	2.8200
19	2.8600	2.8400
21	2.7800	2.8400
23	2.1500	2.7800
25	2.9400	2.9800
27	2.7200	2.8900
29	2.8900	2.1100
31	2.7200	2.8700
33	2.9500	2.7600
35	2.8400	2.9100
37	2.8500	2.8700
39	2.7600	2.7600
41	2.7900	2.9000
43	2.8300	2.8300
45	2.8200	2.7800
47	2.9200	2.8900
49	2.8200	2.8500



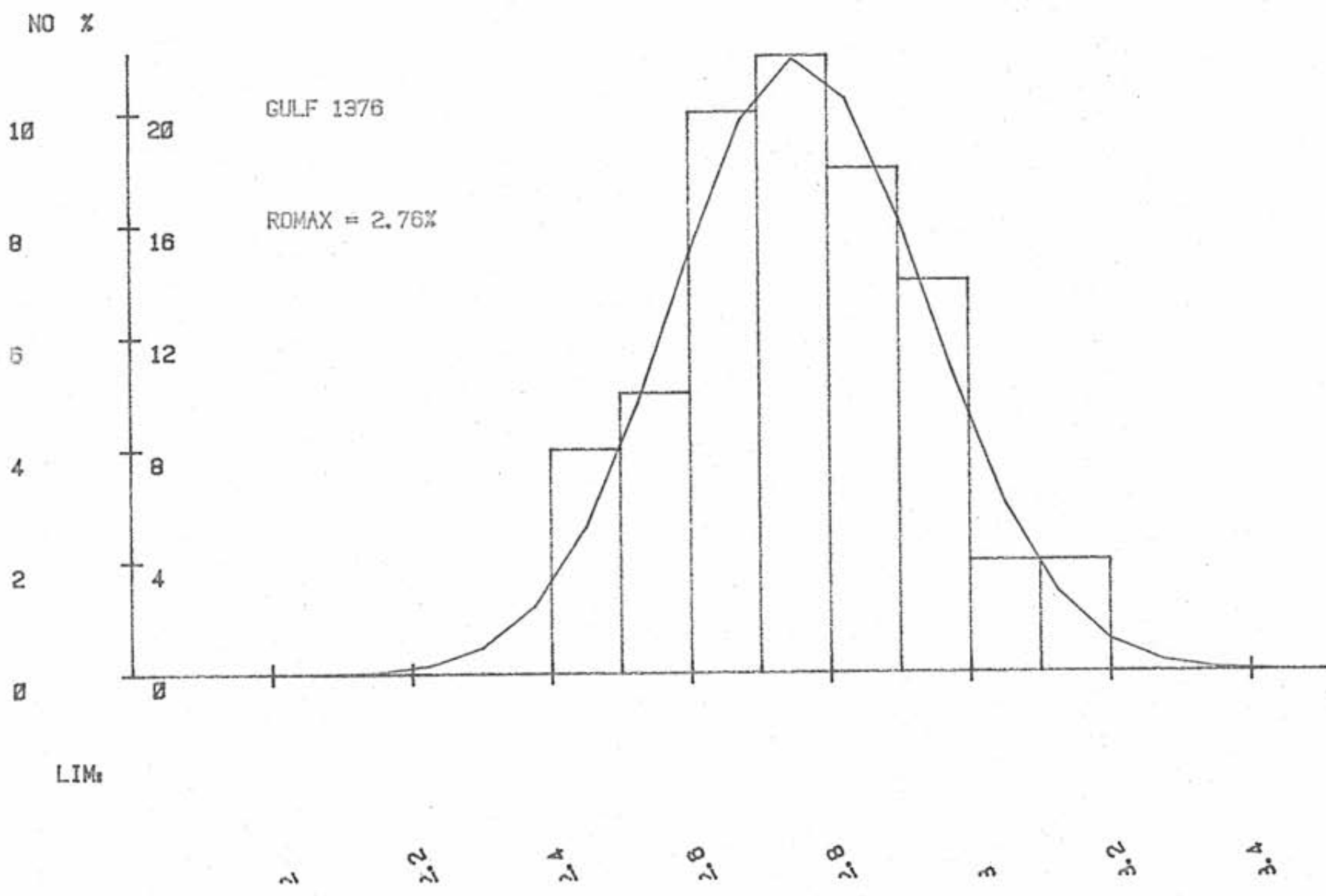
GLF76

I

X(I)

X(I+1)

1	2.6300	3.1900
3	2.8200	2.9400
5	3.0800	3.1500
7	2.6800	2.7200
9	2.6800	2.9500
11	2.7400	2.8800
13	2.6000	2.7700
15	2.7600	3.6800
17	2.8800	2.4200
19	2.8500	2.7300
21	2.7300	2.8100
23	2.5300	2.9400
25	2.7500	2.6800
27	2.4700	2.4500
29	2.7800	2.9100
31	2.4700	2.8100
33	2.8600	2.5800
35	2.9700	3.6900
37	2.8800	2.6300
39	2.6900	2.5100
41	2.7200	2.7500
43	2.5600	2.5600
45	2.6600	2.8300
47	2.9600	2.7600
49	2.9800	2.6800



GLF778

I

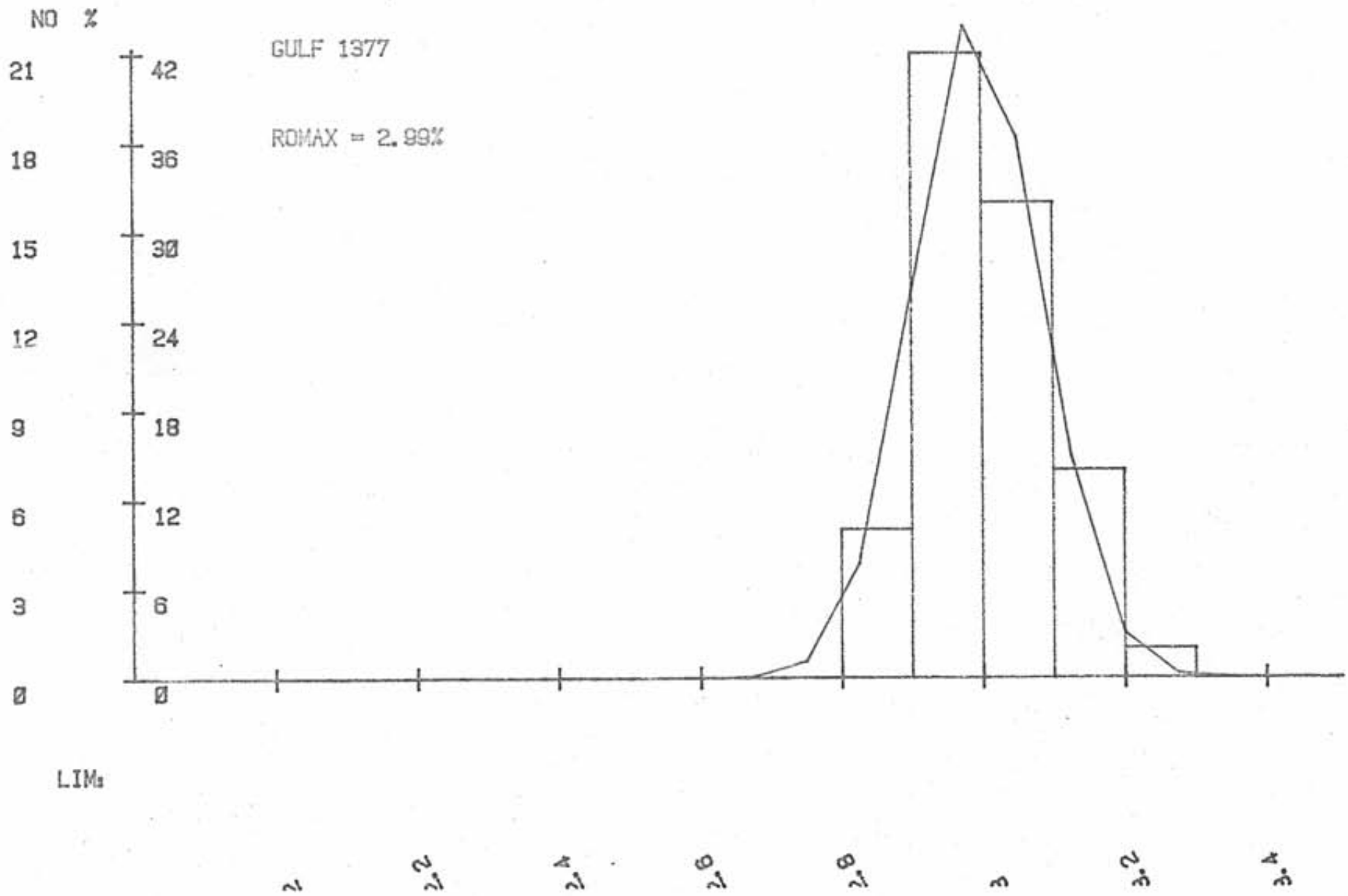
1
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49

X(I)

3.1000
2.9500
3.0600
2.9200
2.8000
3.0800
2.8800
3.0700
2.9400
3.0800
3.0100
2.9100
2.9400
2.9500
2.9100
3.0000
2.9400
3.1200
2.9300
2.9500
2.9200
3.0200
3.1000
2.9400
2.9200

X(I+1)

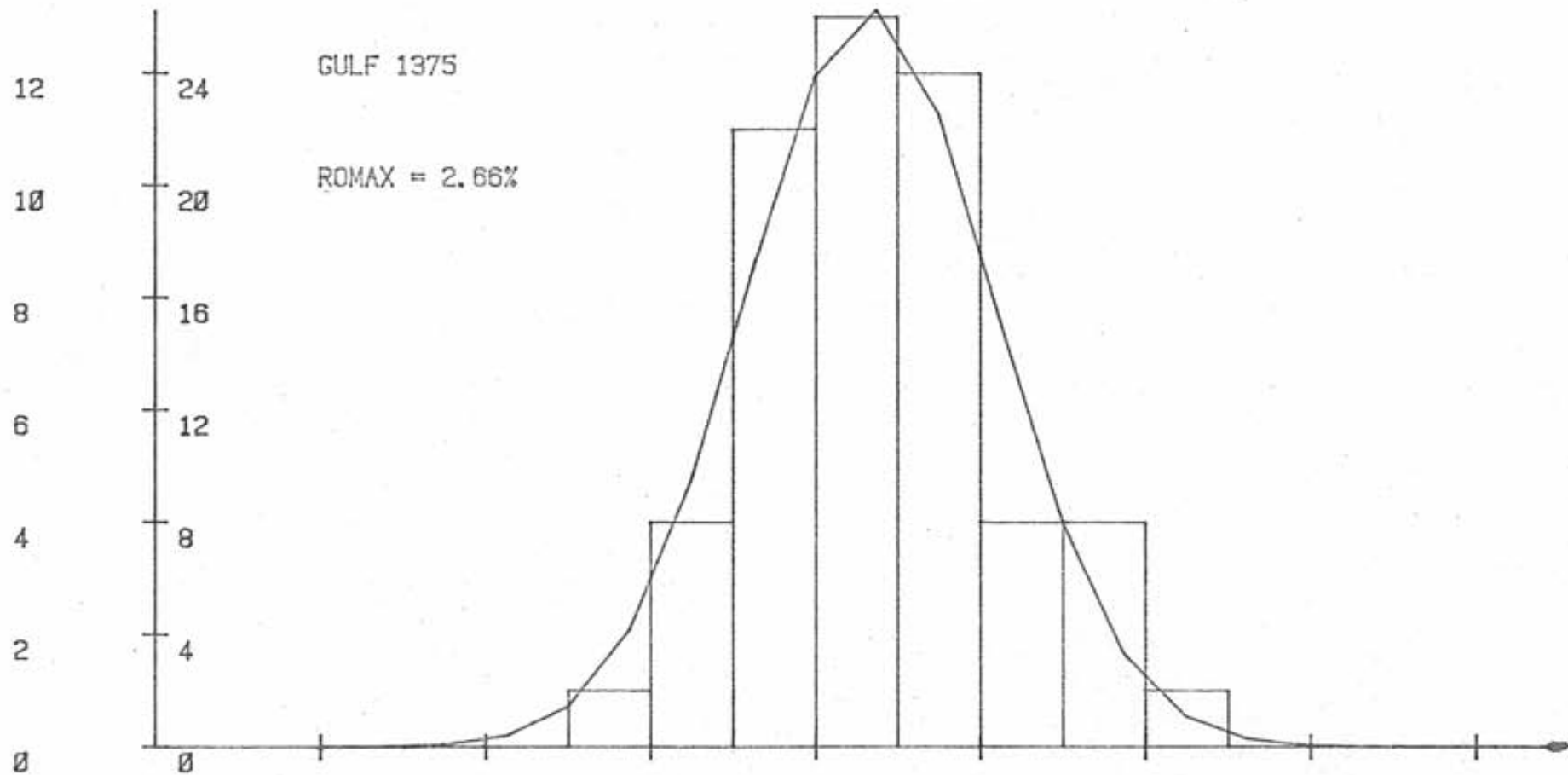
3.0200
2.9000
2.8500
3.0500
3.1000
3.0300
2.8900
3.1400
3.1200
2.9200
2.9600
2.9400
2.9200
3.0900
2.9900
3.2000
3.0700
3.0200
3.1900
3.0000
2.8900
2.9600
3.0200
3.0000
2.9200



GLF75

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0000	2.6000
3	2.9300	2.3000
5	2.9300	2.5500
7	2.7300	2.7400
9	2.7500	2.6400
11	2.7100	2.6500
13	2.5500	2.5500
15	2.3800	2.7400
17	2.6100	2.5000
19	2.6400	2.6000
21	2.9600	2.9000
23	2.8900	2.6500
25	2.8500	2.6700
27	2.7000	2.6500
29	2.4800	2.4500
31	2.6200	3.5900
33	2.6900	2.7200
35	2.7000	2.4200
37	2.7000	2.4700
39	2.7500	2.7200
41	2.5300	2.5000
43	2.9600	2.5000
45	2.6500	2.6000
47	2.5200	2.7000
49	2.5900	2.5200

NO %



GULF 1375

ROMAX = 2.66%

LIM:

2

2.2

2.4

2.6

2.8

3

3.2

3.4

GLF09B

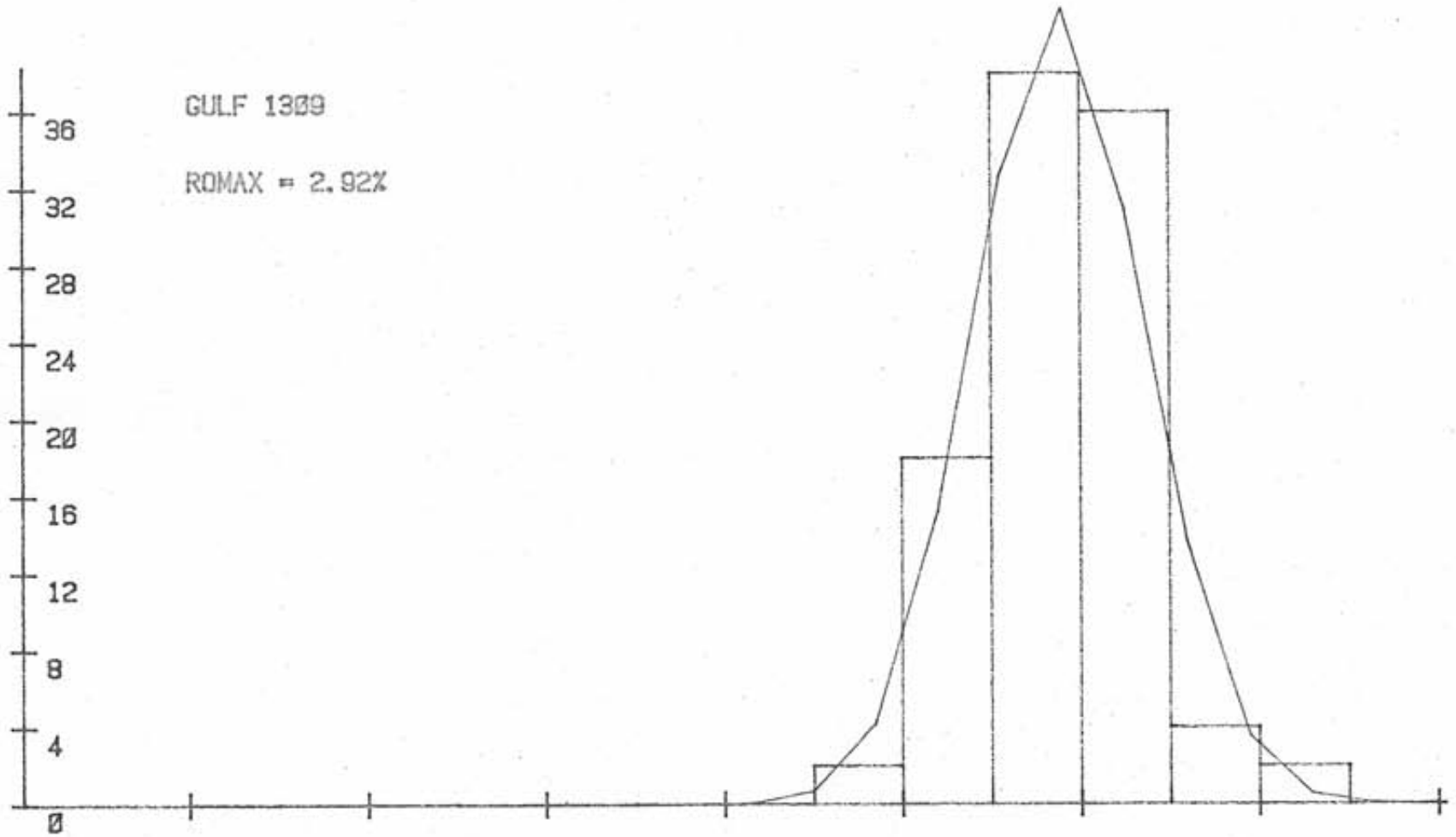
1	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9000	2.8800
2	2.9100	3.0500
3	3.0400	3.0400
4	2.9800	3.0600
5	2.9700	3.0100
6	2.8000	3.0800
7	2.8500	3.2300
8	3.1500	3.0200
9	2.9500	3.0100
10	3.0200	3.0800
11	3.0600	3.0500
12	2.9700	3.0600
13	2.9400	3.0900
14	3.0200	3.1900
15	2.9800	3.0100
16	2.9100	3.0600
17	2.8800	3.0900
18	2.8300	3.0200
19	2.7400	3.0800
20	2.8800	3.3300
21	2.8400	3.0600
22	2.9100	3.0900
23	2.8800	3.0400
24	2.1400	3.9400
25	2.0700	3.0900

NO %

18 36
16 32
14 28
12 24
10 20
8 16
6 12
4 8
2 4
0 0

GULF 1309

ROMAX = 2.92%



LIMs

2 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3 3.2 3.4

GLF:0

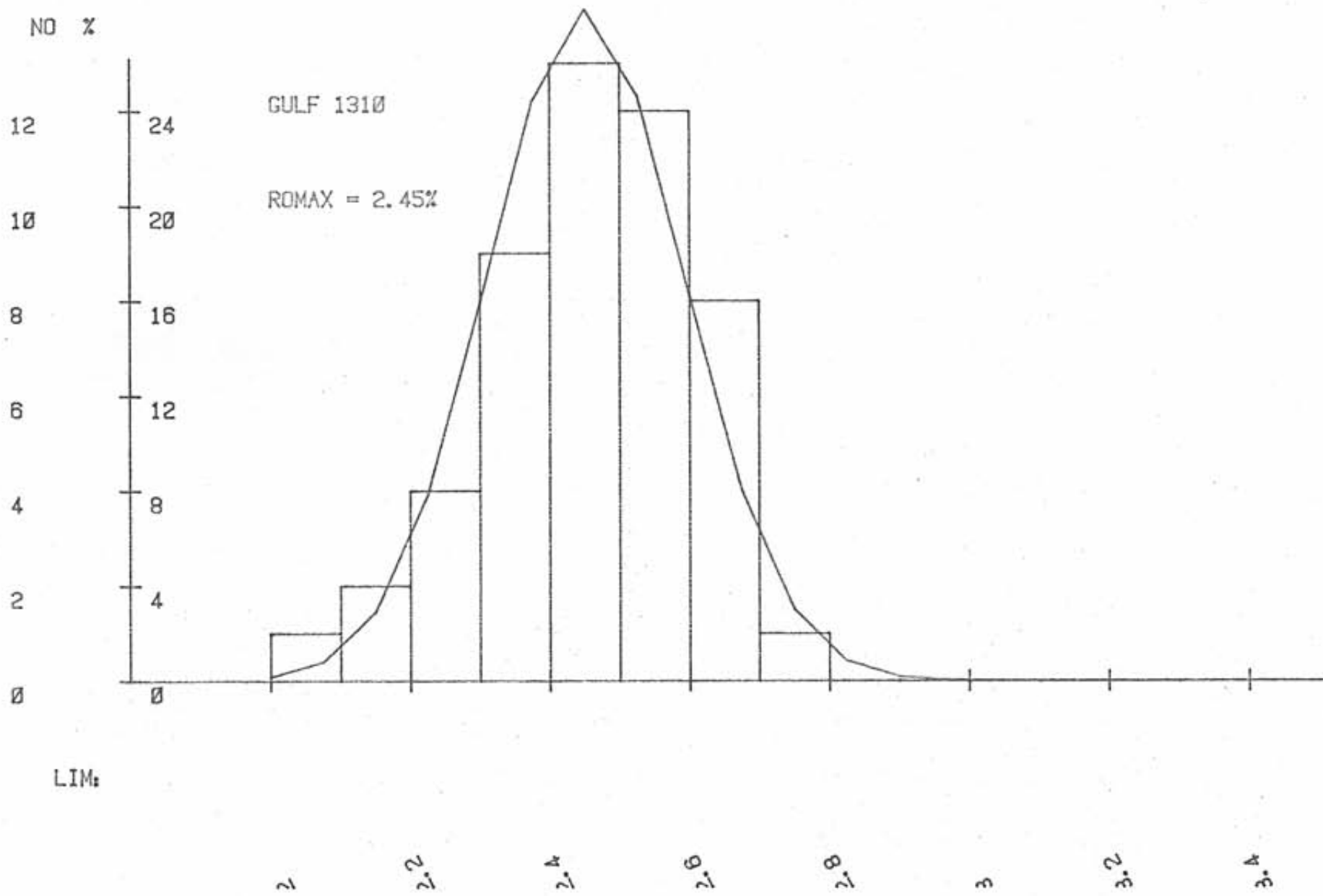
1
1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49

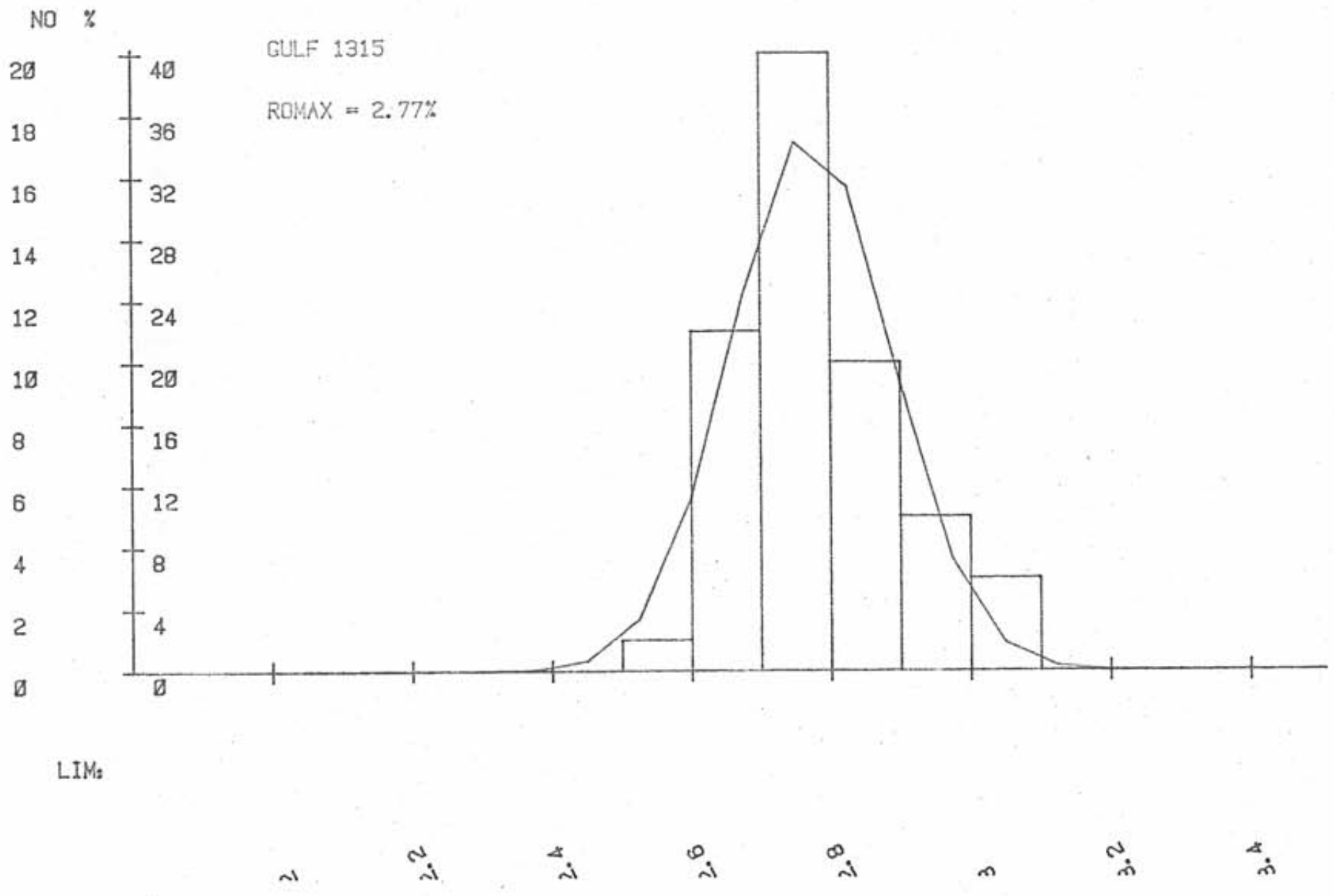
X(1)

2 6900
2 4900
2 4900
2 3800
2 4900
2 3700
2 4600
2 7000
2 3900
2 2300
2 1000
2 3200
2 5300
2 6400
2 3100
2 1800
2 4000
2 3300
2 5300
2 5400
2 5100
2 4600
2 5000
2 6100
2 6000

X(1+1)

2 1600
2 4900
2 5600
2 5100
2 6300
2 6100
2 4900
2 3400
2 4300
2 2900
2 3600
2 4400
2 4000
2 3000
2 5000
2 5500
2 6300
2 6700
2 3500
2 6700
2 5100
2 6600
2 4400
2 3500
2 4800





GLF14

1

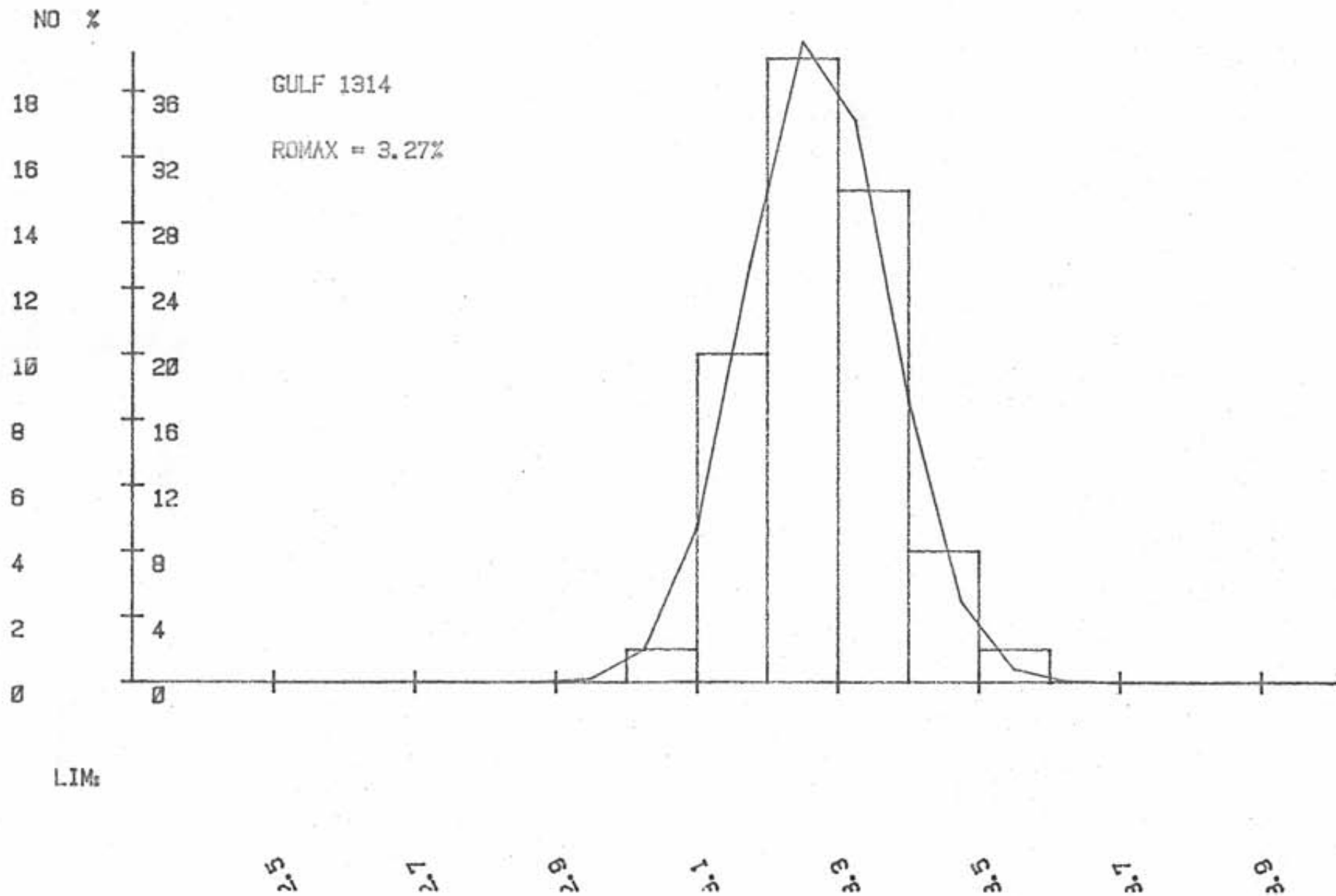
X(I)

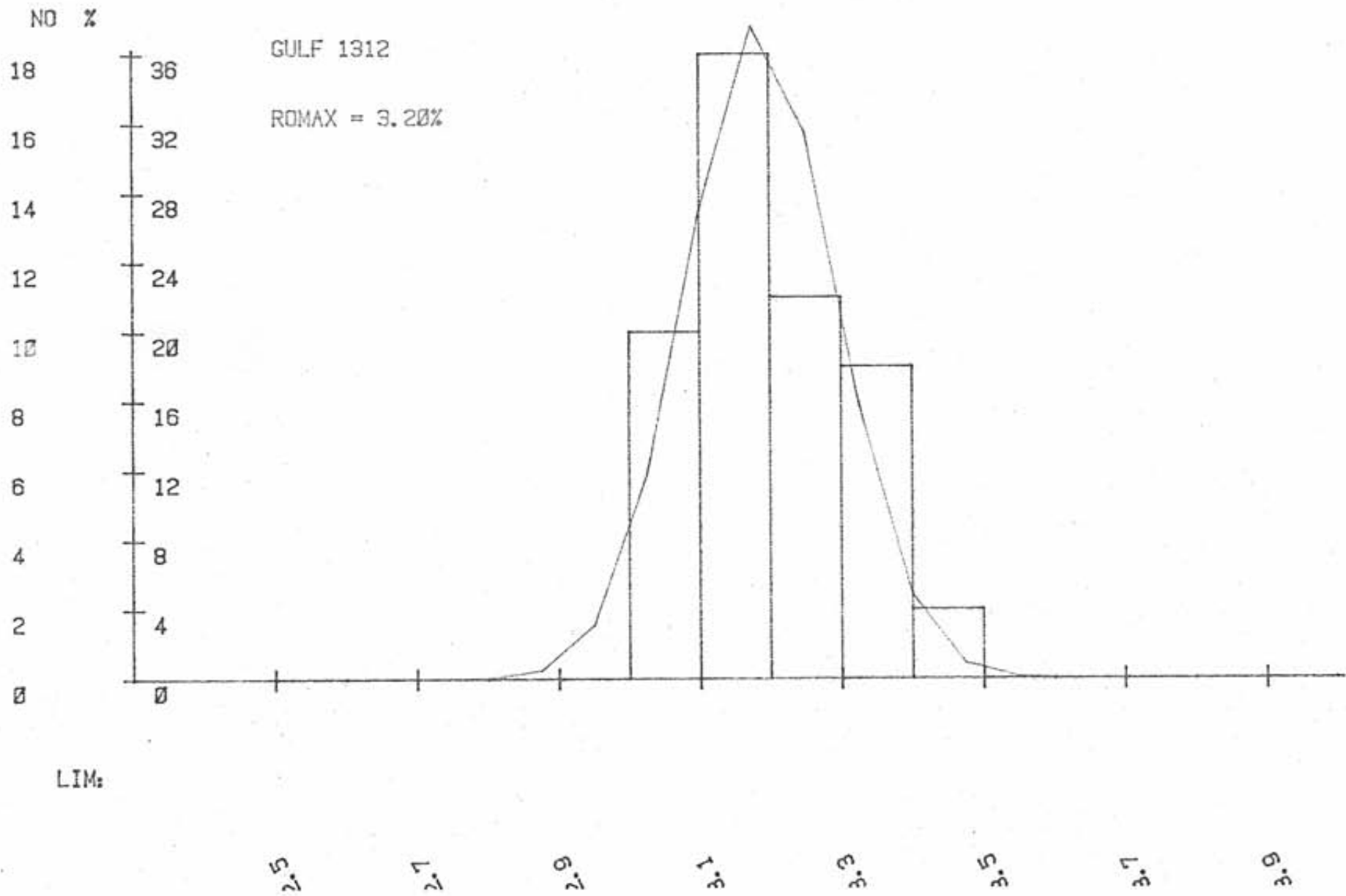
X(I+1)

1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49

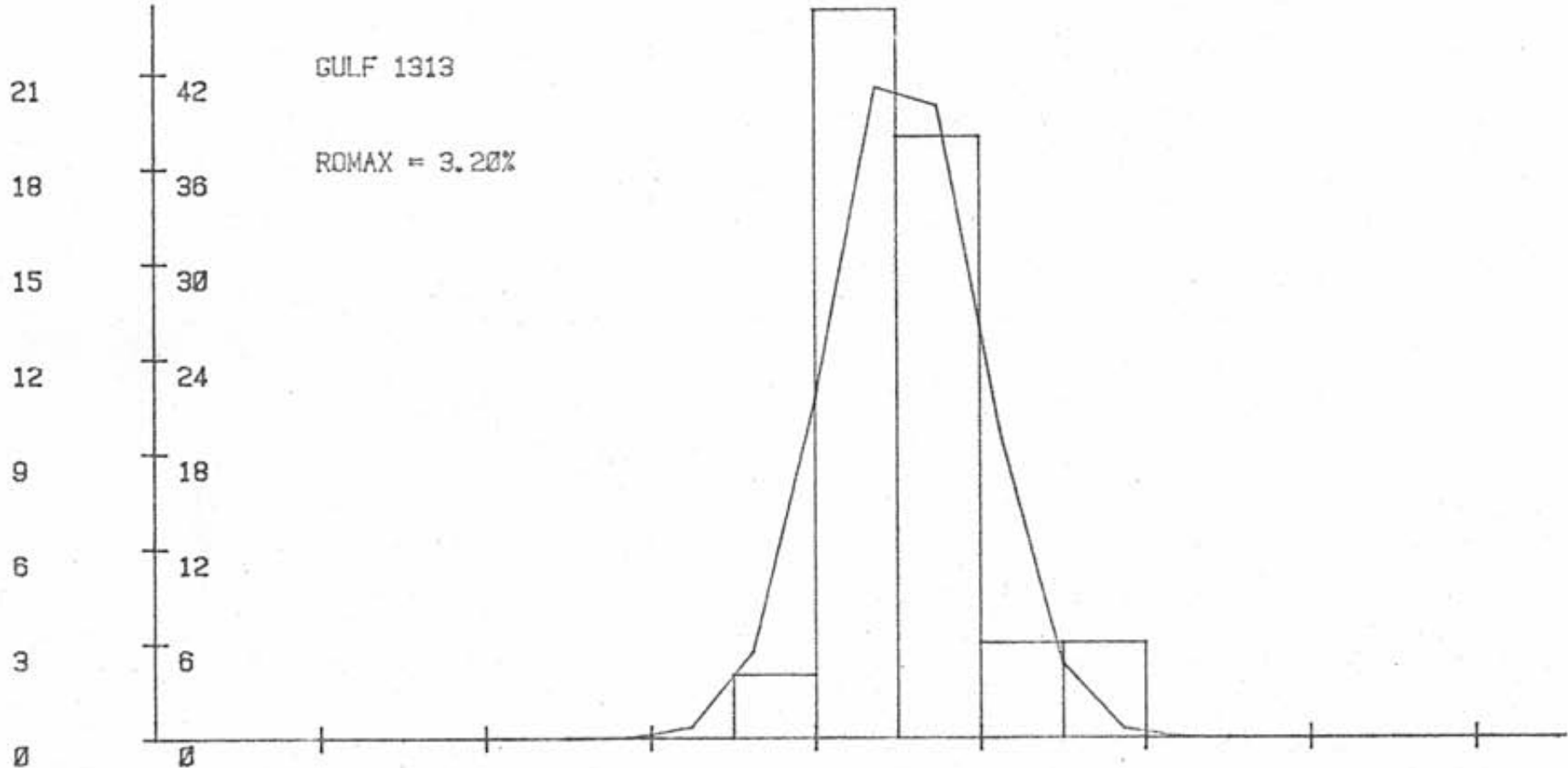
3.2500
3.0800
3.3400
3.3100
3.2800
3.3900
3.2400
3.3600
3.2100
3.2600
3.2100
3.2600
3.3900
3.1300
3.1100
3.1500
3.1400
3.3400
3.3000
3.3900
3.4300
3.2100
3.1700
3.1700
3.1700

3.3500
3.2100
3.2100
3.2800
3.2900
3.4600
3.5500
3.4400
3.3300
3.3200
3.2000
3.3100
3.2700
3.1400
3.3200
3.1600
3.2900
3.3500
3.2800
3.3300
3.1700
3.4500
3.3000
3.3200
3.2800





NO %



GULF 1313

ROMAX = 3.20%

LIM:

2.5 2.7 2.9 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.7 3.9

GLF52

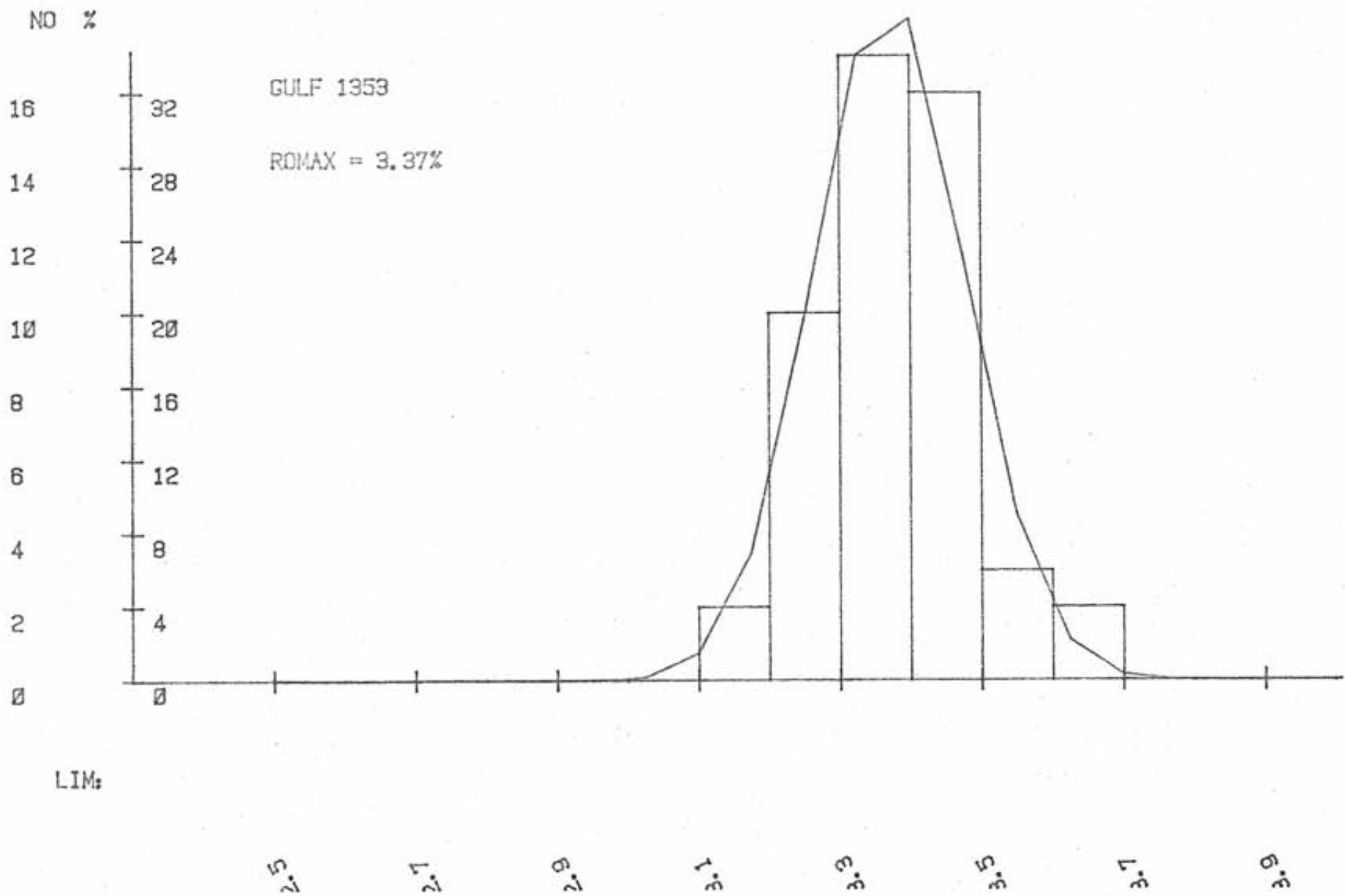
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50

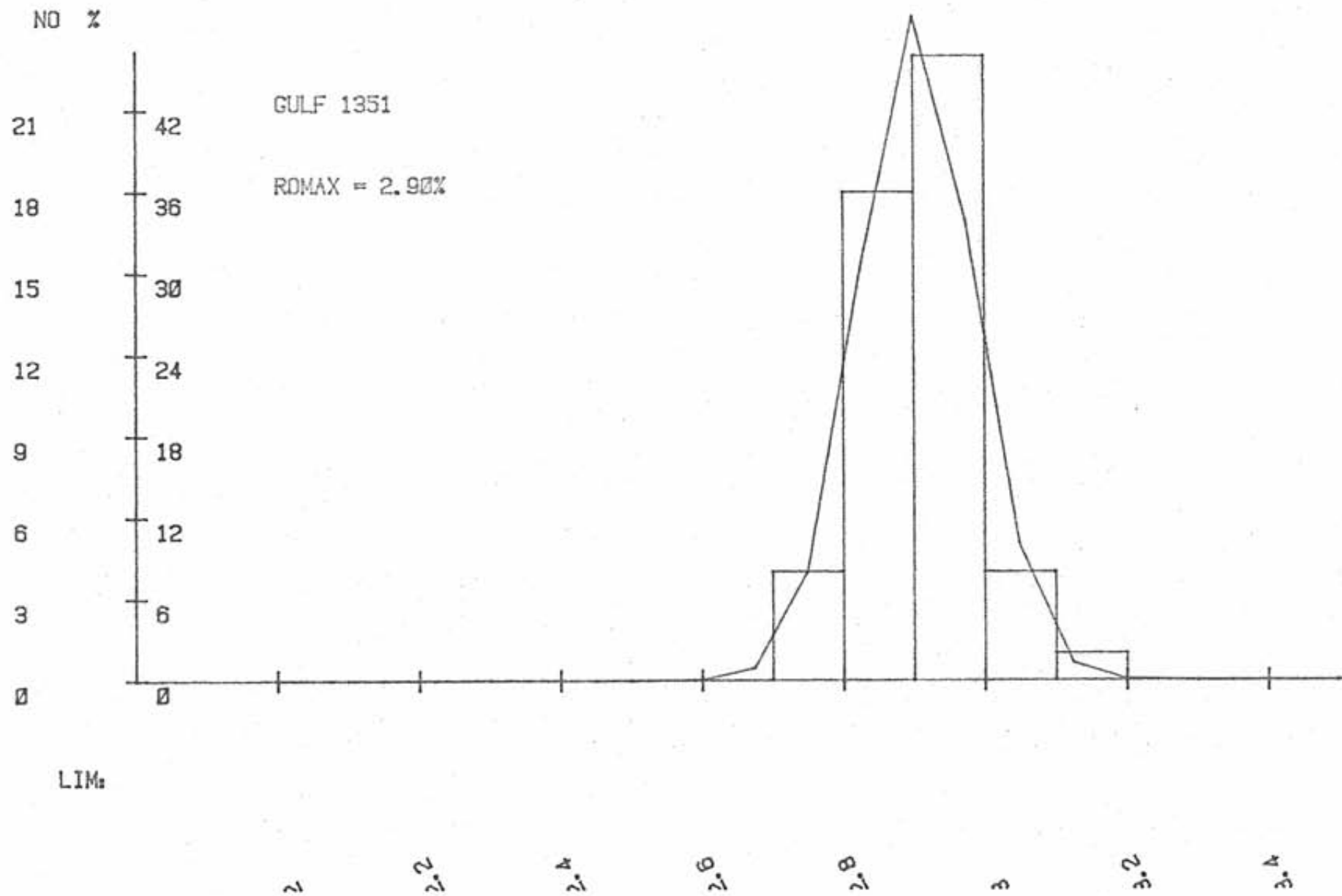
K(1)

2800
4300
3600
1800
3500
1800
4100
3000
3300
3700
2200
6100
4600
3200
5700
3900
3400
4000
3400
3500
3800
3300
4100
2900

K(1+1)

2800
2800
2400
2300
2200
3500
4300
3700
2200
4100
4000
3500
4400
4000
4300
3800
4500
6500
4200
5100
3900
4300
4600
4100
3300





GLF52B

1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

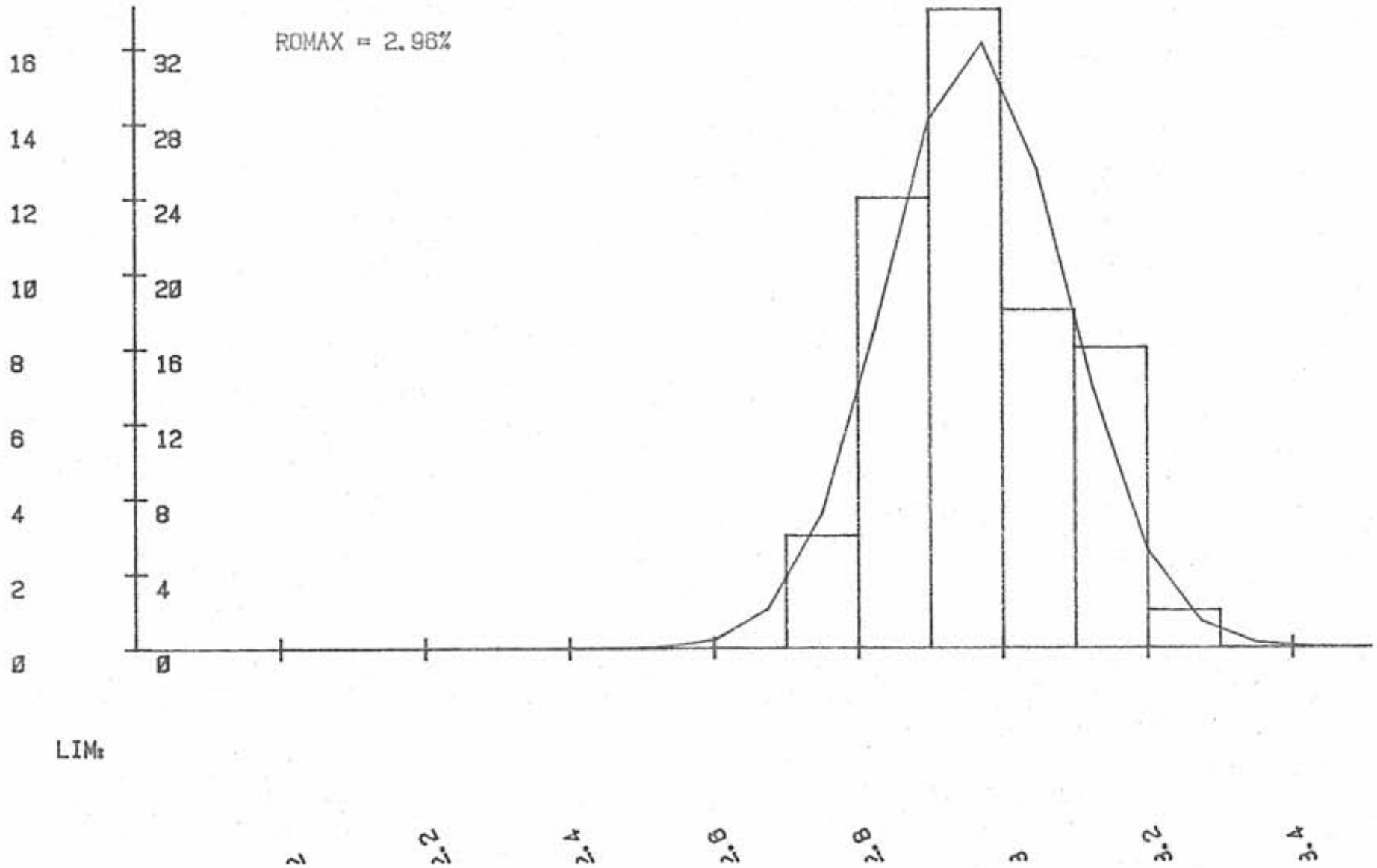
X(I)
2.9700
3.0600
3.0600
3.1400
3.1800
3.2400
3.2700
3.3200
3.3900
3.4500
3.5000
3.5500
3.6000
3.6400
3.6800
3.7200
3.7600
3.8000
3.8400
3.8800
3.9200
3.9600
4.0000
4.0400
4.0800
4.1200
4.1600
4.2000
4.2400
4.2800
4.3200
4.3600
4.4000
4.4400
4.4800
4.5200
4.5600
4.6000
4.6400
4.6800
4.7200
4.7600
4.8000
4.8400
4.8800
4.9200
4.9600
5.0000

X(I+1)
2.9500
2.8800
2.9100
2.1100
2.8100
2.7700
2.9100
2.8100
2.8200
2.8400
2.8900
2.9700
1.8600
2.1000
2.3000
2.8200
2.9600
2.8900
2.9400
2.9700
2.9500
2.9500
1.9000
2.8500
2.8900
2.9200

NO %

GULF 1352

ROMAX = 2.96%



GLF54

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0300	3.1000
3	2.8800	2.9600
5	2.9700	2.9700
7	2.9900	2.9200
9	2.8200	3.1200
11	3.0200	2.9000
13	2.9900	2.9400
15	2.8800	2.8900
17	2.8300	3.0000
19	3.0500	2.9900
21	2.9500	2.8600
23	3.0900	3.0200
25	2.8500	3.0600
27	3.1000	3.0500
29	2.9400	2.8000
31	2.8000	3.0600
33	3.0200	3.0700
35	2.8400	2.8700
37	2.9500	2.9300
39	2.8900	2.9500
41	3.0300	3.0400
43	2.9700	3.1200
45	2.8900	3.0900
47	2.9300	3.0000
49	3.0200	3.0500

NO %

20 40

18 36

16 32

14 28

12 24

10 20

8 16

6 12

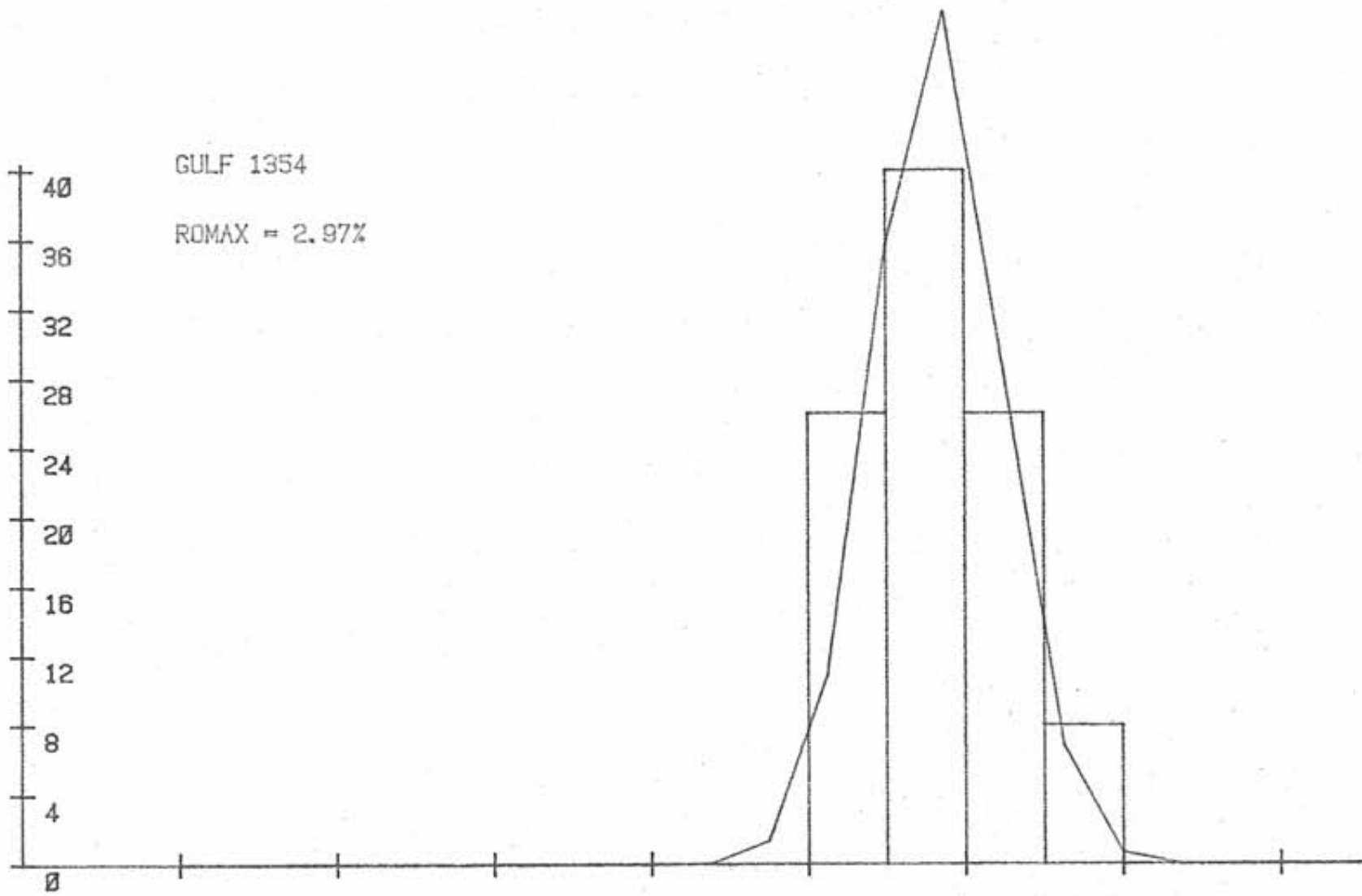
4 8

2 4

0 0

GULF 1354

ROMAX = 2.97%



LIM:

2

2.2

2.4

2.6

2.8

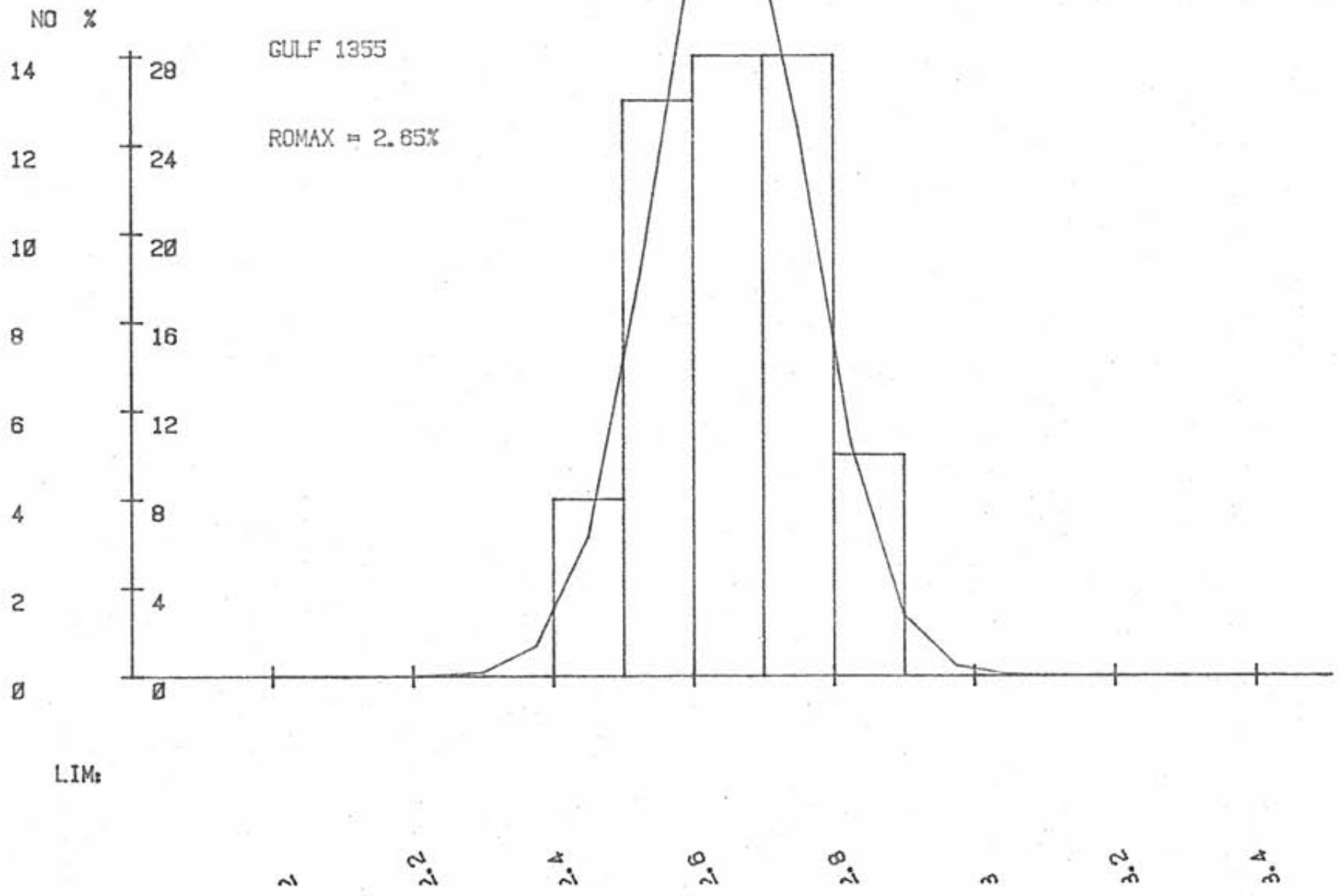
3

3.2

3.4

GLF55

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.7800	2.7200
3	2.8400	2.7200
5	2.6500	2.6400
7	2.5200	2.7100
9	2.8000	2.8500
11	2.6000	2.5900
13	2.4800	2.5300
15	2.4500	2.7200
17	2.5700	2.5000
19	2.5800	2.5900
21	2.6900	2.5000
23	2.5600	2.4500
25	2.4000	2.5500
27	2.7500	2.7400
29	2.6400	2.8400
31	2.6500	2.7500
33	2.6800	2.7100
35	2.5800	2.5100
37	2.6600	2.7800
39	2.7900	2.5800
41	2.6500	2.6100
43	2.6500	2.6500
45	2.7800	2.5900
47	2.7200	2.6400
49	2.6500	2.7000



GLF56

1
11948004
11311051
11011051
10511051
10011051
9511051
9011051
8511051
8011051
7511051
7011051
6511051
6011051
5511051
5011051
4511051
4011051
3511051
3011051
2511051
2011051
1511051
1011051
511051

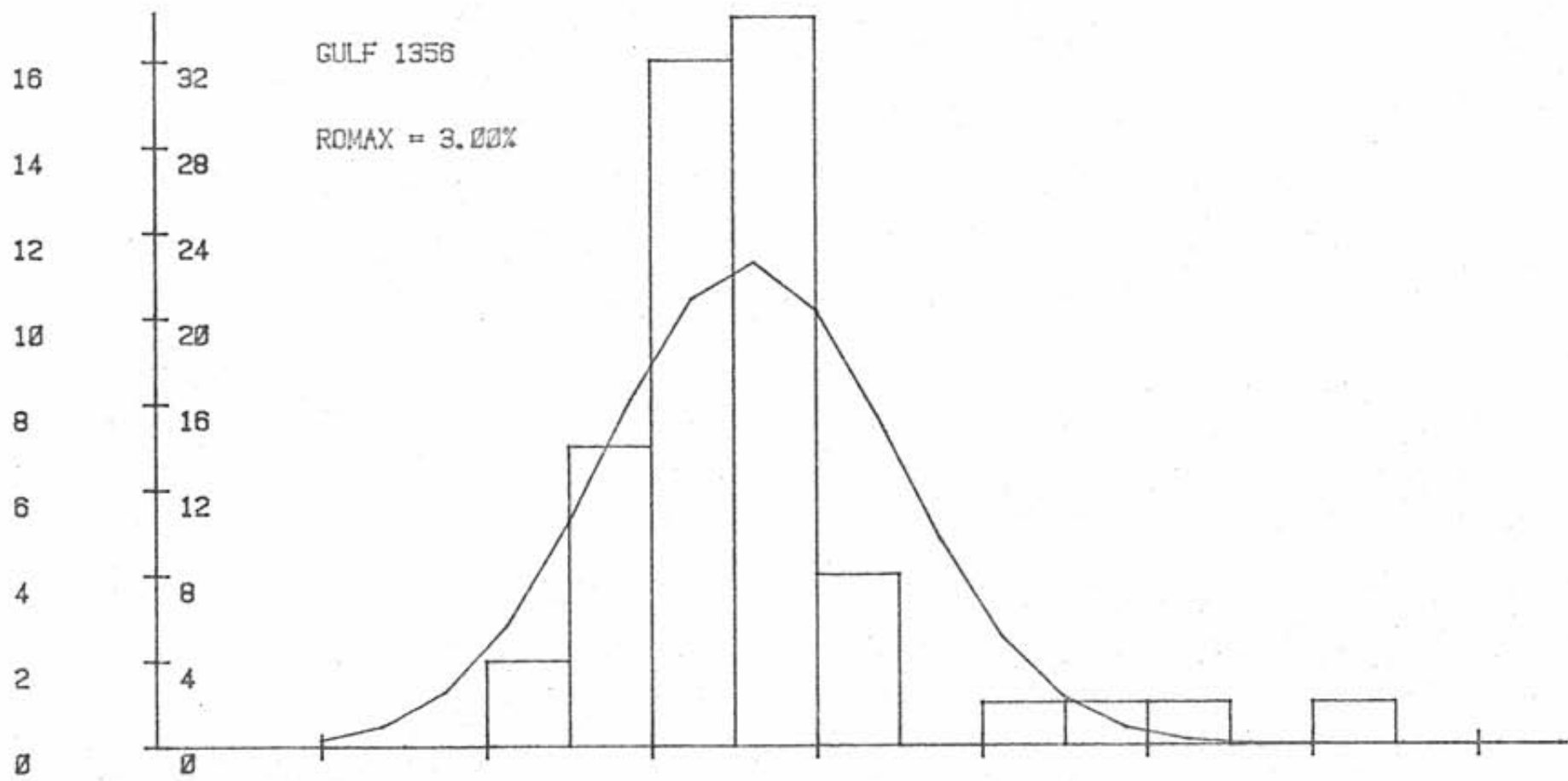
X(1)

0000
0200
7700
0000
1100
9500
7500
4500
0400
9900
0100
0900
0400
9100
9300
1100
9600
0900
9000
1300
9000
0900
3200
0000
0000

X(1+1)

0400
0900
0600
0900
0400
9300
0000
0300
0900
9200
1200
7300
9500
0300
0100
0700
0900
0900
9900
9100
9100
0400
0200
0600
0500

NO %



GULF 1356

ROMAX = 3.00%

LIMs

2.5

2.7

2.9

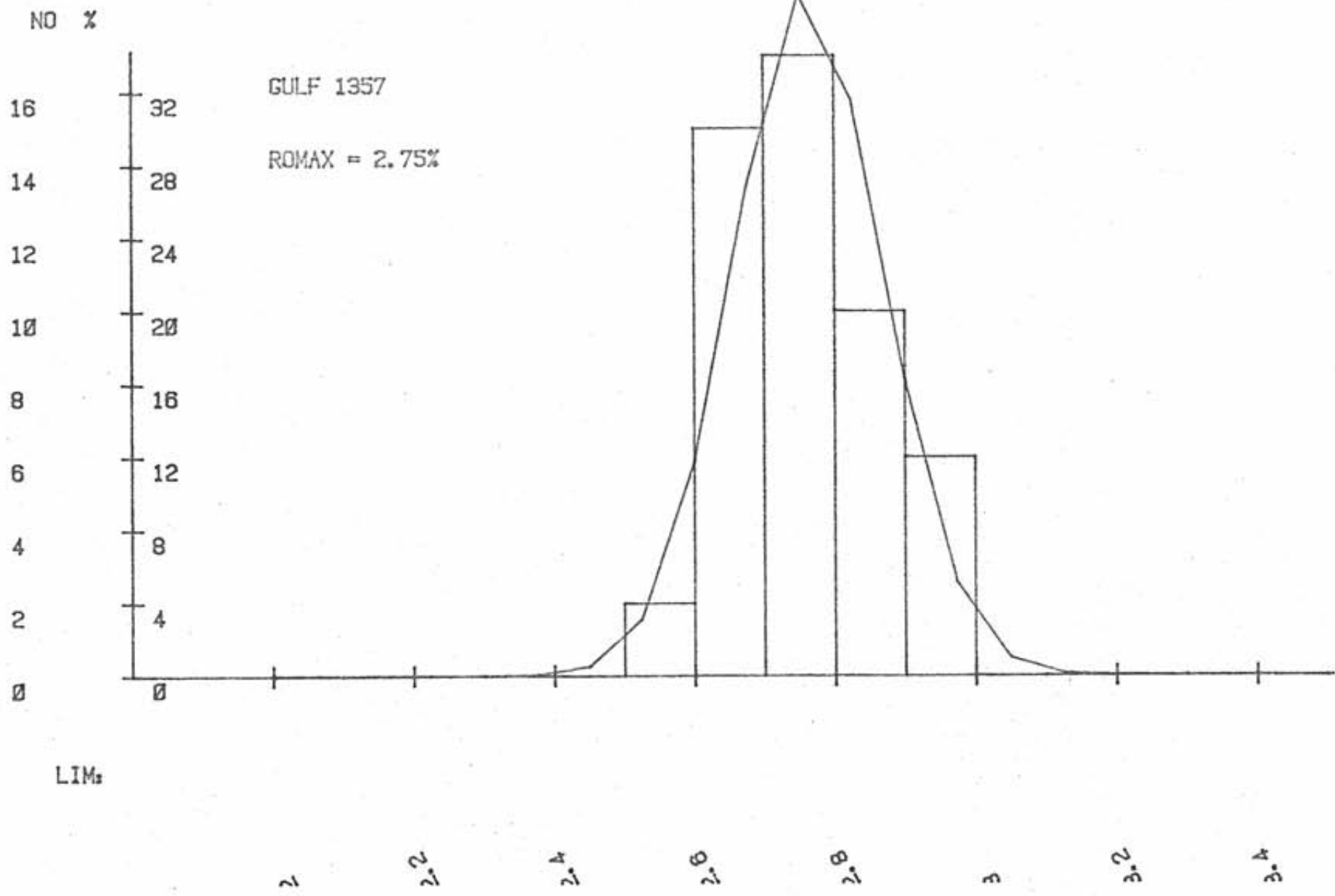
3.1

3.3

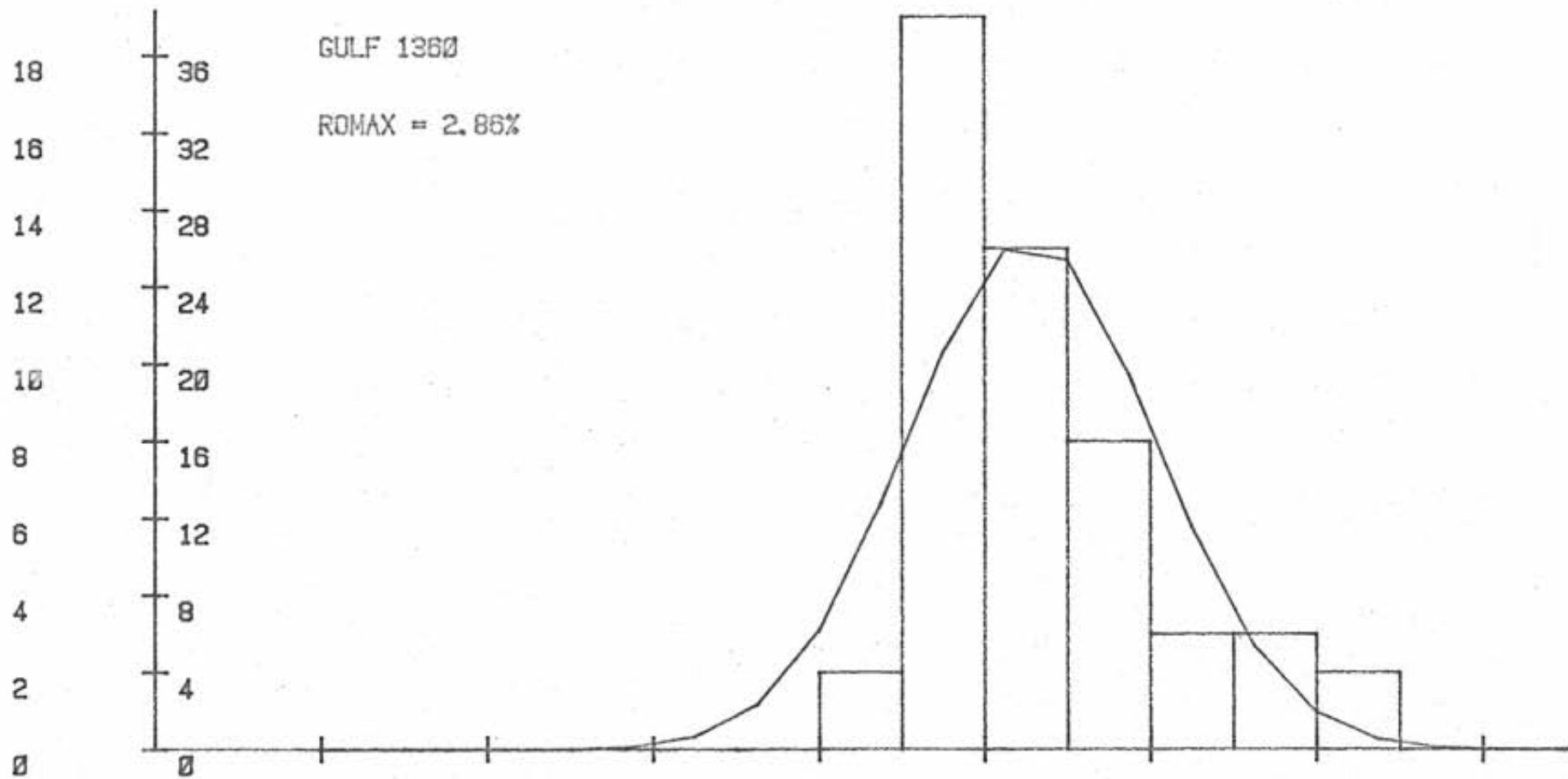
3.5

3.7

3.9

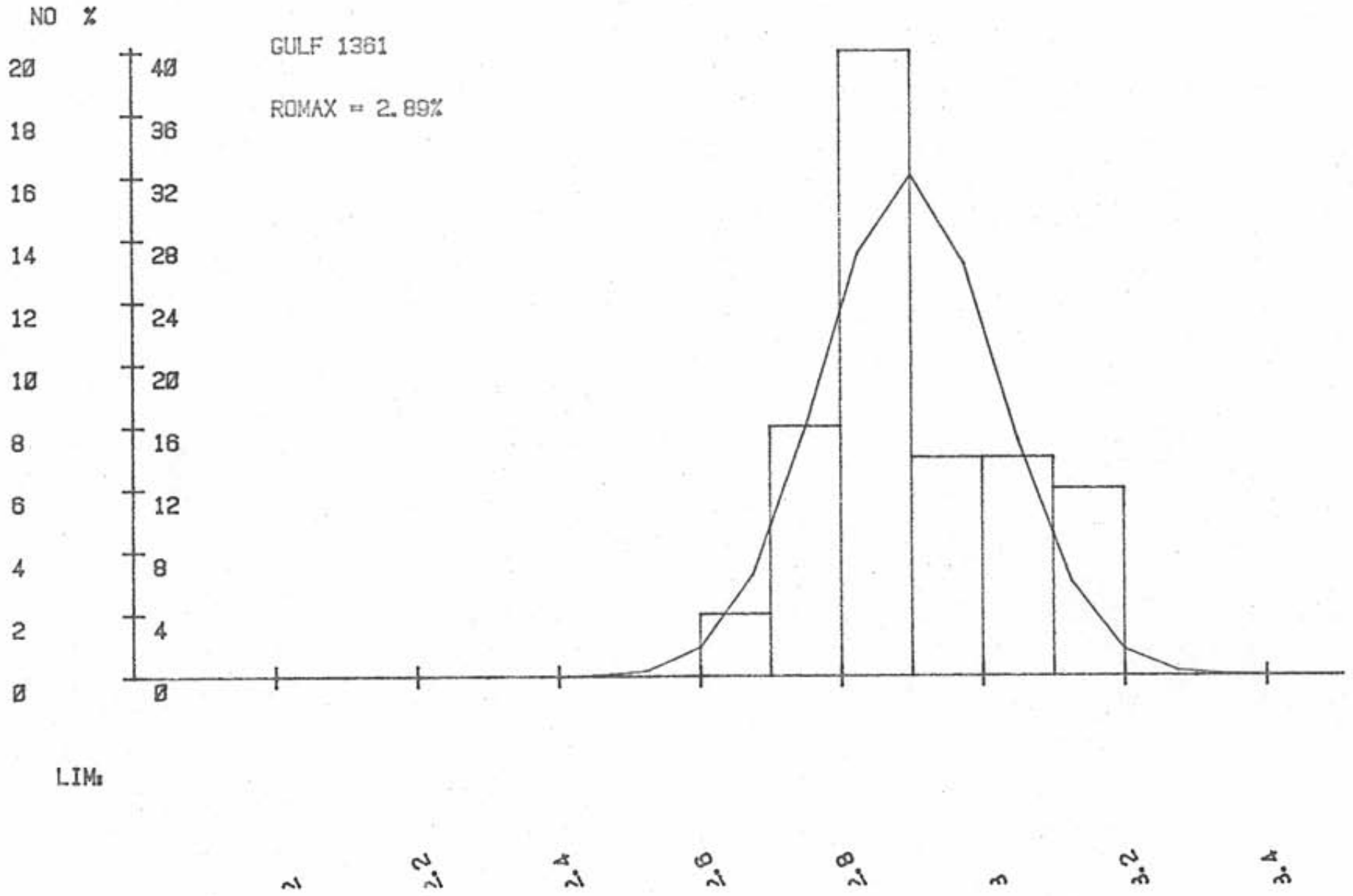


NO %



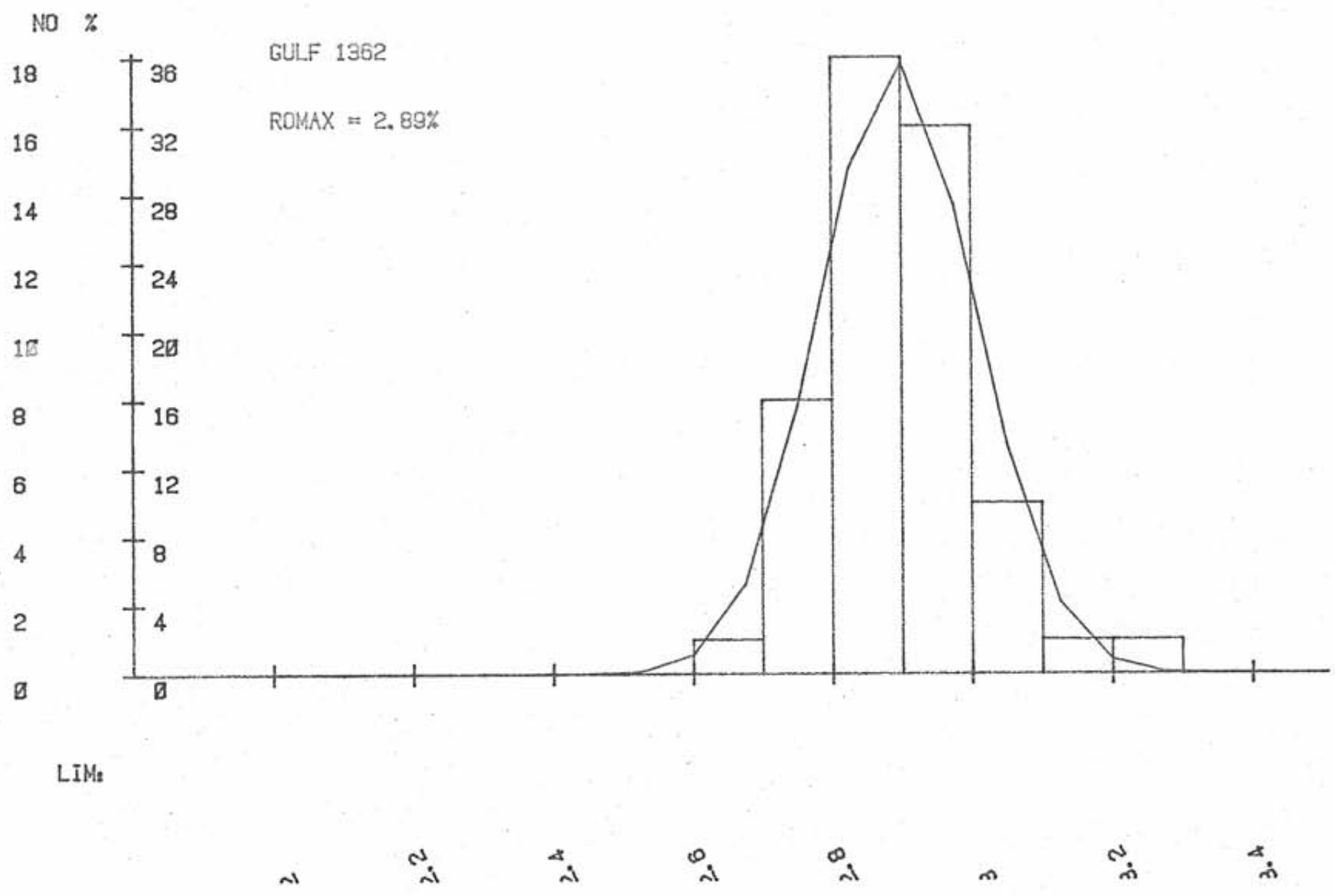
LIMs

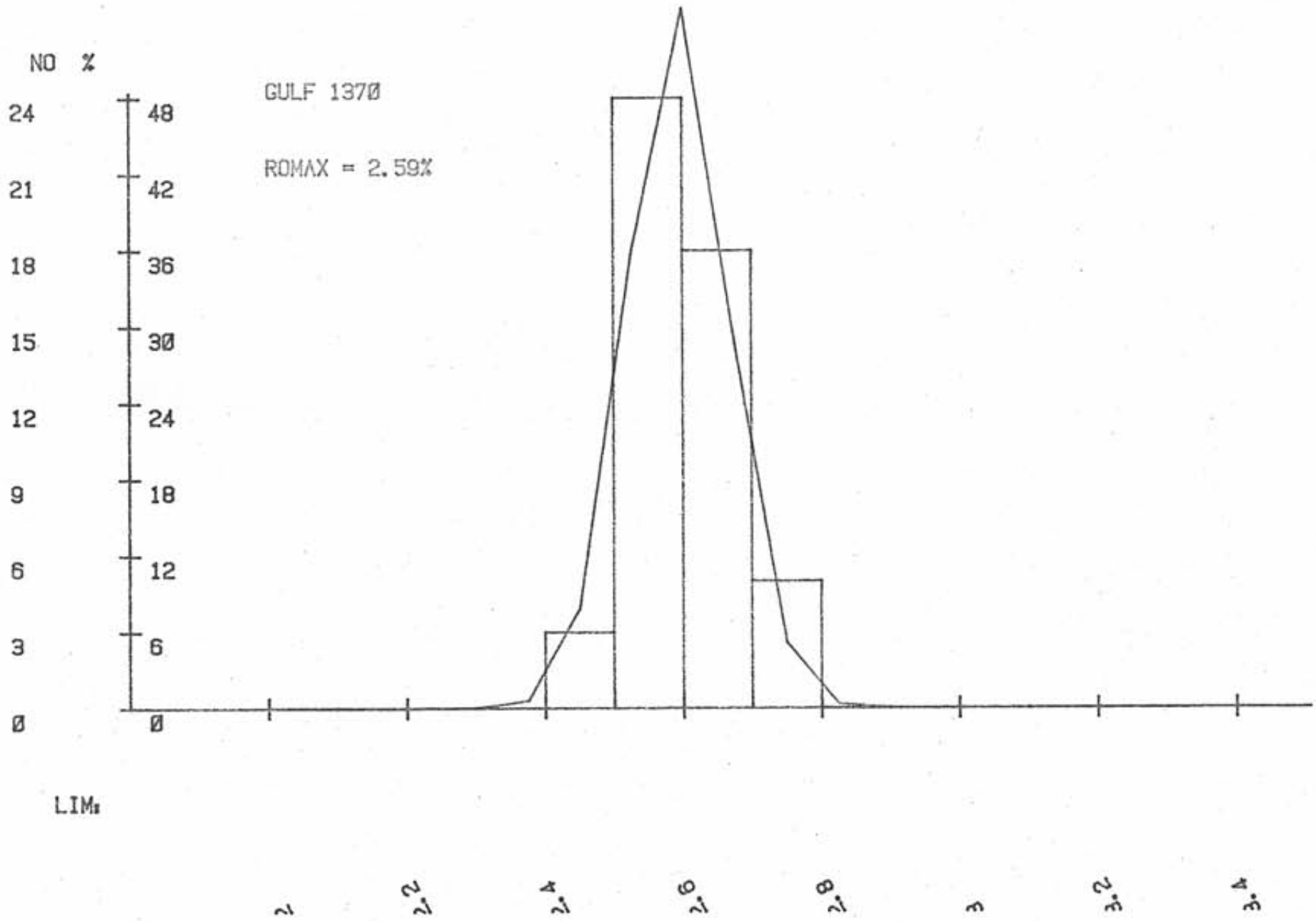
2 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3 3.2 3.4



LIMs

2 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3 3.2 3.4





01171

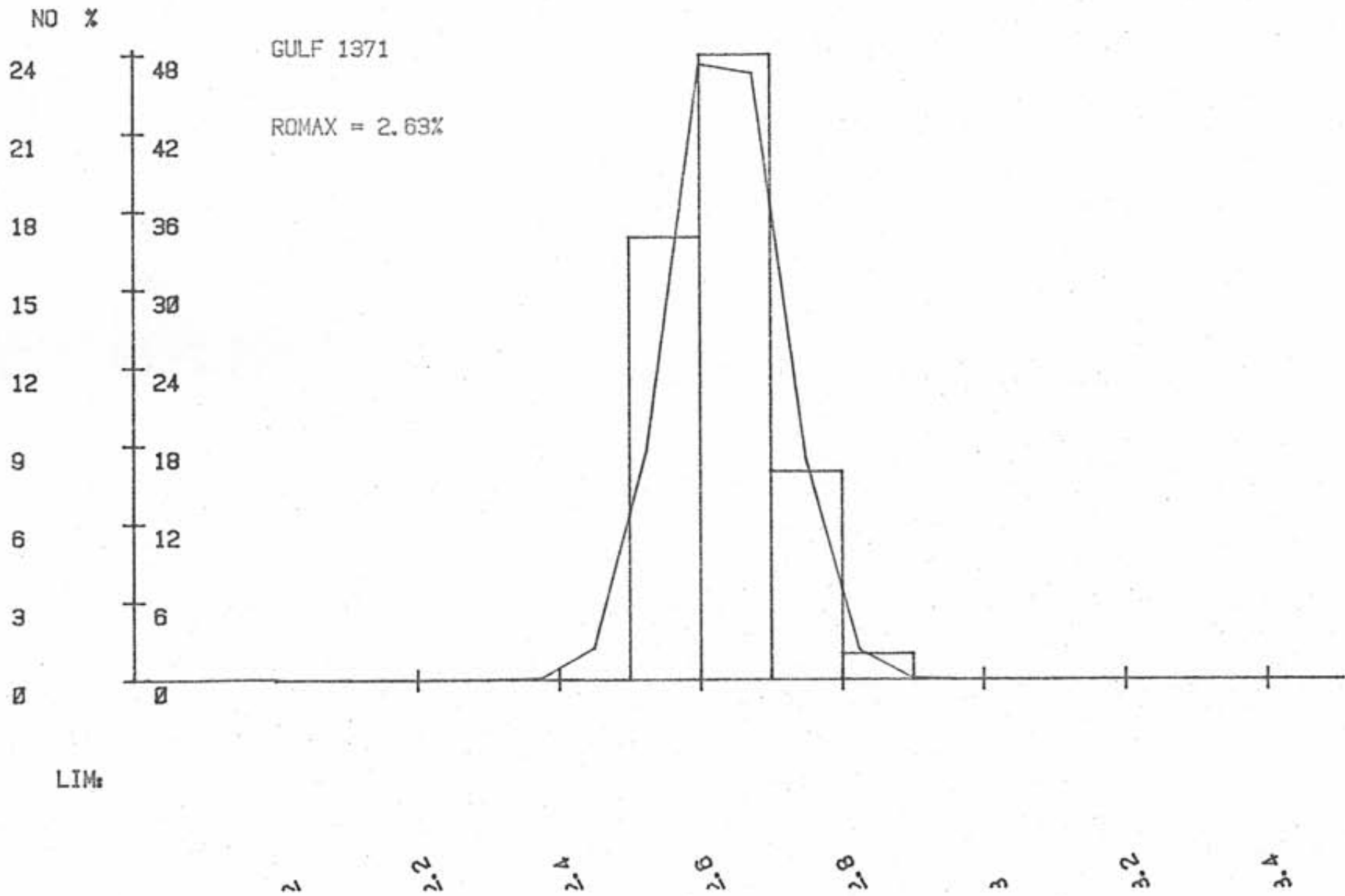
1
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49
51
53
55
57
59
61
63
65
67
69
71
73
75
77
79
81
83
85
87
89
91
93
95
97
99

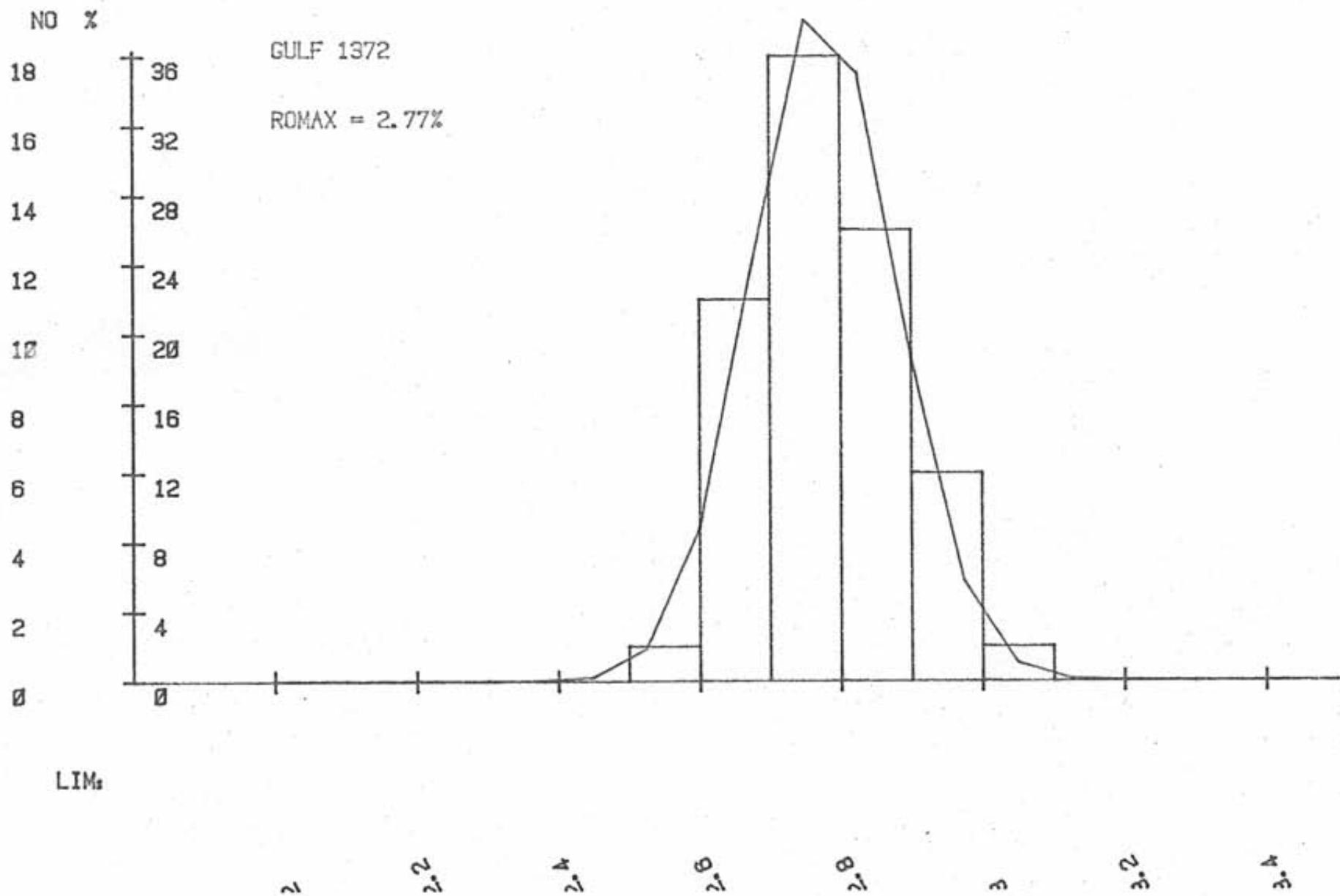
ACT

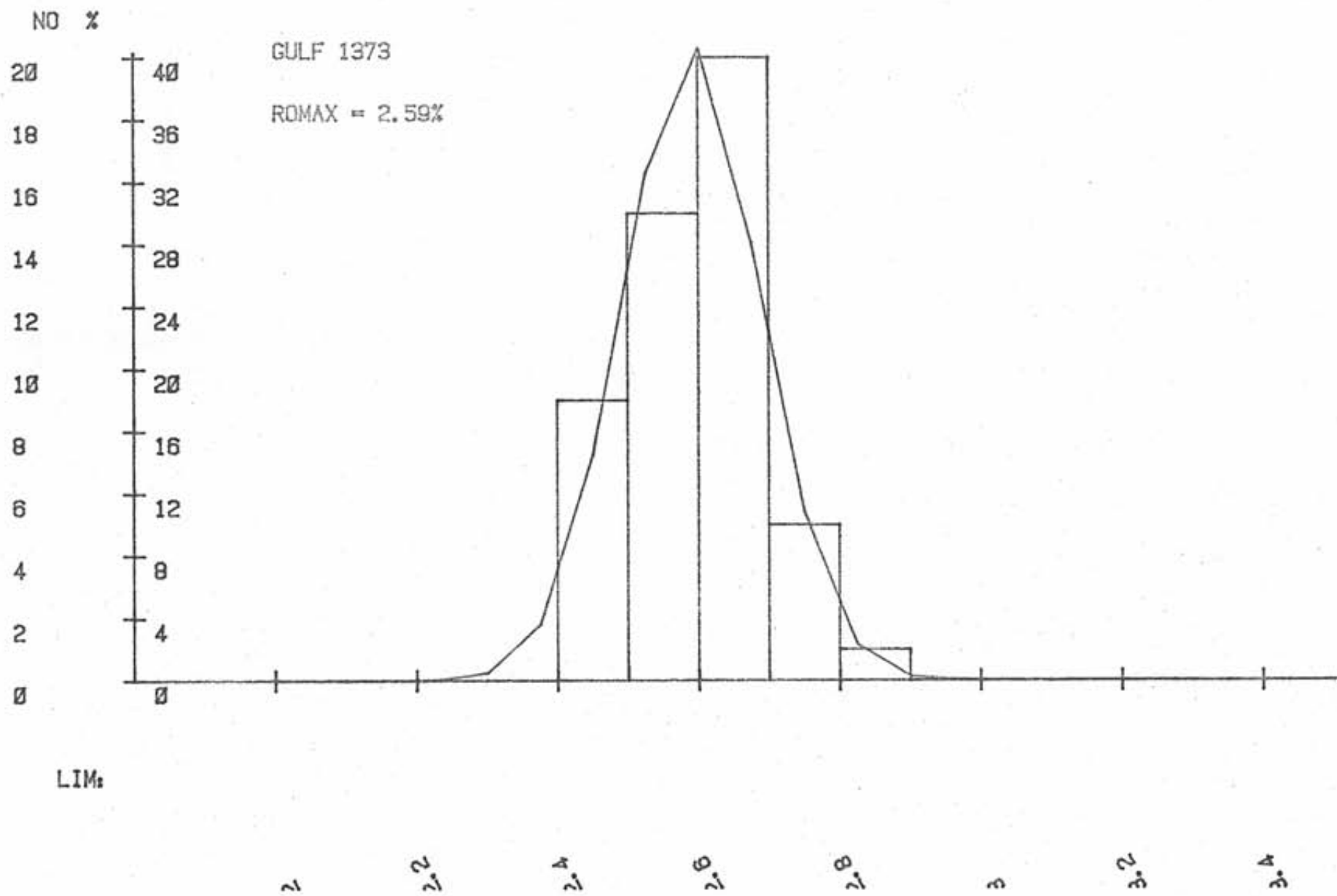
6900
8800
5700
6400
6600
5800
5500
6700
5300
5700
6000
6200
7400
7700
6900
6900
7300
7800
7800
5800
5000
5700
6600
7000
7000

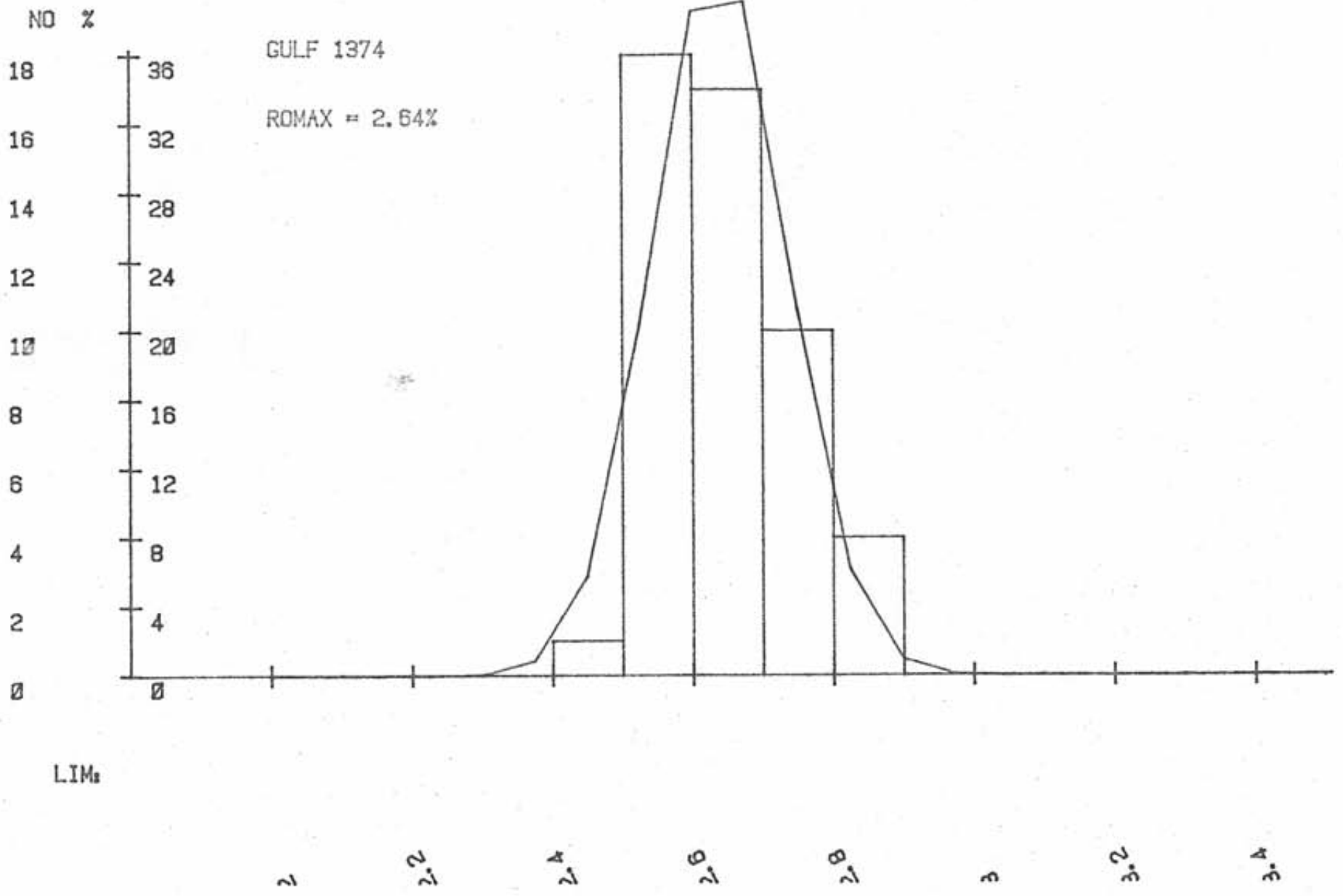
ACT+

6800
5600
5500
5400
6000
6500
6800
6000
5900
5800
6200
6100
7100
5700
6000
5700
6700
5900
5200
3900
7000
6500
6600
6000

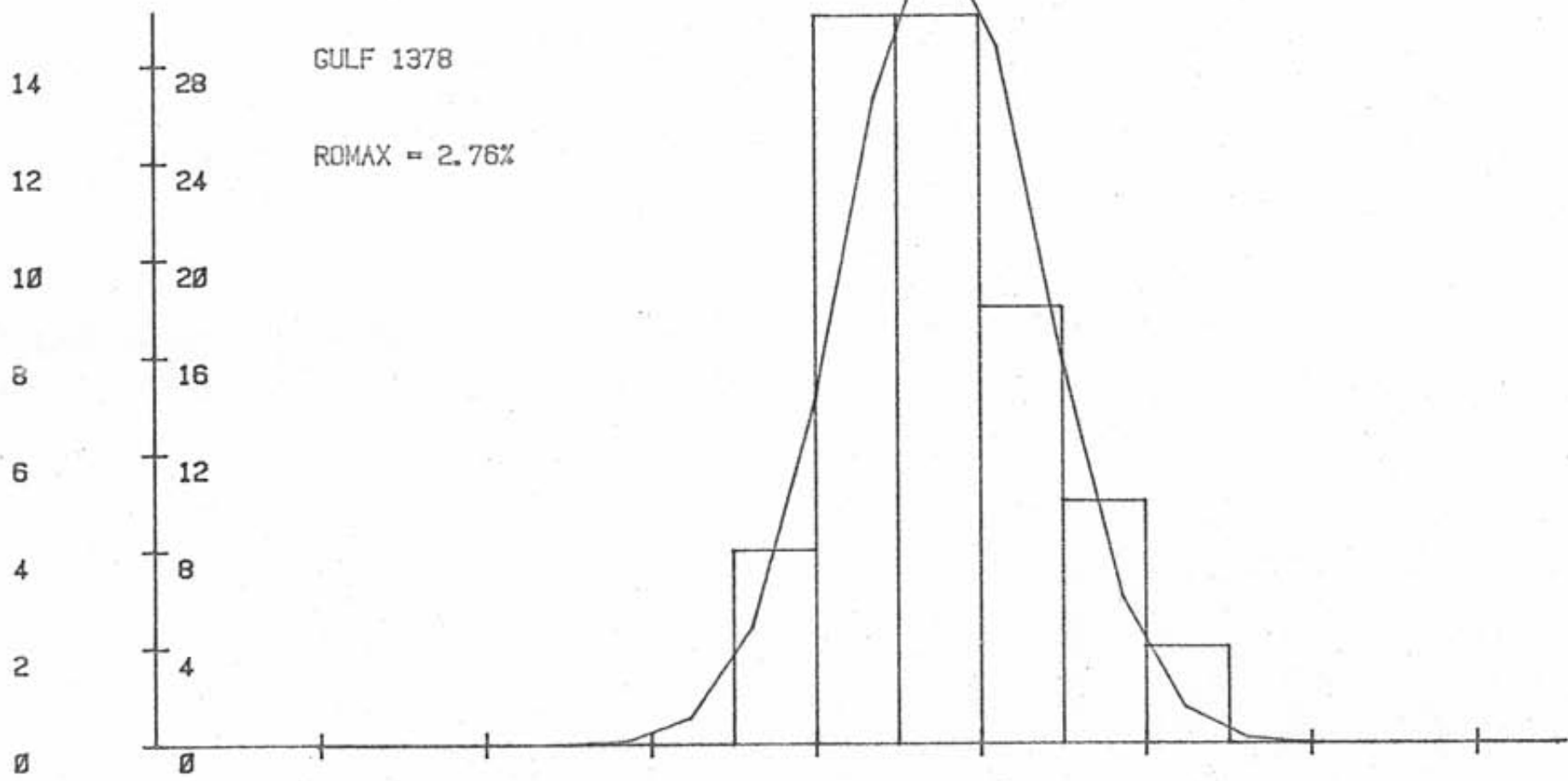








NO %

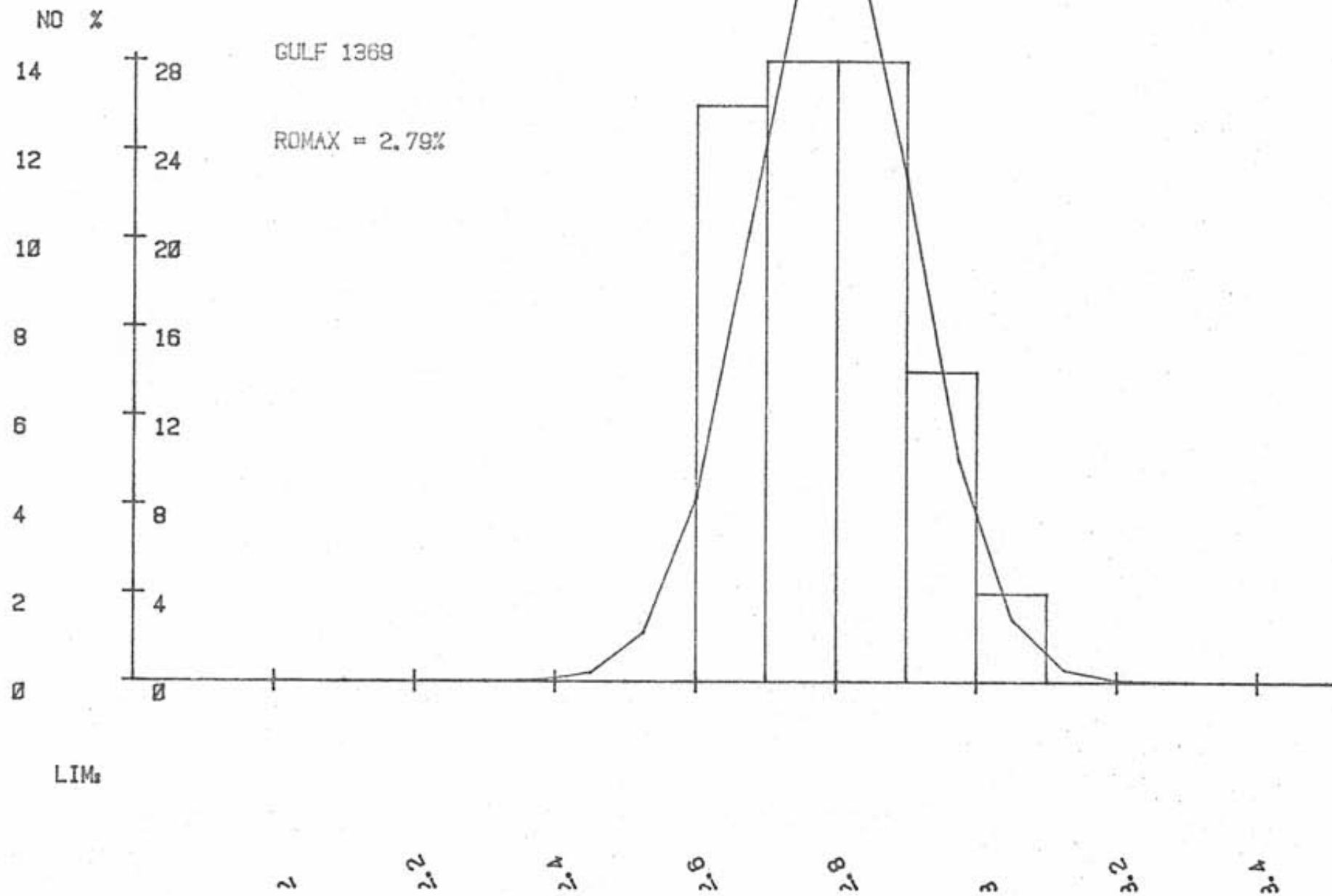


GULF 1378

ROMAX = 2.76%

LIM:

2 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3 3.2 3.4



GLF04

1

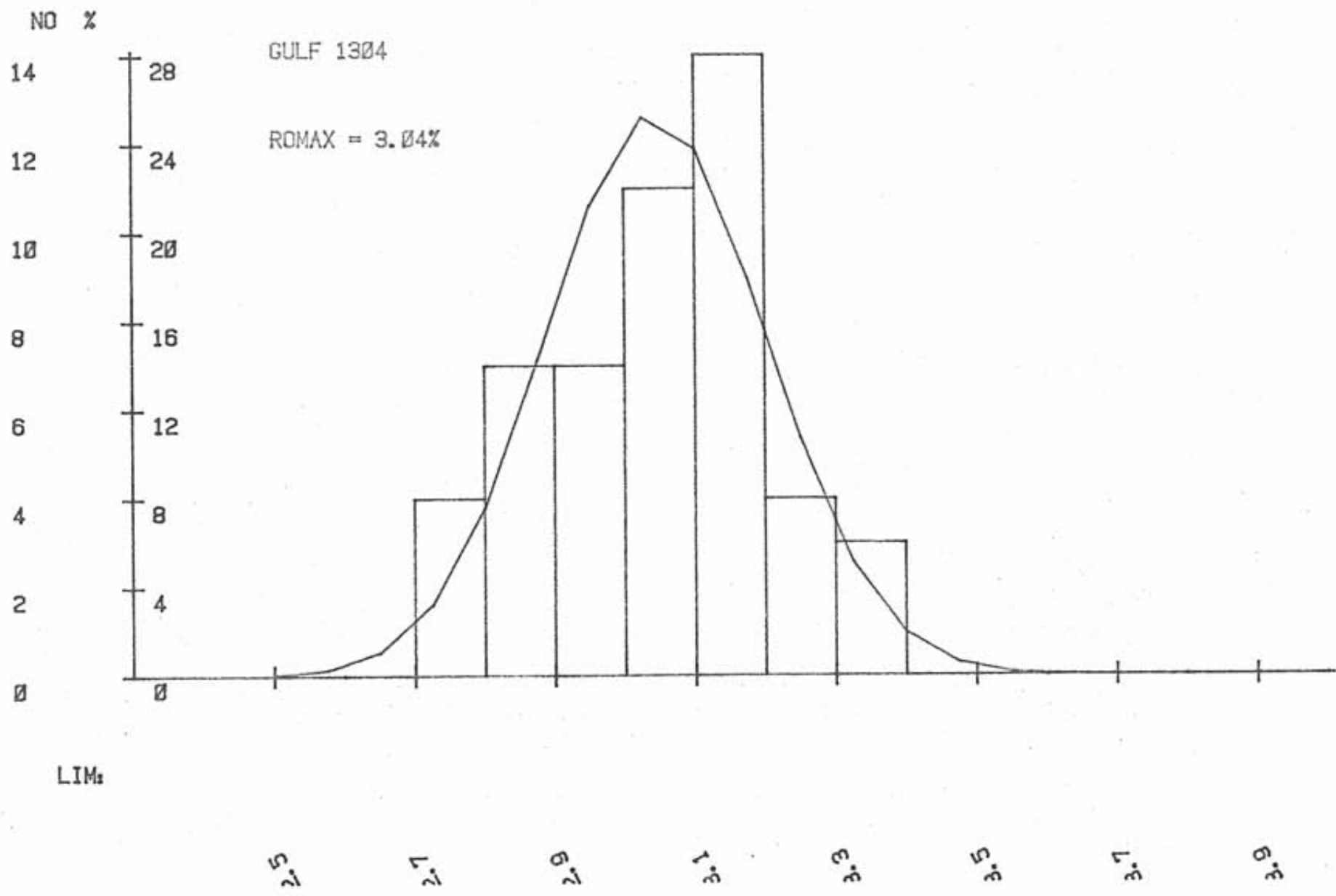
1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
25
27
29
31
33
35
37
39
41
43
45
47
49
51
53
55
57
59
61
63
65
67
69
71
73
75
77
79
81
83
85
87
89
91
93
95
97
99

X(I)

3.0700
2.7300
3.3300
2.9700
3.6700
2.8700
3.9900
3.0200
3.8900
3.6600
3.9900
3.9800
3.8300
3.0200
3.1400
3.1200
3.1300
3.0900
3.2300
3.7300
3.7600
3.3900
3.0900
3.8600
3.3600

X(I+1)

3.1400
3.8500
3.8100
3.1100
3.0500
3.9300
3.1600
3.1900
3.8900
3.1500
3.1600
3.9300
3.0100
3.1600
3.7700
3.1000
3.1000
3.1900
3.0400
3.1200
3.0400
3.0400
3.2900
3.0100
3.9700
3.6600





Report
on
forty-five coal samples
from the
Panorama Area.

August 1981

David E. Pearson & Associates Ltd.,
Consulting Coal Geologists and Petrographers,
804 Leota Place,
Victoria,
British Columbia

INTRODUCTION

Forty-five coal samples collected during detailed work on the Panorama licences during the early part of the 1981 field season were received at the coal laboratory on July 16, 1981. The samples had been previously pelletised at the Chipmunk base camp, and were ready for grinding and polishing.

MEASURING PROCEDURE

The pellets were placed on plates for attachment to the microscope stage. A LEITZ Orthoplan microscope-photometer interfaced to a HEWLETT-PACKARD 85 Series computer with HP-7225 plotter was used in the determinations. The microscope was standardised and 50 maximum reflectance measurements on the maceral vitrinite were made. The computer then determined the mean maximum reflectance of the readings together with the standard deviation, and drew the histogram contained in the appendix. The readings were grouped by the computer into "half-V steps" (units of 0.05% reflectance). The blue line in these histograms represents the computer-derived normal distribution curve for the determined values, and is an indication of the central tendency of that sample.

RESULTS

The results of the reflectance analysis are shown in Table 1; the statistical treatment of the data together with histograms are contained in the appendix.

All of the coals examined have levels of organic maturity that indicate them to be ANTHRACITES.

The lowest reflectance among the suite of coals is 2.43%; the highest is 4.00%. Corresponding volatile-matter yields would be 9% and 4% respectively.

TABLE 1
RESULTS

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Romax</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>	<u>Sample</u>	<u>Romax</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
JI-81-C1	2.35	0.12	DP-81- 4	3.07	0.08
C2	2.43	0.11	6	3.85	0.11
C3	2.39	0.16	8	3.89	0.10
C4	3.06	0.15	12	3.12	0.14
C5	3.37	0.13	23	2.98	0.07
C6	4.00	0.08	24	3.02	0.13
C7	3.19	0.09	25	2.97	0.08
C8	3.04	0.10	27		
C9	3.28	0.10	29	3.02	0.07
C10	3.19	0.10	30	2.84	0.07
KB-81-1-1C	2.68	0.08	31	2.90	0.07
9-2C	2.97	0.05	32	2.87	0.08
9-4C	2.76	0.09	33	2.75	0.05
10-1C	3.13	0.06	34	2.84	0.07
10-2C	3.21	0.08	35	2.97	0.07
10-5C	3.11	0.05	36	2.80	0.05
RB-81- 6	3.45	0.07			
- 7	3.44	0.10			
- 8	3.41	0.07			
SLB-81-24	3.75	0.06			
-25	3.44	0.08			
-26	3.38	0.10			
-28	3.30	0.10			
-30	3.84	0.09			
-41	3.31	0.08			
-46½	3.26	0.04			
-58½	3.40	0.10			
-63 seam 2	3.41	0.12			
-63 seam 3	3.32	0.08			

APPENDIX.

JI-81-C1

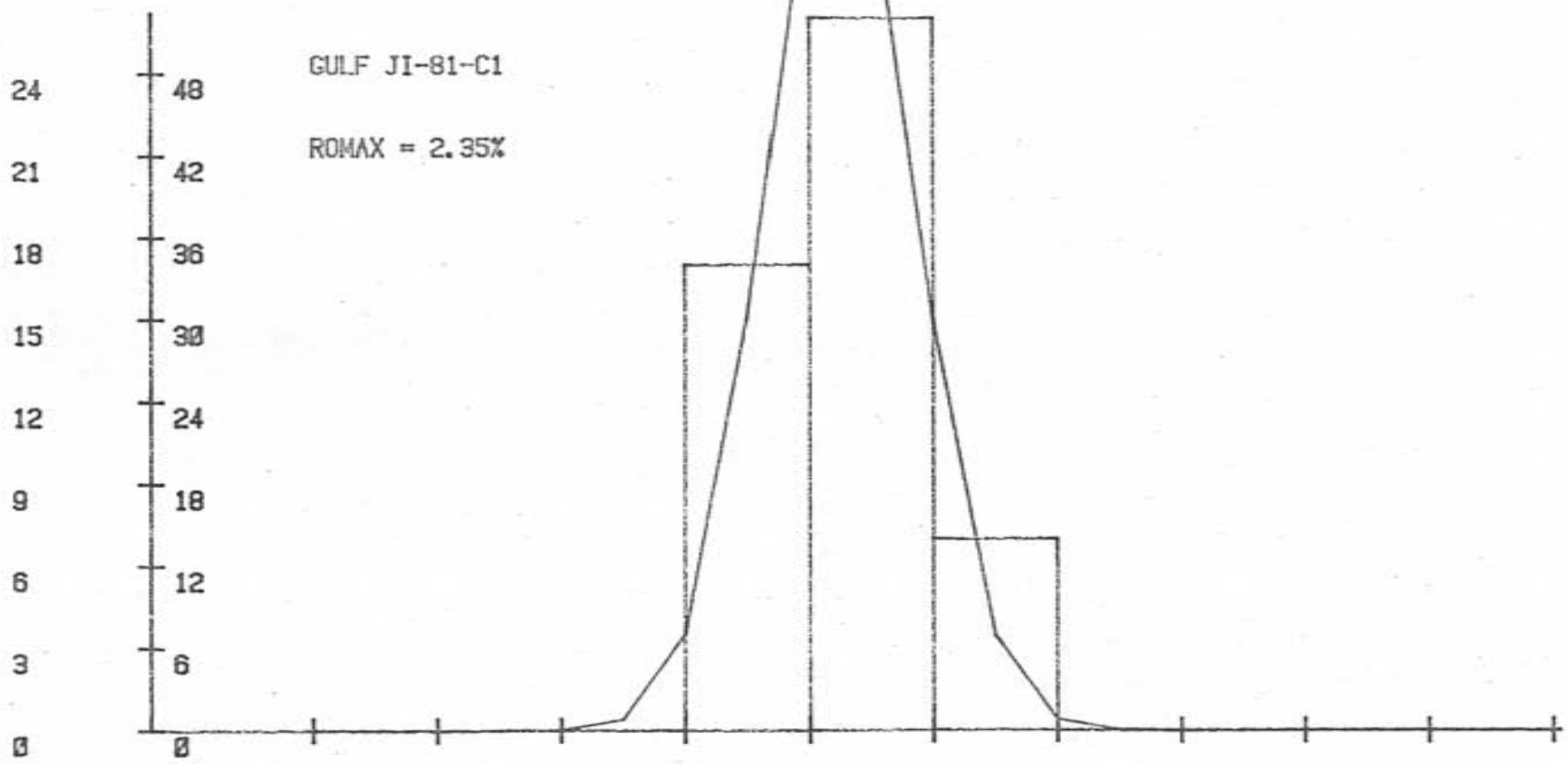
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	5700	4800
2	5500	5100
3	3200	3500
4	3800	5100
5	3600	3300
6	1400	1500
7	2100	1900
8	4900	5000
9	4600	3300
10	1600	4100
11	1700	2100
12	3400	3500
13	5100	5000
14	4300	3300
15	3300	3300
16	2300	3300
17	1800	4100
18	1700	4200
19	4200	4100
20	4100	3300
21	3300	3000
22	3000	4500
23	2600	4500
24	4200	3700
25	2200	3000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .92
 MEAN = 2.3496
 COEF OF VARIATION = 4.99%
 VARIANCE = .0137
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .1172
 SKEWNESS = .0152
 KURTOSIS = 2.0499

95.00% - 1. FOR MEAN
 2.3163, 2.3829
 ONE-TAIL T(49) .025 =
 2.0107, 5.0016

NO %



LIM

5.1

7.1

9.1

2.1

2.3

2.5

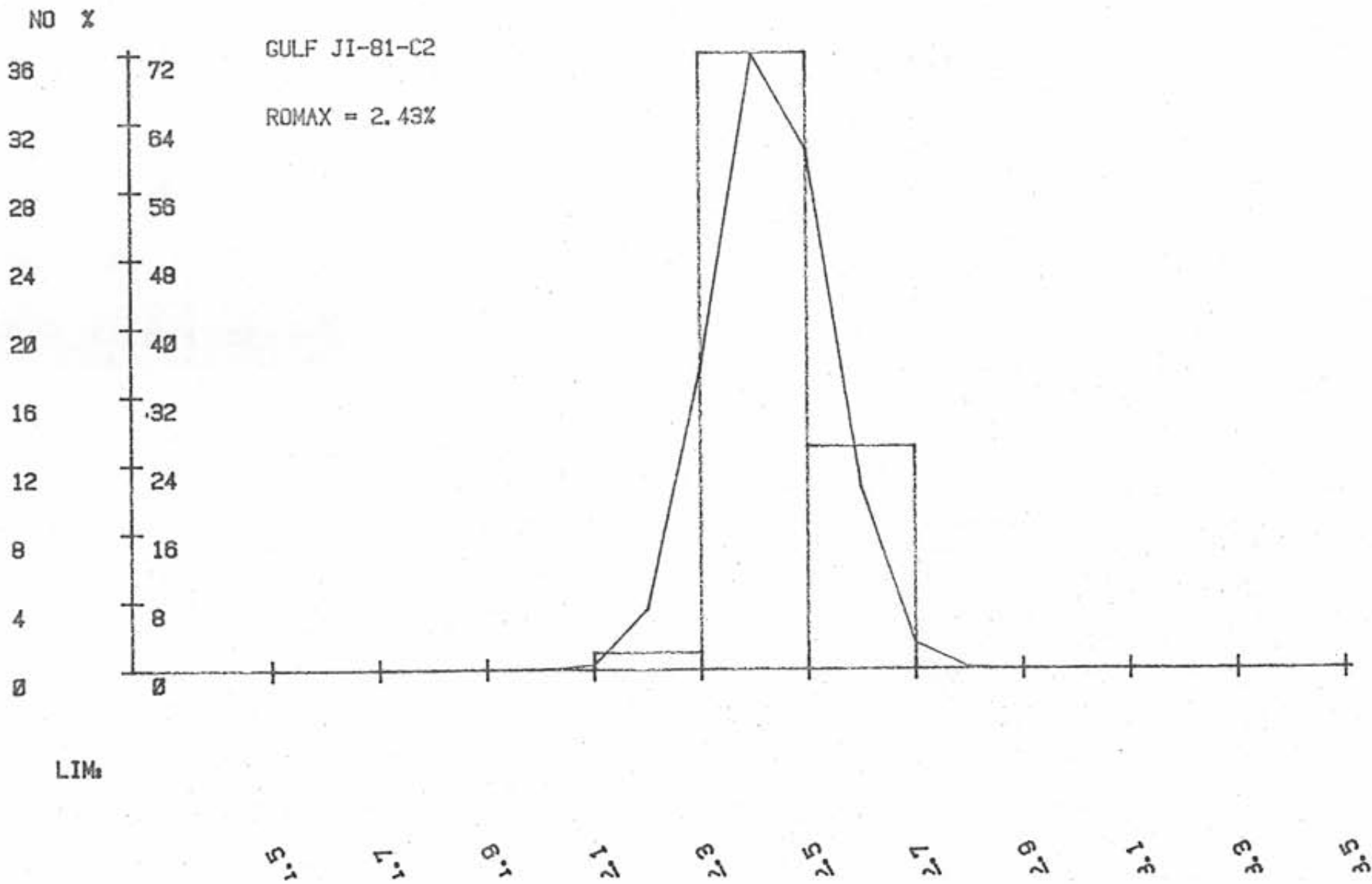
2.7

2.9

3.1

3.3

3.5



J1-81- C3

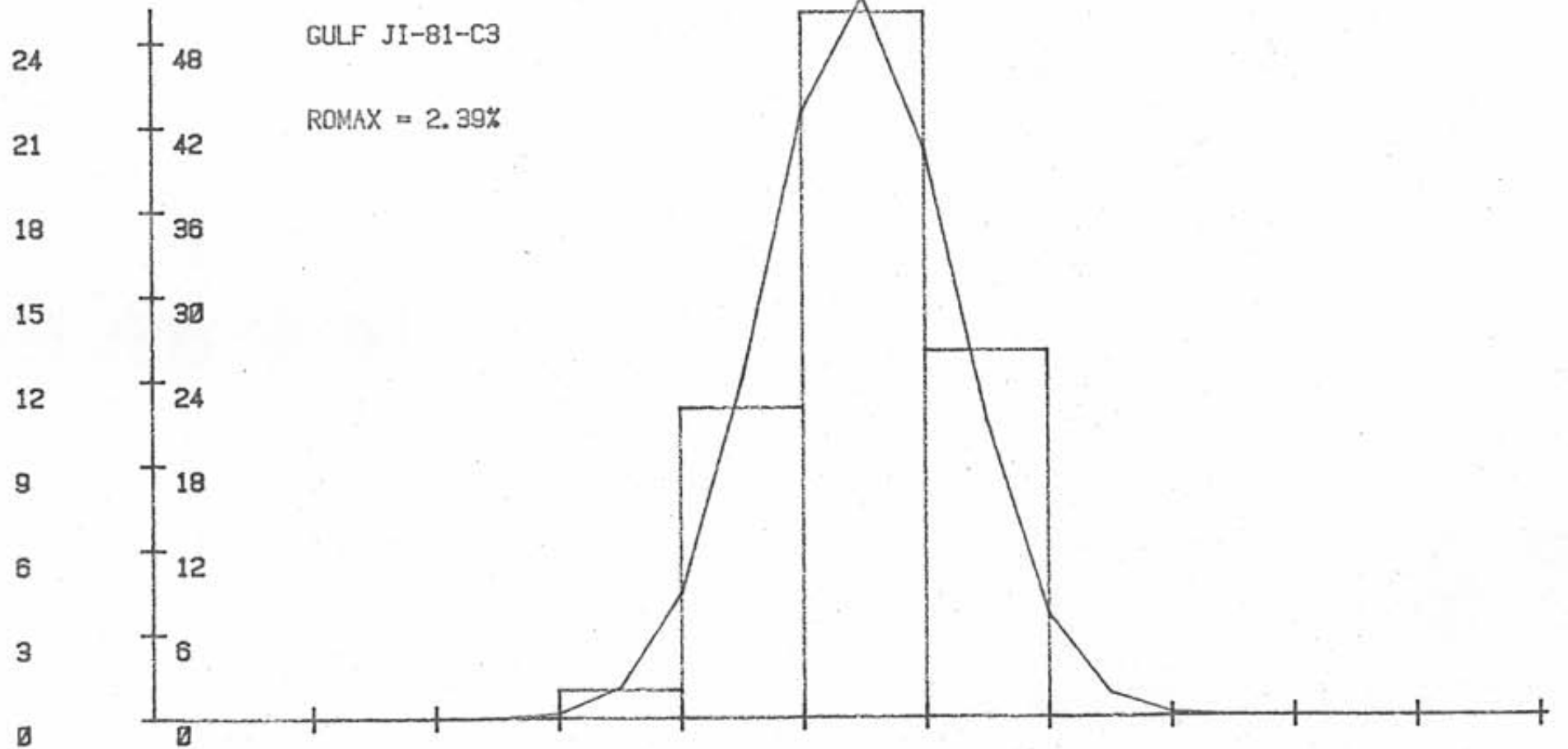
1	1)	11+1)
	5000	4500
	5200	4700
	5400	4900
	5600	5100
	5800	5300
	6000	5500
	6200	5700
	6400	5900
	6600	6100
	6800	6300
	7000	6500
	7200	6700
	7400	6900
	7600	7100
	7800	7300
	8000	7500
	8200	7700
	8400	7900
	8600	8100
	8800	8300
	9000	8500
	9200	8700
	9400	8900
	9600	9100
	9800	9300
	10000	9500

DATA ** 111

N = 30
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .62
MEAN = 2.3920
COEF OF VARIATION = 6.524
VARIANCE = .0248
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1540
SKEWNESS = .0879
KURTOSIS = .0753

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.3477, 2.4363)
ONE-TAIL TO 45% 021.34
2.01003450015

NO %



GULF JI-81-C3

ROMAX = 2.39%

LIM_i

0.5 1.1 1.7 2.3 2.9 3.5

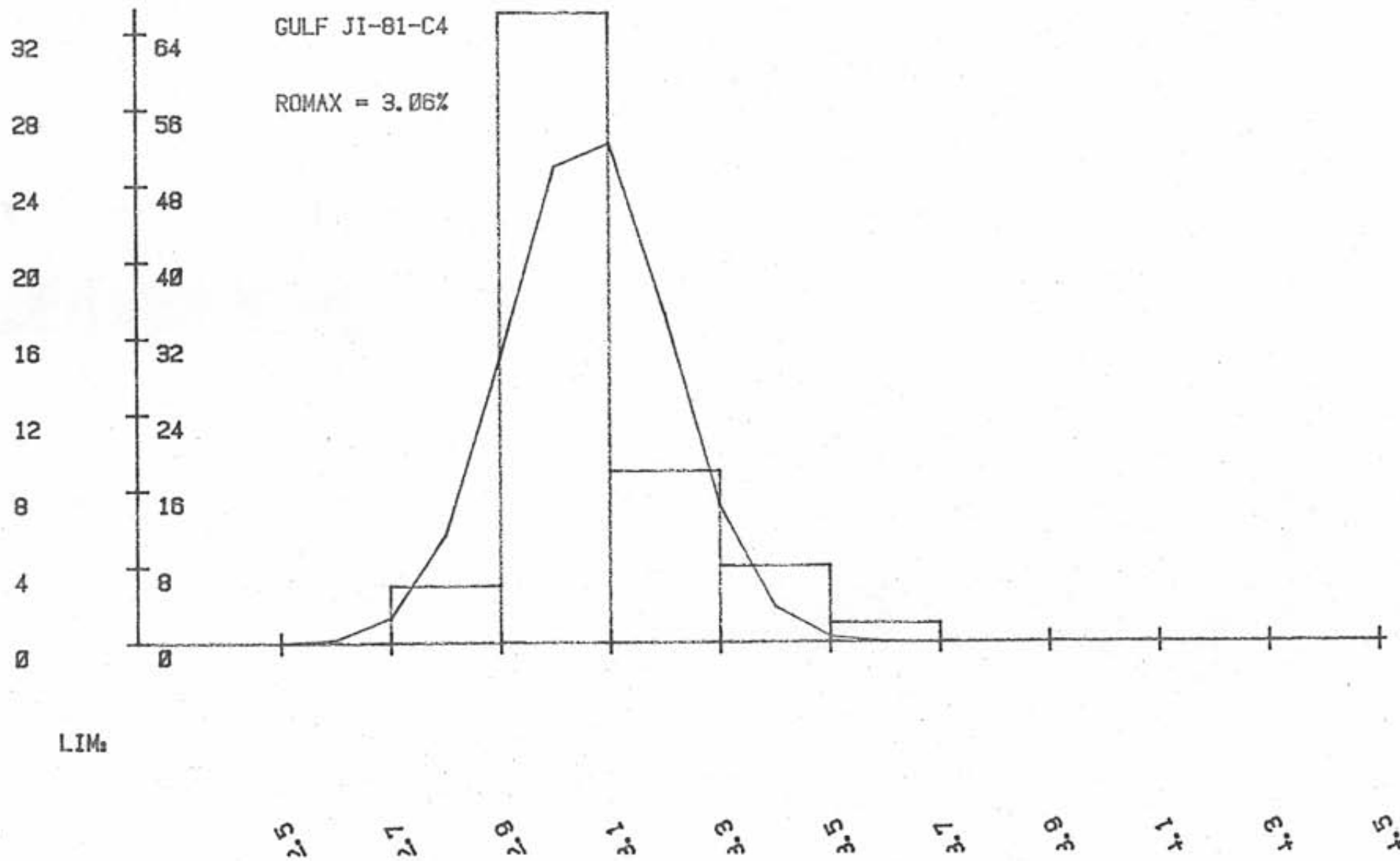
J1-81-C4.

	X(1)	X(1+1)
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34		
35		
36		
37		
38		
39		
40		
41		
42		
43		
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45		
46		
47		
48		
49		
50		
51		
52		
53		
54		
55		
56		
57		
58		
59		
60		
61		
62		
63		
64		
65		
66		
67		
68		
69		
70		
71		
72		
73		
74		
75		
76		
77		
78		
79		
80		
81		
82		
83		
84		
85		
86		
87		
88		
89		
90		
91		
92		
93		
94		
95		
96		
97		
98		
99		
100		

BASIC STATISTICS
N = 50
STANDARD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 0.147
MEAN = 3.652
COEFF OF VARIATION = 4.808
VARIANCE = .0216
STANDARD DEVIATION = 1473
SKEWNESS = 2.585
KURTOSIS = 4.6556

95.00% CI FOR MEAN
3.4144 3.8896
ME-TAT = 48 .025
3.1188 4.1016

NO %



LIMs

JI-81-C5.

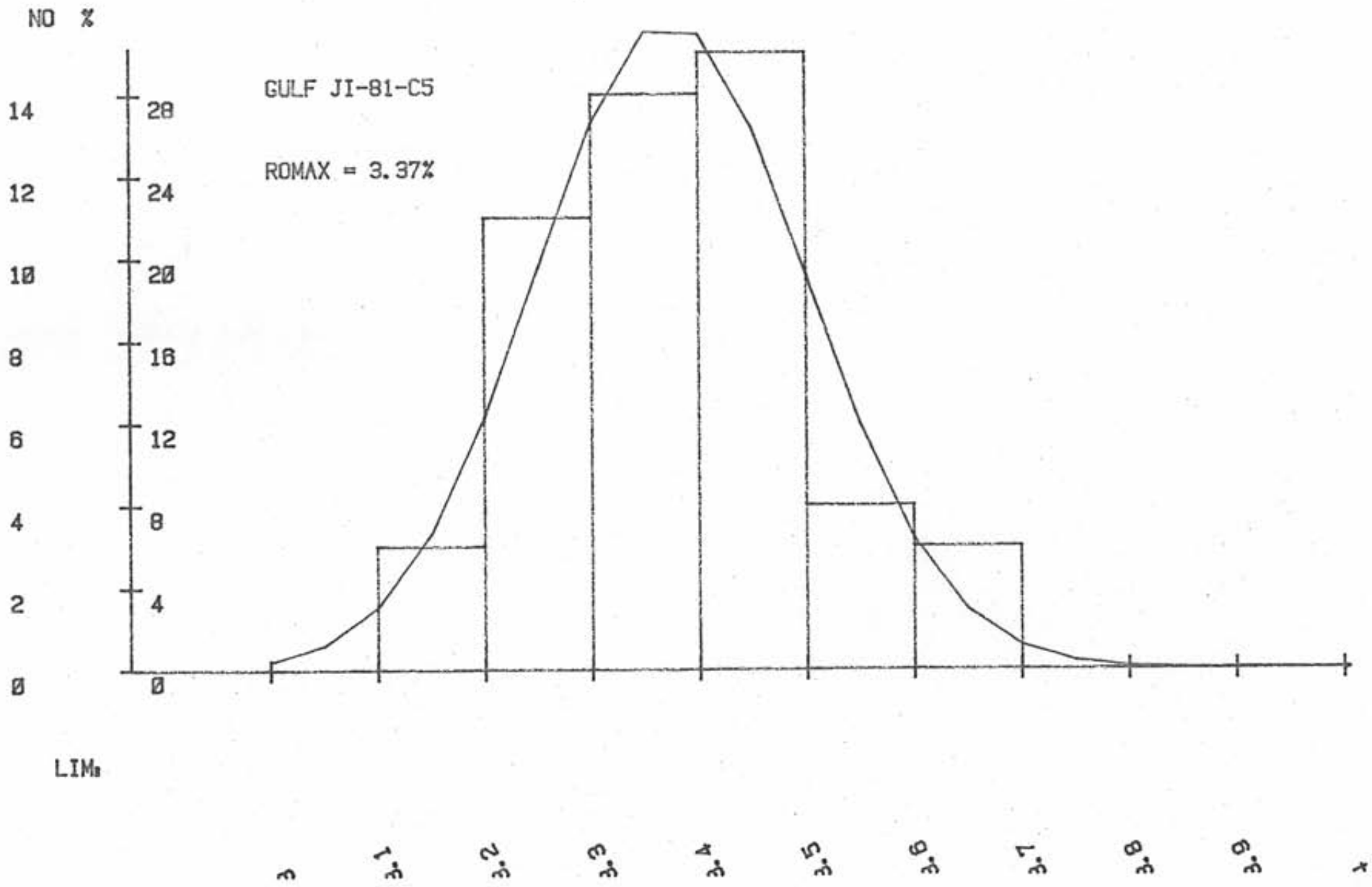
4900
 4800
 4700
 4600
 4500
 4400
 4300
 4200
 4100
 4000
 3900
 3800
 3700
 3600
 3500
 3400
 3300
 3200
 3100
 3000
 2900
 2800
 2700
 2600
 2500
 2400
 2300
 2200
 2100
 2000
 1900
 1800
 1700
 1600
 1500

4900
 4800
 4700
 4600
 4500
 4400
 4300
 4200
 4100
 4000
 3900
 3800
 3700
 3600
 3500
 3400
 3300
 3200
 3100
 3000
 2900
 2800
 2700
 2600
 2500
 2400
 2300
 2200
 2100
 2000
 1900
 1800
 1700
 1600
 1500

PARAM. STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD. ERROR OF THE MEAN = .92
 MEAN = 3.3736
 COEFF. OF VARIATION = .270
 VARIANCE = .0160
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .125
 SKENNESS = .2491
 KURTOSIS = 2.4718

95% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (3.379, 3.468)
 ONE-TAIL T(49) .025 =
 1.863, .0015

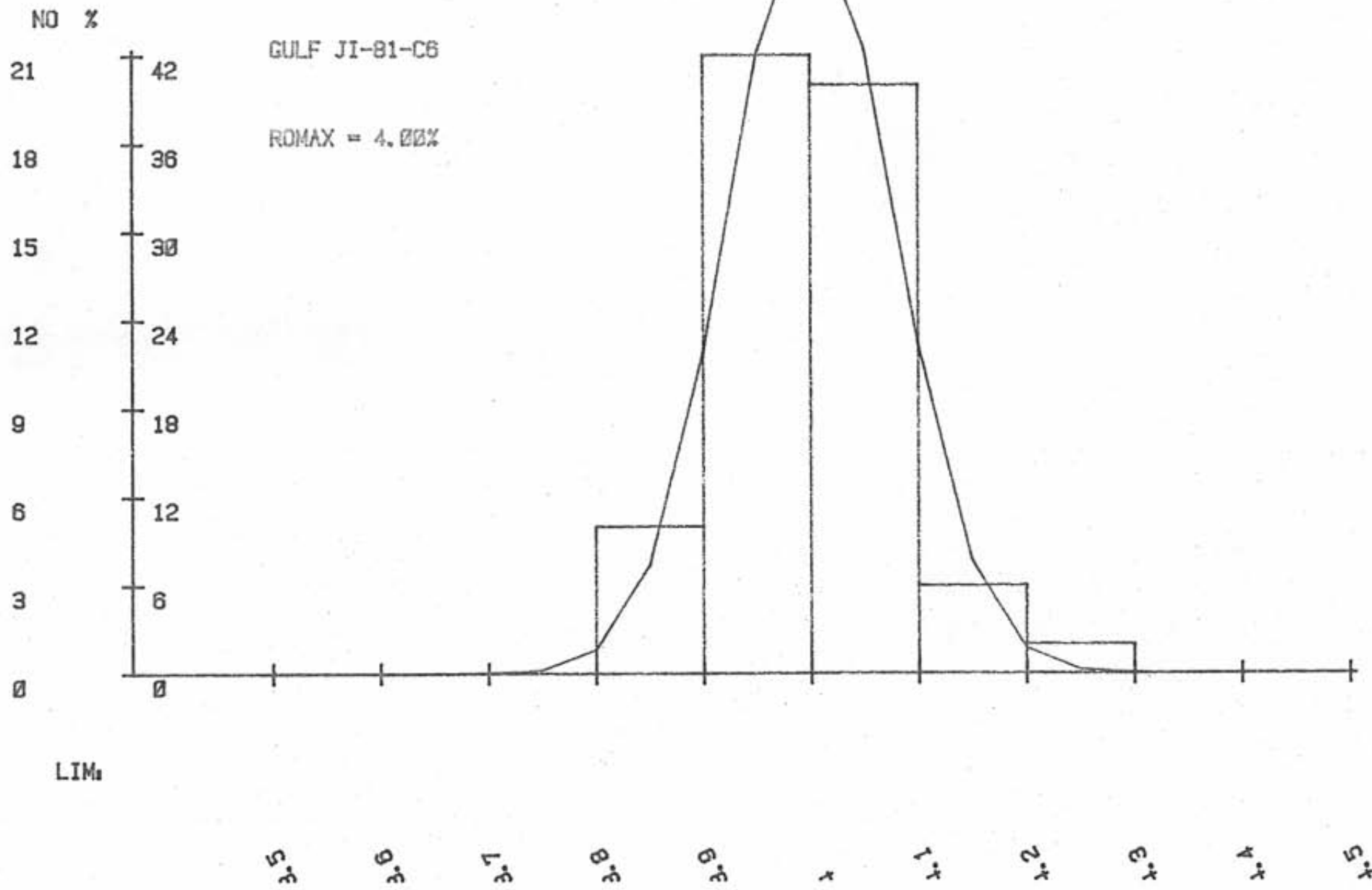


JI-81-C6.

I	J	K	X(I-J)
42	4	4	0.0000
43	4	4	0.0000
44	4	4	0.0000
45	4	4	0.0000
46	4	4	0.0000
47	4	4	0.0000
48	4	4	0.0000
49	4	4	0.0000
50	4	4	0.0000
51	4	4	0.0000
52	4	4	0.0000
53	4	4	0.0000
54	4	4	0.0000
55	4	4	0.0000
56	4	4	0.0000
57	4	4	0.0000
58	4	4	0.0000
59	4	4	0.0000
60	4	4	0.0000
61	4	4	0.0000
62	4	4	0.0000
63	4	4	0.0000
64	4	4	0.0000
65	4	4	0.0000
66	4	4	0.0000
67	4	4	0.0000
68	4	4	0.0000
69	4	4	0.0000
70	4	4	0.0000
71	4	4	0.0000
72	4	4	0.0000
73	4	4	0.0000
74	4	4	0.0000
75	4	4	0.0000
76	4	4	0.0000
77	4	4	0.0000
78	4	4	0.0000
79	4	4	0.0000
80	4	4	0.0000
81	4	4	0.0000
82	4	4	0.0000
83	4	4	0.0000
84	4	4	0.0000
85	4	4	0.0000
86	4	4	0.0000
87	4	4	0.0000
88	4	4	0.0000
89	4	4	0.0000
90	4	4	0.0000
91	4	4	0.0000
92	4	4	0.0000
93	4	4	0.0000
94	4	4	0.0000
95	4	4	0.0000
96	4	4	0.0000
97	4	4	0.0000
98	4	4	0.0000
99	4	4	0.0000
100	4	4	0.0000

BASIC STATISTICS
 #####
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 4.0000
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.96%
 VARIANCE = .0058
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0760
 SKEWNESS = .4897
 KURTOSIS = 3.8692

95.00% C I. FOR MEAN:
 3.9792, 4.0224)
 ONE-TAIL (49, .025) =
 2.01683450016



JI-81-C7

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	.2300	2700
2	.2600	2500
3	.3000	3100
4	.1900	3000
5	.1300	3000
6	.2600	0400
7	.2000	3500
8	.2600	1200
9	.2700	0300
10	.1500	0900
11	.0500	1300
12	.1400	2200
13	.0900	1400
14	.3000	1000
15	.5200	1600
16	.0600	3900
17	.0100	1800
18	.1200	1000
19	.1400	2900
20	.0200	1100
21	.4200	2500
22	.2400	3500
23	.1600	1200
24	.1700	1500
25	.2400	2600

BASIC STATISTICS

```

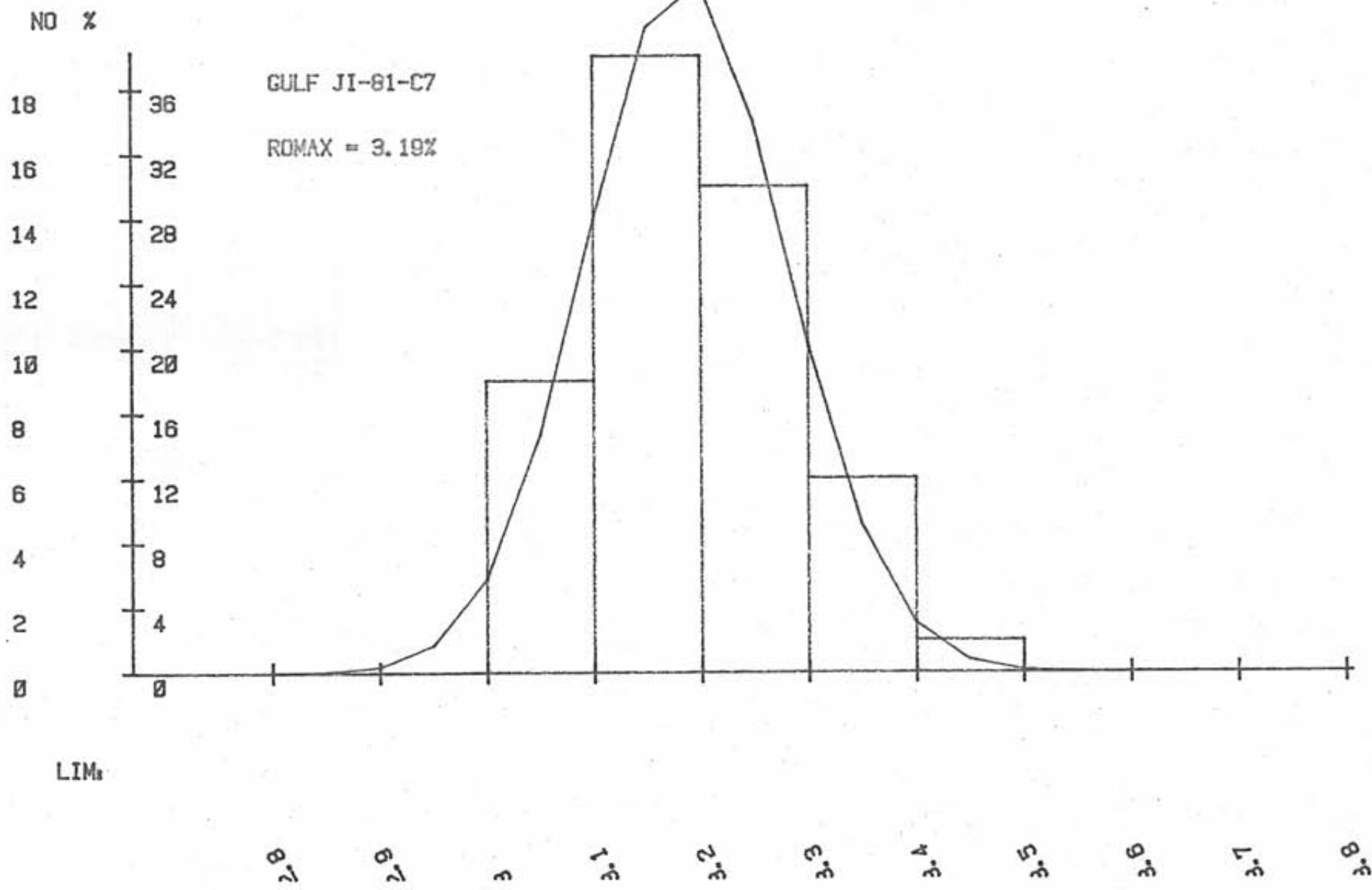
*****
N = 50
STD. ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.1864
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.92%
VARIANCE = .0086
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0929
SKEWNESS = .0335
KURTOSIS = 2.4065

```

```

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
( 3.1690, 3.2128)
ONE-TAIL t( 49, .025 ) =
2.01003450016

```

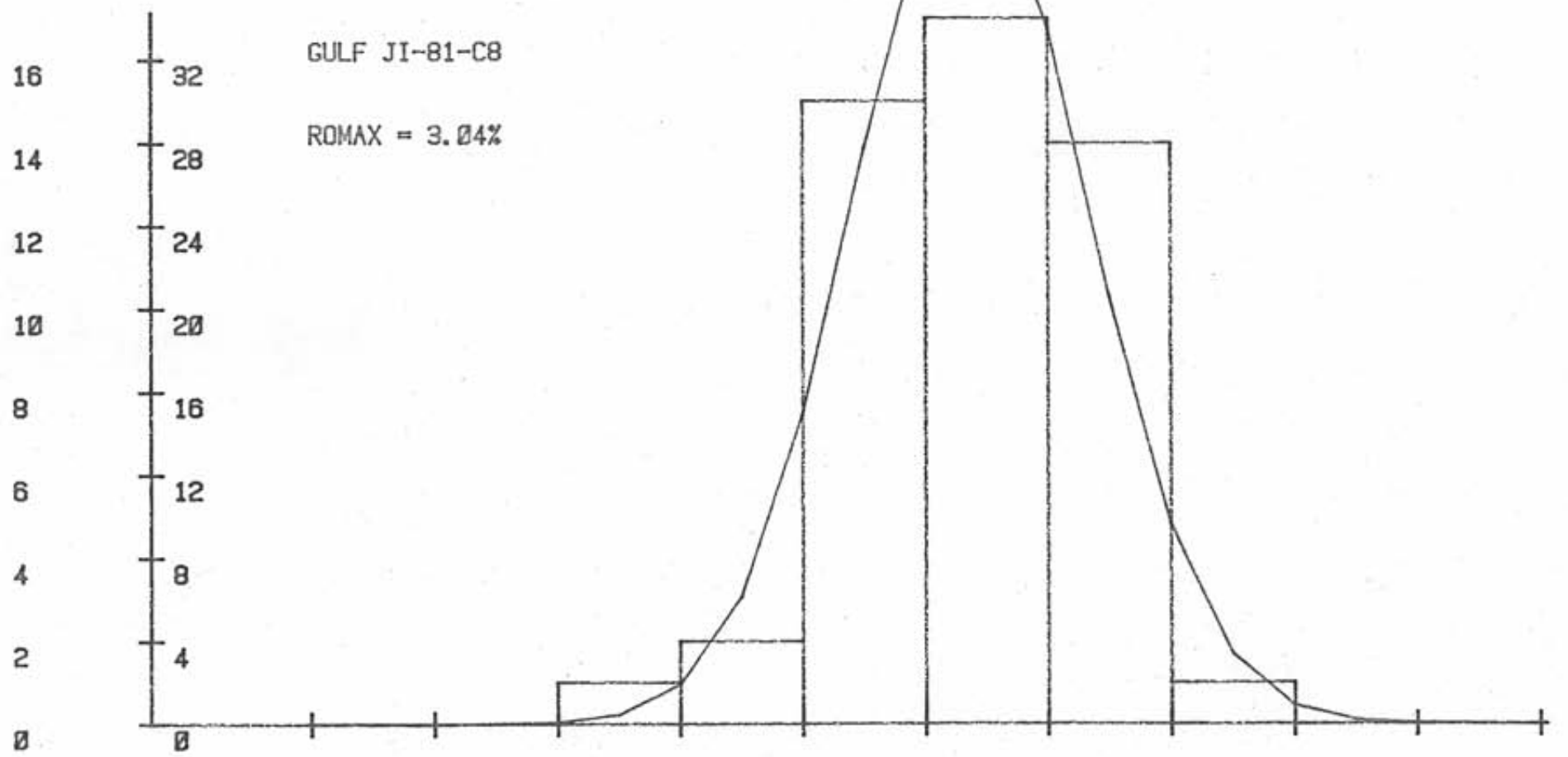
JI-81-C8.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
40	0.0700	0.0700
41	0.1200	0.1200
42	0.1700	0.1700
43	0.2400	0.2400
44	0.3000	0.3000
45	0.3600	0.3600
46	0.4000	0.4000
47	0.4400	0.4400
48	0.4800	0.4800
49	0.5200	0.5200
50	0.5600	0.5600
51	0.6000	0.6000
52	0.6400	0.6400
53	0.6800	0.6800
54	0.7200	0.7200
55	0.7600	0.7600
56	0.8000	0.8000
57	0.8400	0.8400
58	0.8800	0.8800
59	0.9200	0.9200
60	0.9600	0.9600
61	1.0000	1.0000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.6366
 COEF OF VARIATION = 3.13%
 VARIANCE = .0091
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0952
 SKEWNESS = -1.688
 KURTOSIS = 2.8700
 95.00% L.I. OF MEAN
 (3.0095, 3.0637)
 ONE-TAIL T(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %



GULF JI-81-C8

ROMAX = 3.04%

LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

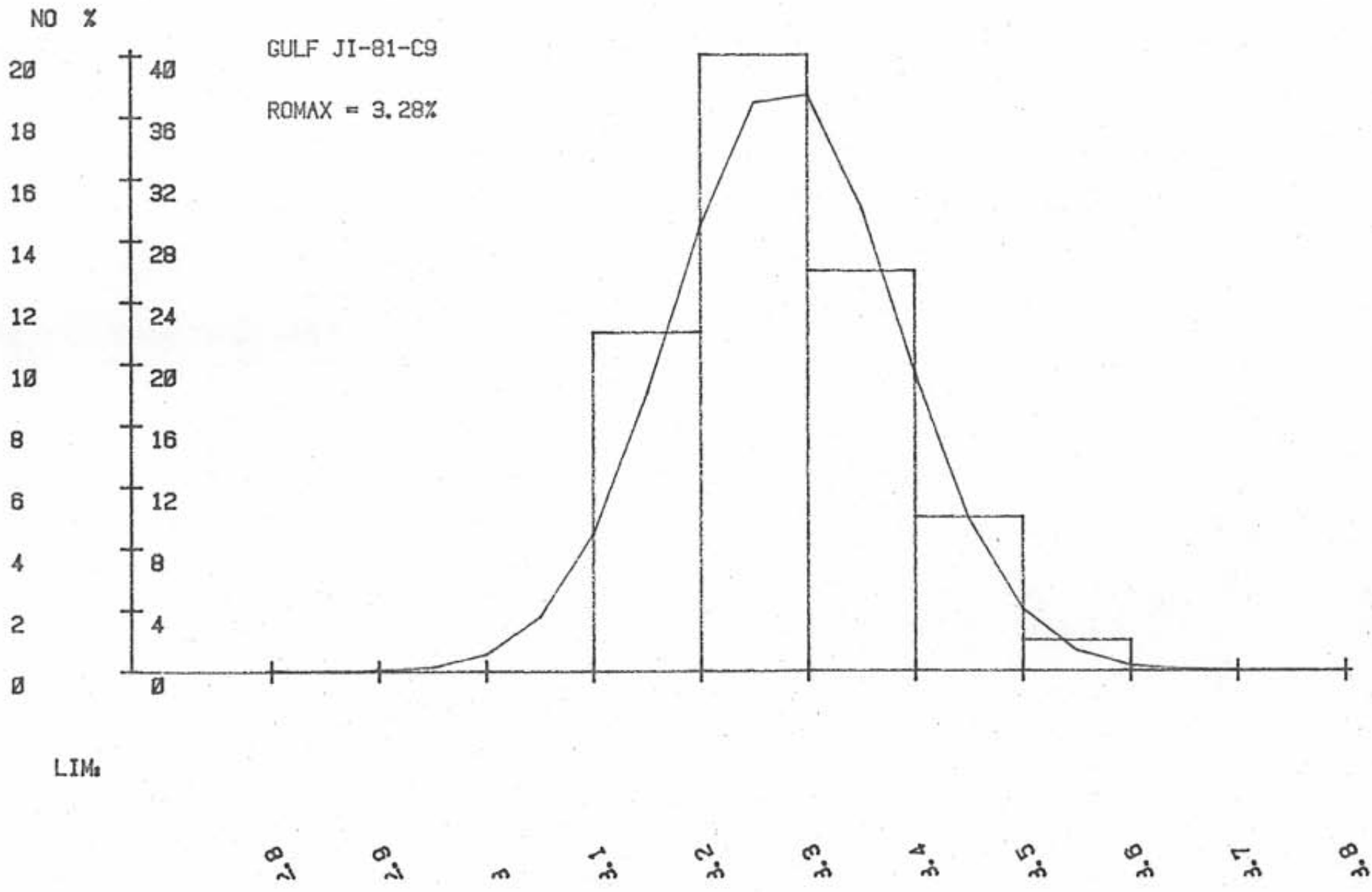
JI-81- C9.

	X(1)	X(1+1)
3	1000	3 1000
4	2400	3 2200
5	1600	3 1600
6	2000	3 2200
7	2700	3 2200
8	1500	3 1800
9	4100	3 1500
10	2000	3 1300
11	1300	3 2400
12	1400	3 4700
13	3500	3 3000
14	4300	3 4300
15	3200	3 3800
16	1900	3 2200
17	2700	3 3700
18	2600	3 2600
19	2900	3 2400
20	3300	3 2800
21	3600	3 3500
22	3700	3 3500
23	3900	3 4500
24	2700	3 3400
25	3800	3 3400
26	3200	3 3700
27	3900	3 3100

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .1
 MEAN = 3.2780
 COEF OF VARIATION = 3.18
 VARIANCE = .0109
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .104
 SKEWNESS = .4234
 KURTOSIS = 2.8497

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (3.2483, 3.3077)
 ONE-TAIL t (49 , .025) =
 2.01003450016



JI-81-C10.

I	X(I)	X(I)-1
1	3.3500	3.0000
2	3.1000	3.0700
3	3.2300	3.0700
4	3.0400	3.1000
5	3.1000	3.2200
6	3.0800	3.2800
7	3.1200	3.4200
8	3.1900	3.1300
9	3.2000	3.3000
10	3.1400	3.1500
11	3.2200	3.1900
12	3.1000	3.2200
13	3.1100	3.1300
14	3.1700	3.1600
15	3.1800	3.1200
16	3.1200	3.1400
17	3.2500	3.0600
18	3.1300	3.0100
19	3.1700	3.3300
20	3.1600	3.3500
21	3.3100	3.1500
22	3.1700	3.1900
23	3.1700	3.1300
24	3.1300	3.2600
25	3.5400	3.1700

BASIC STATISTICS

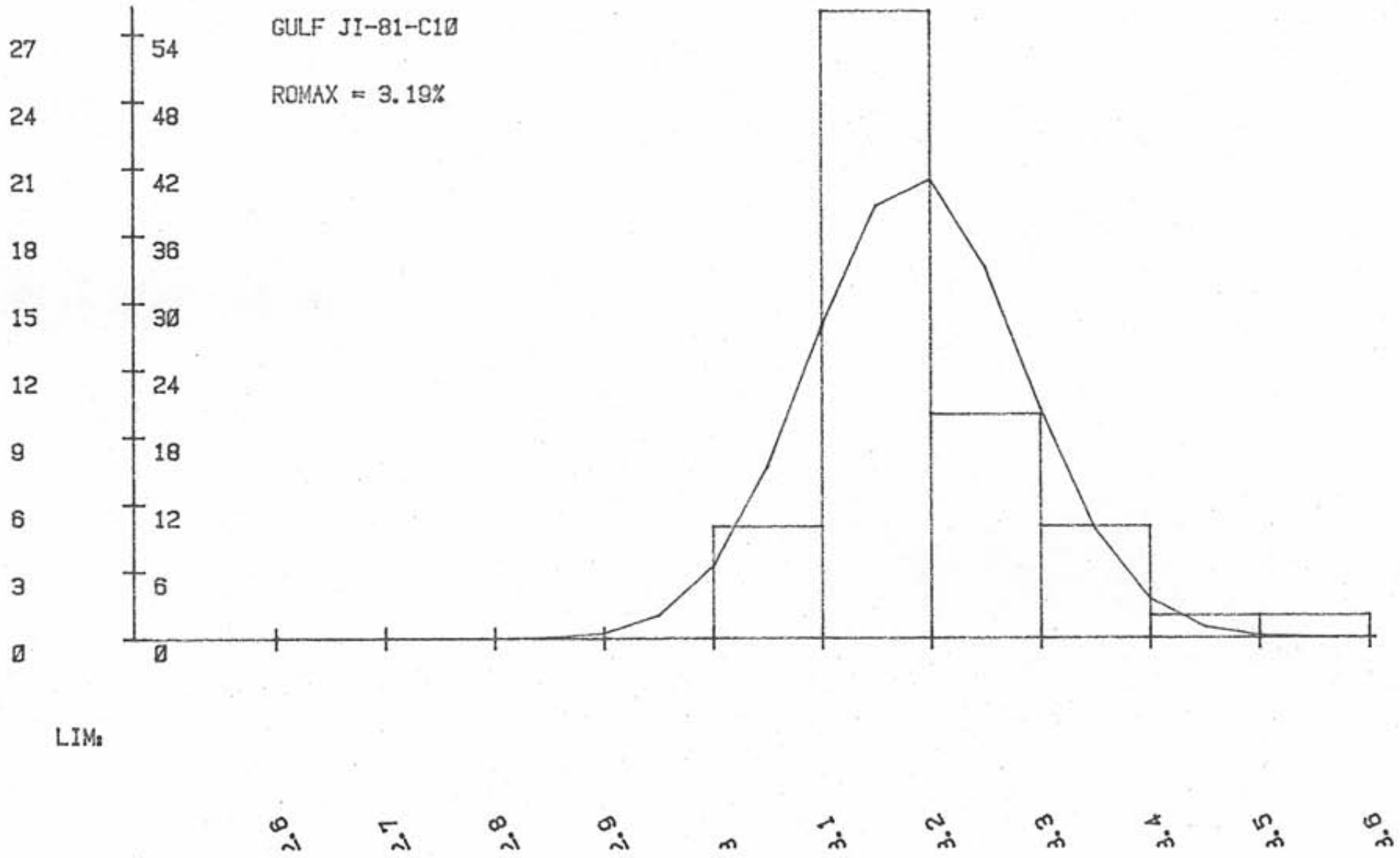
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.1858
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.02%
VARIANCE = .0093
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0964
SKEWNESS = 1.3866
KURTOSIS = 5.4906

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.1584, 3.2132)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF JI-81-C10

ROMAX = 3.19%



LIMs

KB-81-1-1C.

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	7800	7400
2	6600	7800
3	6200	6800
4	6400	7800
5	6100	5900
6	6500	6300
7	6300	6100
8	6500	7600
9	9100	6300
10	7200	7200
11	7000	6200
12	7400	6700
13	6400	6500
14	6500	6100
15	6100	6000
16	6700	7100
17	7700	6400
18	6300	5600
19	6900	5900
20	6600	6300
21	5900	6400
22	6900	5900
23	6400	6600
24	6900	7300
25	7800	6800

BASIC STATISTICS

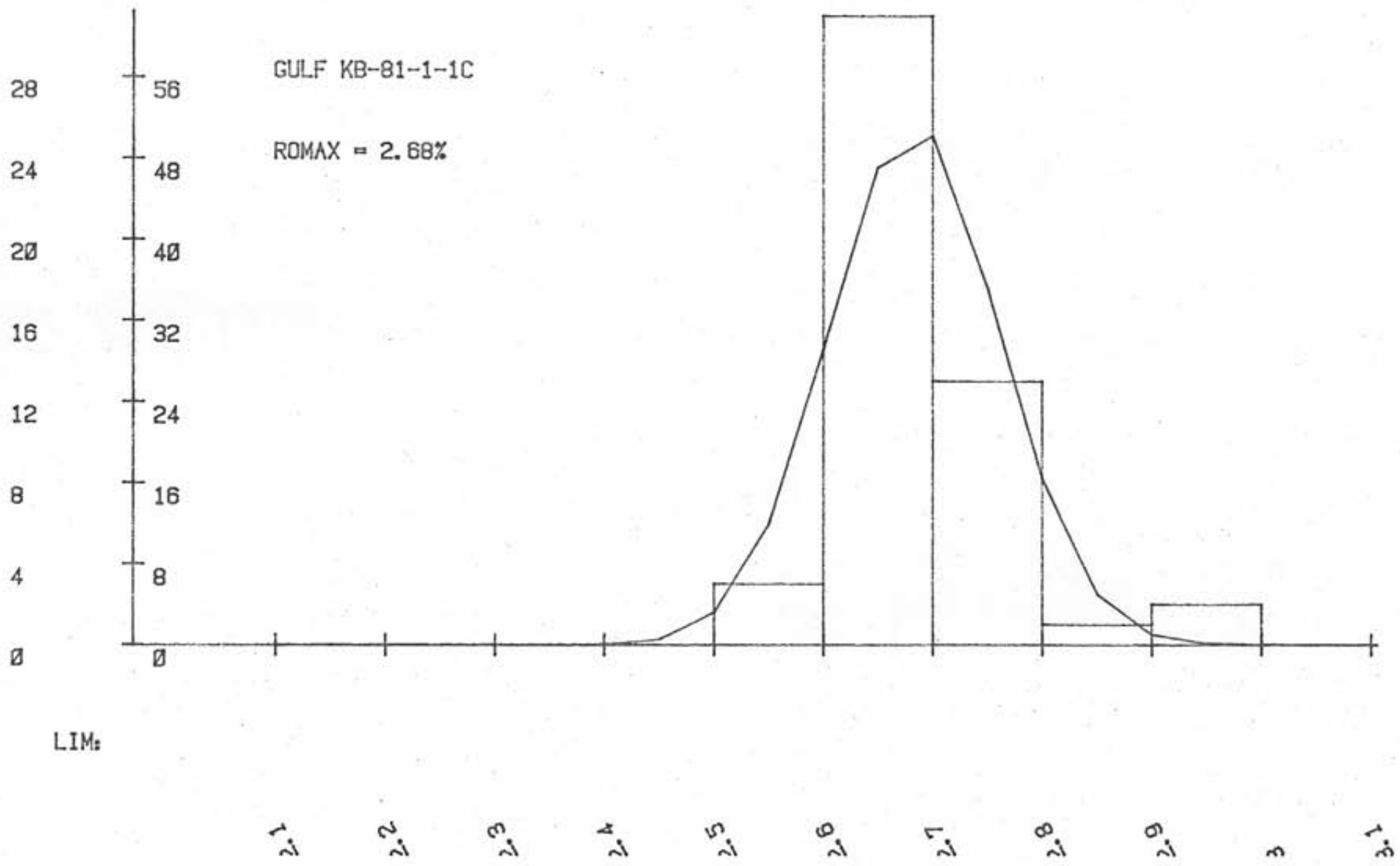
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .61
 MEAN = 2.6826
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.89%
 VARIANCE = .0060
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .6775
 SKEWNESS = 1.3859
 KURTOSIS = 4.6858

 95 99% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.6606, 2.7046)
 ONE-TAIL (.49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-1-1C

ROMAX = 2.68%



LIM:

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1

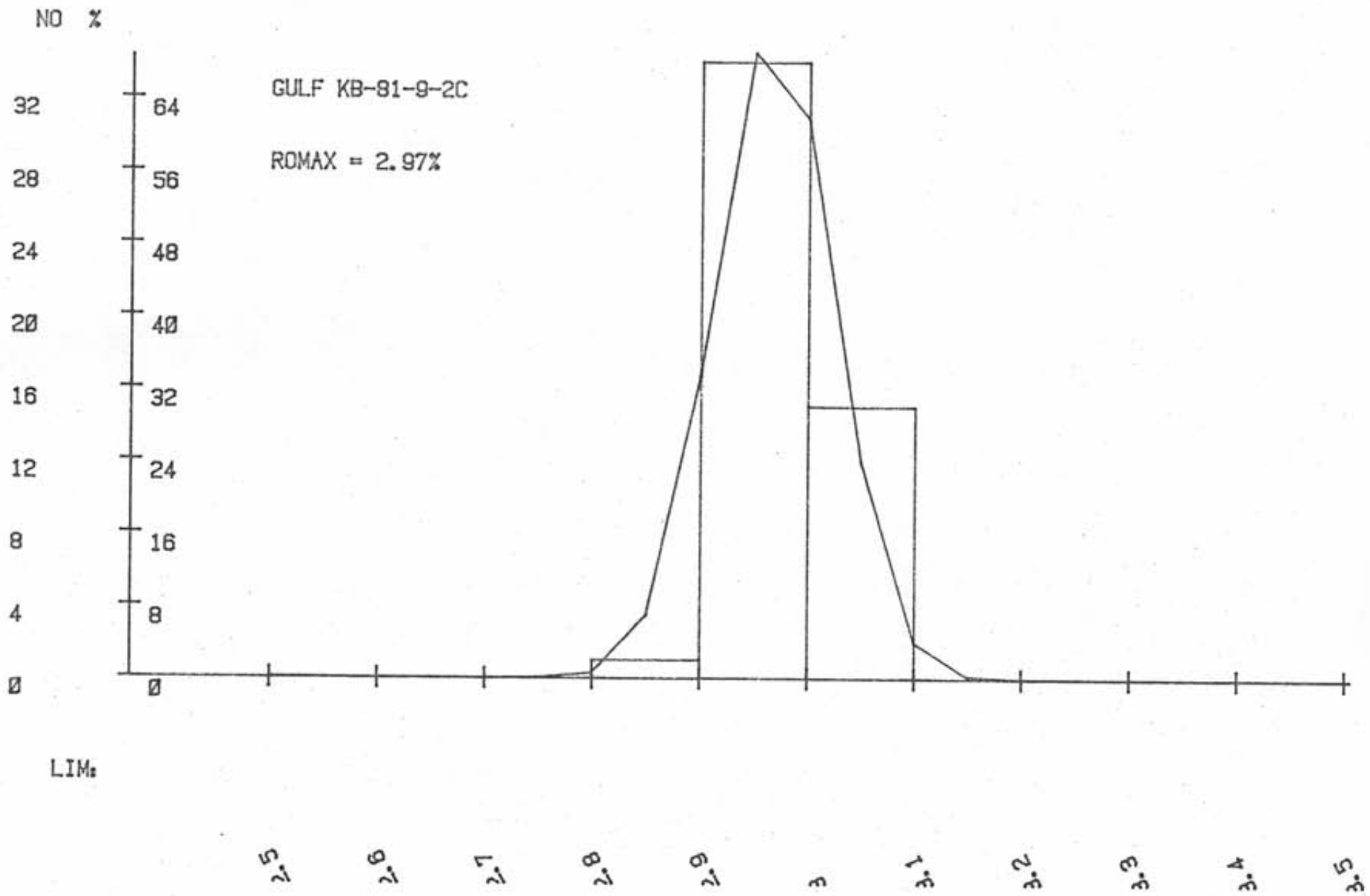
KB-81-9-2C

	X(I)	X(I+1)
41	0100	0000
42	0000	0200
43	0100	0200
44	0100	0100
45	0100	0100
46	0400	0100
47	0000	0000
48	0200	0000
49	0900	0000
50	0000	0000
51	0000	0000
52	0000	0000
53	0000	0000
54	0000	0000
55	0000	0000
56	0000	0000
57	0000	0000
58	0000	0000
59	0000	0000
60	0000	0000
61	0000	0000
62	0000	0000
63	0000	0000
64	0000	0000
65	0000	0000
66	0000	0000
67	0000	0000
68	0000	0000
69	0000	0000
70	0000	0000
71	0000	0000
72	0000	0000
73	0000	0000
74	0000	0000
75	0000	0000
76	0000	0000
77	0000	0000
78	0000	0000
79	0000	0000
80	0000	0000
81	0000	0000
82	0000	0000
83	0000	0000
84	0000	0000
85	0000	0000
86	0000	0000
87	0000	0000
88	0000	0000
89	0000	0000
90	0000	0000
91	0000	0000
92	0000	0000
93	0000	0000
94	0000	0000
95	0000	0000
96	0000	0000
97	0000	0000
98	0000	0000
99	0000	0000
100	0000	0000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 01
 MEAN = 2.9684
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.84%
 VARIANCE = 0039
 STANDARD DEVIATION = 0546
 SKEWNESS = -0206
 KURTOSIS = 3.0628

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 2.9529 2.9839
 ONE-TAIL 49 0.25 %
 2.91003450016



KB-81-9-4C

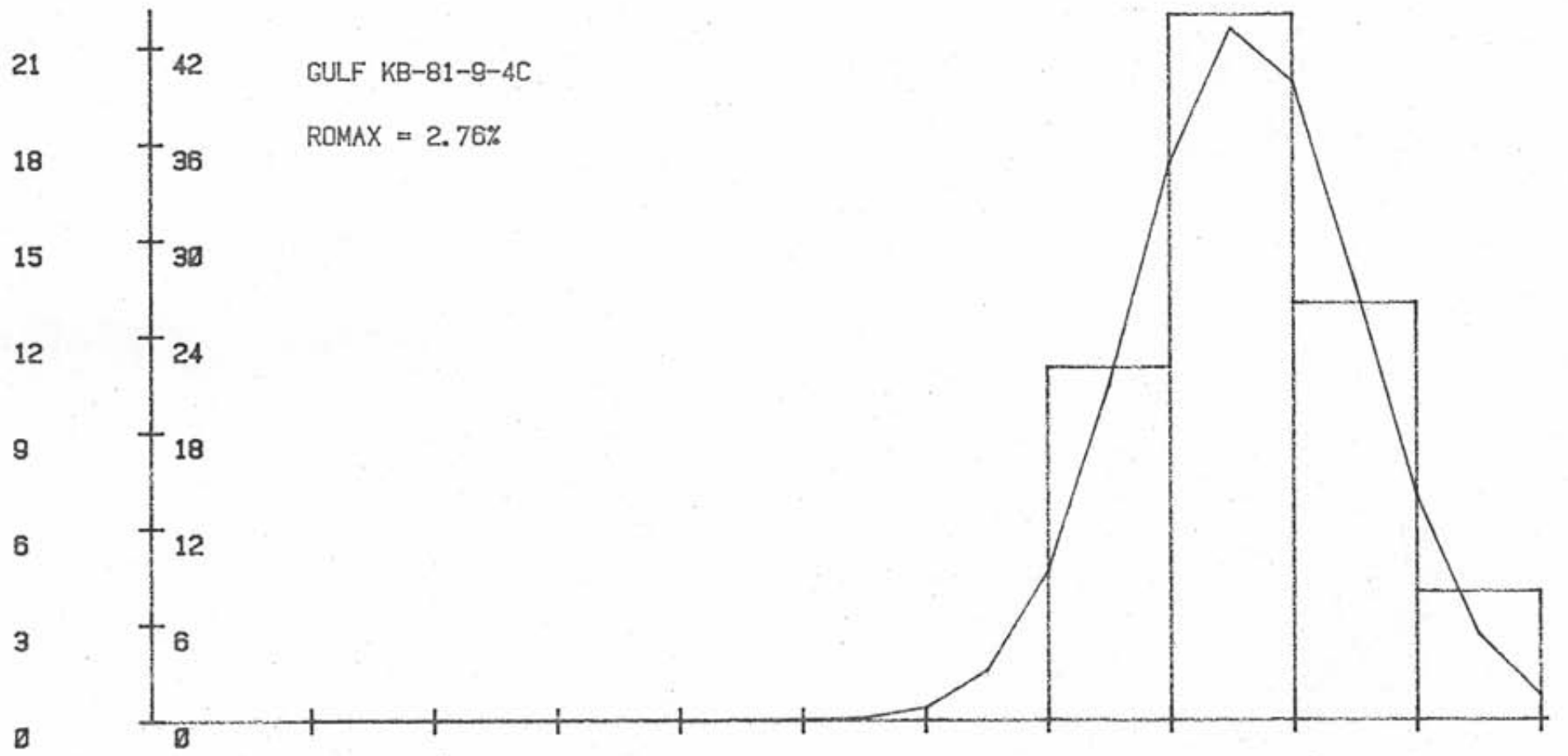
I	K(I)	K(I+1)
1	7400	7500
2	9800	9200
3	7400	6700
4	0100	7200
5	8200	7500
6	7600	7400
7	7000	6000
8	7200	6200
9	9400	7200
10	6900	7400
11	7900	9200
12	6500	7100
13	7400	6300
14	8200	8900
15	7100	7200
16	6200	9600
17	7700	6000
18	8700	8700
19	6900	8800
20	8500	6200
21	8800	7500
22	7800	9600
23	7700	8100
24	6500	8300
25	7100	7400

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 2.7616
 COEF OF VARIATION = 3.33%
 VARIANCE = .0084
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0918
 SKEWNESS = .3757
 KURTOSIS = 2.5371

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 2.7355, 2.7877
 ONE-TAIL ((49 , .025) =
 2.81883450016

NO %



LIMs

2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3

KB-81-10-1C.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1700	3.1200
2	3.1700	3.1200
3	3.0900	3.2300
4	3.1000	3.2000
5	3.0600	3.2200
6	3.1800	3.1700
7	3.1000	3.0400
8	3.0700	3.0800
9	3.1400	3.2200
10	3.1400	3.0900
11	3.1300	3.0900
12	3.1500	3.1800
13	3.1600	3.1400
14	3.1700	3.0900
15	3.1700	3.1000
16	3.1400	3.0900
17	3.0500	3.1200
18	3.1700	3.0600
19	3.0600	3.2200
20	3.1500	3.2000
21	3.2200	3.0900
22	3.1100	3.1200
23	3.0500	3.1600
24	3.1000	3.1900
25	3.1000	3.0600

BASIC STATISTICS

#####

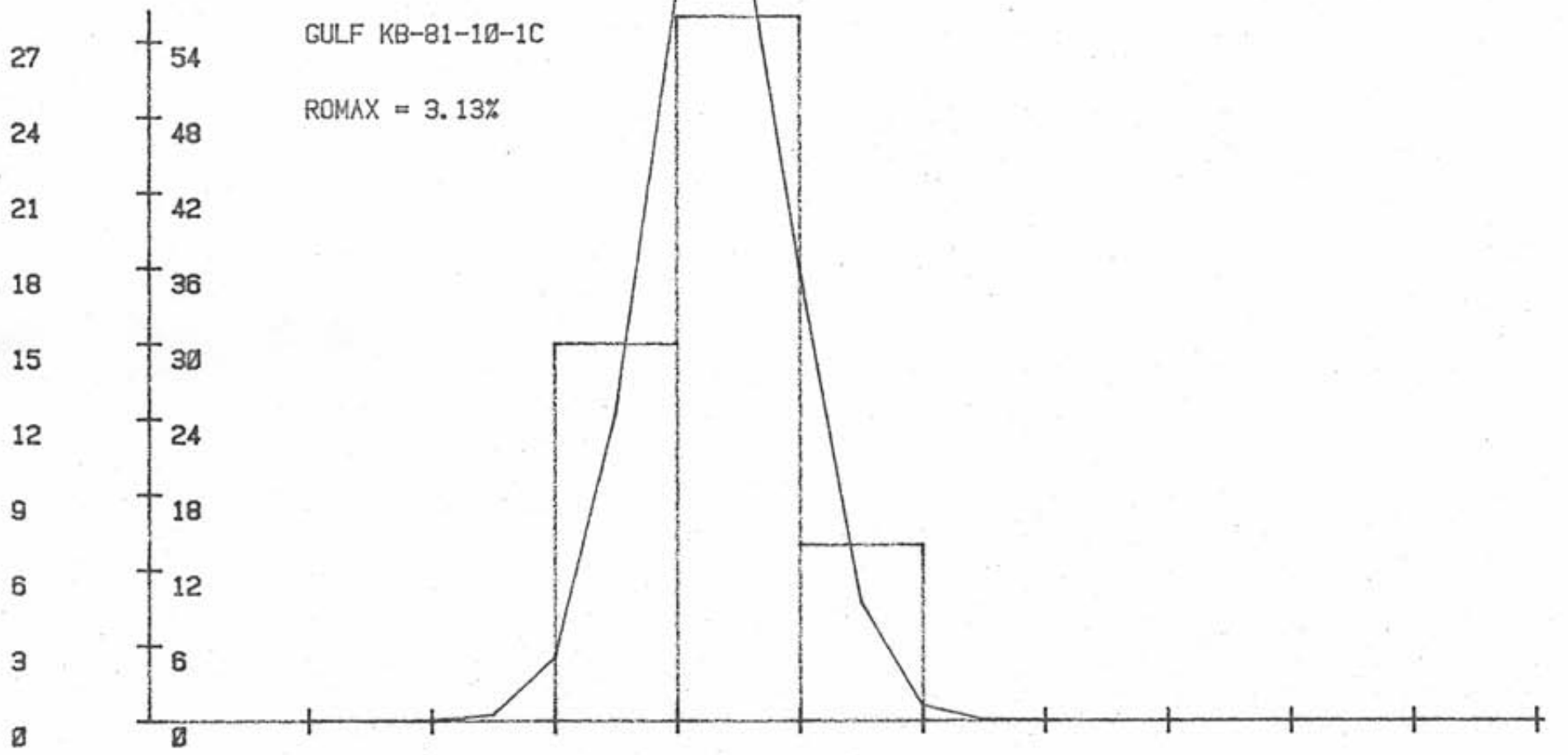
N = 25
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.1338
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.87%
 VARIANCE = .0034
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0584
 SKEWNESS = .5934
 KURTOSIS = 2.9829

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (3.1172, 3.1504)
 ONE-TAIL t(24), .025 =
 2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-10-1C

ROMAX = 3.13%



LIMs

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8

KB-81-10-2C.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
	3.2500	3.2300
	3.1200	3.2300
	3.1000	3.1200
	3.1300	3.1700
	3.0900	3.2700
	3.1100	3.1500
	3.1700	3.2400
	3.2500	3.0900
	3.2700	3.1300
	3.2000	3.2100
	3.2200	3.2300
	3.3400	3.3500
	3.2800	3.2900
	3.1600	3.2700
	3.1700	3.3000
	3.1400	3.3500
	3.3000	3.4000
	3.1400	3.2100
	3.1300	3.1200
	3.1300	3.3200
	3.1200	3.1700
	3.1200	3.2500
	3.2600	3.2600
	3.1200	3.1600
	3.1500	3.2200

BASIC STATISTICS

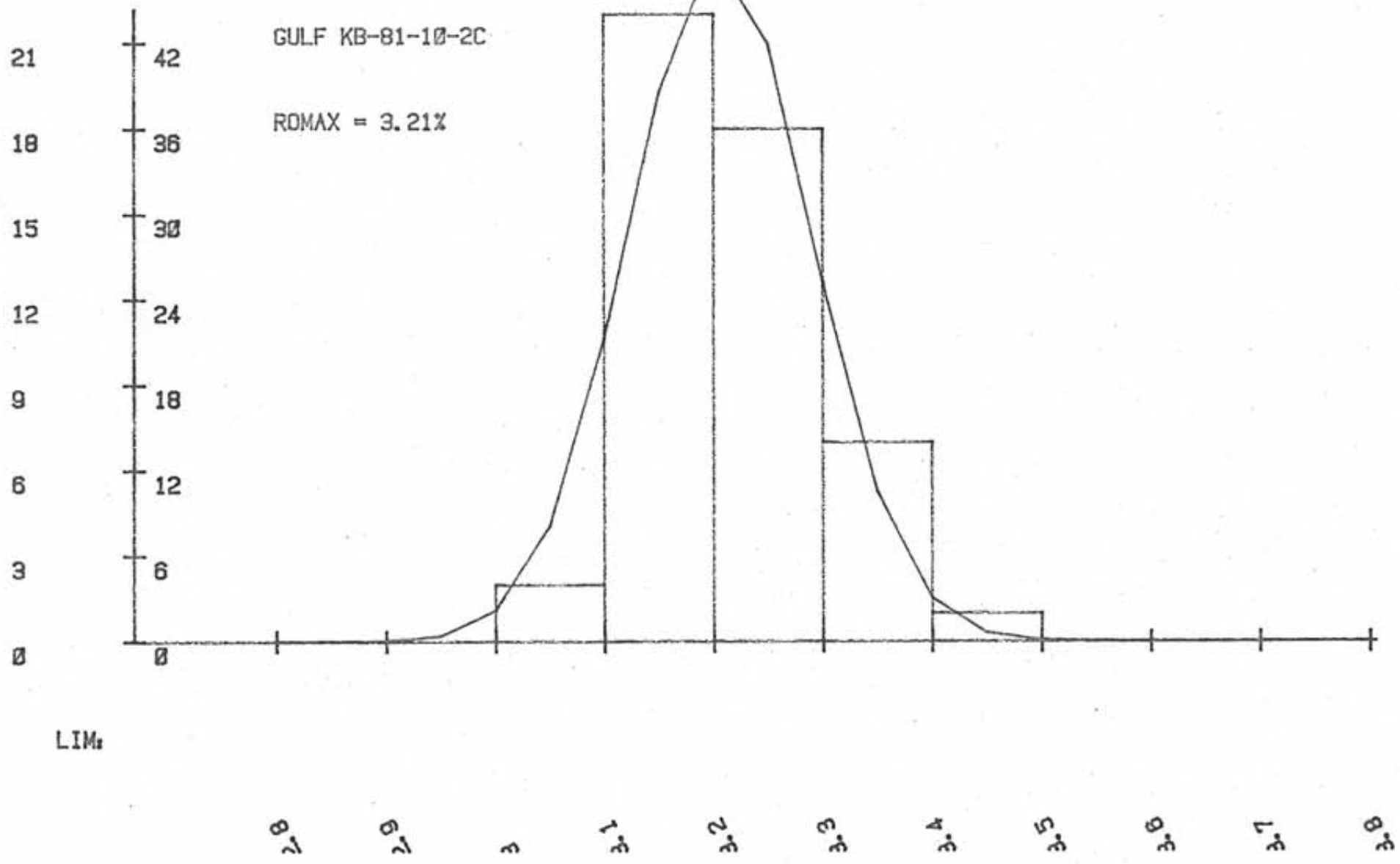
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.2050
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.57%
VARIANCE = .0068
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0825
SKEWNESS = .5552
KURTOSIS = 2.3454

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
3.1823, 3.2293)
ONE-TAIL T(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-10-2C

ROMAX = 3.21%



LIM.

2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

KB-81-10-5c.

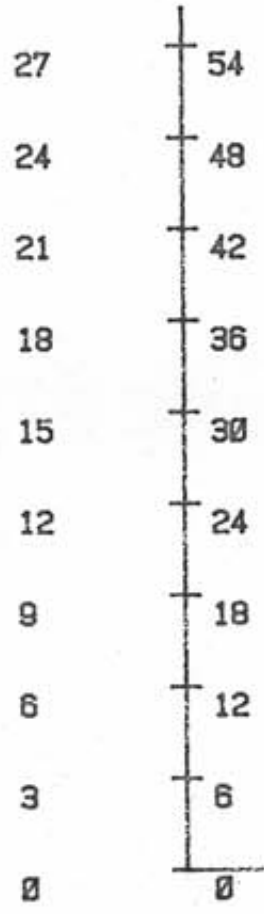
i	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	1000	1700
2	1100	1400
3	1000	1200
4	1100	1400
5	1300	0700
6	1000	1100
7	1200	1500
8	3000	0700
9	0400	1100
10	0700	1200
11	2000	1500
12	1100	1500
13	0700	0400
14	0700	0300
15	0600	0500
16	1200	0500
17	0700	0500
18	0600	1300
19	1400	0200
20	0500	1100
21	1300	1200
22	1200	0900
23	0000	1500
24	1900	0600
25	1000	1300

BASIC STATISTICS

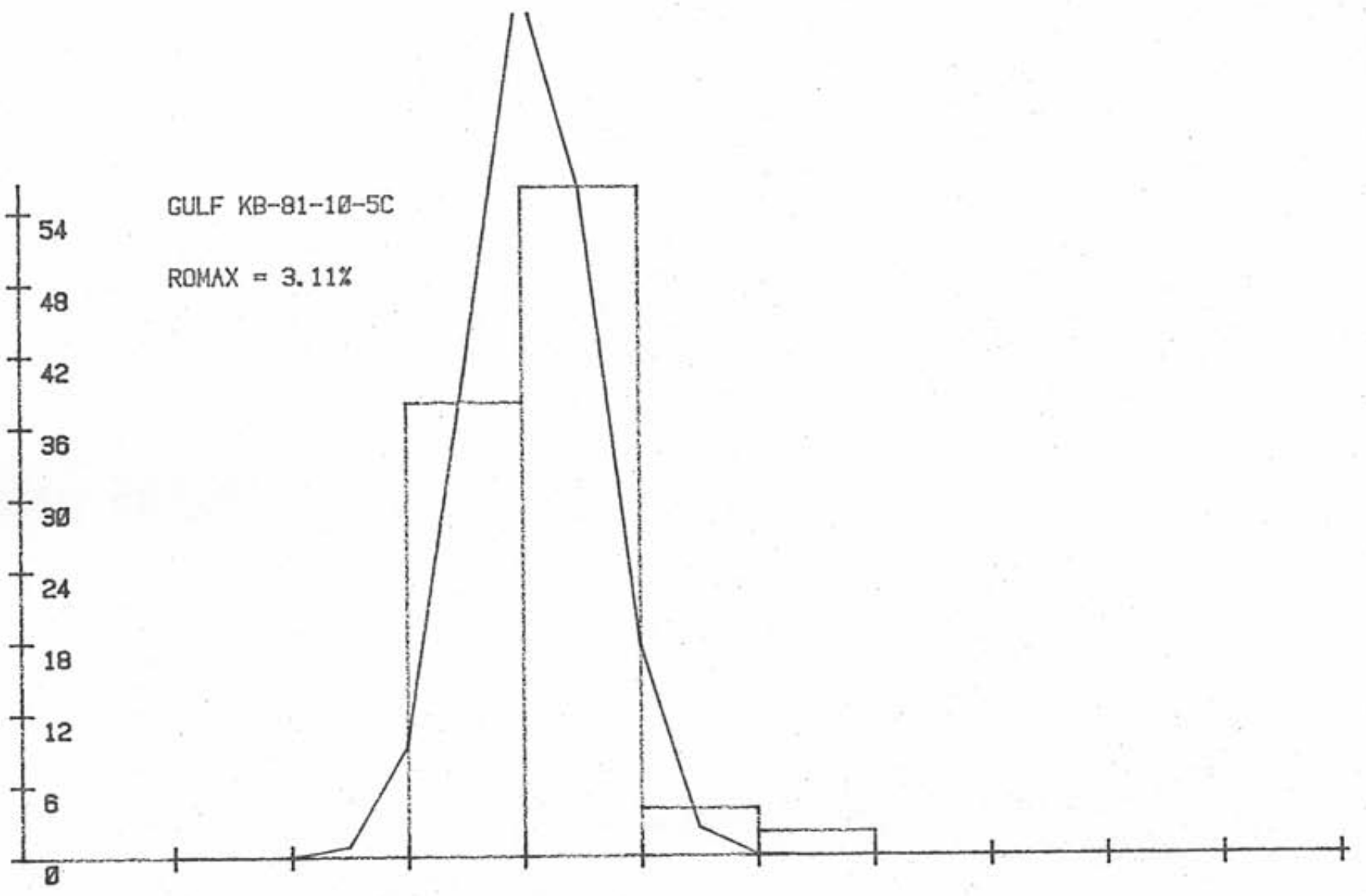
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.1094
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.724
 VARIANCE = .0029
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0536
 SKEWNESS = 1.0612
 KURTOSIS = 4.8066

 95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.0942 3.1246)
 ONE-TAIL: (.49 .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %



GULF KB-81-10-5C
ROMAX = 3.11%



LIMs

0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

RB-81-6.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
4	3400	4400
4	3600	5100
4	3800	3600
4	5700	6300
4	4500	4800
4	4700	4500
4	3500	4400
4	4900	3500
4	4100	4100
4	4300	5500
4	4400	4000
4	4100	4100
4	4000	3900
4	4400	4500
4	4900	4800
4	4400	4200
4	5700	4400
4	5300	4400
4	5700	4100
4	4000	3600
4	5500	5500
4	5500	5500
4	5100	3500
4	3600	4900
4	4300	4700

BASIC STATISTICS

```

*****
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 91
MEAN = 3.4500
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.13%
VARIANCE = 9054
STANDARD DEVIATION = 95.14
SKEWNESS = 3.060
KURTOSIS = 2.5089
  
```

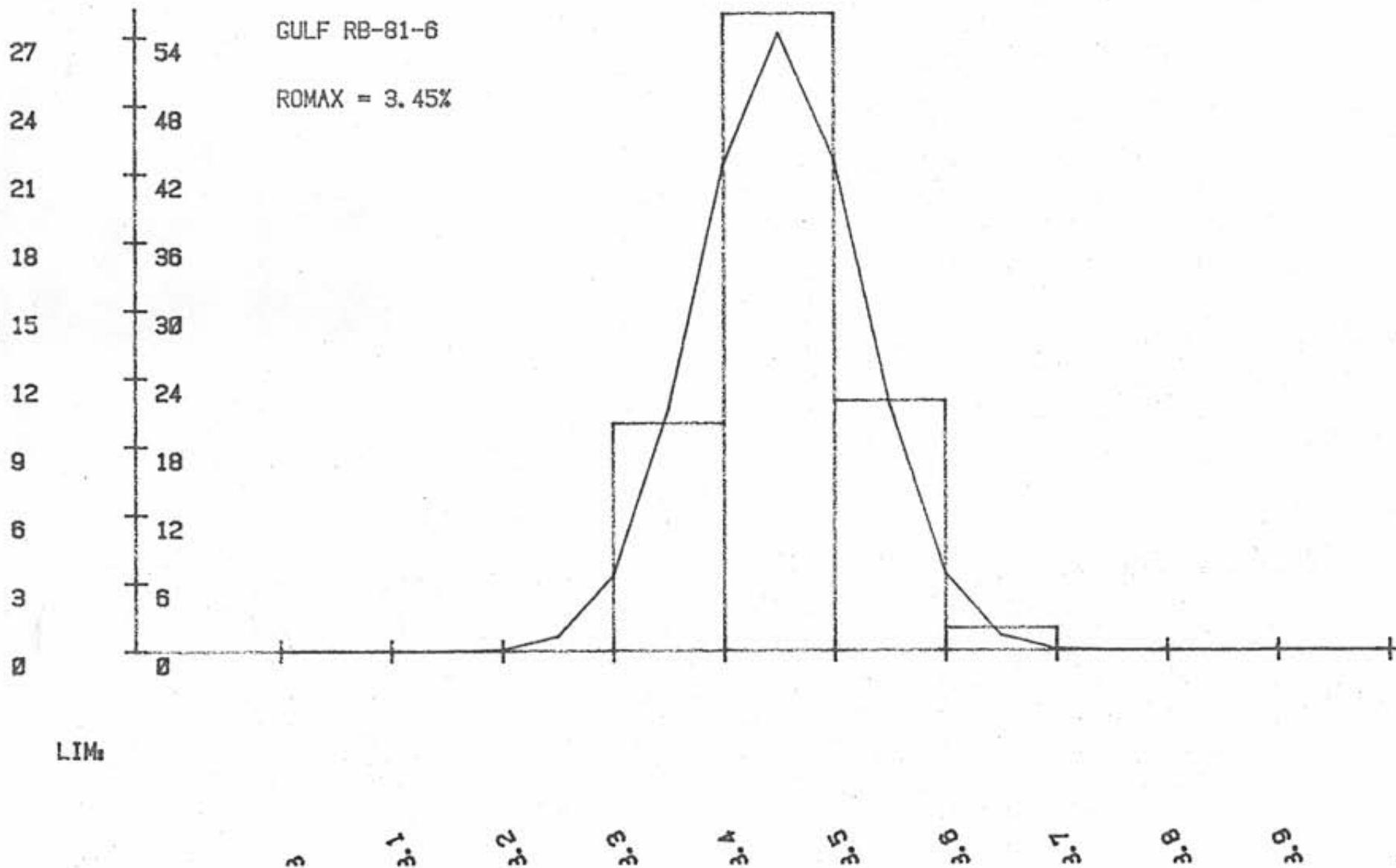
```

95% 90% C.I. FOR MEAN
( 3.4297, 3.4715 )
ONE-TAIL P < .4% = .025
Z = 0.1003450010
  
```

NO %

GULF RB-81-6

ROMAX = 3.45%



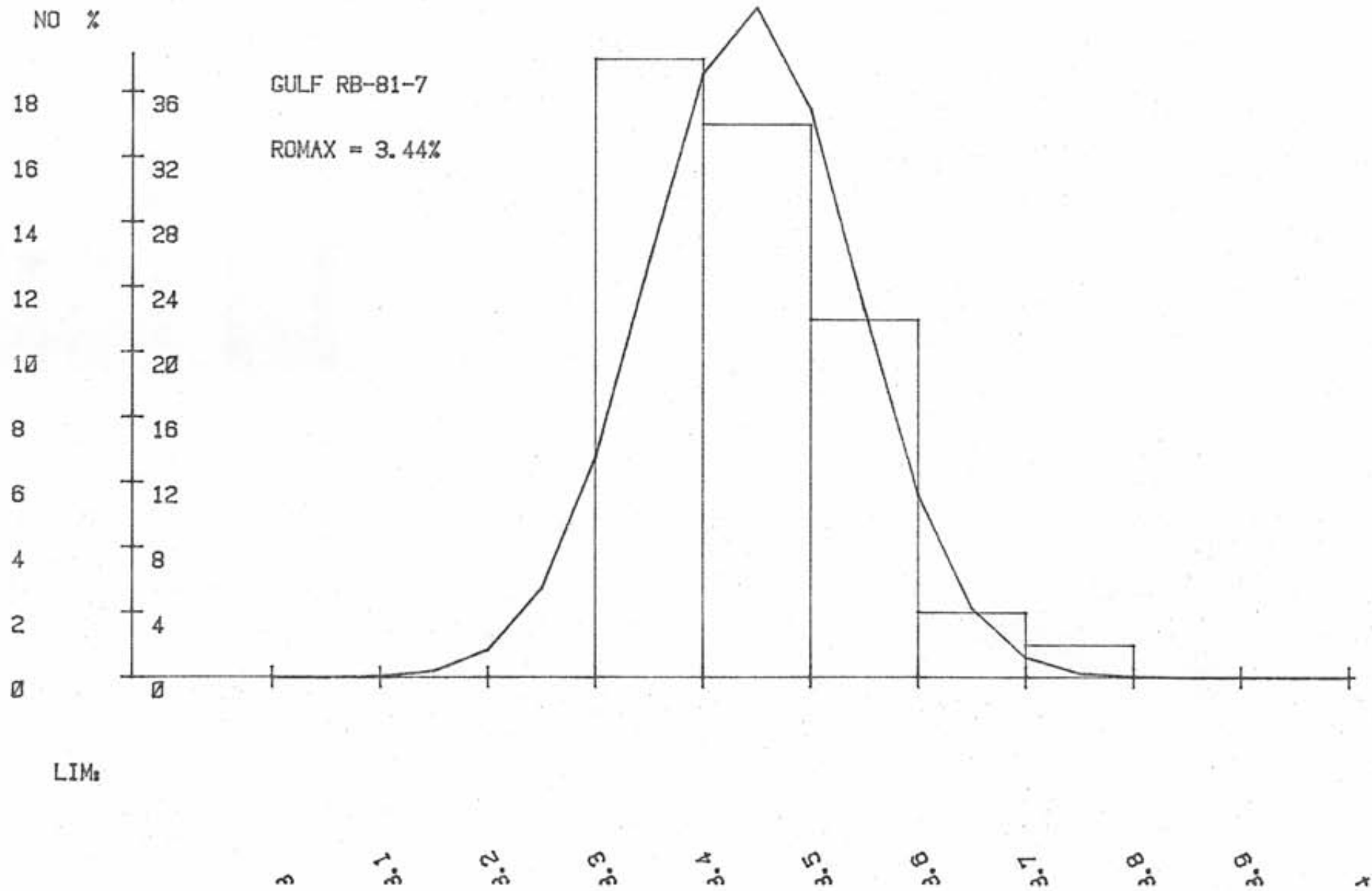
LIM

RB-81-7.

	X(1)	X(1-1)
1	3800	3500
2	3800	3500
3	3900	4000
4	4300	4600
5	4400	4300
6	4400	4400
7	4500	4300
8	4500	4300
9	4700	4000
10	4700	4000
11	4800	4300
12	4800	4300
13	4800	4500
14	4900	4500
15	4900	4500
16	4900	4500
17	4900	4500
18	4900	4500
19	4900	4500
20	4900	4500
21	4900	4500
22	4900	4500
23	4900	4500
24	4900	4500
25	4900	4500
26	4900	4500
27	4900	4500
28	4900	4500
29	4900	4500
30	4900	4500
31	4900	4500
32	4900	4500
33	4900	4500
34	4900	4500
35	4900	4500
36	4900	4500
37	4900	4500
38	4900	4500
39	4900	4500
40	4900	4500
41	4900	4500
42	4900	4500
43	4900	4500
44	4900	4500
45	4900	4500
46	4900	4500
47	4900	4500
48	4900	4500
49	4900	4500
50	4900	4500

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 01
 MEAN = 3.4442
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.81%
 VARIANCE = 8094
 STANDARD DEVIATION = 6967
 SKEWNESS = 6796
 KURTOSIS = 2.5501
 95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 3.4167 3.4717
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016



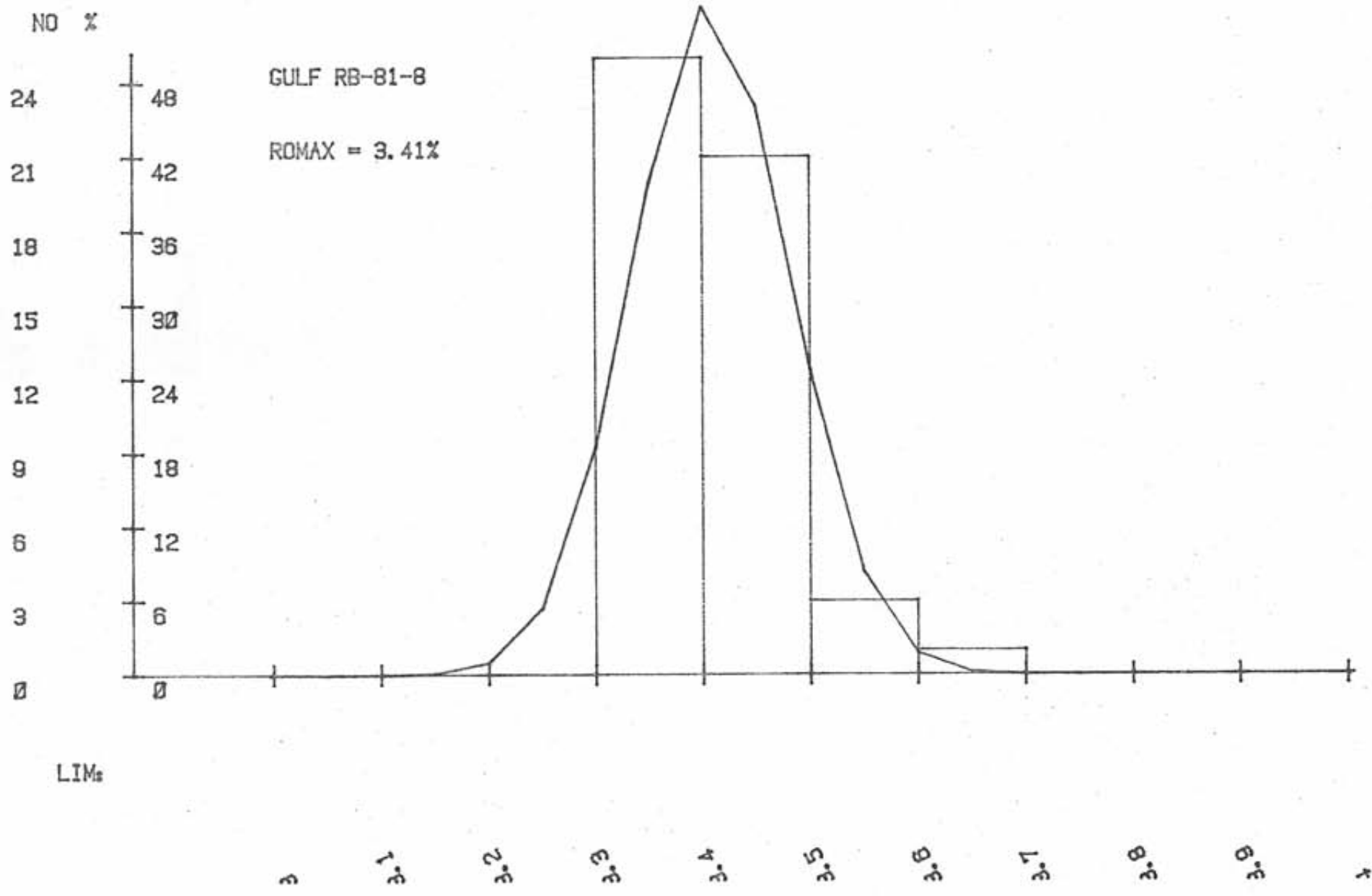
RB-81-8.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	4100	4200
2	4700	4500
3	4300	3700
4	3500	3500
5	4800	3700
6	3300	3600
7	4900	3700
8	3200	3600
9	4200	4400
10	4200	3900
11	3500	4000
12	3800	4300
13	3800	3200
14	3100	3400
15	4600	4700
16	3300	4500
17	3400	3500
18	3600	4800
19	3700	3800
20	4300	3800
21	3100	4800
22	4200	3900
23	5500	4500
24	6600	5700
25	4600	4800

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .91
 MEAN = 3.4678
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.15%
 VARIANCE = .0054
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0733
 SKEWNESS = 1.1593
 KURTOSIS = 5.2452

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 3.3870 3.4286
 ONE-TAIL t(.025) =
 2.010034500



SLB-81-24.

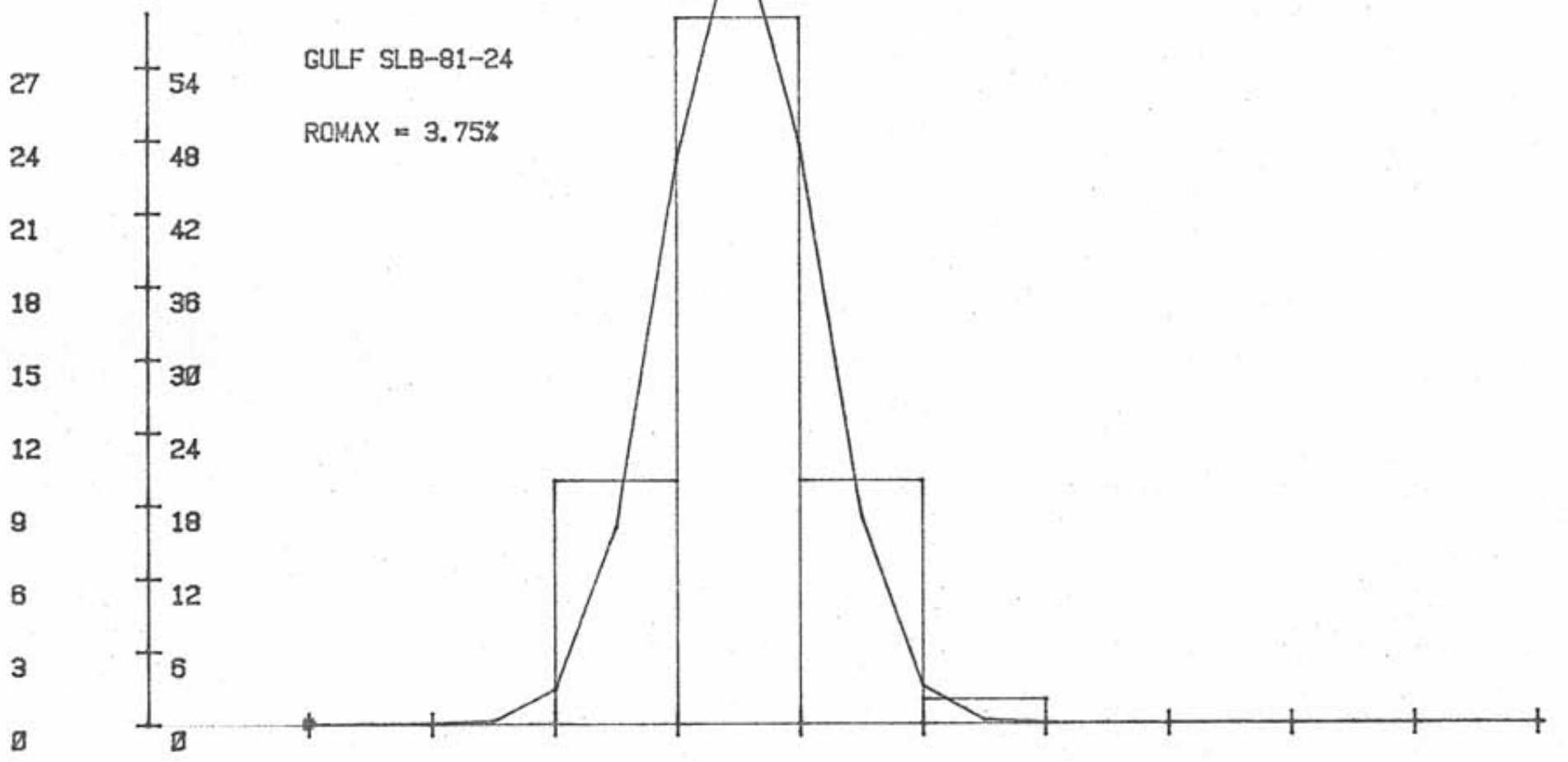
	1)	2.1)
4.0	7.7000	7.5000
4.1	7.7000	7.5000
4.2	7.7000	7.5000
4.3	7.7000	7.5000
4.4	7.7000	7.5000
4.5	7.7000	7.5000
4.6	7.7000	7.5000
4.7	7.7000	7.5000
4.8	7.7000	7.5000
4.9	7.7000	7.5000
5.0	7.7000	7.5000
5.1	7.7000	7.5000
5.2	7.7000	7.5000
5.3	7.7000	7.5000
5.4	7.7000	7.5000
5.5	7.7000	7.5000
5.6	7.7000	7.5000
5.7	7.7000	7.5000
5.8	7.7000	7.5000
5.9	7.7000	7.5000
6.0	7.7000	7.5000
6.1	7.7000	7.5000
6.2	7.7000	7.5000
6.3	7.7000	7.5000
6.4	7.7000	7.5000
6.5	7.7000	7.5000
6.6	7.7000	7.5000
6.7	7.7000	7.5000
6.8	7.7000	7.5000
6.9	7.7000	7.5000
7.0	7.7000	7.5000
7.1	7.7000	7.5000
7.2	7.7000	7.5000
7.3	7.7000	7.5000
7.4	7.7000	7.5000
7.5	7.7000	7.5000
7.6	7.7000	7.5000
7.7	7.7000	7.5000
7.8	7.7000	7.5000
7.9	7.7000	7.5000
8.0	7.7000	7.5000
8.1	7.7000	7.5000
8.2	7.7000	7.5000
8.3	7.7000	7.5000
8.4	7.7000	7.5000
8.5	7.7000	7.5000
8.6	7.7000	7.5000
8.7	7.7000	7.5000
8.8	7.7000	7.5000
8.9	7.7000	7.5000
9.0	7.7000	7.5000
9.1	7.7000	7.5000
9.2	7.7000	7.5000
9.3	7.7000	7.5000
9.4	7.7000	7.5000
9.5	7.7000	7.5000
9.6	7.7000	7.5000
9.7	7.7000	7.5000
9.8	7.7000	7.5000
9.9	7.7000	7.5000
10.0	7.7000	7.5000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .91
 MEAN = 3.710
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.50%
 VARIANCE = .9036
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .9500
 SKEWNESS = .6946
 KURTOSIS = 3.0439

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 3.7309 3.7581
 ONE-TAIL (.45 .025) =
 2.01003459016

NO %



GULF SLB-81-24
RQMAX = 3.75%

LIM₃

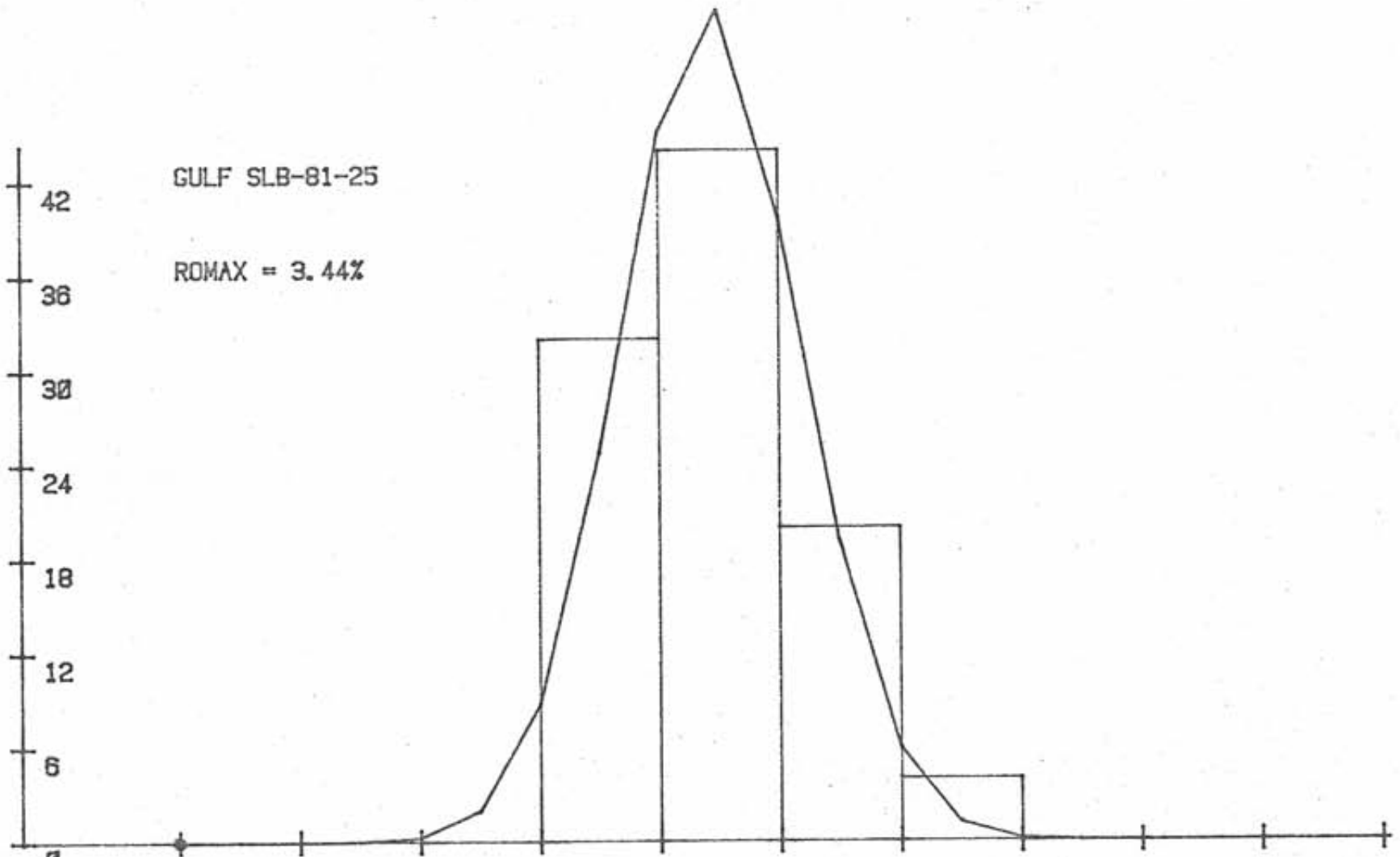
3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4 1.4 2.4 3.4 4.4

NO %

21 42
18 36
15 30
12 24
9 18
6 12
3 6
0 0

GULF SLB-81-25

ROMAX = 3.44%



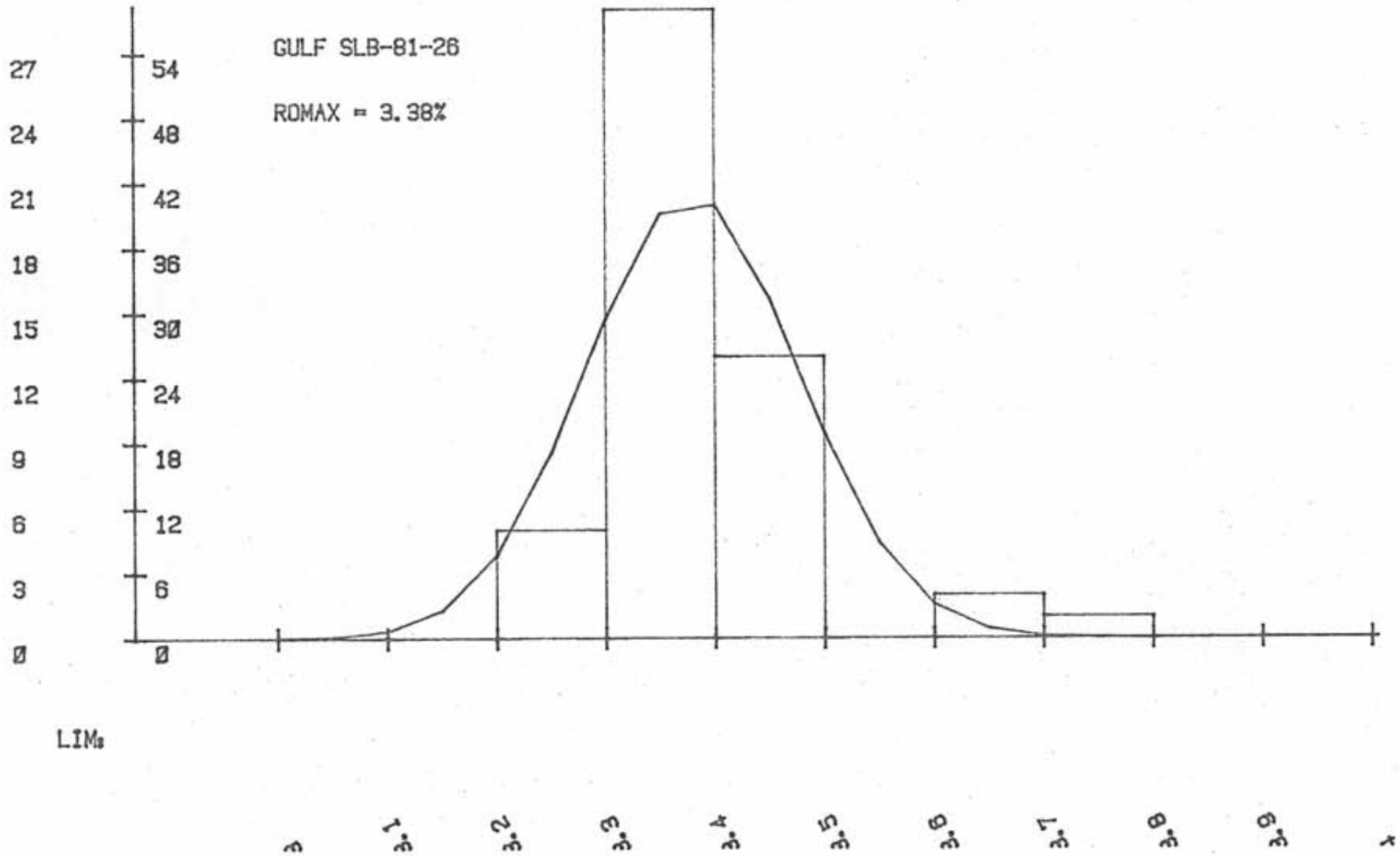
LIMs

3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4

NO %

GULF SLB-81-26

ROMAX = 3.38%



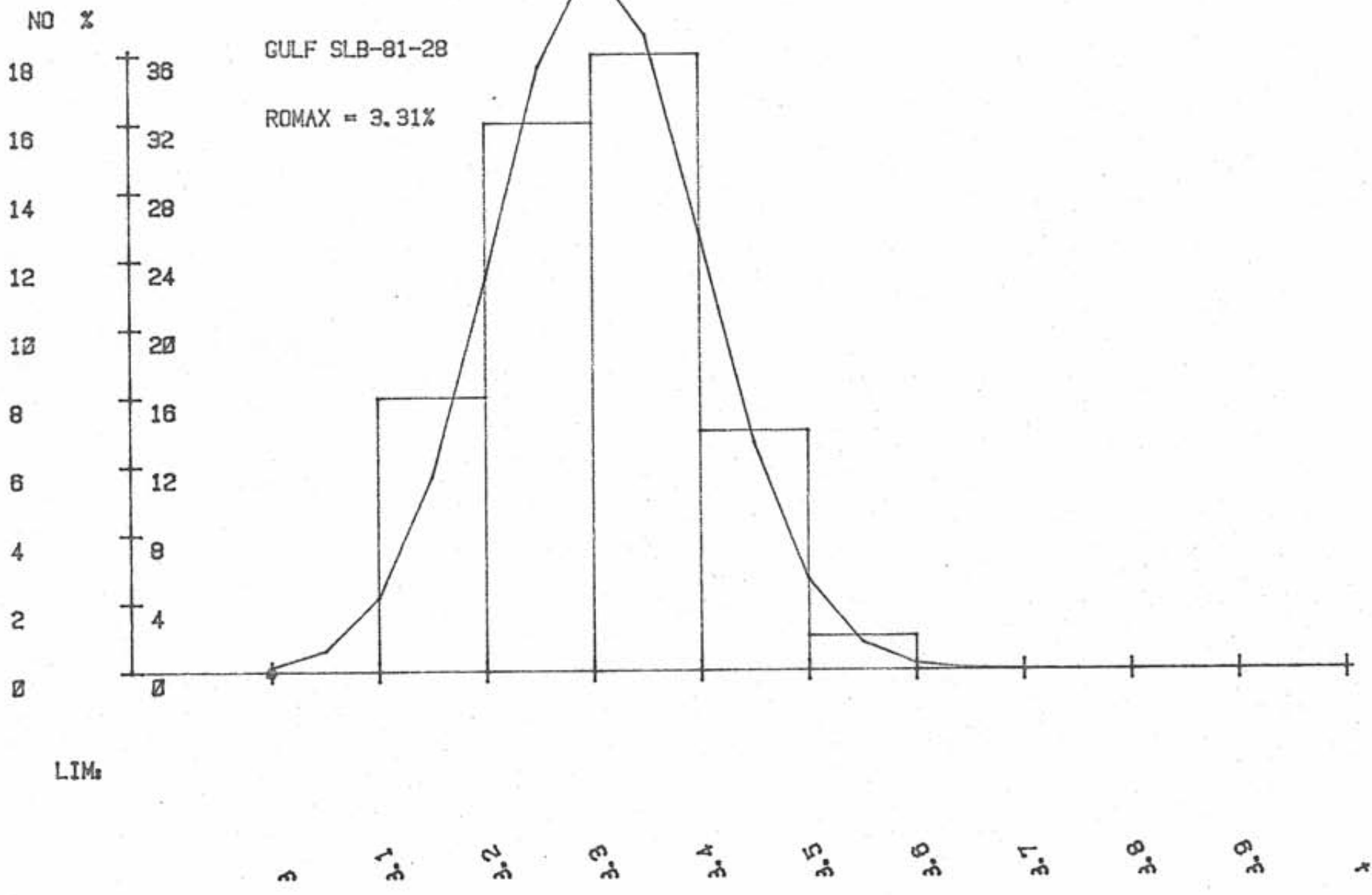
LIMs

SLB-81-28.

	2/1	2/1+1
49	1300	1500
48	1400	1700
47	1500	1900
46	1600	2100
45	1700	2300
44	1800	2500
43	1900	2700
42	2000	2900
41	2100	3100
40	2200	3300
39	2300	3500
38	2400	3700
37	2500	3900
36	2600	4100
35	2700	4300
34	2800	4500
33	2900	4700
32	3000	4900
31	3100	5100
30	3200	5300
29	3300	5500
28	3400	5700
27	3500	5900
26	3600	6100
25	3700	6300
24	3800	6500
23	3900	6700
22	4000	6900
21	4100	7100
20	4200	7300
19	4300	7500
18	4400	7700
17	4500	7900
16	4600	8100
15	4700	8300
14	4800	8500
13	4900	8700
12	5000	8900
11	5100	9100
10	5200	9300
9	5300	9500
8	5400	9700
7	5500	9900
6	5600	10100
5	5700	10300
4	5800	10500
3	5900	10700
2	6000	10900
1	6100	11100

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.3048
 COEF OF VARIATION = 3.91%
 VARIANCE = .0057
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .07562
 SKEWNESS = .2774
 KURTOSIS = 3.7033
 30.50% < 1.00% MEAN
 < 3.2774, > 3.3322
 ONE-TAIL T(49) .625 >#
 2.01063450016



SLB-81-30

	X(1)	X(2)
1	7500	7600
2	8000	7600
3	8700	7600
4	7500	7600
5	8700	7400
6	8600	8000
7	7100	7600
8	8000	8000
9	7000	8000
10	7100	8400
11	8600	8600
12	7600	8000
13	8400	7200
14	8500	8700
15	8500	8800
16	8000	8000
17	7200	7900
18	7300	7600
19	9100	7500
20	8600	7500
21	8300	7000
22	7600	8000
23	8000	8200

BASIC STATISTICS

```

*****
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 01
MEAN = 3.8356
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.31%
VARIANCE = .0079
STANDARD DEVIATION = 0089
SKEWNESS = 7070
KURTOSIS = 2.9922

```

```

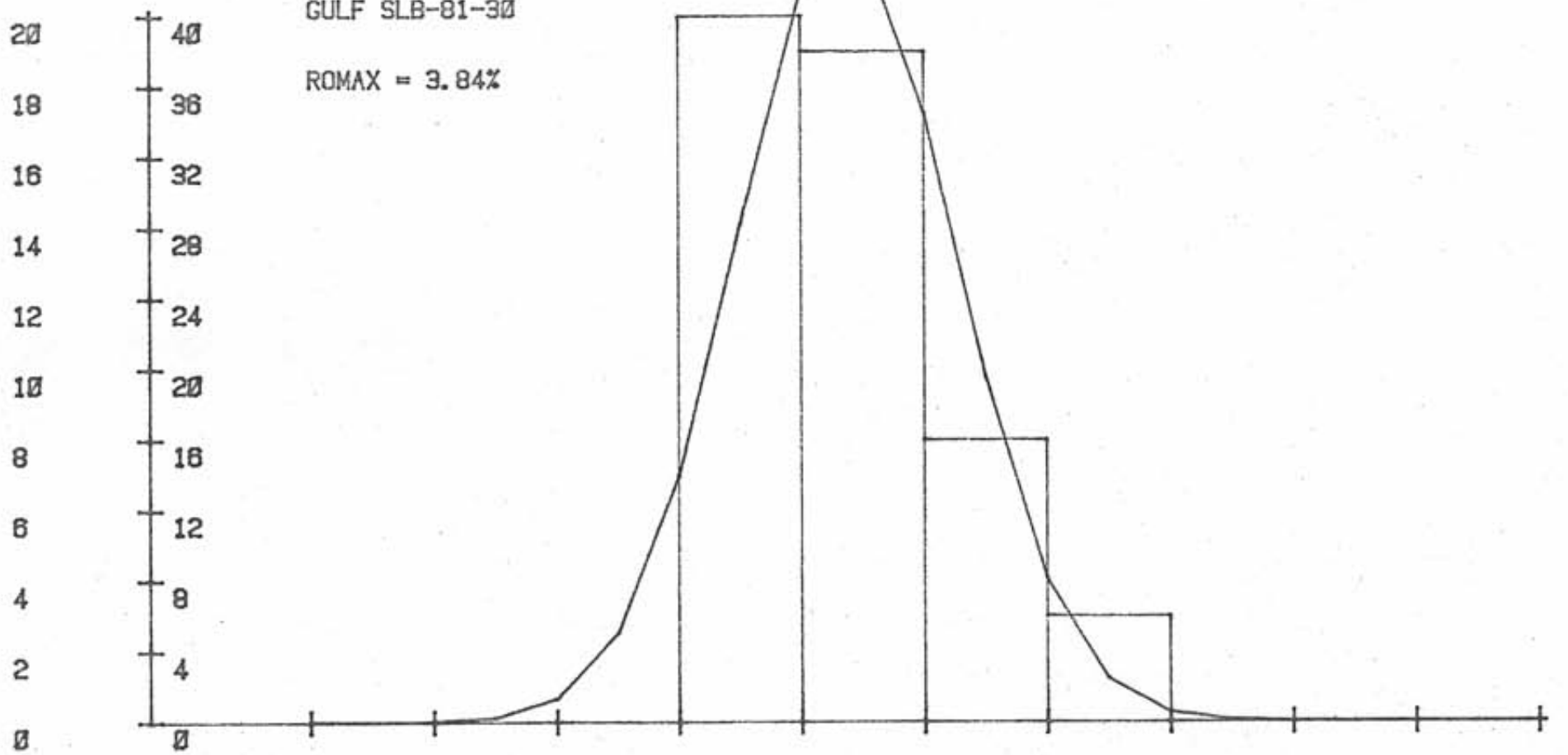
95% CI FOR MEAN
( 3.8104, 3.8608)
ONE-TL (1.49, .025) =
2. 003450016

```

NO %

GULF SLB-81-30

ROMAX = 3.84%



LIMs

3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4

SLB-81-41.

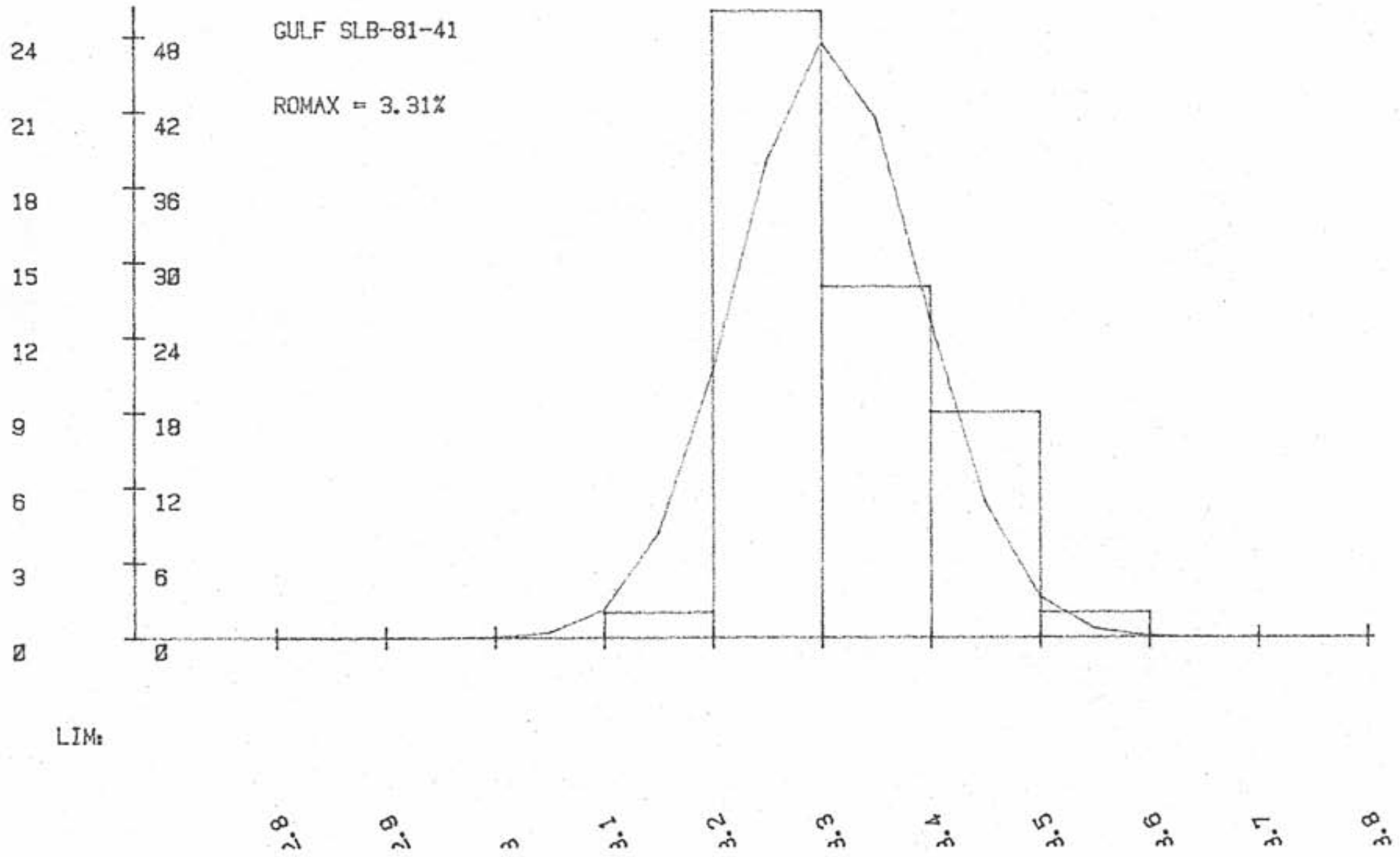
	8.17	8.17
4.4	3.700	3.700
4.4	3.500	3.100
4.4	3.300	3.300
4.4	3.100	3.000
4.4	2.900	2.800
4.4	2.700	2.600
4.4	2.500	2.400
4.4	2.300	2.200
4.4	2.100	2.000
4.4	1.900	1.800
4.4	1.700	1.700
4.4	1.500	1.500
4.4	1.300	1.300
4.4	1.100	1.100
4.4	0.900	0.900
4.4	0.700	0.700
4.4	0.500	0.500
4.4	0.300	0.300
4.4	0.100	0.100
4.4	0.000	0.000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.3666
 COEF OF VARIATION = .53%
 VARIANCE = .0070
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0837
 SKEWNESS = .111
 KURTOSIS = 2.9347

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 3.2822, 3.3298
 ONE-TAIL T(48, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %



SLB-81-46½.

	(N-1)	(N+1)
1	3500	2300
2	3400	2300
3	3300	2300
4	3200	2300
5	3100	2300
6	3200	2300
7	3300	2300
8	2700	2300
9	2700	2300
10	2800	2300
11	2900	2300
12	2800	2300
13	2800	2300
14	2700	2300
15	2700	2300
16	2700	2300
17	2700	2300
18	2600	2300
19	2600	2300
20	2200	2300

BASIC STATISTICS

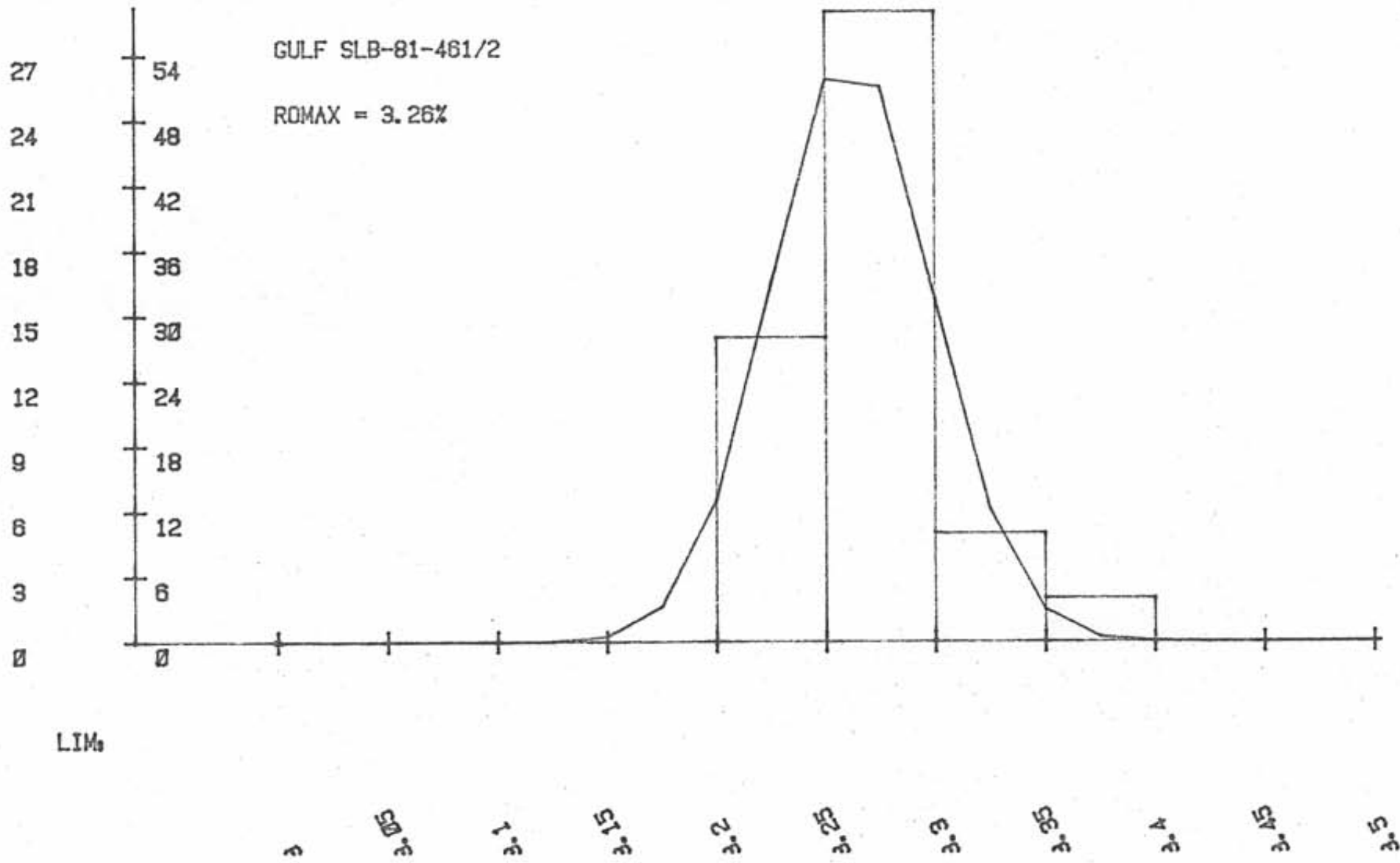
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .61
 MEAN = 3.2618
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.12%
 VARIANCE = .0013
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0366
 SKEWNESS = .5396
 KURTOSIS = 3.2850

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (3.2514, 3.2722)
 ONE-TAIL T(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-461/2

ROMAX = 3.26%



LIMs

SLB-81-58 1/2.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3900	4300
2	3500	3800
3	5000	5500
4	6000	5700
5	6600	5500
6	4400	4600
7	3900	3800
8	3200	5300
9	3000	3700
10	3500	3600
11	3200	3900
12	2800	2200
13	3200	4100
14	2500	6200
15	4600	3600
16	5600	2700
17	3500	3200
18	2800	3900
19	2900	3200
20	4700	3500
21	3600	5400
22	6300	3900
23	7300	4200
24	4700	3700
25	4500	6200

BASIC STATISTICS

```

*****
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 01
MEAN = 3.3950
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.97%
VARIANCE = .0102
STANDARD DEVIATION = 1010
SKEWNESS = 1.0088
KURTOSIS = 4.2367

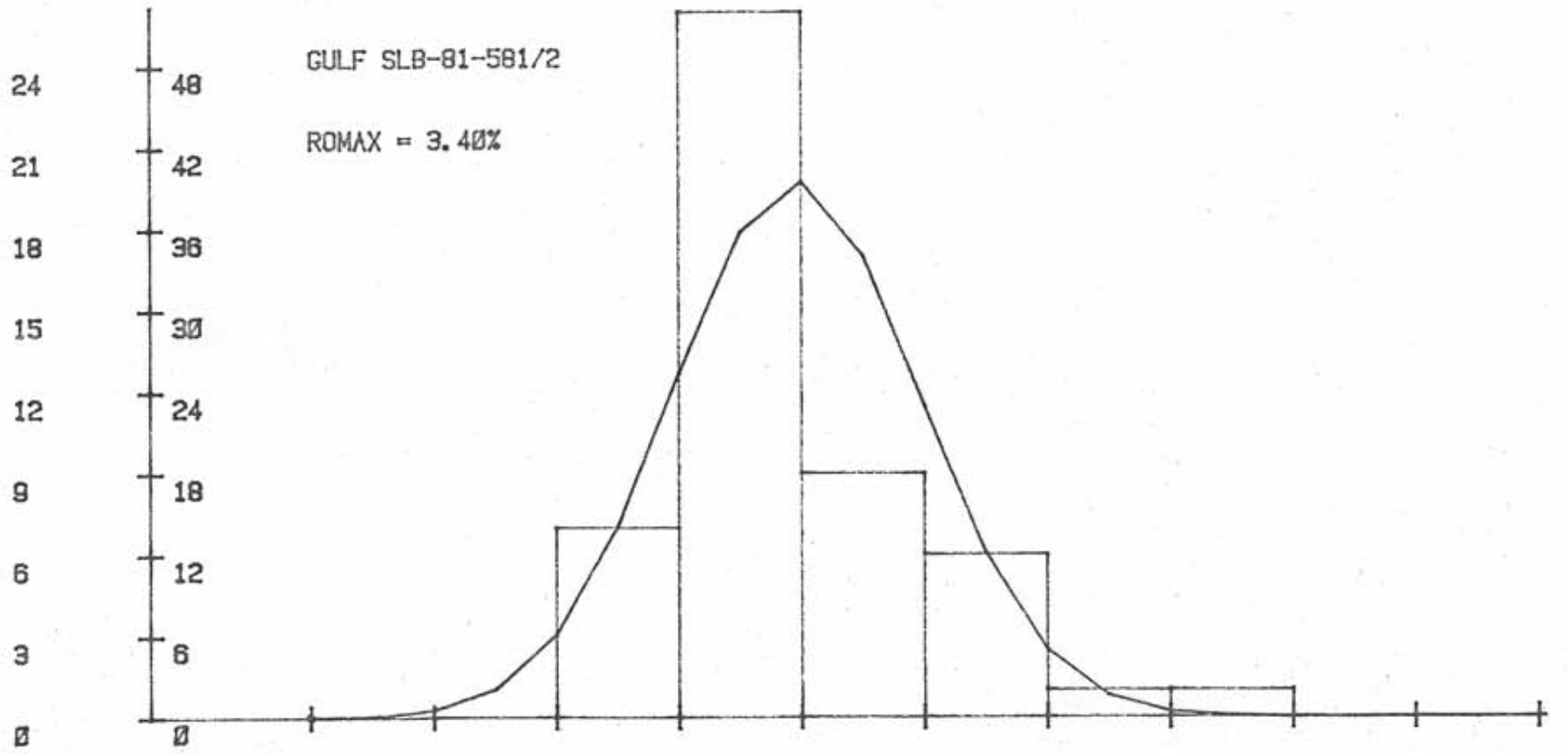
```

```

35.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
( 3.3663, 3.4237)
ONE-TAIL ( .49, .025 ) =
2.01803450016

```

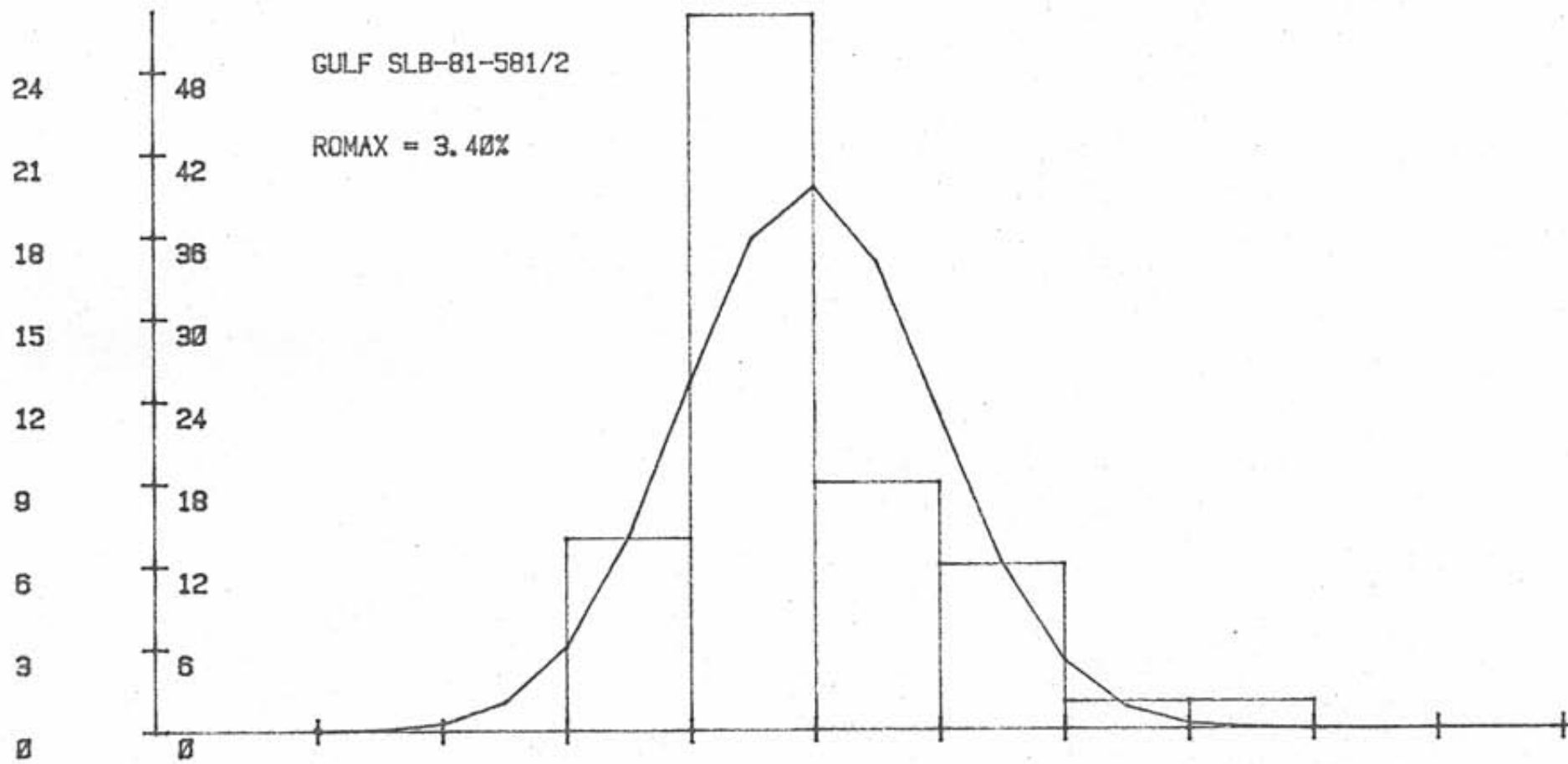

NO %



LIMs

3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

NO %



LIMs

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

SLB-81-63
seam 2.

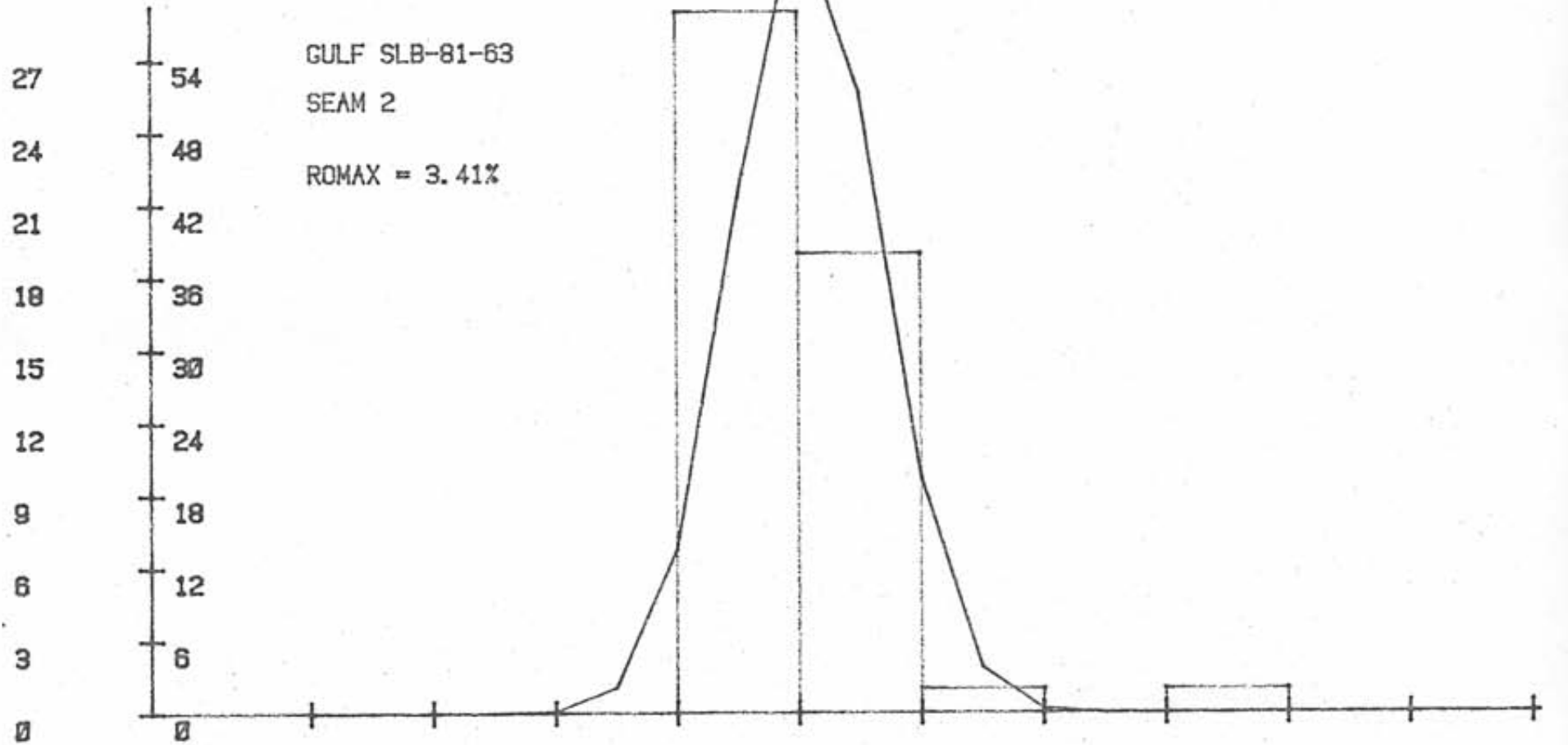
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3900	3500
2	4700	5000
3	5900	3800
4	3500	4700
5	4200	6000
6	4000	4200
7	3900	4300
8	3000	3500
9	4500	6000
10	3500	5200
11	3500	3400
12	3200	3500
13	3700	5200
14	3200	3600
15	4100	3800
16	3600	3000
17	3200	3300
18	6700	4600
19	3500	3900
20	4400	3400
21	4000	3800
22	4500	4200
23	3600	4200
24	3500	4000
25	3600	3600

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .92
 MEAN = 3.4133
 COEF OF VARIATION = 3.50%
 VARIANCE = .0143
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .1194
 SKEWNESS = 3.8075
 KURTOSIS = 20.9103

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN
 (3.3793, 3.4471)
 ONE-TAIL (.49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

0 2.0 2.4 3 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.8 4 4.2 4.4 4.8

SLB-81-63
 team 3.

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	5100	4000
2	3500	4100
3	4300	3500
4	3500	3200
5	3400	3600
6	3500	3500
7	4400	3500
8	3200	3900
9	3500	3400
10	3700	3500
11	4200	4500
12	2200	4000
13	2000	3800
14	3900	2700
15	2500	3600
16	1900	2200
17	1700	3600
18	2300	1900
19	1700	2300
20	2000	4600
21	3500	3200
22	3000	2600
23	2800	2700
24	2600	3900
25	2900	4900

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .91
 MEAN = 3.3172
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.49%
 VARIANCE = .0068
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0827
 SKEWNESS = 1445
 KURTOSIS = 2.4549

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (3.2937, 3.3407)
 ONE-TAIL T(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %

21 42

18 36

15 30

12 24

9 18

6 12

3 6

0 0

GULF SLB-81-63

SEAM 3

ROMAX = 3.32%

LIM₀

3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

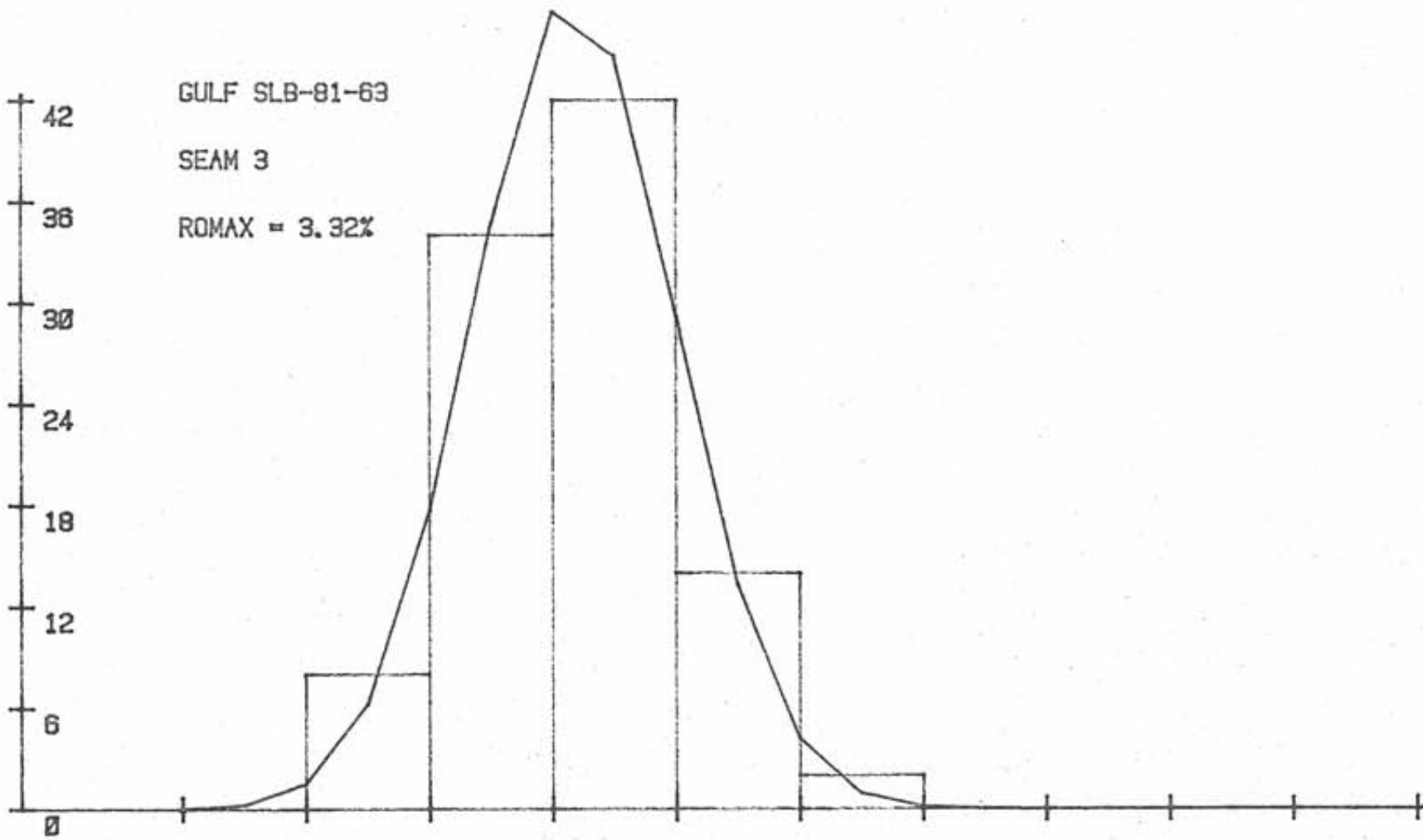
3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

4



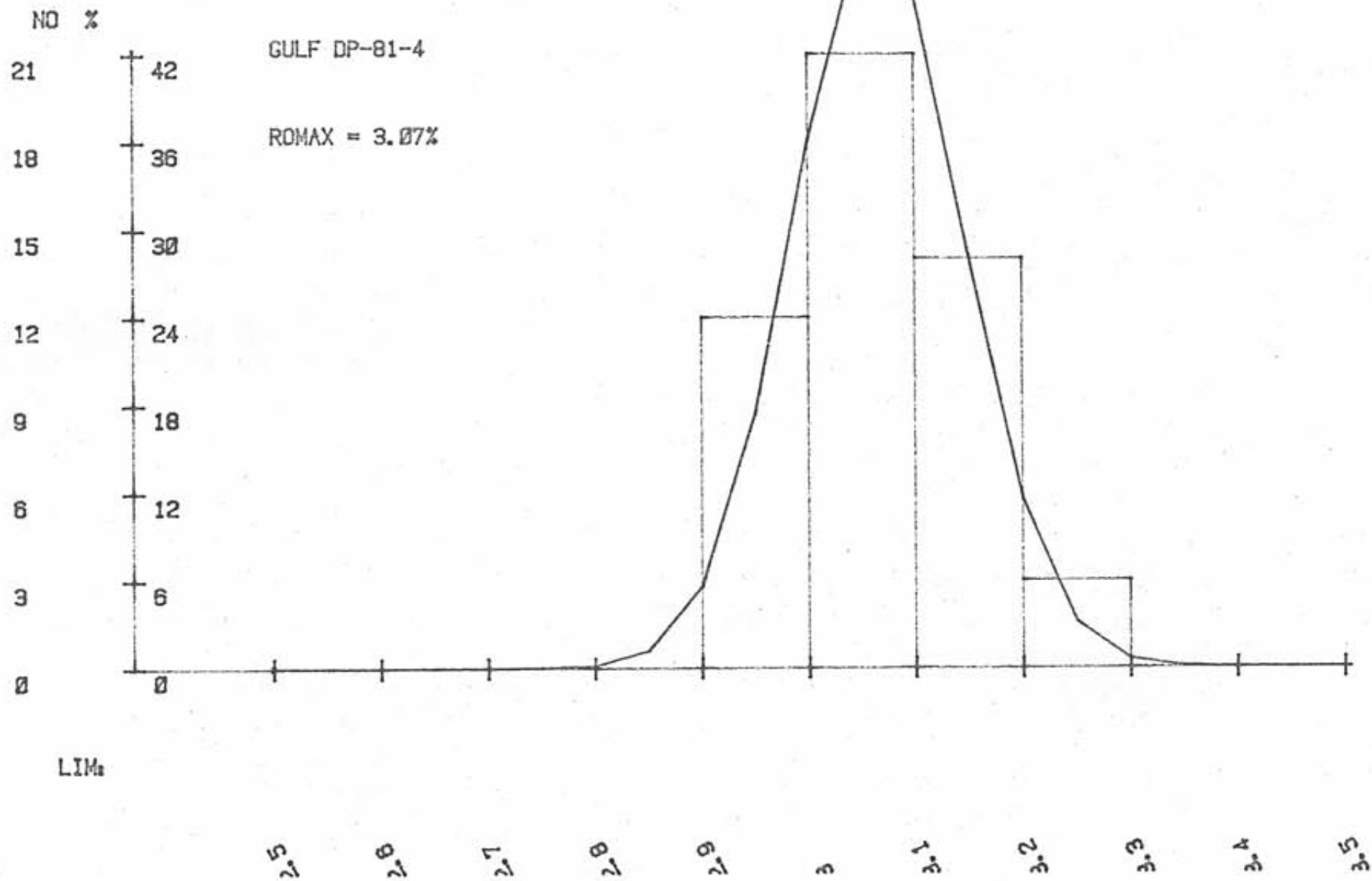
DP-81-4.

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2000	1500
2	2200	0900
3	9700	0200
4	1500	6600
5	0700	9600
6	9200	8500
7	9900	0700
8	1500	1500
9	0600	1500
10	0600	0300
11	2000	9700
12	0200	1100
13	1500	1700
14	1600	1300
15	0200	9500
16	9000	9500
17	0112	0700
18	9900	9700
19	0300	0500
20	1300	0900
21	0900	0200
22	0600	0900
23	1300	0600
24	9500	1100
25	1200	2000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 3.0648
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.56%
 VARIANCE = .0061
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0784
 SKEWNESS = -.0693
 KURTOSIS = 2.1930

95% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (3.0425, 3.0871)
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.31003450016



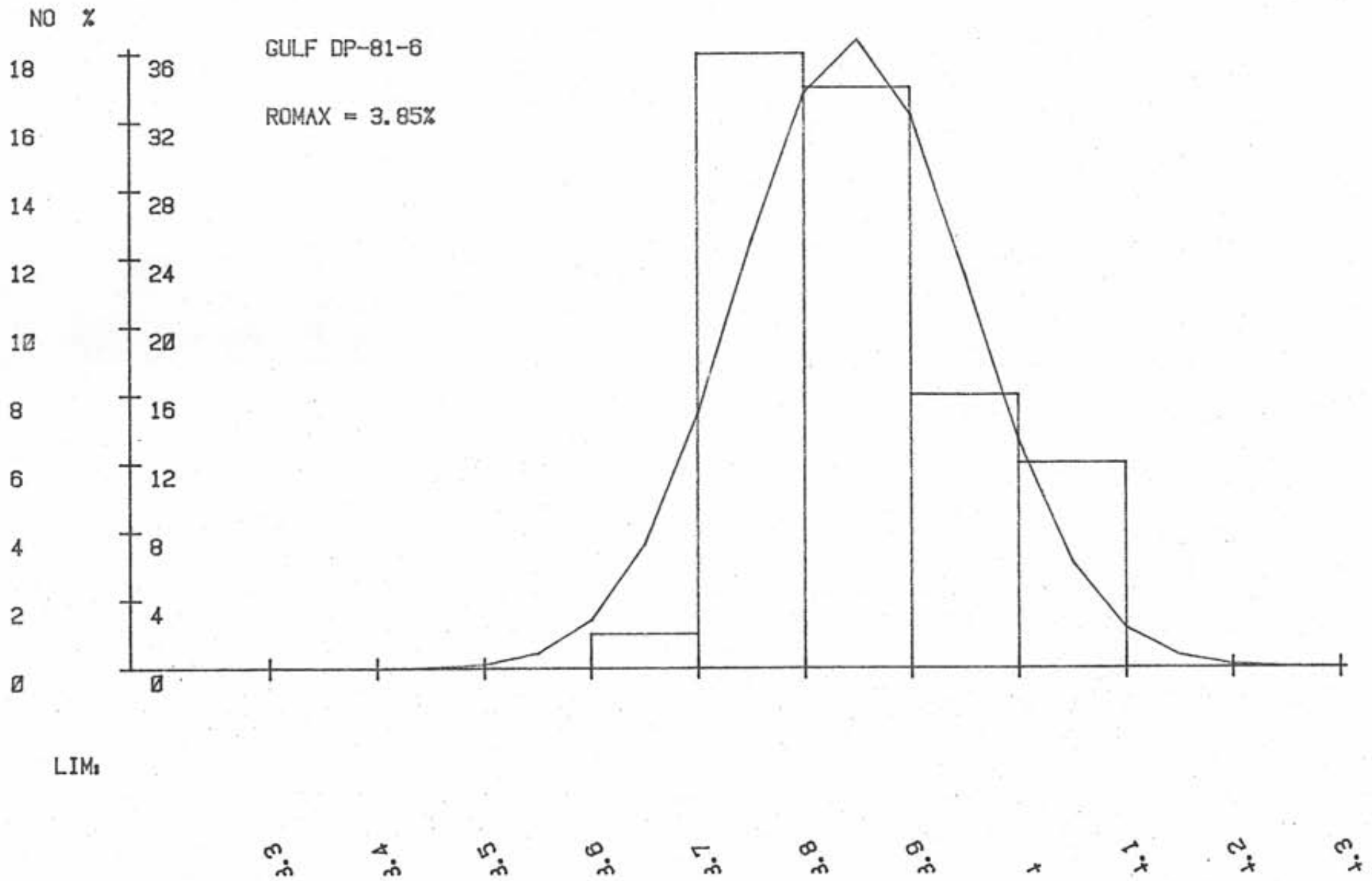
DP-81-6.

	X-1)	X+1)
1	8100	8500
2	8200	8500
3	7500	7500
4	7100	8700
5	7600	7300
6	7800	8700
7	3500	8000
8	8200	7300
9	9100	8200
0	8900	7000
1	7600	7900
2	8300	8800
3	8800	8800
4	9100	8200
5	7900	8600
6	7200	8700
7	8000	9500
8	8600	8200
9	7300	7300
0	8600	7700
1	6800	6600
2	9700	9500
3	8400	7500
4	7500	9500
5	7200	8000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 02
 MEAN = 3.8454
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.824
 VARIANCE = .0117
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .1084
 SKEWNESS = .6552
 KURTOSIS = 2.5327

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (3.8146 , 3.8762)
 ONE-TRAIL (49 , 025) =
 2.01003450016



DP- 81 - 8.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	3.9500	3.9000
2	3.8600	4.0100
3	4.0300	3.9300
4	3.0300	3.9000
5	3.9500	3.9300
6	3.7500	3.9100
7	3.0300	3.9800
8	3.2000	3.9000
9	3.7000	3.8500
10	4.0600	7.9000
11	4.1100	3.8800
12	3.7100	3.9900
13	3.7500	3.9300
14	3.9500	3.9200
15	4.0200	3.8000
16	3.7400	3.9100
17	3.9700	7.8000
18	3.9600	7.5000
19	3.8600	7.5000
20	3.9600	3.9300
21	3.9200	3.8000
22	3.9800	3.9500
23	3.9400	7.8000
24	3.8600	3.9000
25	3.9500	3.8900

BASIC STATISTICS

```

*****
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.8924
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.48%
VARIANCE = .0093
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0965
SKEWNESS = -.0439
KURTOSIS = 2.4528
  
```

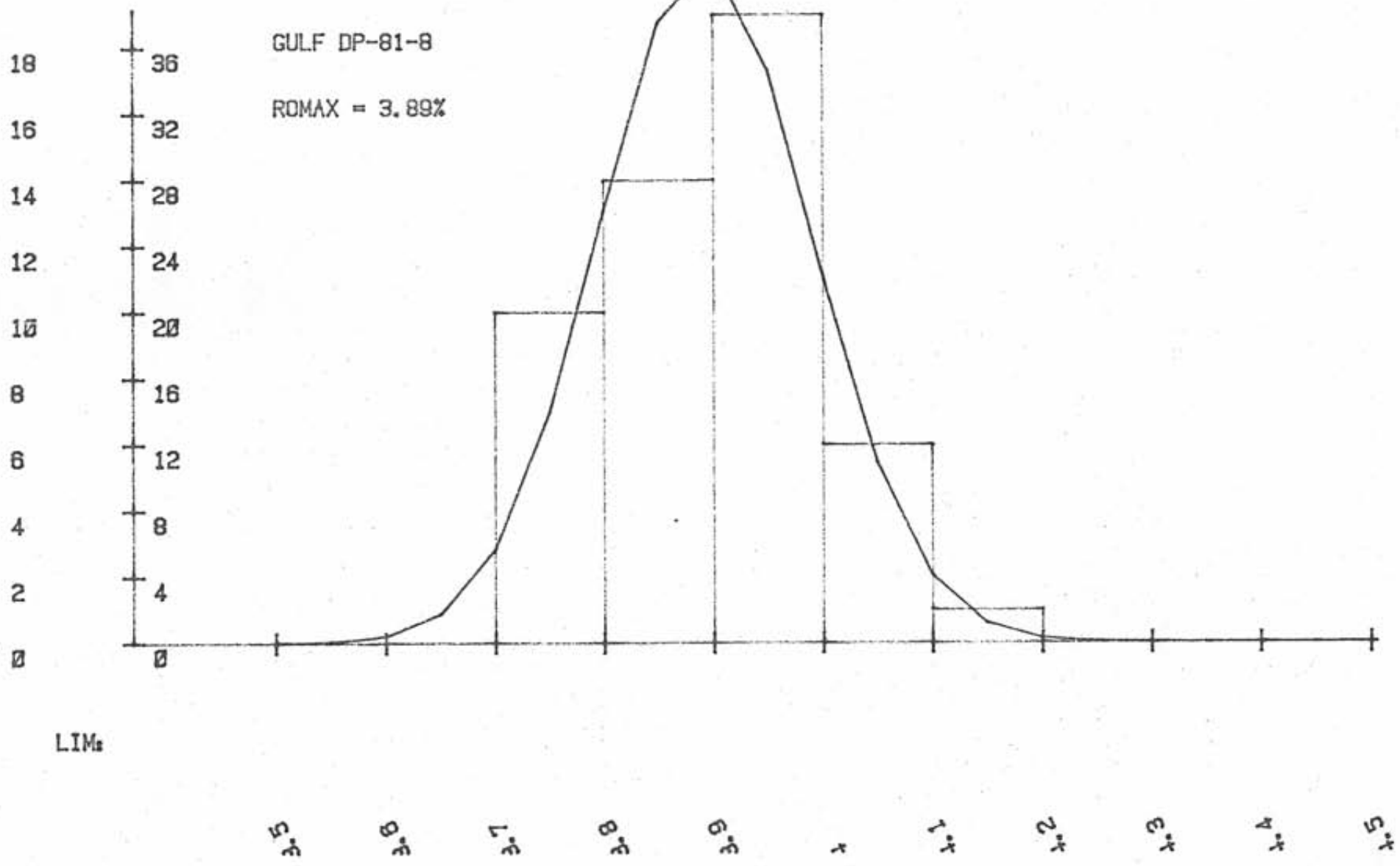
```

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
( 3.8650, 3.9198)
ONE-TAIL t( 49, .025 ) =
2.01003450016
  
```

NO %

GULF DP-81-8

ROMAX = 3.89%



LIMs

DP-81-12.

X	X+1
1500	9200
9800	8800
3600	3000
9600	4200
1800	2600
1900	1800
9500	3400
1800	9200
3400	1500
8600	5800
8700	8700
1200	4500
8700	9400
8600	2600
2700	1600
8700	4400
9400	1100
8200	9800
9200	1900
2200	8000
8300	1300
8500	9300
8000	1100
3600	8200
9500	1200

BASIC STATISTICS

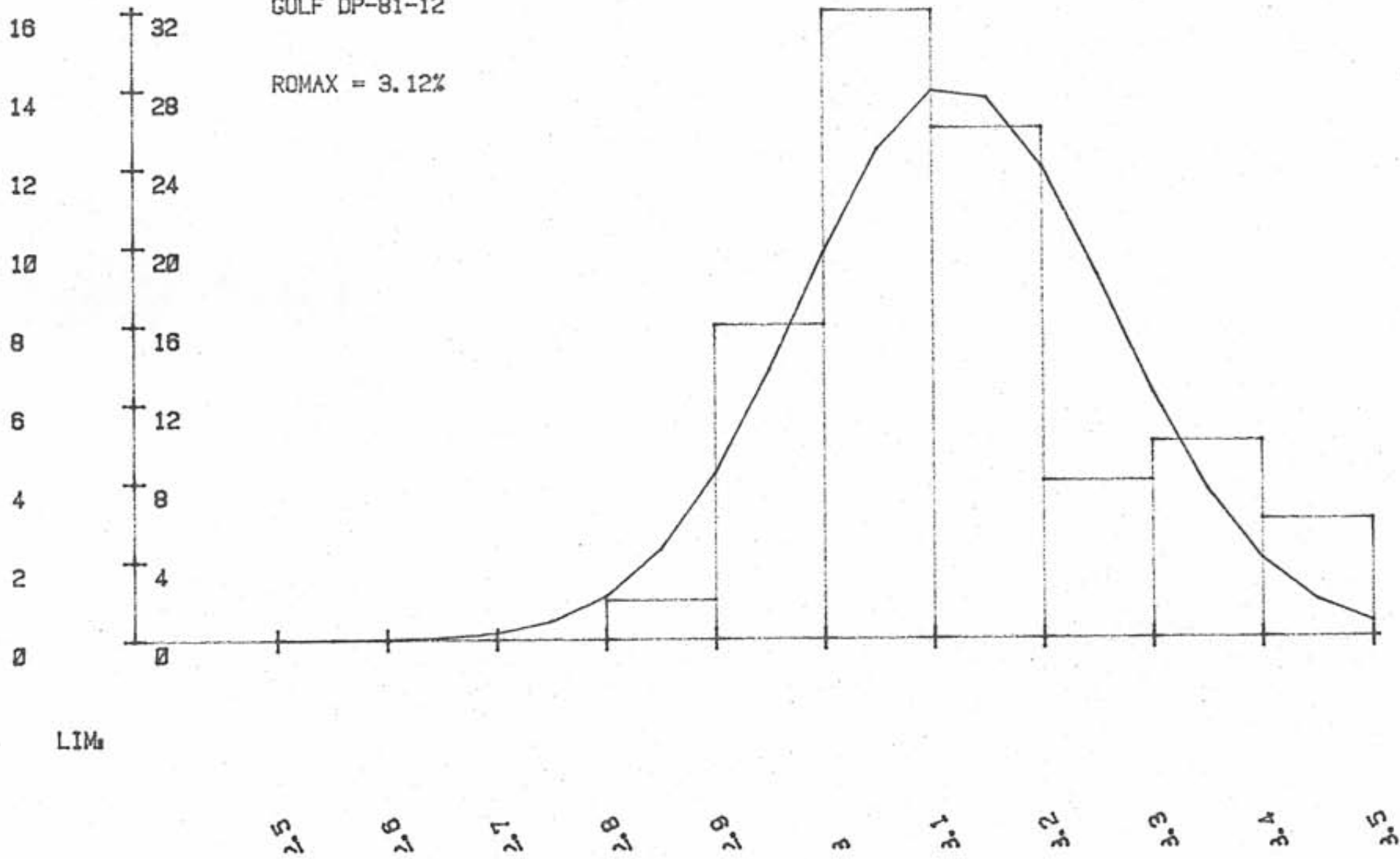
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
 MEAN = 3.1200
 COEF OF VARIATION = 4.54%
 VARIANCE = .0201
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .1417
 SKEWNESS = .5624
 KURTOSIS = 2.6681

95.00% C.I. OR MEAN:
 3.0797 3.1603
 TRAIL # 49
 1003450016

NO %

GULF DP-81-12

ROMAX = 3.12%



LIMs

DP-81-23.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	.0300	.9900
2	.9500	.0300
3	.0700	.0500
4	.9600	.9600
5	.1500	.9400
6	.0200	.9600
7	.9100	.9500
8	.9400	.0300
9	.9200	.9700
10	.0300	.0300
11	.1900	.9900
12	.0300	.0500
13	.0700	.9200
14	.0100	.9500
15	.0800	.9300
16	.9500	.0100
17	.0300	.9500
18	.9300	.9300
19	.0400	.8800
20	.9300	.9100
21	.8900	.8900
22	.9200	.9700
23	.0700	.9100
24	.9100	.9000
25	.9900	.8700

BASIC STATISTICS

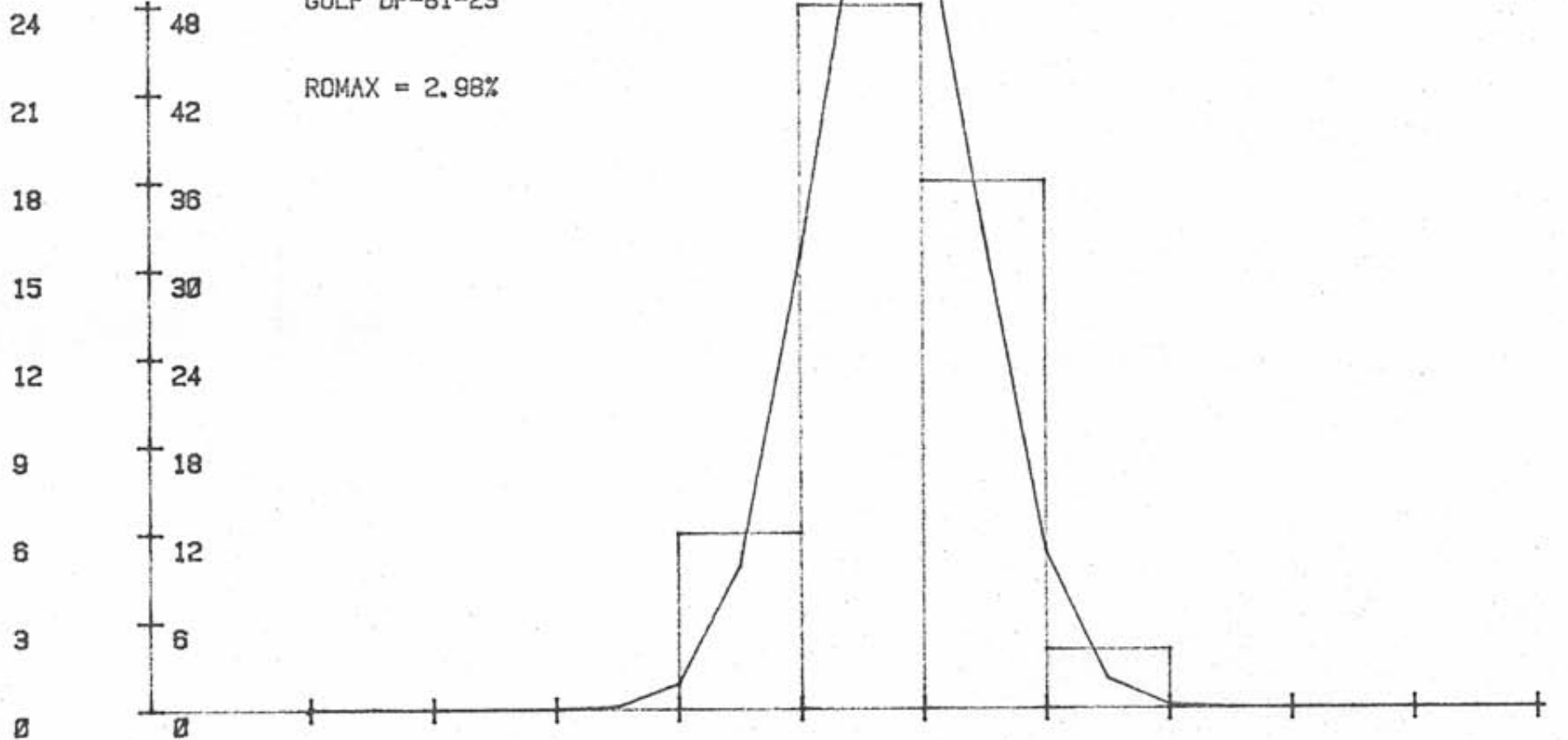
 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 2.9768
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.33%
 VARIANCE = .0044
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0664
 SKEWNESS = .3346
 KURTOSIS = 2.3867

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (2.95 2.9967)
 ONE-TAIL T (.025) =
 2.01003450010

NO %

GULF DP-81-23

ROMAX = 2.98%



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

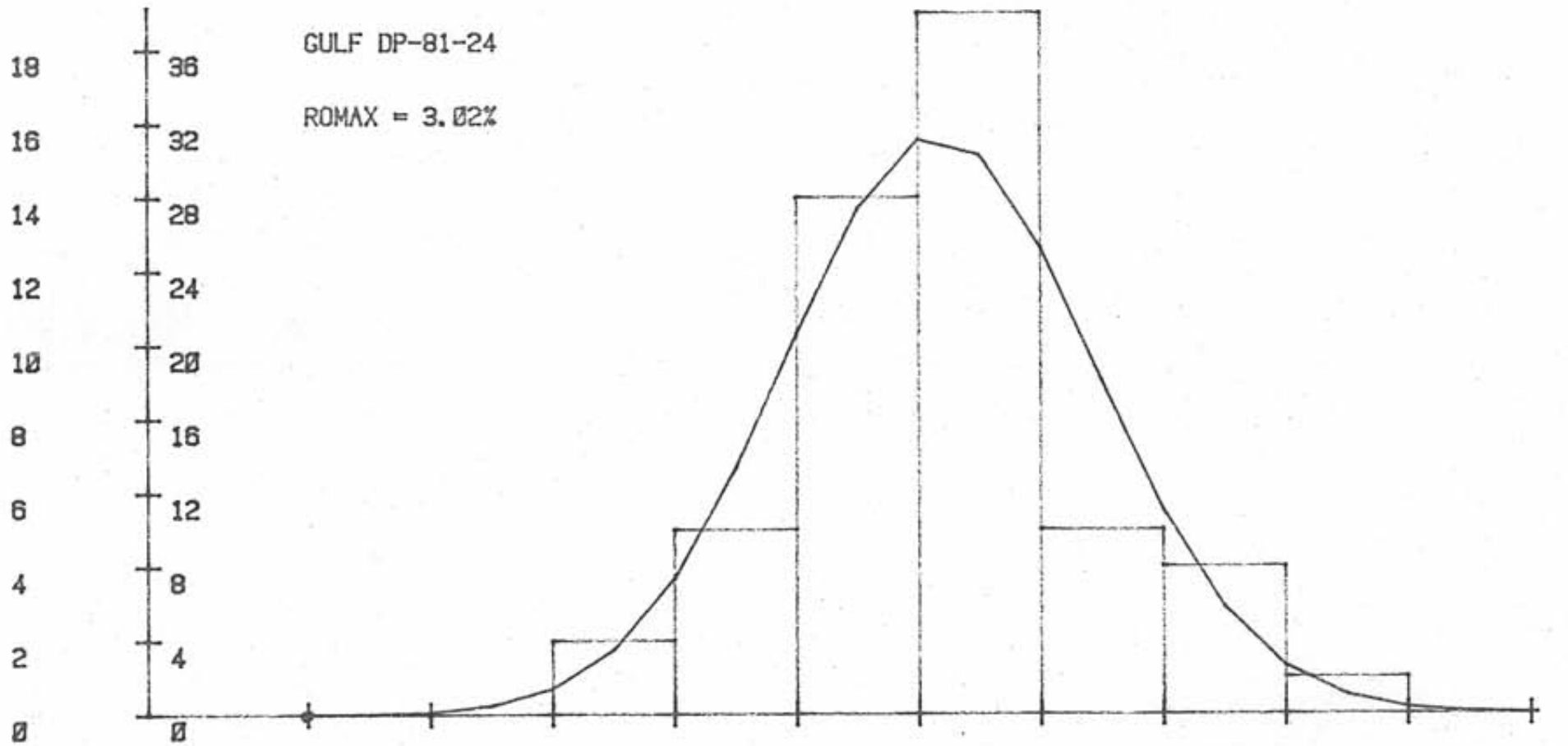
DP-81-24.

Count	Relative Frequency	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Relative Frequency
1	0.0200	1	0.0200
2	0.0400	3	0.0600
3	0.0600	6	0.1200
4	0.0800	10	0.2000
5	0.1000	15	0.3000
6	0.1200	21	0.4200
7	0.1400	28	0.5600
8	0.1600	36	0.7200
9	0.1800	45	0.9000
10	0.2000	55	1.0000
11	0.2200	66	1.2200
12	0.2400	78	1.4600
13	0.2600	91	1.7200
14	0.2800	105	2.0000
15	0.3000	120	2.3000
16	0.3200	136	2.6200
17	0.3400	153	2.9600
18	0.3600	171	3.3200
19	0.3800	190	3.7000
20	0.4000	210	4.1000
21	0.4200	231	4.5200
22	0.4400	253	4.9600
23	0.4600	276	5.4200
24	0.4800	300	5.9000
25	0.5000	325	6.4000
26	0.5200	351	6.9200
27	0.5400	378	7.4600
28	0.5600	406	8.0200
29	0.5800	435	8.6000
30	0.6000	465	9.2000
31	0.6200	496	9.8200
32	0.6400	528	10.4600
33	0.6600	561	11.1200
34	0.6800	595	11.8000
35	0.7000	630	12.5000
36	0.7200	666	13.2200
37	0.7400	703	13.9600
38	0.7600	741	14.7200
39	0.7800	780	15.5000
40	0.8000	820	16.3000
41	0.8200	861	17.1200
42	0.8400	903	17.9600
43	0.8600	946	18.8200
44	0.8800	990	19.7000
45	0.9000	1035	20.6000
46	0.9200	1081	21.5200
47	0.9400	1128	22.4600
48	0.9600	1176	23.4200
49	0.9800	1225	24.4000
50	1.0000	1275	25.4000

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
 MEAN = 3.8164
 COEF. OF VARIATION = 4.221
 VARIANCE = .01
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .1072
 SKEWNESS = .2345
 KURTOSIS = 3.8648
 95.00% U FOR MEAN
 (2.9802, 3.8526)
 ONE-TAIL T(49, .025) =
 .01093453016

NO %



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

DP-81-25.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	0300	0600
2	0200	0200
3	0300	0500
4	0200	0600
5	0600	0300
6	0200	0600
7	0100	1100
8	0700	4100
9	0500	0900
10	0700	0400
11	0900	0700
12	0600	0600
13	0400	0900
14	0900	0900
15	0600	4100
16	0700	4400
17	0200	0600
18	0100	4100
19	0700	0200
20	0200	0100
21	0900	4100
22	0200	0000
23	0600	0500
24	0900	0600
25	0500	0700

BASIC STATISTICS

```

#####
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.9590
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.66%
VARIANCE = .0062
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0790
SKEWNESS = -.2512
KURTOSIS = 2.1317
  
```

```

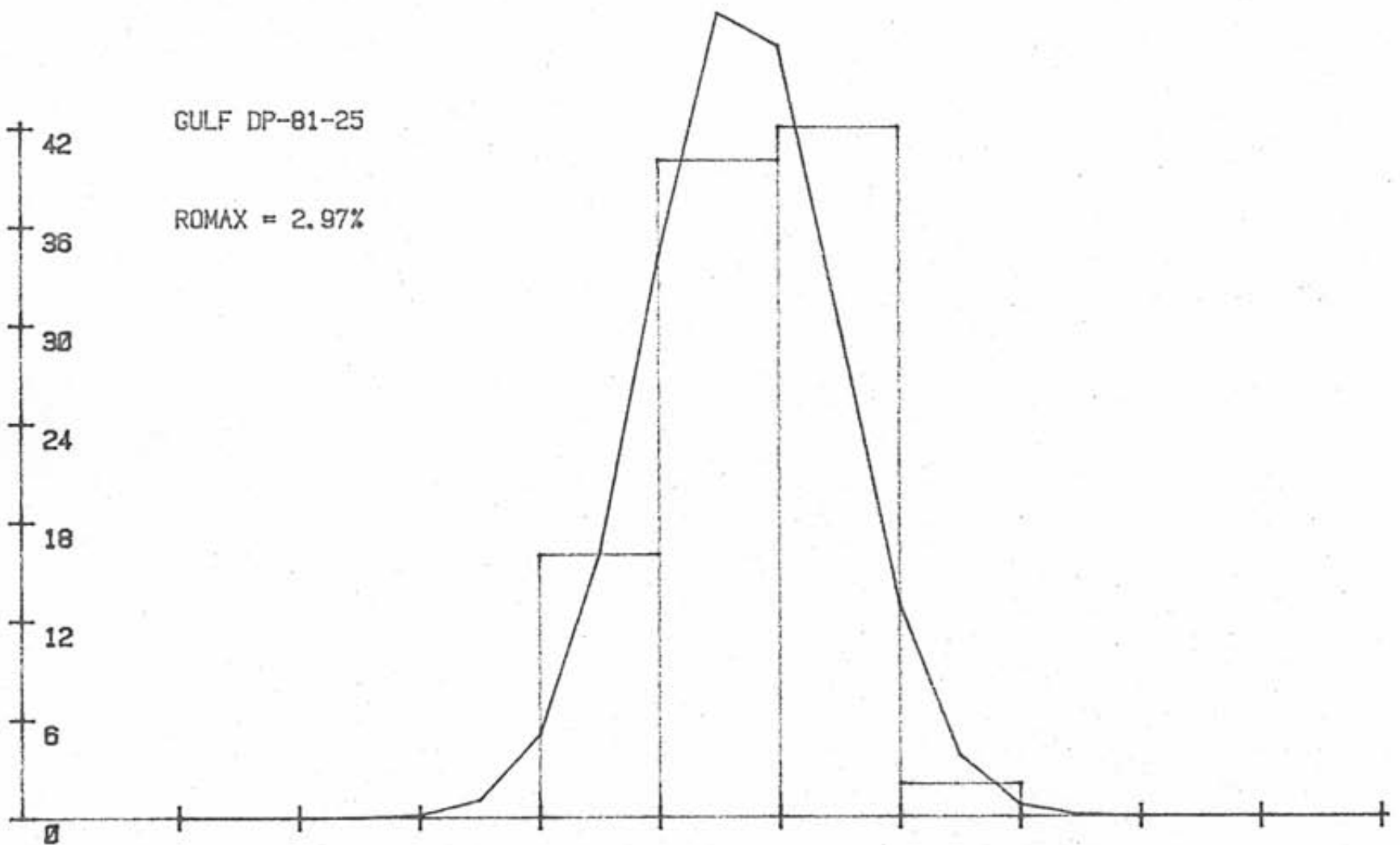
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
( 2.9473, 2.9923)
ONE-TAIL * ( .49, .025 ) =
2.01003450016
  
```

NO %

21 42
18 36
15 30
12 24
9 18
6 12
3 6
0 0

GULF DP-81-25

ROMAX = 2.97%



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

DP-81-29.

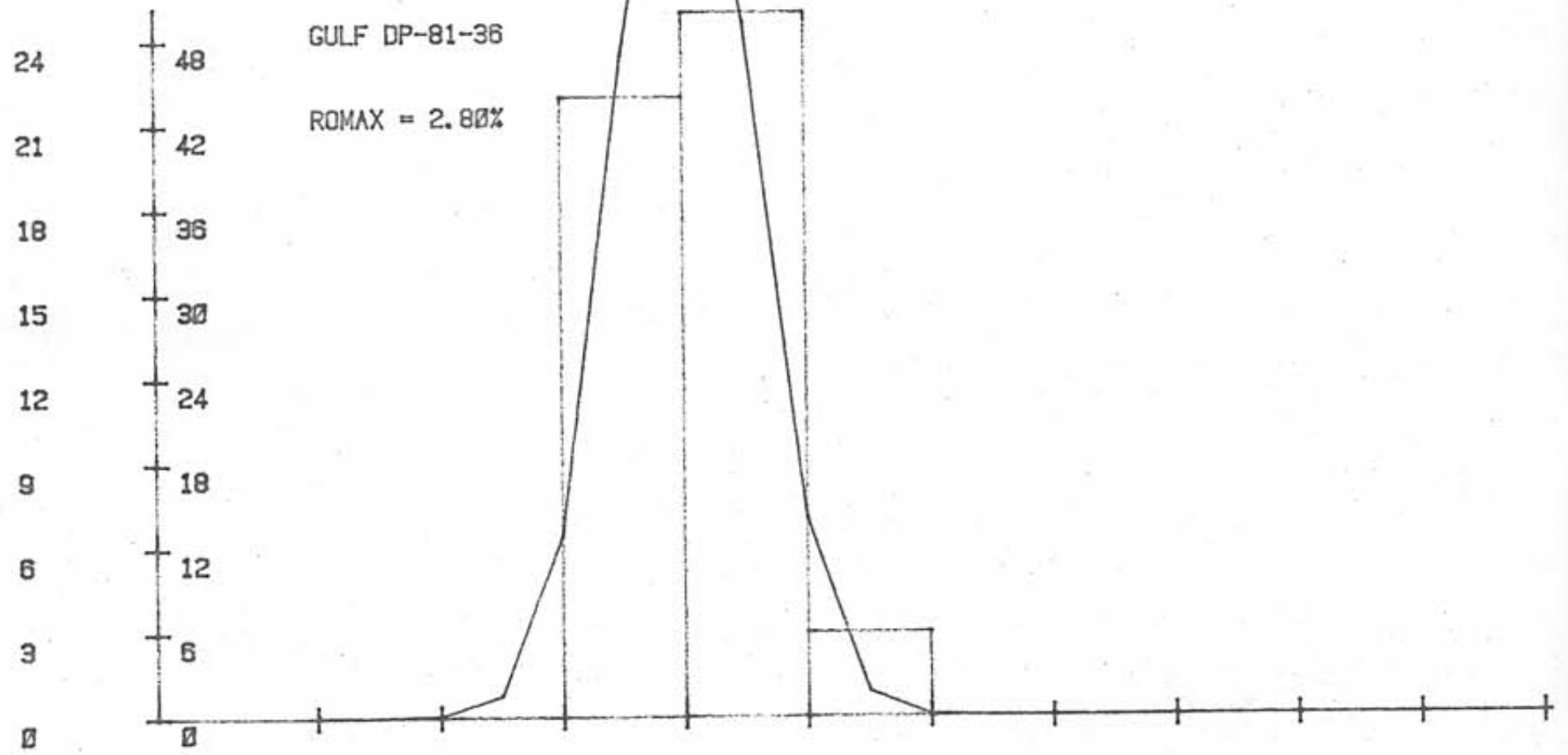
	X(I)	X(I+1)
4	0900	0500
4	0500	1700
4	9100	0200
4	0500	0500
4	9000	0100
4	0900	1500
4	0500	0500
4	0100	0200
4	0500	0300
4	0600	4500
4	0700	2500
4	0000	0200
4	0300	0400
4	0300	0500
4	0500	1200
4	0700	0500
4	0200	0600
4	0200	0400
4	0000	0000
4	0500	0200
4	0600	0900
4	0500	0500
4	0200	0400
4	0400	0300
4	0200	0200

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = .0136
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.33%
VARIANCE = .0049
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0701
SKEWNESS = .5187
KURTOSIS = 3.2141

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
(2.9957, 3.0355)
ONE-TAIL T, 49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

DP- 81- 36.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
2	8100	9200
3	8300	8700
4	8400	8900
5	8300	8800
6	7500	8800
7	9100	8700
8	8500	8200
9	7700	7700
10	8300	7600
11	7800	8000
12	7900	8100
13	8400	7900
14	7300	9300
15	9000	7100
16	7600	7900
17	8300	8300
18	8200	8400
19	8300	7300
20	7200	7700
21	7900	7300
22	8200	7500
23	7500	7500
24	7200	7100
25	6100	7200
26	8300	8300

BASIC STATISTICS

```

*****
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN= 01
MEAN = 2.8014
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.94%
VARIANCE = .0029
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0543
SKEWNESS = .2250
KURTOSIS = 2.6201

```

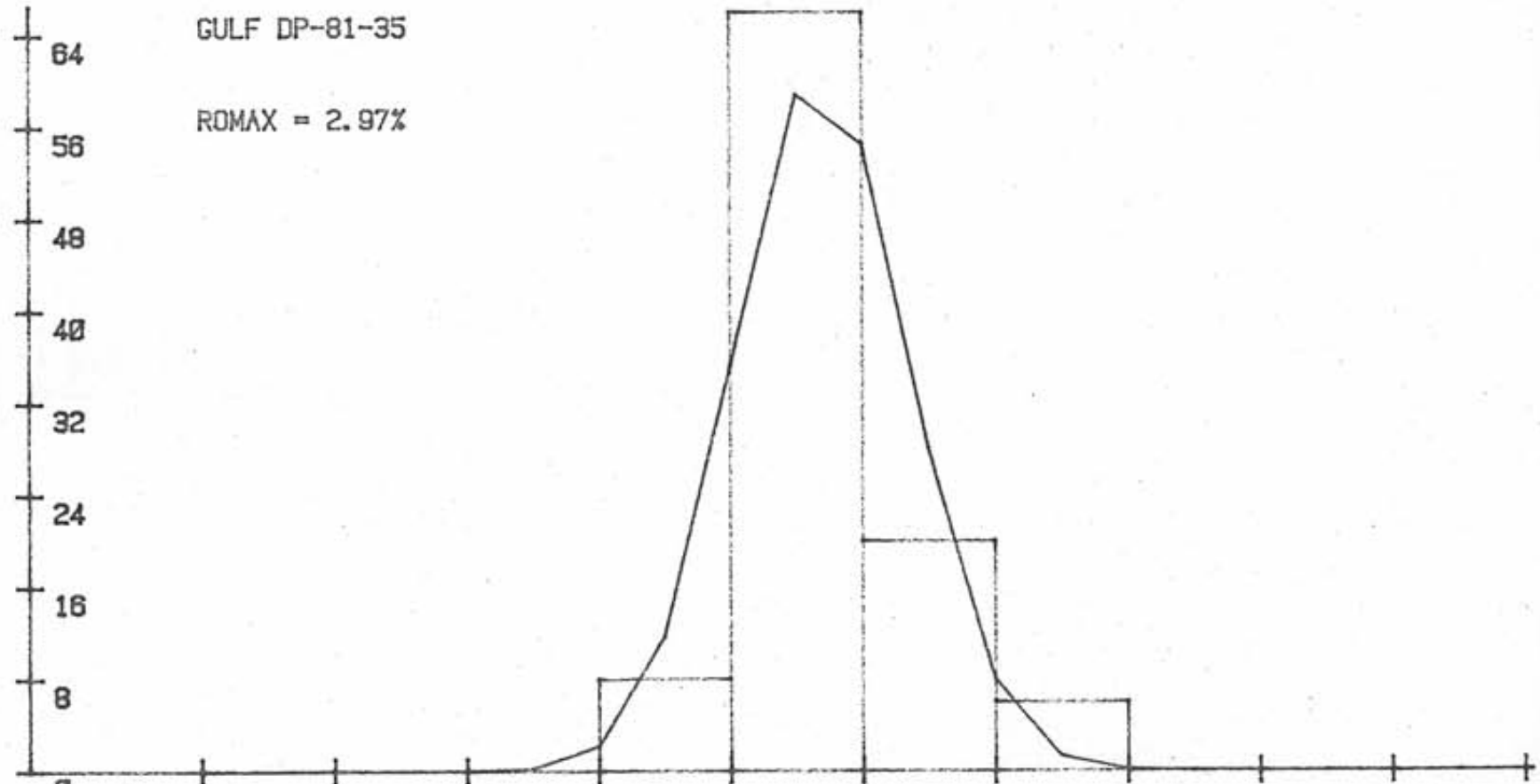
```

. 95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
( 2.7860, 2.8168)
ONE-TAIL t( 49 , .025 )=
2.01003450016

```

NO %

32
28
24
20
16
12
8
4
0



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

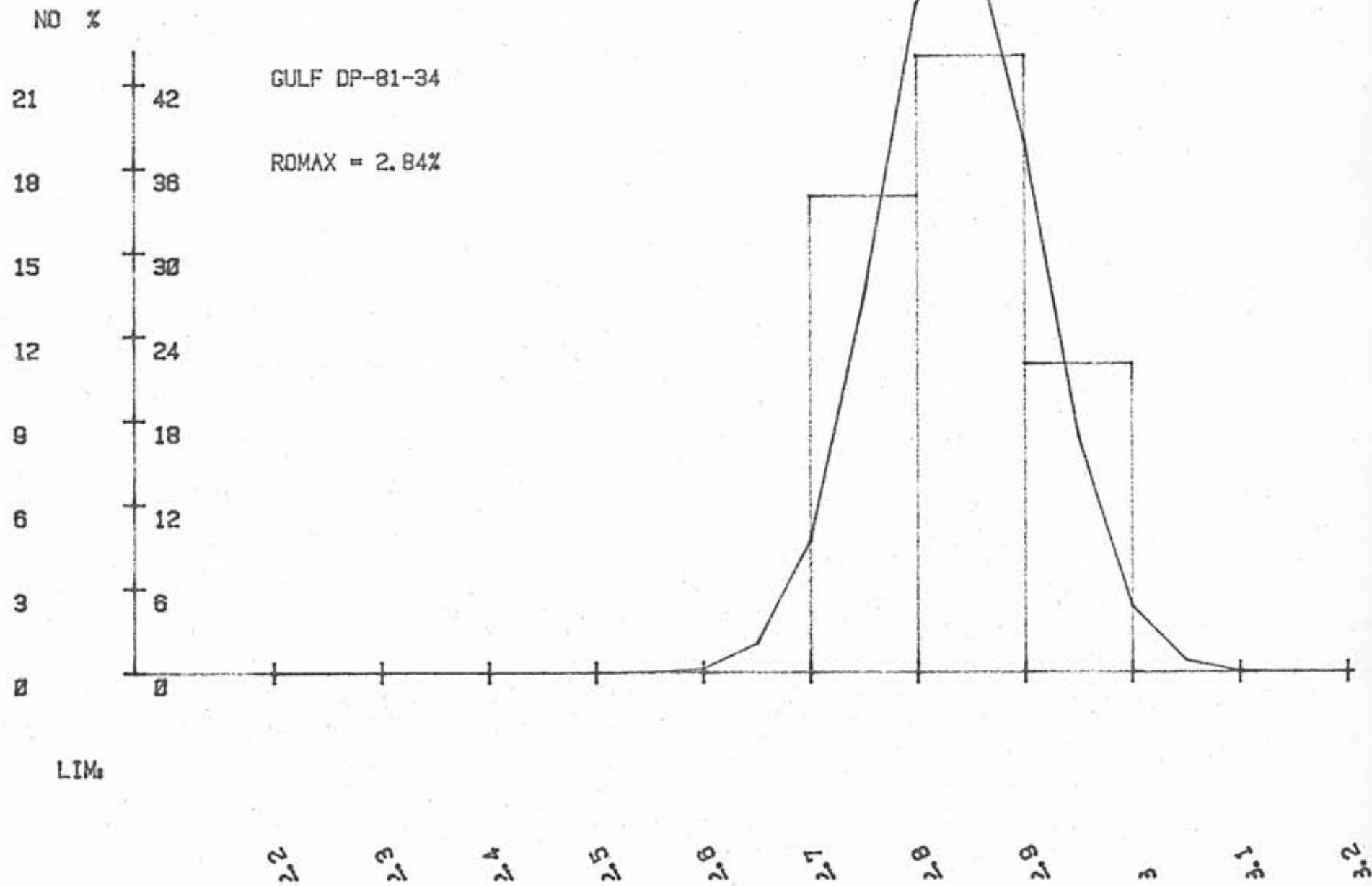
DP 81-35.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	9800	100
2	9200	9200
3	0800	0000
4	9900	8200
5	0900	9400
6	0300	9500
7	9300	9900
8	9500	9100
9	9200	0000
10	9100	9700
11	9100	9400
12	9300	8500
13	9500	0300
14	9900	9500
15	9600	0500
16	0500	31500
17	9900	9400
18	1100	9400
19	8800	9300
20	9600	9400
21	9300	8700
22	9400	9000
23	0000	1000
24	0200	9600
25	9500	9900

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.9686
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.13%
VARIANCE = .0042
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0651
SKEWNESS = .368
KURTOSIS = 3.357

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
(2.9501, 2.9871)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016



DP-81-34.

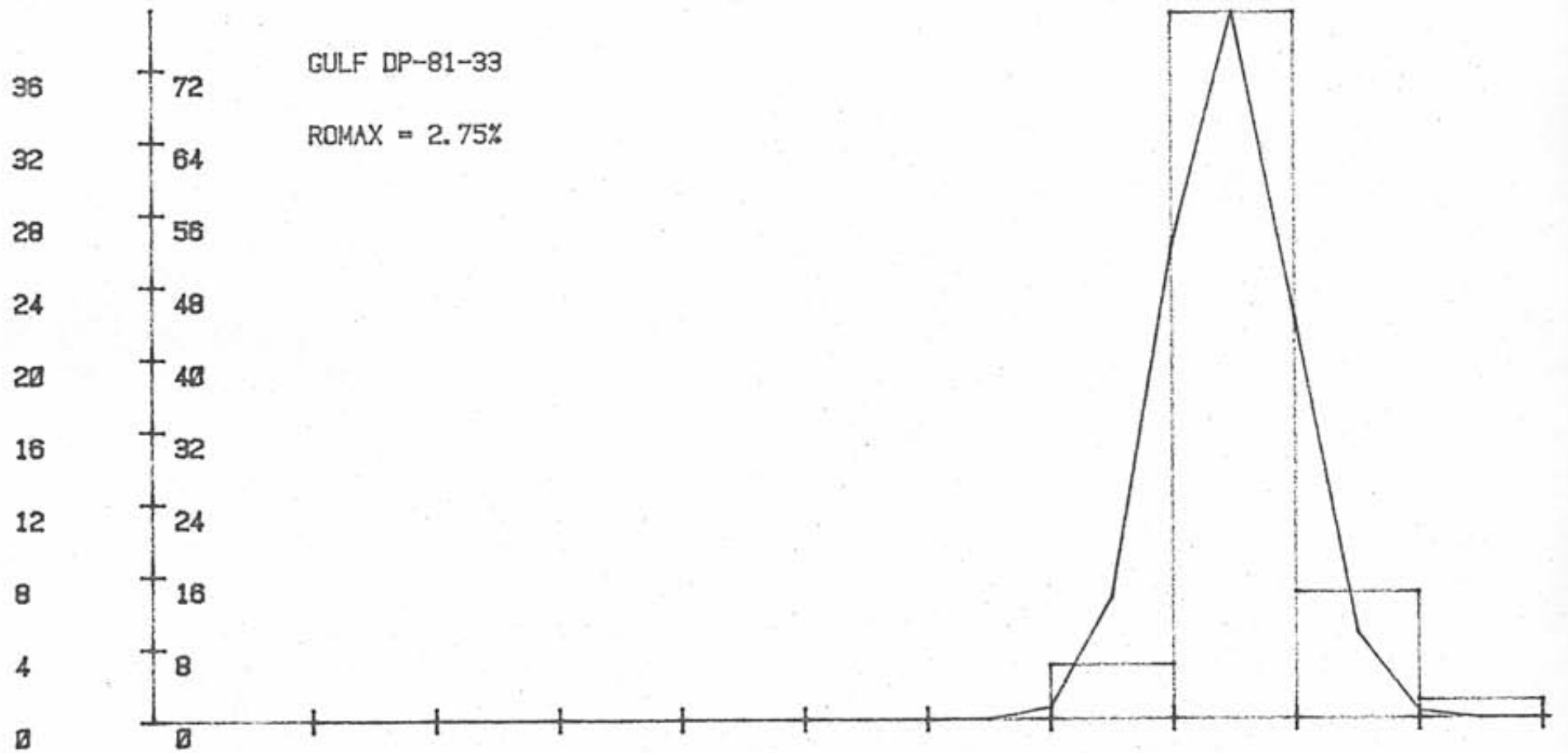
i	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	8800	8200
2	8600	8300
3	8000	8700
4	7700	7800
5	7800	7900
6	7300	7100
7	7200	7200
8	6100	9400
9	8500	8300
10	8300	7900
11	8600	7500
12	8600	8400
13	9100	8700
14	8300	7800
15	8500	8800
16	7500	7300
17	9300	8300
18	8400	9500
19	9600	8900
20	7500	8500
21	9700	8500
22	7200	8700
23	8700	7200
24	7300	8000
25	7900	9200

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 2.8376
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.58%
 VARIANCE = .0054
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0733
 SKEWNESS = .1469
 KURTOSIS = 2.1852

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
 (2.8168, 2.8584)
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.01003458016

NO %



LIMs

2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3

DP-81-33.

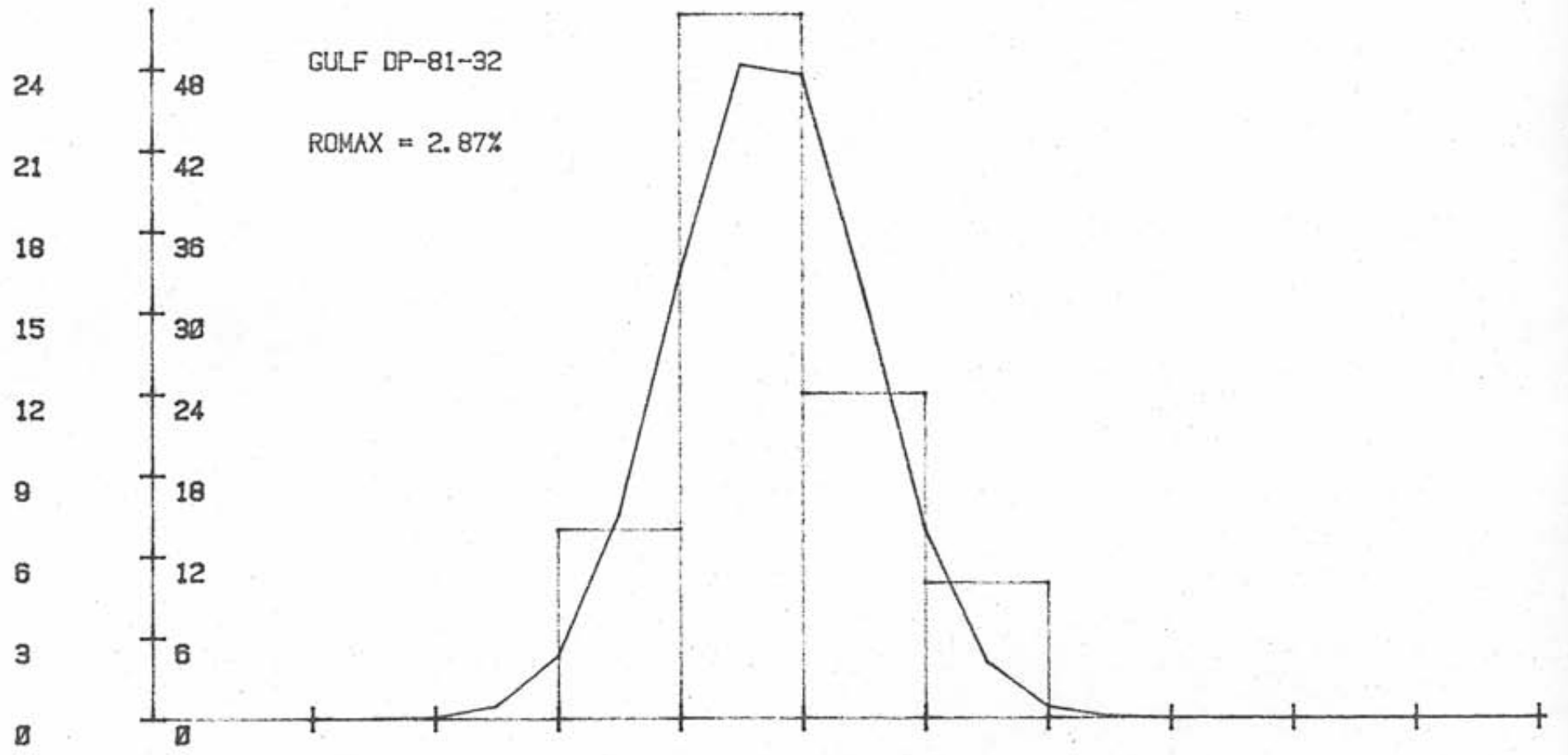
i	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	2.7200	2.8300
2	2.7400	2.8200
3	2.7900	2.7000
4	2.7100	2.5000
5	2.6900	2.7500
6	2.7500	2.7300
7	2.6900	2.7100
8	2.8400	2.9300
9	2.7200	2.7300
10	2.9000	2.7100
11	2.7800	2.7200
12	2.7000	2.7400
13	2.7300	2.7100
14	2.7200	2.7500
15	2.7000	2.7300
16	2.7000	2.7200
17	2.7300	2.7000
18	2.7300	2.7000
19	2.7700	2.7800
20	2.7600	2.8100
21	2.7000	2.7000
22	2.7700	2.7400
23	2.7100	2.8100
24	2.7600	2.7200
25	2.7900	2.8600

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .91
 MEAN = 2.7456
 COEF OF VARIATION = 1.95%
 VARIANCE = .0026
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0509
 SKEWNESS = 1.3893
 KURTOSIS = 5.0540

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.7311, 2.7601)
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.01063450016

NO %



LIMs

2.5 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

DP-81-32.

	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	3.0500	2.9200
3	2.8300	2.9200
5	2.8800	2.8200
7	2.8600	2.8600
9	2.8800	2.7400
11	2.7600	2.8400
13	2.8400	2.7700
15	2.8300	2.8100
17	2.9000	2.8500
19	2.9200	2.9600
21	3.0400	3.0100
23	3.0500	2.8700
25	2.8000	2.7900
27	2.8400	2.8400
29	2.8100	3.0500
31	2.9700	2.8700
33	2.8300	2.8100
35	2.8600	2.7800
37	2.9500	2.7800
39	2.8600	2.9200
41	2.8900	2.9500
43	2.8500	2.8100
45	2.9000	2.9100
47	2.9600	2.7900
49	2.8900	2.8000

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 2.8732
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.76%
 VARIANCE = .0063
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0792
 SKEWNESS = .7030
 KURTOSIS = 2.8318

95.00% C I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.8507, 2.8957)
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016

NO %

21

18

15

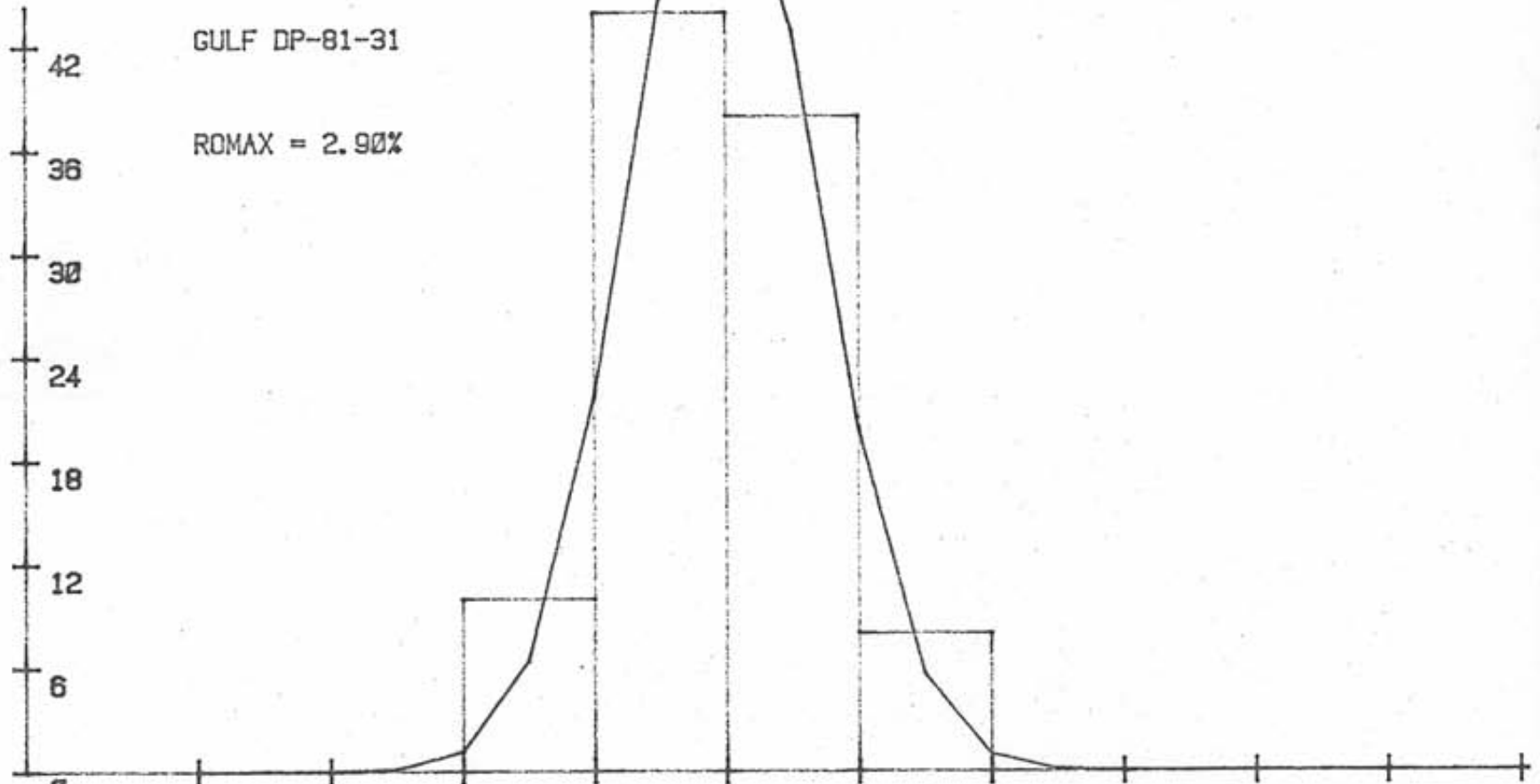
12

9

6

3

0



LIMs

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

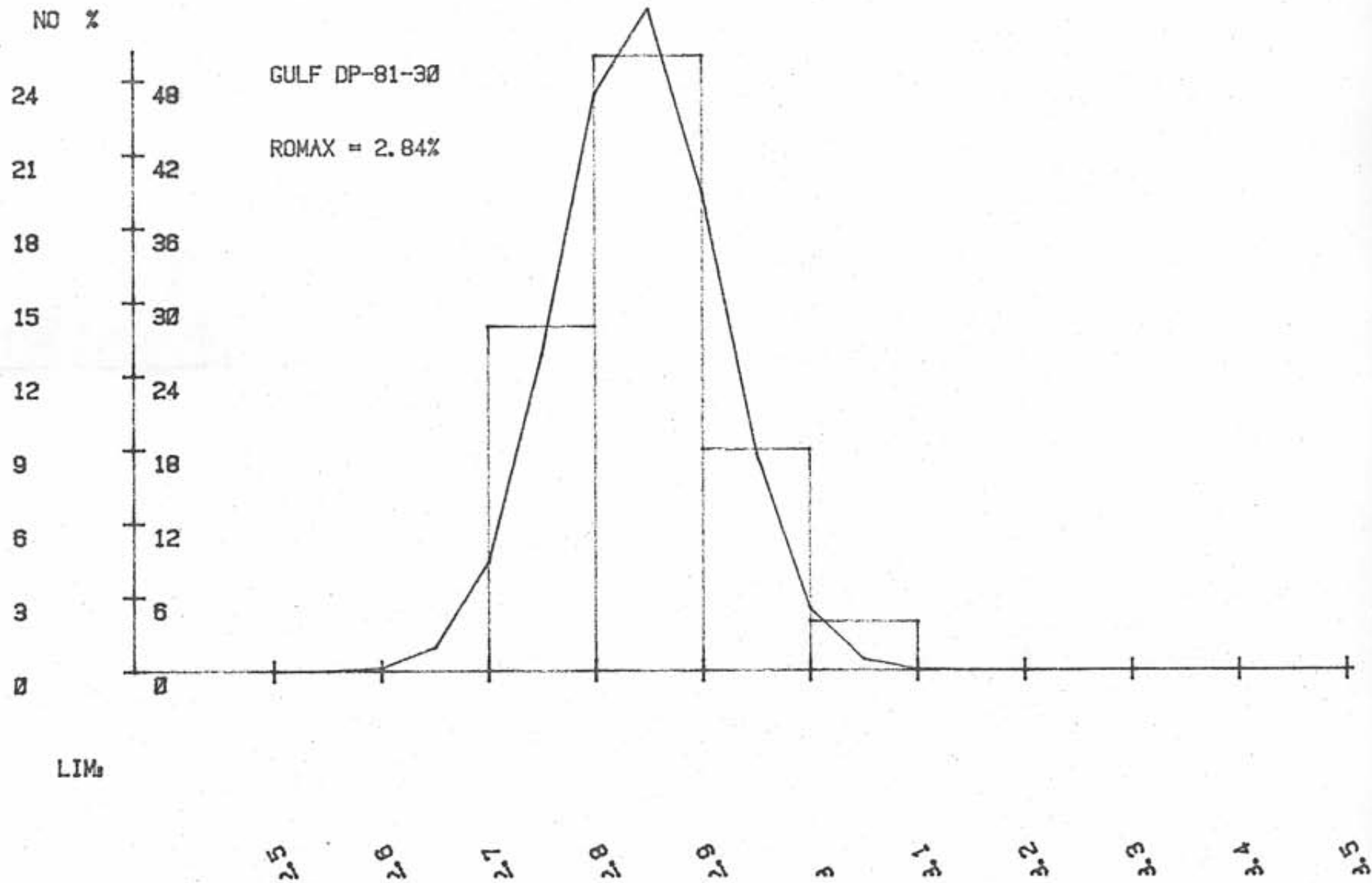
DP-81-31.

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	8400	8800
2	8700	8800
3	9900	9100
4	8400	9000
5	8700	9300
6	8100	7900
7	9800	9400
8	0600	7900
9	9700	9200
10	8800	8600
11	7900	9100
12	8300	7900
13	9600	9700
14	9700	9700
15	8900	9600
16	8300	8900
17	8600	8300
18	0100	8400
19	8700	8600
20	8200	6100
21	8900	8800
22	9800	7900
23	9500	8800
24	9800	9700
25	8800	9400

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .91
 MEAN = 2.8978
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.45%
 VARIANCE = .8656
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .9304
 SKEWNESS = .3121
 KURTOSIS = 2.4479

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.8777, 2.9179)
 ONE-TAIL t(48, .025) =
 2.01063450016



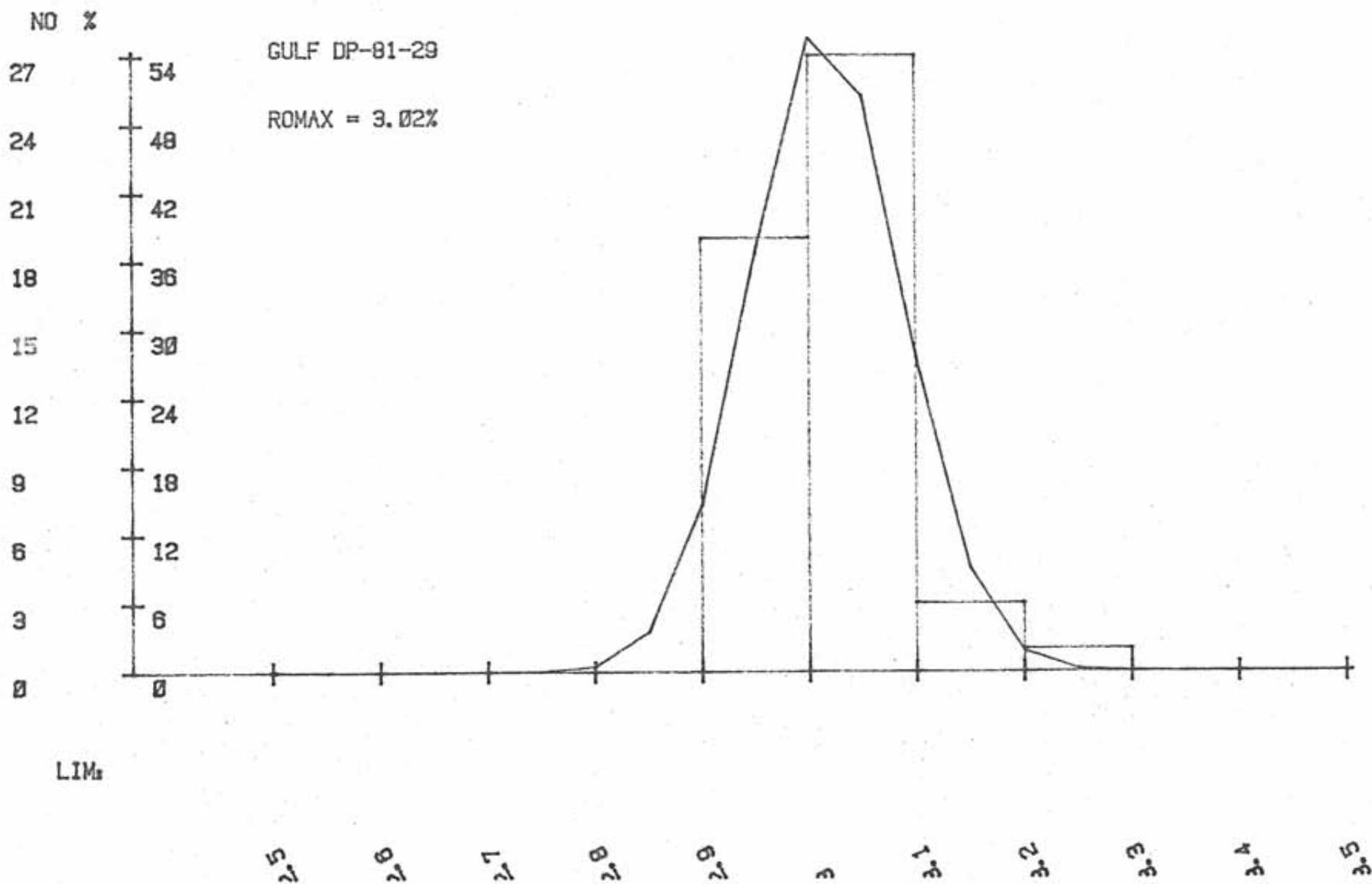
DP. 81-30.

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	7500	8100
2	8000	8100
3	7800	7600
4	7500	9500
5	8300	9900
6	8500	7500
7	9000	9700
8	9600	8600
9	8000	7200
10	8100	8000
11	7800	8600
12	8100	8100
13	7800	8600
14	8100	7500
15	8500	8700
16	7600	8700
17	7900	8400
18	8100	8400
19	7800	9300
20	7800	8300
21	8600	8100
22	8700	6000
23	7900	9300
24	8000	8200
25	8300	8100

BASIC STATISTICS

 N = 50
 STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
 MEAN = 2.8396
 COEF OF VARIATION = 2.59%
 VARIANCE = .0054
 STANDARD DEVIATION = .0734
 SKEWNESS = 1.3239
 KURTOSIS = 4.6503

 95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
 (2.8189, 2.8607)
 ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
 2.01003450016



REPORT
on
SIXTY COAL SAMPLES
FROM THE
PANORAMA AREA

SEPTEMBER 1981

David E. Pearson & Associates Ltd.,
Consulting Coal Geologists and Petrographers,
804 Leota Place,
Victoria,
British Columbia
V8Y 1H2



INTRODUCTION

Sixty coal samples collected during detailed work on the Panorama Licences during the 1981 field season were received at the coal laboratory on July 31, 1981. The samples had been previously pelletised at the Chipmunk base camp, and were ready for grinding and polishing.

MEASURING PROCEDURE

The pellets were placed on plates for attachment to the microscope stage. A LEITZ Orthoplan microscope-photometer interfaced to a HEWLETT-PACKARD 85 series computer with HP-7225 plotter was used in the determinations. The microscope was standardised, and 50 maximum reflectance measurements on the maceral vitrinite were made. The computer then determined the mean maximum reflectance of the readings together with the standard deviation, and drew the histogram contained in the appendix. The blue line in these histograms represents the computer-derived normal distribution curve for the determined values, and is an indication of the central tendency of that sample.

RESULTS

The results of the reflectance analysis are shown in Table I; the statistical treatment of the data together with histograms are contained in the appendix.

All of the coals examined have levels of organic maturity that indicate them to be ANTHRACITES.

The lowest reflectance value determined on these coals is 2.26% from a very weathered sample; the highest is 5.22%. Corresponding volatile-matter yields would be 9% and 2.5%, as shown in Fig. 1.

TABLE I
RESULTS

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Romax</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
KB-81- 9-1C	2.65	0.14
13-1C	2.50	0.11
13-2C	3.20	0.10
13-3C	2.99	0.07
14-1C	3.27	0.05
14-2C	2.85	0.10
14-3C	3.06	0.07
14-4C	3.23	0.07
14-5C	3.17	0.09
14-6C	2.99	0.07
17-1C	2.90	0.08
17-2C	2.97	0.07
19-2C	2.26	0.11
19-3C	2.98	0.06
19-4C	2.85	0.10
19-6C	2.89	0.07
20-1C	2.88	0.05
RB-81-10	2.90	0.05
11	2.76	0.08
12	2.98	0.07
13	3.41	0.06
15	3.59	0.06
16	3.23	0.06
17	5.22	0.07

TABLE I (Cont'd)

RESULTS

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Romax</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
RLB-81- 1	3.12	0.09
3	3.04	0.09
4	3.32	0.07
6	2.96	0.09
7	3.06	0.09
8	3.35	0.07
9	3.58	0.06
10	3.14	0.08
11	3.22	0.08
14	3.36	0.09
16	3.32	0.08
17	3.84	0.08
18	3.58	0.07
21	3.03	0.10
22	3.37	0.06
24	3.42	0.07
25	3.24	0.05
JI -81-C11	3.50	0.07
C14	4.20	0.11
SLB-81-8-1/8	3.53	0.09
14	4.00	0.08
16-1/4	4.11	0.08
20	4.10	0.10
22-1/2	3.99	0.06
26-1/3	3.66	0.14
59	3.25	0.05
115	4.33	0.13

TABLE I (Cont'd)

RESULTS

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Romax</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
DP-81- 5	3.07	0.05
44	3.48	0.05
45	3.11	0.12
46	3.11	0.07
47	3.17	0.05
52	2.75	0.17
55	3.16	0.05
66	3.22	0.06
67	3.26	0.05

VOLATILE MATTER-REFLECTIVITY RELATIONSHIP FOR B. C. COALS

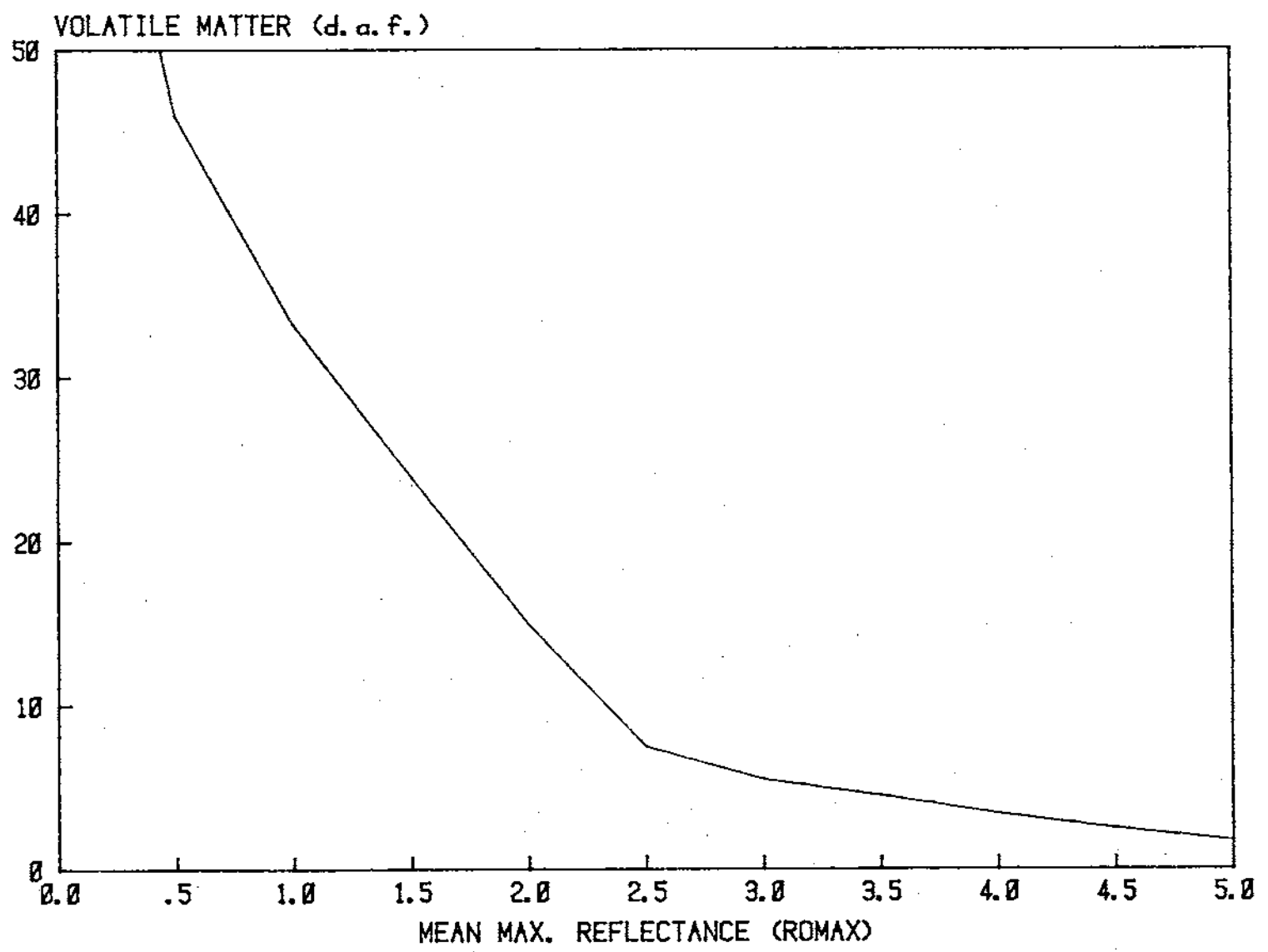


FIGURE 1

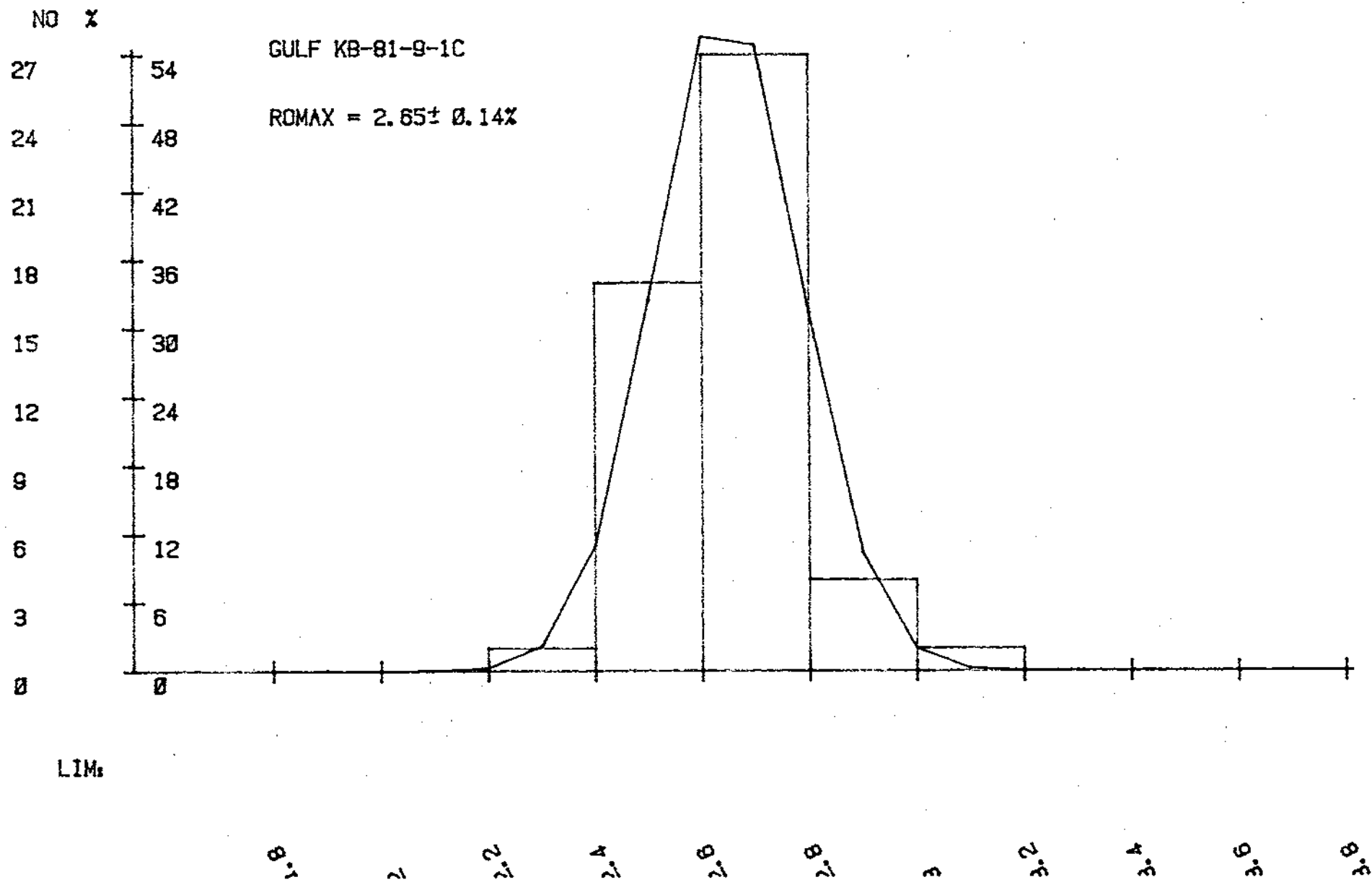
KB-81-9-1C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.5400	2.6700
3	3.1300	2.6400
5	2.9800	2.6900
7	2.6100	2.6800
9	2.7300	2.7300
11	2.7300	2.5800
13	2.6500	2.6500
15	2.6500	2.6800
17	2.5500	2.9000
19	2.5100	2.5200
21	2.6500	2.5600
23	2.4800	2.4400
25	2.5400	2.6700
27	2.6900	2.4400
29	2.3700	2.6200
31	2.5400	2.5500
33	2.6400	2.6400
35	2.6000	2.7200
37	2.5200	2.6500
39	2.5600	2.5300
41	2.7100	2.5800
43	2.8000	2.6300
45	2.6100	2.7600
47	2.7700	2.5600
49	2.7700	2.7500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 2.6476
COEF OF VARIATION = 5.10%
VARIANCE = .0182
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1350
SKEWNESS = 1.0124
KURTOSIS = 5.3240

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.6032, 2.6880)
ONE-TRAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016



KB-81-13-1C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.4500	2.3900
3	2.5200	2.4600
5	2.5600	2.6000
7	2.5900	2.5500
9	2.7000	2.5900
11	2.6500	2.6500
13	2.4100	2.6000
15	2.4800	2.4200
17	2.4300	2.5700
19	2.3700	2.4200
21	2.4500	2.3400
23	2.3500	2.3400
25	2.5000	2.3400
27	2.4700	2.4500
29	2.6000	2.4600
31	2.3700	2.4000
33	2.3200	2.4300
35	2.7200	2.5400
37	2.5400	2.6700
39	2.6500	2.5800
41	2.5700	2.5600
43	2.4600	2.3900
45	2.4300	2.4400
47	2.6200	2.4800
49	2.4600	2.6400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02

MEAN = 2.4980

COEF OF VARIATION = 4.27%

VARIANCE = .0114

STANDARD DEVIATION = .1068

SKEWNESS = .2312

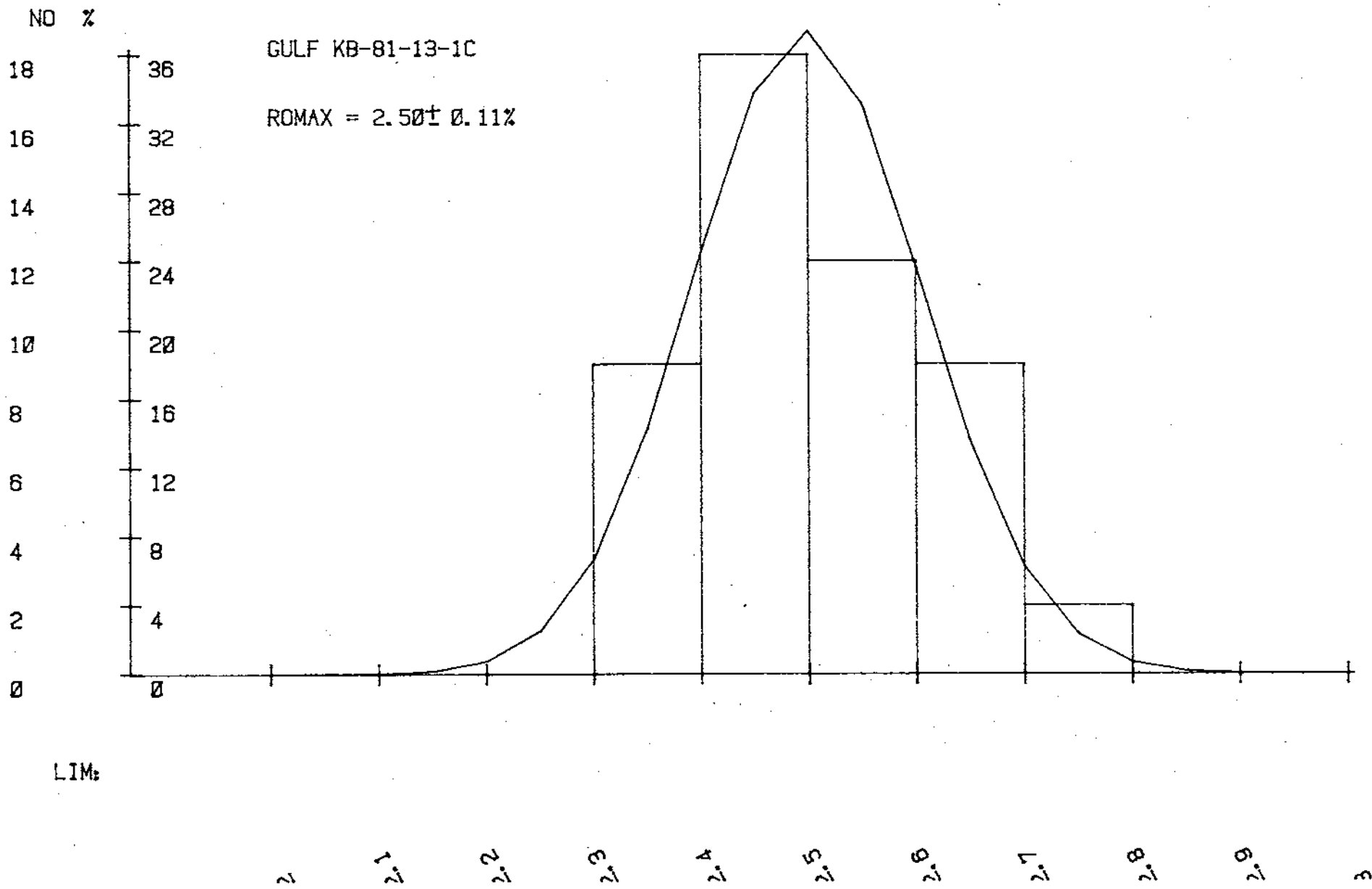
KURTOSIS = 1.9868

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.4677, 2.5283)

ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01063450016



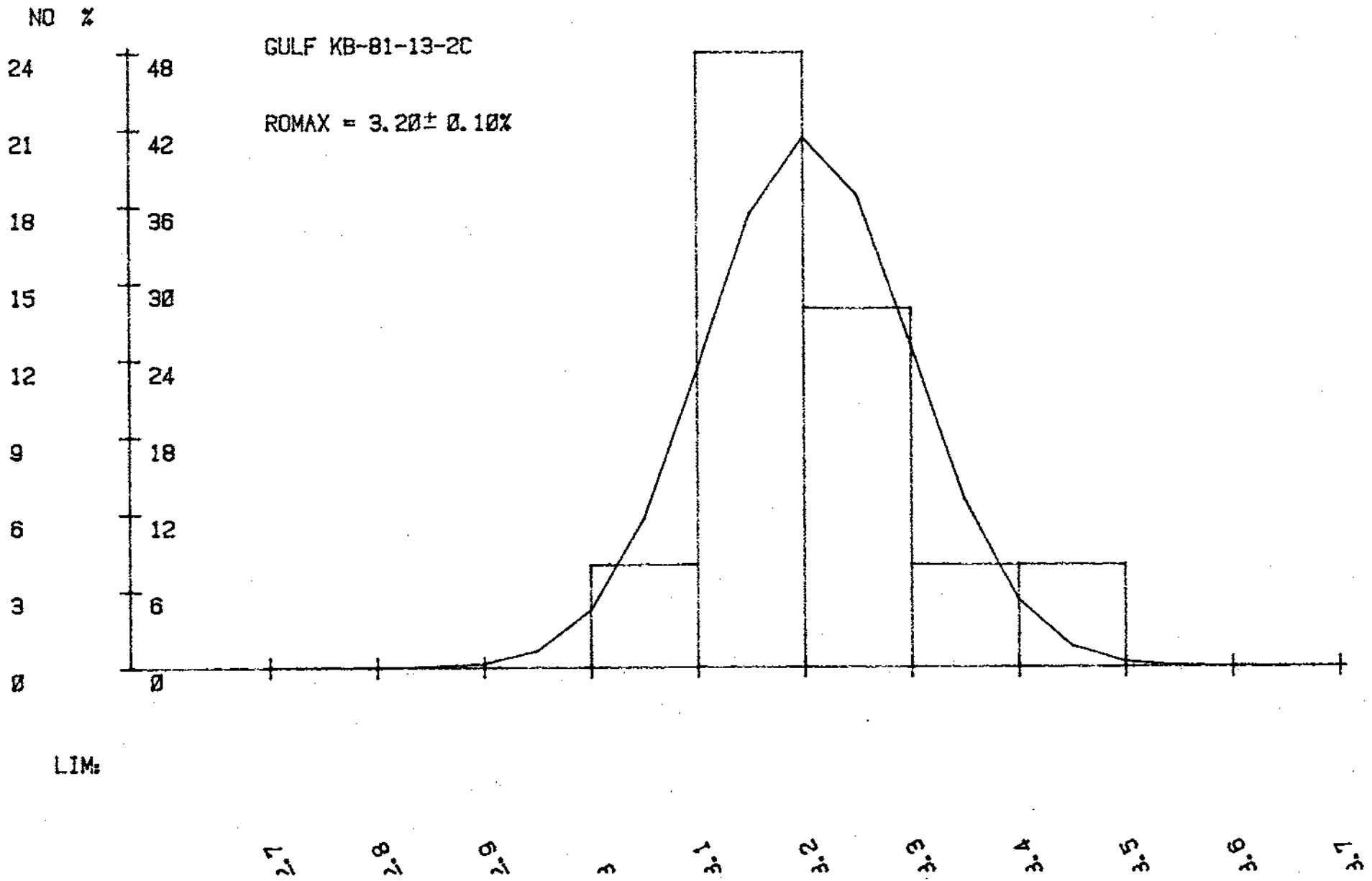
KB-81-13-2C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1300	3.1300
3	3.1000	3.2100
5	3.4000	3.0600
7	3.1000	3.1900
9	3.1600	3.2500
11	3.3300	3.1600
13	3.1400	3.2100
15	3.1600	3.1700
17	3.0400	3.1700
19	3.1400	3.2700
21	3.1600	3.2600
23	3.1900	3.2900
25	3.2100	3.1700
27	3.2400	3.2200
29	3.1400	3.2500
31	3.2700	3.4000
33	3.2200	3.0800
35	3.3100	3.2200
37	3.1200	3.1000
39	3.1800	3.4200
41	3.4400	3.1100
43	3.1900	3.0400
45	3.1800	3.3200
47	3.3600	3.2800
49	3.1500	3.1500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.2038
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.01%
VARIANCE = .0093
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0964
SKEWNESS = .6495
KURTOSIS = 2.9582

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(3.1764, 3.2312)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016



LIM:

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7

KB-81-13-3C

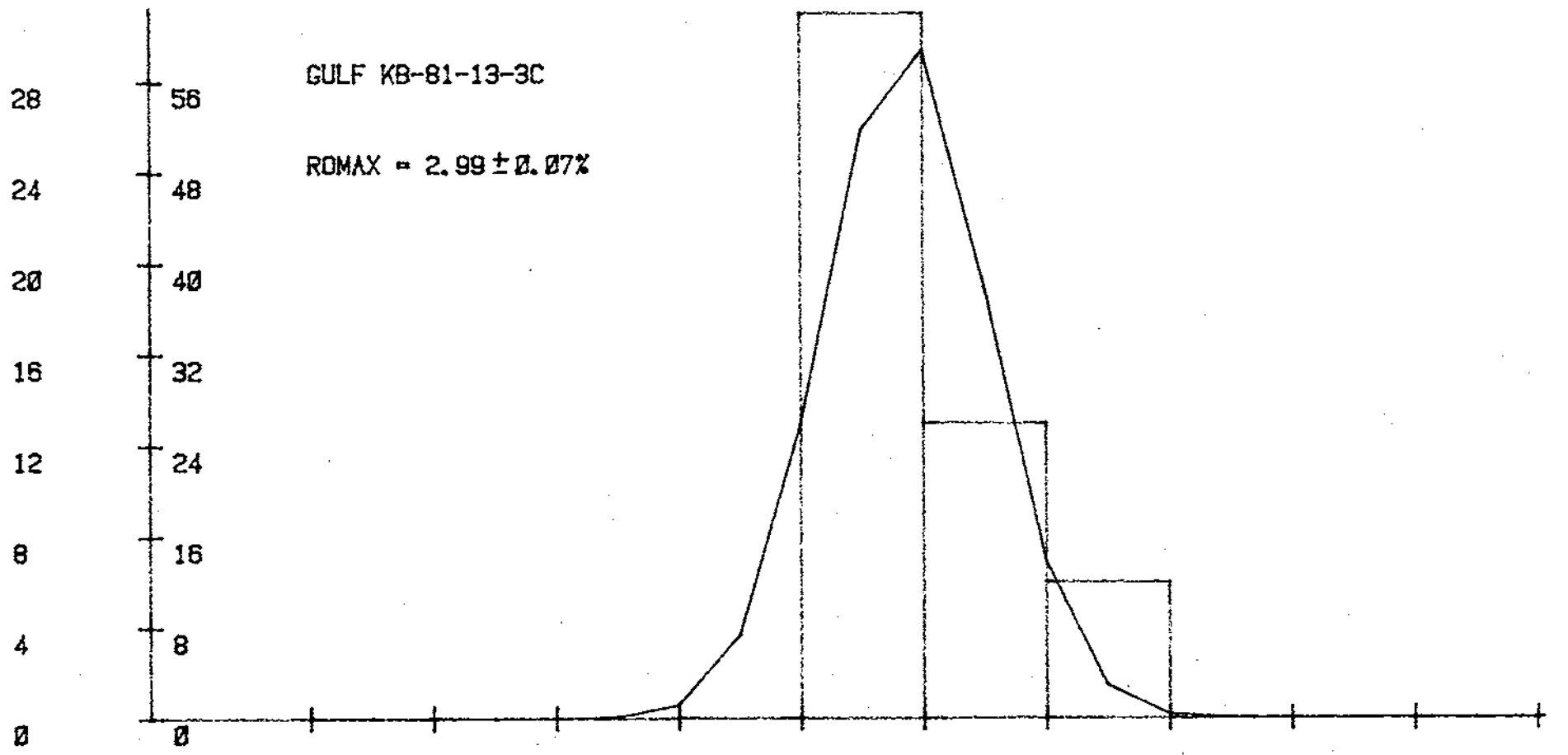
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0200	2.9000
3	2.9600	2.9300
5	2.9200	2.9700
7	3.0100	3.0500
9	2.9600	2.9800
11	2.9300	2.9500
13	2.9300	3.0200
15	2.9700	3.1000
17	3.1000	3.1300
19	2.9900	2.9800
21	2.9800	3.0600
23	3.0100	2.9600
25	2.9300	2.9800
27	2.9800	3.0100
29	2.9900	2.9200
31	2.9800	2.9100
33	2.9400	3.0800
35	3.1200	3.0400
37	3.0100	2.9300
39	3.1400	3.1000
41	2.9800	3.0500
43	2.9100	2.9400
45	2.9600	3.0100
47	3.0100	2.9600
49	2.9900	2.9500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.9862
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.23%
VARIANCE = .0044
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0665
SKEWNESS = .6784
KURTOSIS = 2.5745

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(2.9673, 3.0051)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM.

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

KB-81-14-1c

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.2500	3.2600
3	3.2300	3.2400
5	3.3100	3.3500
7	3.2200	3.2200
9	3.2600	3.3400
11	3.2200	3.2500
13	3.2500	3.2600
15	3.2700	3.2600
17	3.2500	3.2200
19	3.2200	3.2300
21	3.2700	3.2300
23	3.3300	3.2200
25	3.3200	3.2200
27	3.2500	3.2800
29	3.2800	3.2700
31	3.2600	3.2200
33	3.2400	3.3200
35	3.2100	3.3400
37	3.2900	3.3300
39	3.2400	3.2700
41	3.2500	3.3900
43	3.3400	3.2100
45	3.2900	3.3100
47	3.3300	3.2400
49	3.2300	3.2700

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.2656

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.38%

VARIANCE = .0028

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0450

SKEWNESS = .7751

KURTOSIS = 2.7332

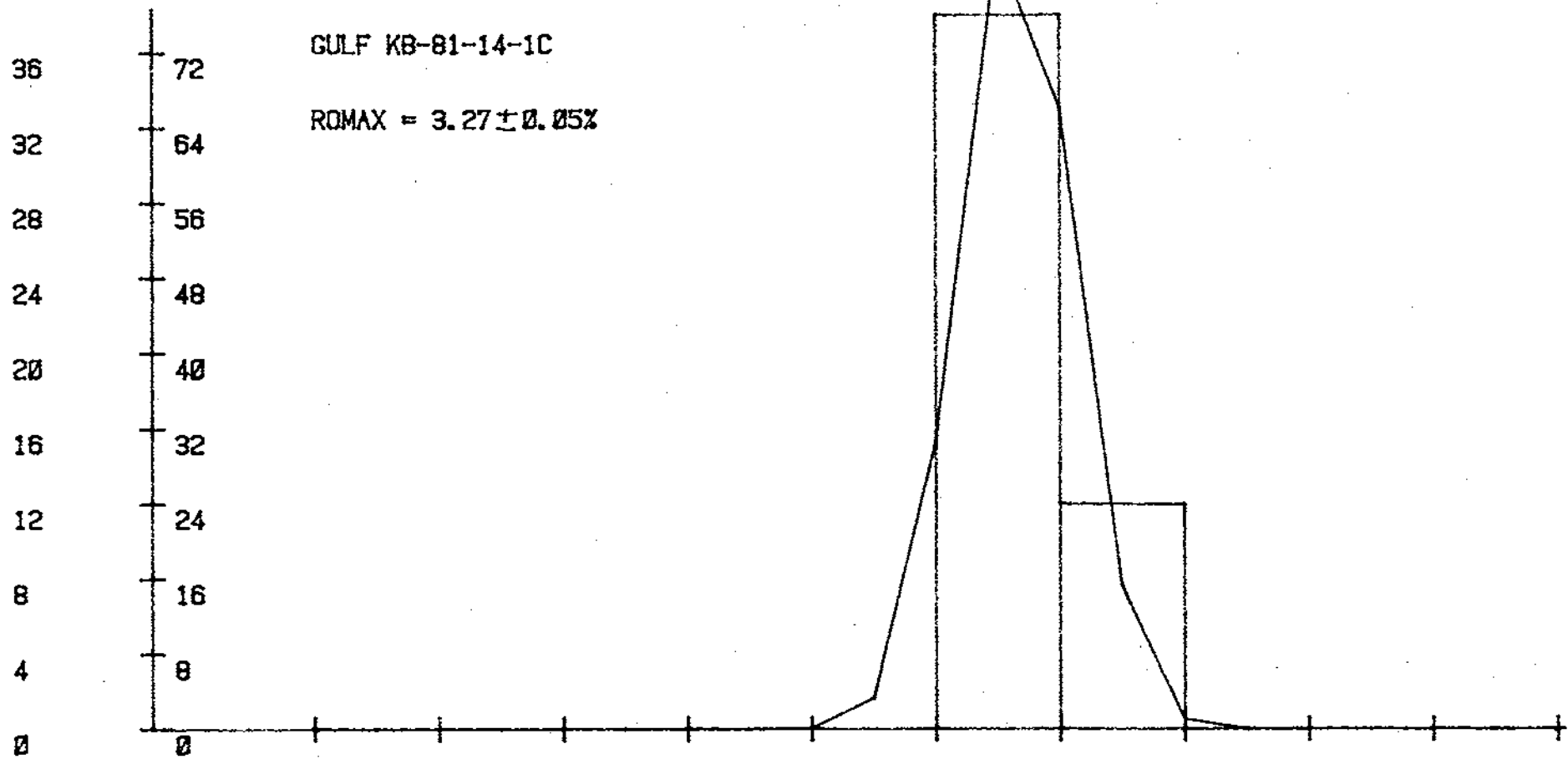
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.2528, 3.2784)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7

KB-81-14-2C

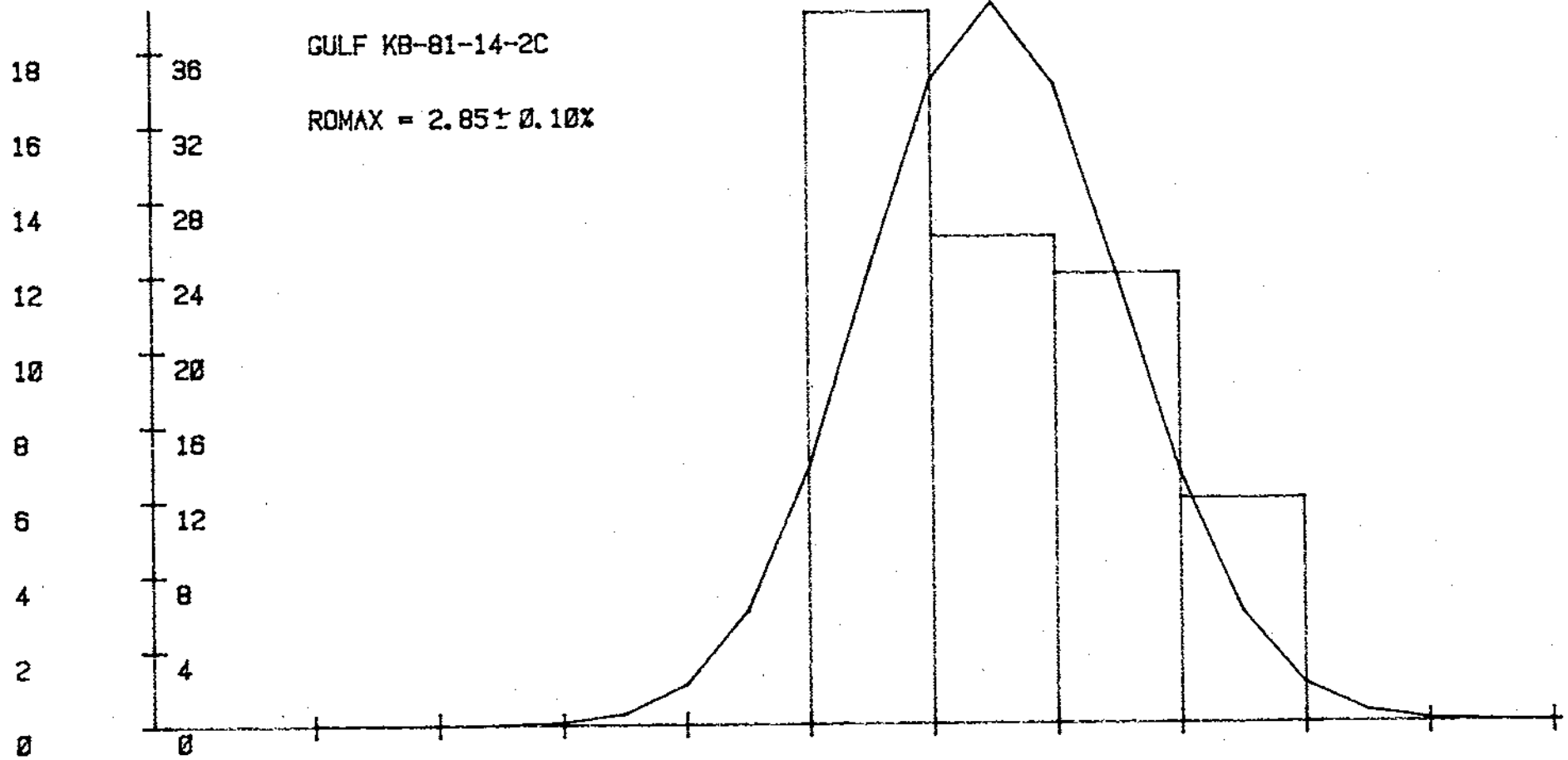
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.8300	2.9400
3	2.8200	2.8600
5	2.9200	2.8400
7	2.8300	2.8400
9	3.0200	2.9500
11	3.0600	2.8000
13	2.8900	2.7800
15	2.7700	2.7300
17	2.8300	2.8800
19	2.8000	2.9500
21	2.7900	2.7300
23	2.7100	2.7000
25	2.7200	2.9200
27	2.7500	2.9200
29	2.9400	2.9600
31	2.9300	2.9300
33	3.0000	3.0600
35	2.9800	3.0500
37	3.0300	2.9400
39	2.7300	2.7700
41	2.7500	2.7800
43	2.7800	2.7400
45	2.8000	2.8200
47	2.7900	2.7400
49	2.7400	2.7000

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.8492
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.64%
VARIANCE = .0108
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1037
SKEWNESS = .4411
KURTOSIS = 2.1226

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.8197, 2.8787)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01083458016

NO %



LIMs

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

3.1

3.2

3.3

K8-81-14-3c

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0900	2.9500
3	2.9500	3.1700
5	3.0800	3.0000
7	3.0200	3.0600
9	3.0800	3.0300
11	3.1700	3.0000
13	3.0700	3.0500
15	3.0600	2.9800
17	3.0000	3.0200
19	3.0400	3.0200
21	3.1600	2.9900
23	3.0400	3.1300
25	2.9800	3.2600
27	3.1500	3.0200
29	3.1600	3.0400
31	3.0600	3.0300
33	3.0700	3.0300
35	3.0000	3.0000
37	2.9900	3.0000
39	3.1100	2.9900
41	3.1900	3.0900
43	3.0700	3.2000
45	3.0600	3.0200
47	3.0400	3.1600
49	3.1000	3.1900

BASIC STATISTICS

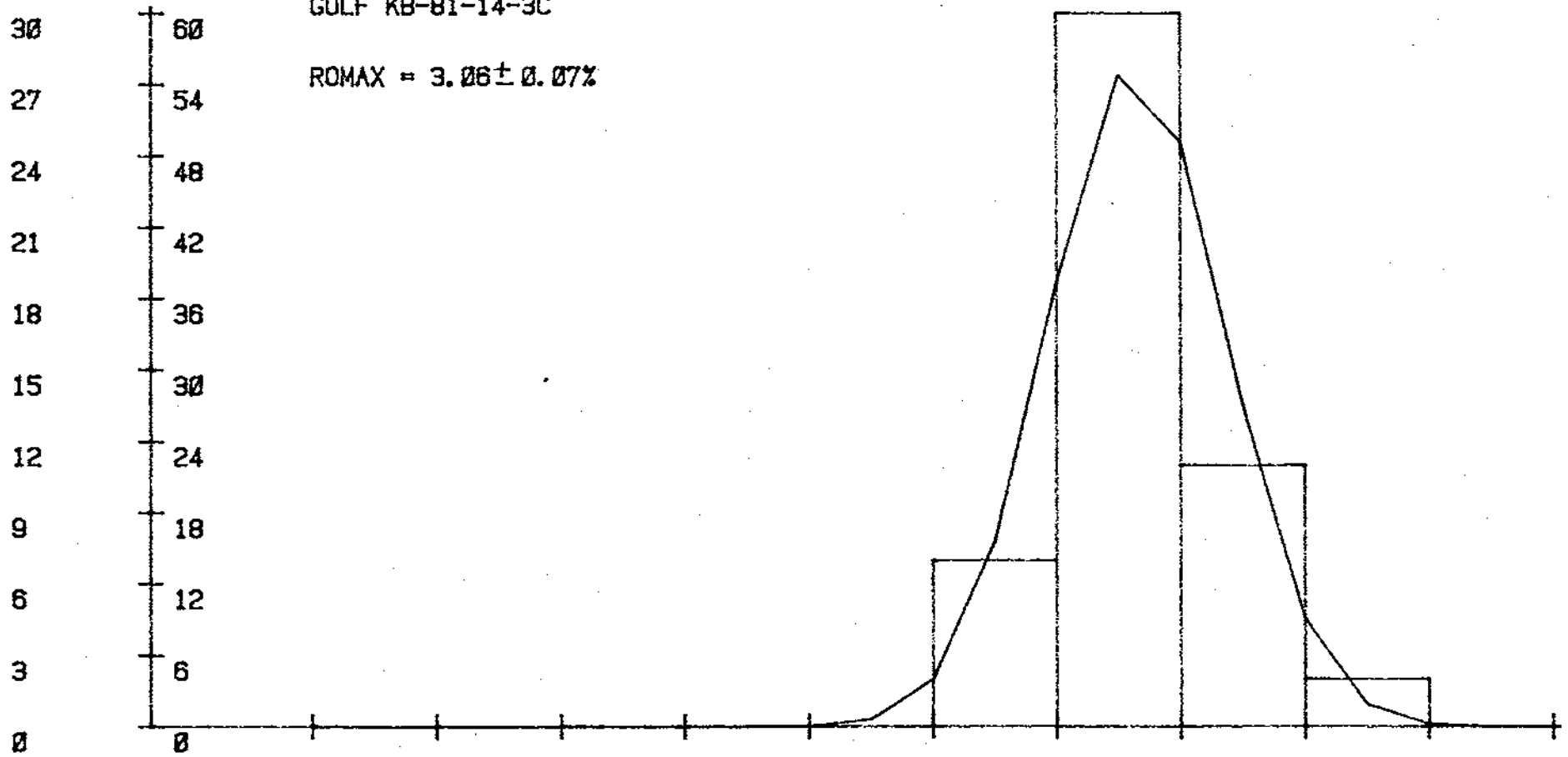
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.0640
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.33%
VARIANCE = .0051
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0714
SKEWNESS = .7293
KURTOSIS = 2.8419

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
(3.0437, 3.0843)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-14-3C

ROMAX = $3.06 \pm 0.07\%$



LIM%

2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4

KB-81-14-4C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.2700	3.2100
3	3.2100	3.2300
5	3.2500	3.2200
7	3.2200	3.2000
9	3.2300	3.3500
11	3.2600	3.4100
13	3.3700	3.2700
15	3.2400	3.2200
17	3.2700	3.2200
19	3.2100	3.2200
21	3.3100	3.2600
23	3.2000	3.2000
25	3.2300	3.3400
27	3.3300	3.2800
29	3.4000	3.2300
31	3.3300	3.2000
33	3.2500	3.3200
35	3.2700	3.2500
37	3.1700	3.1800
39	3.1600	3.1500
41	3.1600	3.1700
43	3.1600	3.1500
45	3.1700	3.1500
47	3.1500	3.1500
49	3.1400	3.1400

BASIC STATISTICS

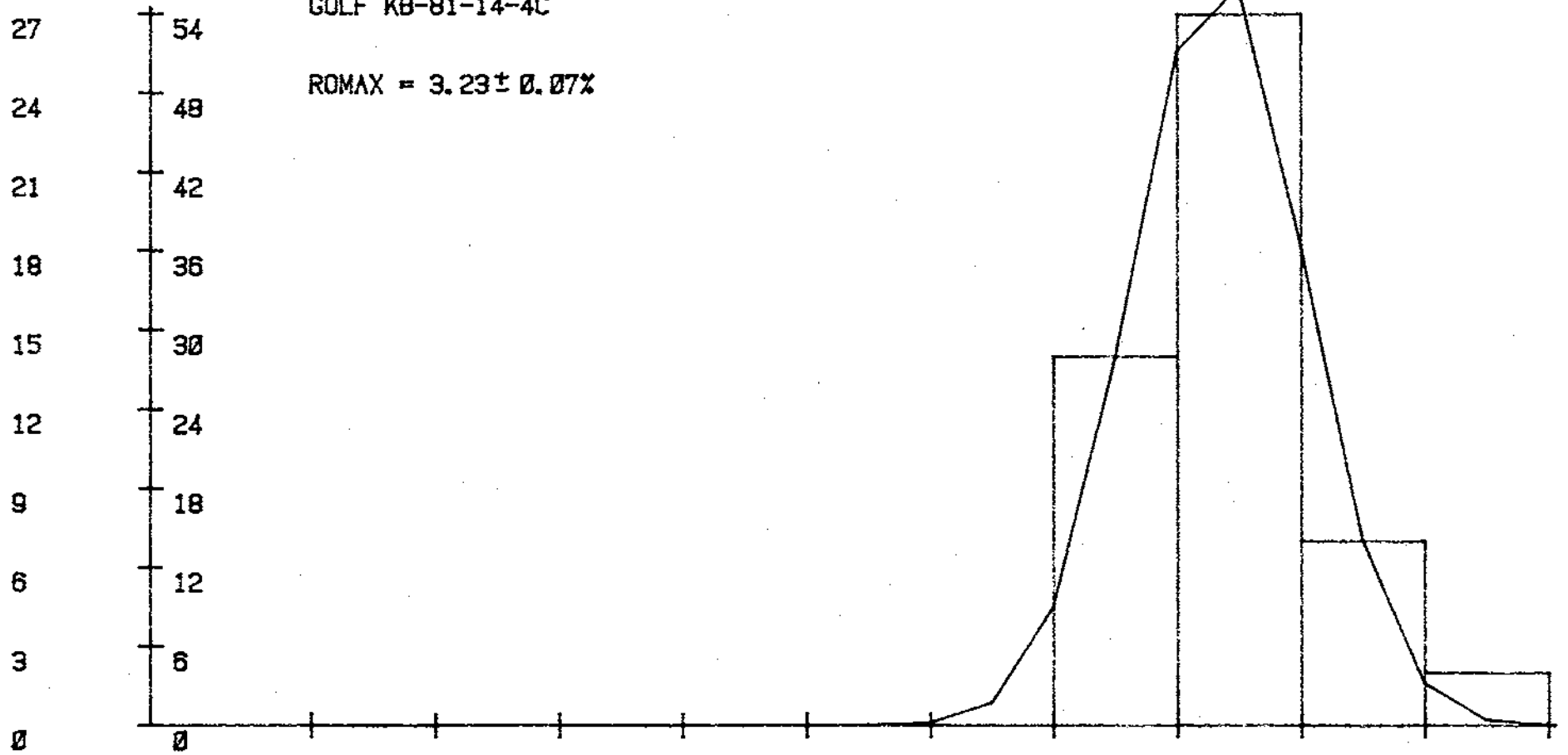
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.2336
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.14%
VARIANCE = .0048
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0692
SKEWNESS = .7308
KURTOSIS = 2.9193

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.2139, 3.2533)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-14-4C

ROMAX = $3.23 \pm 0.07\%$



LIMs

2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0

KB-81-14-5C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1400	3.0200
3	3.1700	3.1100
5	3.1500	3.2200
7	3.2100	3.2000
9	3.1300	3.1600
11	3.0500	3.1500
13	3.0900	3.2000
15	3.1500	3.2200
17	3.2500	3.1300
19	3.1800	3.2200
21	3.3000	3.0500
23	3.0700	3.1700
25	3.3100	3.1200
27	3.3000	3.0700
29	3.0200	3.0500
31	3.1200	3.1900
33	3.1300	3.3600
35	3.1400	3.1900
37	3.1300	3.1700
39	3.4400	3.3100
41	3.2800	3.3000
43	3.2100	3.1900
45	3.1600	3.2200
47	3.1700	3.1000
49	3.0600	3.1000

BASIC STATISTICS

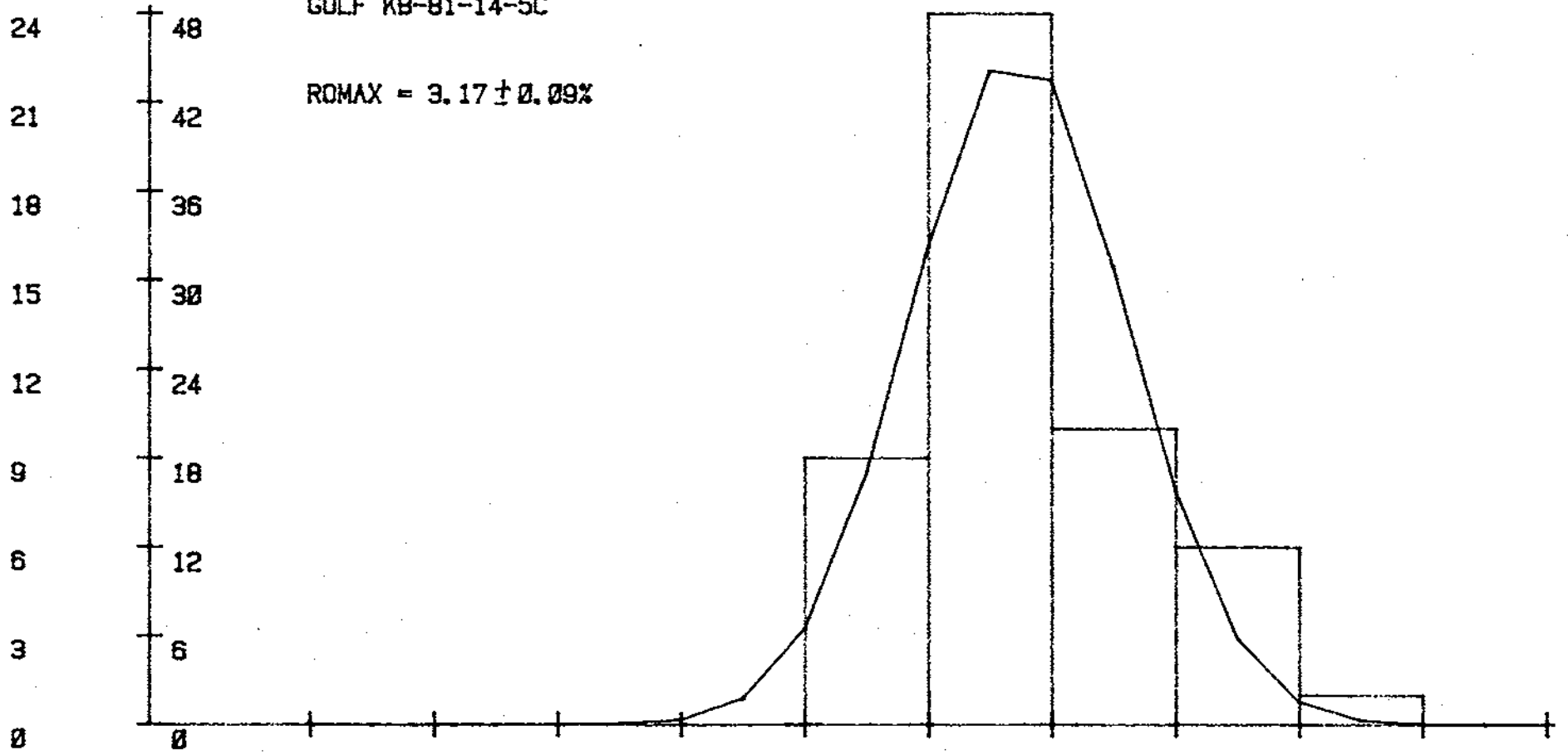
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.1728
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.75%
VARIANCE = .0076
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0873
SKEWNESS = .7250
KURTOSIS = 3.5283

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.1480, 3.1976)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
.2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-14-5C

ROMAX = 3.17 ± 0.09%



LIMe

0.7

1.4

2.1

2.8

3.5

4.2

4.9

5.6

6.3

7.0

7.7

KB-81-14-6C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0900	3.0600
2	3.0200	3.0200
3	2.9100	2.9600
4	3.1000	3.0500
5	3.0100	2.9800
11	2.9700	3.1100
12	3.0200	3.0100
13	3.0200	3.1100
14	3.1500	3.0200
15	3.0900	2.9800
21	2.9900	3.0500
22	2.9700	3.0100
23	3.1000	3.0500
24	3.0700	3.1200
25	3.0400	2.9800
31	2.9300	3.0100
32	3.0500	2.9100
35	2.9200	2.9100
37	2.9200	2.9300
39	2.9300	2.9200
41	2.9400	2.9300
43	2.9200	2.9200
45	2.9100	2.9000
47	2.9000	2.9000
49	2.8900	2.9000

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = 01

MEAN = 2.9922

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.43%

VARIANCE = .0053

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0728

SKENNESS = .3271

KURTOSIS = 1.9351

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.9715, 3.0129)

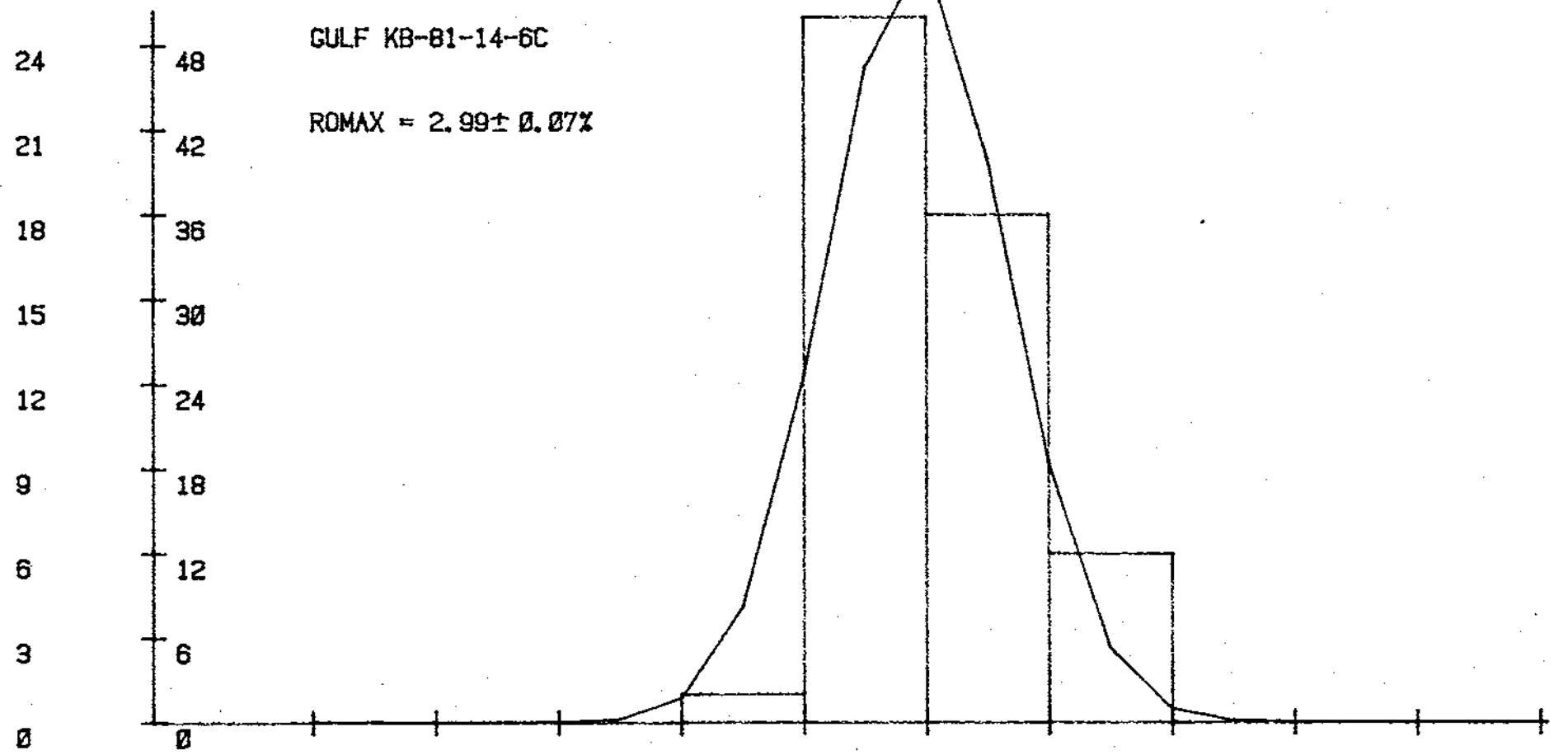
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-14-6C

ROMAX = 2.99 ± 0.07%



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

KB-81-17-10

i	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	2.9300	2.9300
3	2.8600	3.0500
5	2.8600	2.8900
7	2.8500	2.8300
9	2.8000	3.0000
11	2.9400	3.1200
13	2.8000	2.9500
15	2.8100	2.8400
17	2.8500	2.8500
19	2.8900	2.8600
21	2.8600	2.9500
23	2.9500	2.8200
25	2.8400	2.8900
27	2.8400	2.8000
29	2.7900	2.8000
31	2.9500	2.8000
33	2.8200	3.0700
35	2.9000	3.0600
37	3.0500	3.0000
39	3.0300	2.8400
41	2.8500	2.8300
43	2.8900	2.9700
45	2.8100	2.8600
47	2.8700	2.9000
49	2.9400	2.8800

BASIC STATISTICS

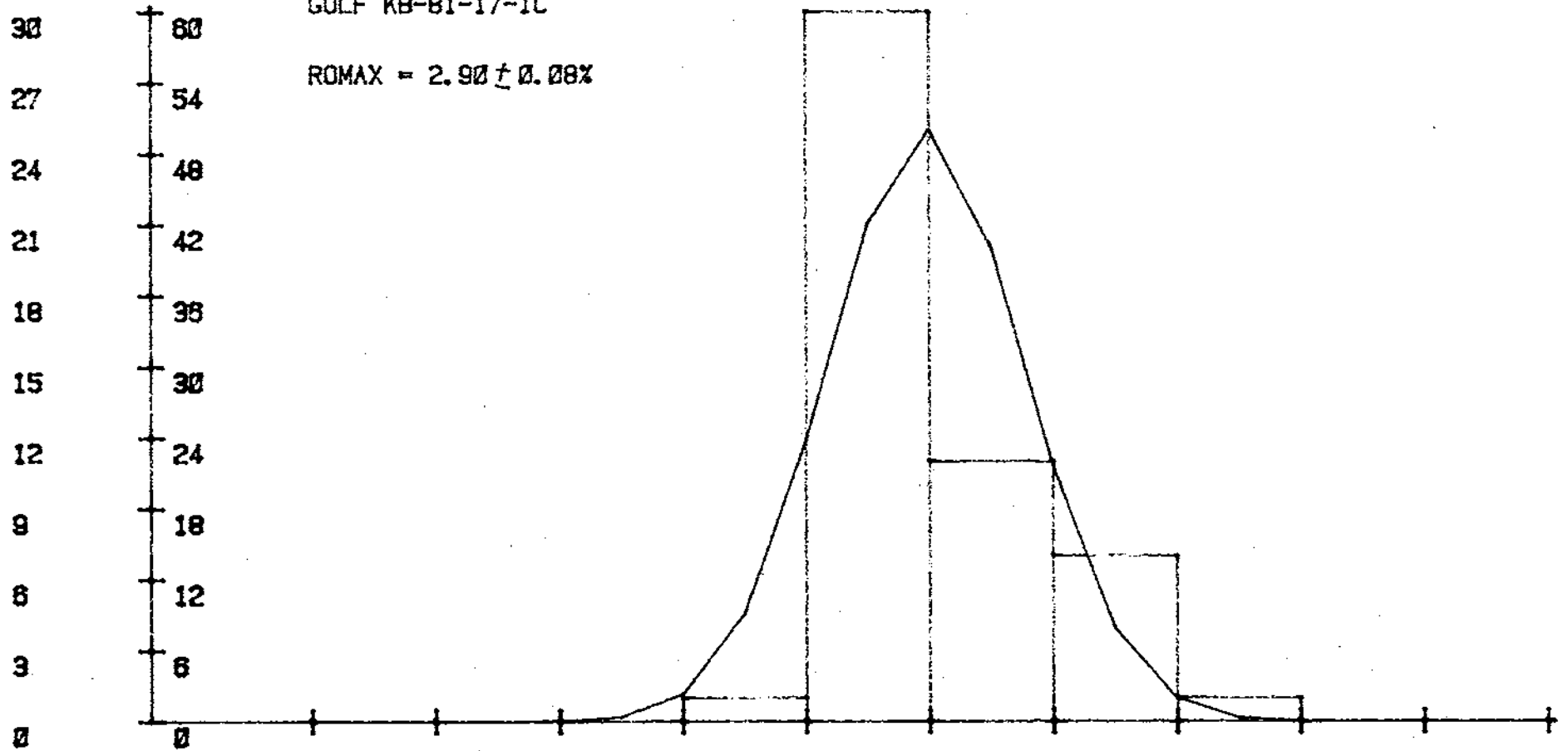
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.8970
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.75%
VARIANCE = .0063
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0797
SKEWNESS = .9042
KURTOSIS = 3.0850

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.8744, 2.9196)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-17-1C

ROMAX = 2.90 ± 0.08%



LIMs

4.4 4.0 3.6 3.2 2.8 2.4 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0

KB-81-17-2C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0000	3.0200
3	3.1100	3.0600
5	3.0600	3.0000
7	3.0200	3.0600
9	3.0100	3.0600
11	3.0500	3.0200
13	3.0300	3.0300
15	3.0500	2.9600
17	2.9600	2.9600
19	2.9600	3.0500
21	2.9800	2.9800
23	2.9500	2.9800
25	2.9900	2.9600
27	2.9600	2.9700
29	2.9700	2.9900
31	2.9300	2.9500
33	2.9700	2.8700
35	2.8900	3.0900
37	2.9900	2.8400
39	2.8400	2.8900
41	2.8000	2.8500
43	2.8900	2.9800
45	3.0200	3.0500
47	2.8600	2.9700
49	2.9500	2.8900

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 2.9678

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.26%

VARIANCE = .0045

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0672

SKENNESS = -.2611

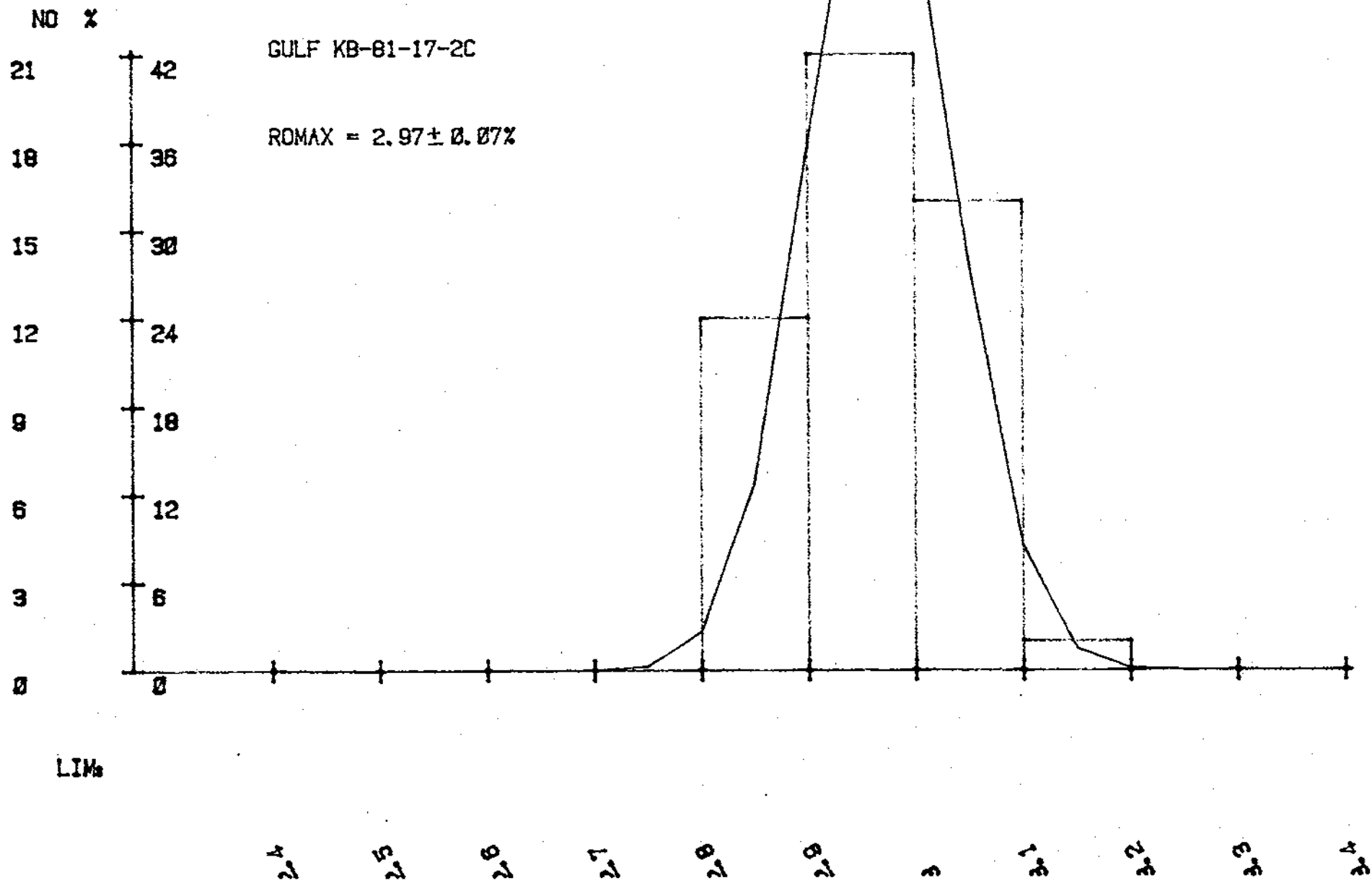
KURTOSIS = 2.3437

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:

(2.9487, 2.9869)

ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01003450016



KB-81-19-2C

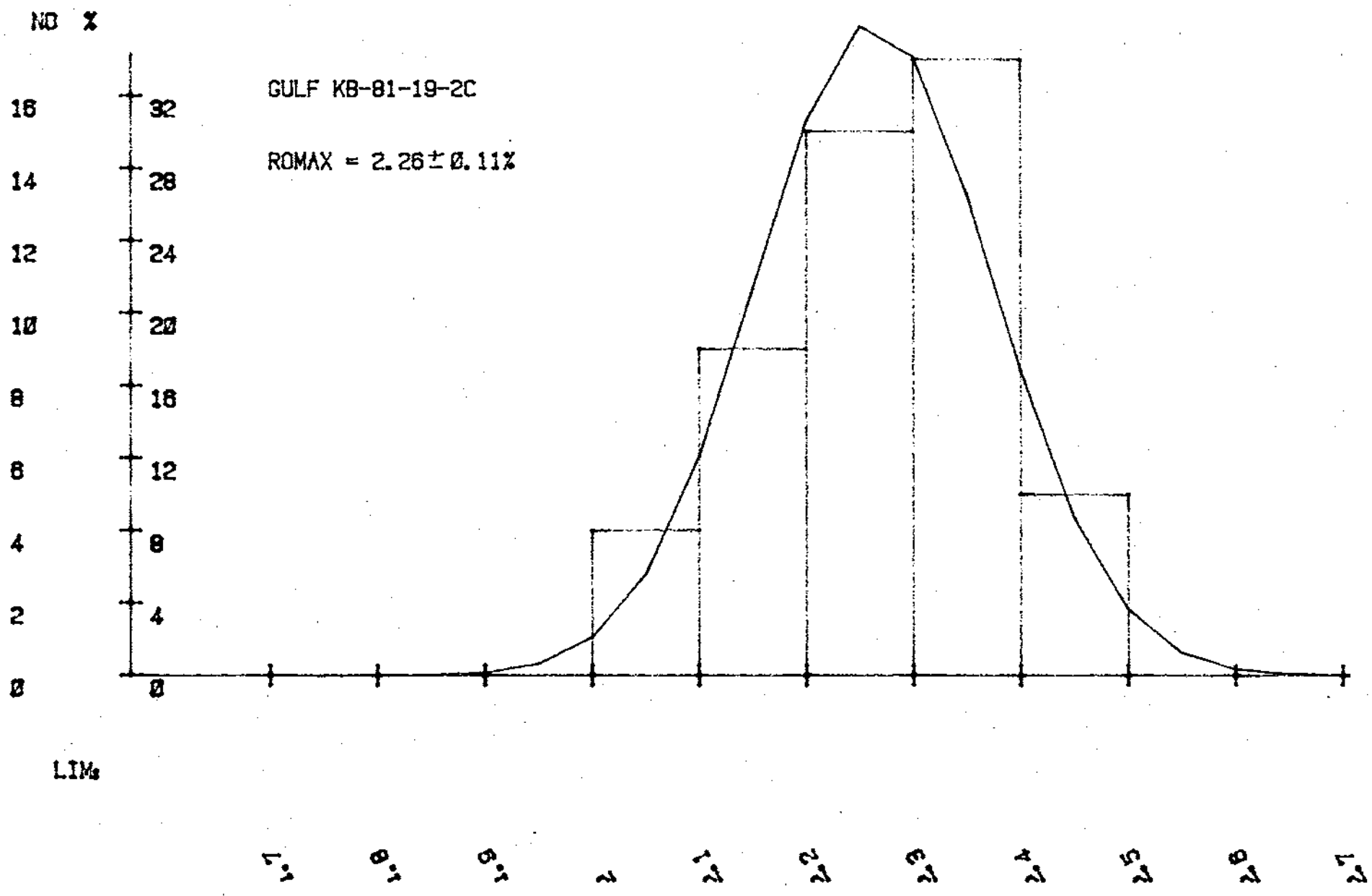
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.3500	2.2500
3	2.3700	2.3200
5	2.3200	2.0600
7	2.1400	2.2700
9	2.4200	2.3200
11	2.4200	2.1300
13	2.1900	2.2100
15	2.0300	2.1300
17	2.3400	2.2300
19	2.2400	2.1900
21	2.3300	2.2000
23	2.2400	2.3600
25	2.4400	2.2500
27	2.2500	2.3200
29	2.1800	2.3900
31	2.2200	2.0200
33	2.1800	2.2100
35	2.3000	2.1100
37	2.1500	2.2900
39	2.3000	2.3400
41	2.2800	2.4400
43	2.4900	2.2300
45	2.3700	2.0500
47	2.2700	2.3200
49	2.3600	2.3500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 2.2634
COEF OF VARIATION = 4.89%
VARIANCE = .0122
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1106
SKEWNESS = -.2982
KURTOSIS = 2.6148

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.2320, 2.2948)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016



KB-81-19-3C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.8800	2.9000
3	2.9200	3.0200
5	2.9200	2.9500
7	2.9600	2.9600
9	2.9900	2.9100
11	2.9300	2.9300
13	3.0300	2.9100
15	3.0500	3.0700
17	2.9300	2.9700
19	2.9800	2.9500
21	2.9100	3.0700
23	2.9300	2.9800
25	3.1000	3.0000
27	3.0100	2.9800
29	3.0300	2.9800
31	2.9800	2.9900
33	3.1000	3.0500
35	2.9300	2.9800
37	2.9900	2.9900
39	2.9800	2.9300
41	2.9900	2.9300
43	2.9500	2.9800
45	3.0000	3.0000
47	3.0700	2.93
49	3.0800	3.0200

BASIC STATISTICS

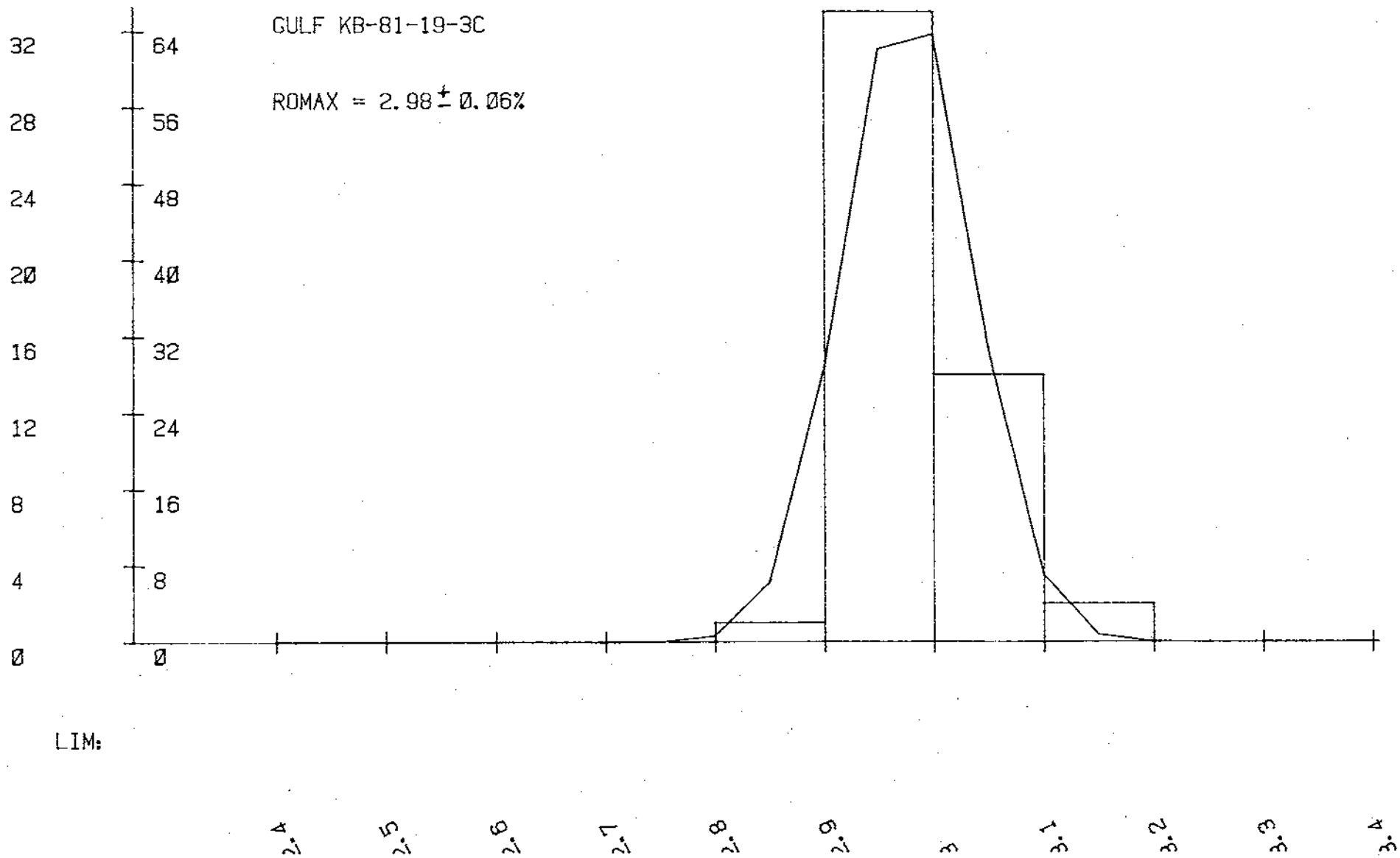
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.9766
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.94%
VARIANCE = .0033
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0577
SKEWNESS = .4282
KURTOSIS = 2.3102

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(2.9602, 2.9930)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-19-3C

ROMAX = $2.98 \pm 0.06\%$



LIM:

KB-81-19-4c

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9700	2.9800
3	3.0100	2.9500
5	2.9200	2.9800
7	3.0600	2.9400
9	3.0000	2.9300
11	2.9500	2.9300
13	2.9100	2.9900
15	3.0100	2.9500
17	2.8600	2.8300
19	2.7300	2.9300
21	2.7400	2.7800
23	2.7800	2.8200
25	2.7300	2.7400
27	2.8500	2.8000
29	2.9500	2.7400
31	2.7900	2.7300
33	2.7900	2.7200
35	2.7000	2.7700
37	2.7700	2.8600
39	2.8600	2.8500
41	2.9100	2.8800
43	2.8100	2.7800
45	2.7800	2.8600
47	2.8100	2.7300
49	2.8100	2.9600

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 2.8514

COEF OF VARIATION = 3.39%

VARIANCE = .0093

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0966

SKEWNESS = .2276

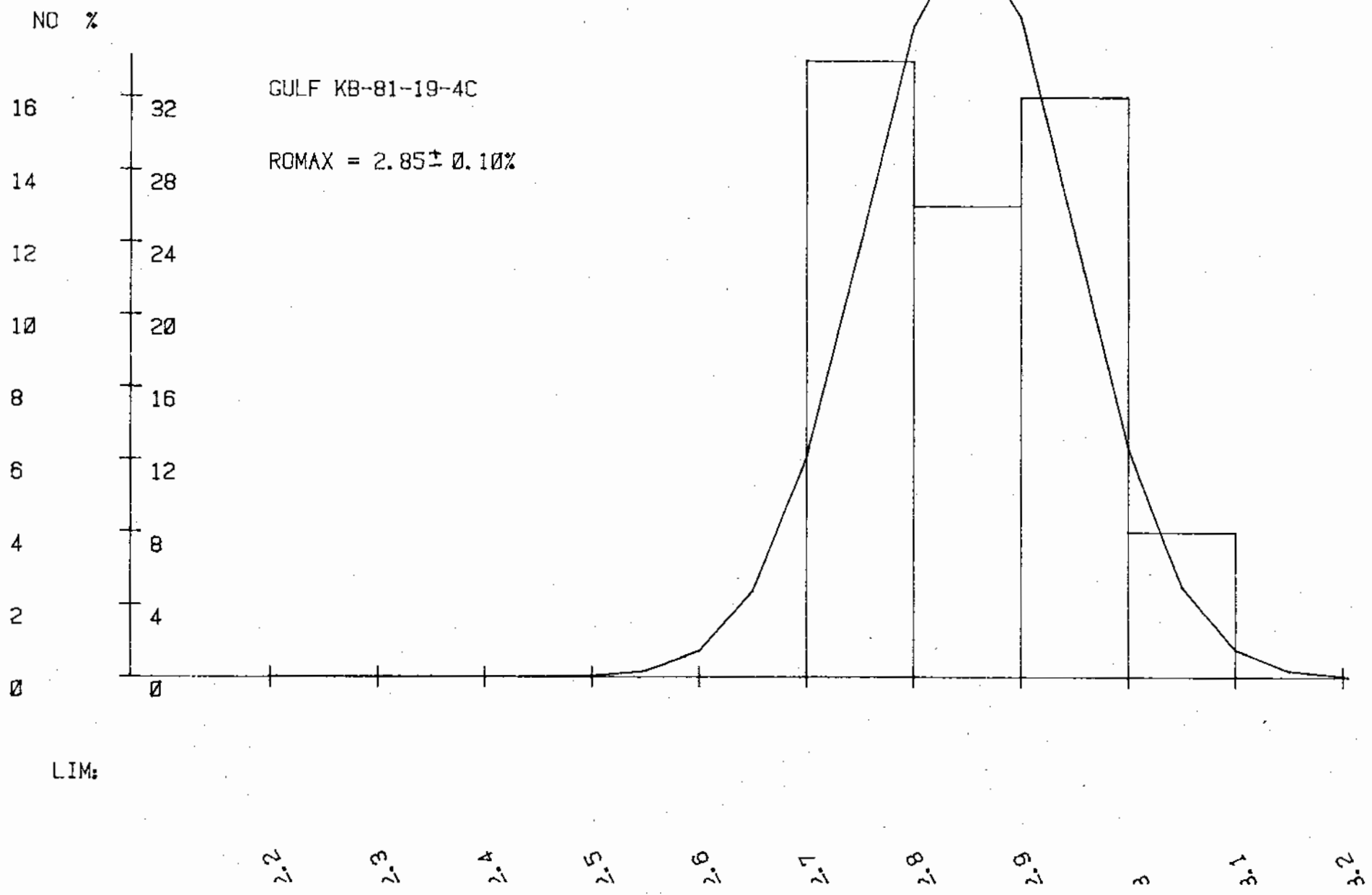
KURTOSIS = 1.9126

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.8239, 2.8789)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016



LIM:

2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2

KB-81-19-6c

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.8300	2.8500
3	2.8300	2.8800
5	2.8700	2.8800
7	2.8400	2.8300
	2.8800	2.8900
11	2.8400	2.8600
13	2.9200	2.9300
15	2.8600	2.8800
17	2.9500	2.9500
19	2.9600	2.8900
21	2.8100	2.8400
23	2.8800	2.9700
25	2.8100	2.8800
27	2.9900	2.8500
29	3.0100	2.9800
31	3.0500	2.8800
33	2.8600	2.8400
35	2.8800	2.9600
37	2.9200	3.0400
39	2.9900	2.9500
41	2.9100	2.8800
43	3.0200	3.0200
45	2.8900	2.9200
47	2.8600	2.8800
49	2.9100	2.8700

BASIC STATISTICS

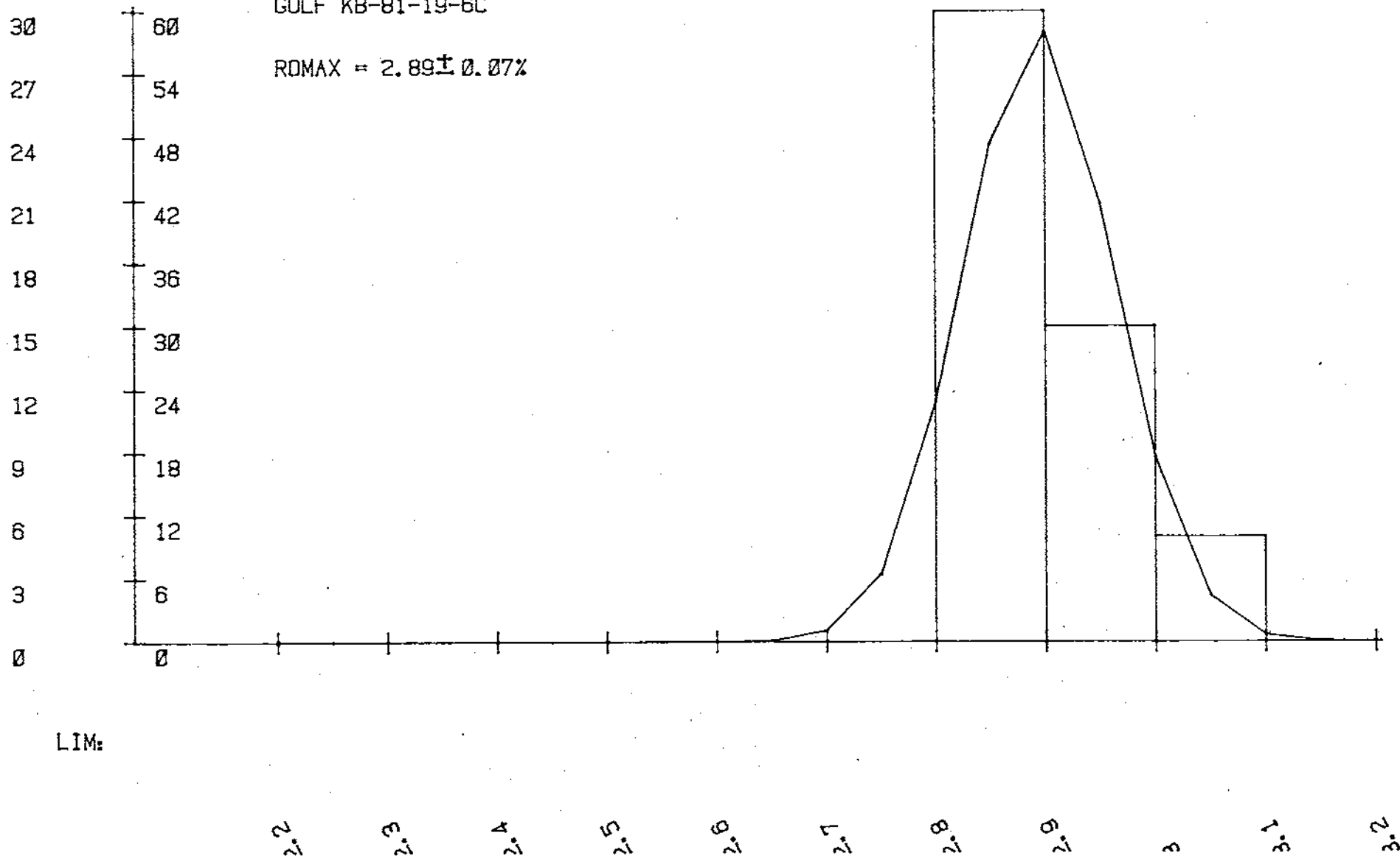
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.8938
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.37%
VARIANCE = .0047
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0685
SKEWNESS = .5708
KURTOSIS = 2.4586

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.8743, 2.9133)
ONE-TRAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF KB-81-19-6C

RDMAX = 2.89 ± 0.07%



LIM:

KB-20-1C

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9000	2.8600
3	2.9100	2.8500
5	3.0700	2.8500
7	2.8600	2.9000
9	2.9000	2.8300
11	2.8900	2.9000
13	2.8800	2.8300
15	2.8900	2.8800
17	2.9600	2.8900
19	2.8800	2.9100
21	2.8000	2.8600
23	2.8500	2.8600
25	2.8800	2.8900
27	2.8800	2.9000
29	2.8900	2.8600
31	2.8900	2.9400
33	2.8700	2.9000
35	2.8100	2.9300
37	2.8200	2.8300
39	2.8100	2.8500
41	2.8700	2.8400
43	2.9000	2.9300
45	2.9300	2.8700
47	2.9400	2.8400
49	2.8500	2.8300

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 2.8812

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.77%

VARIANCE = .0026

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0510

SKEWNESS = 1.1043

KURTOSIS = 5.3476

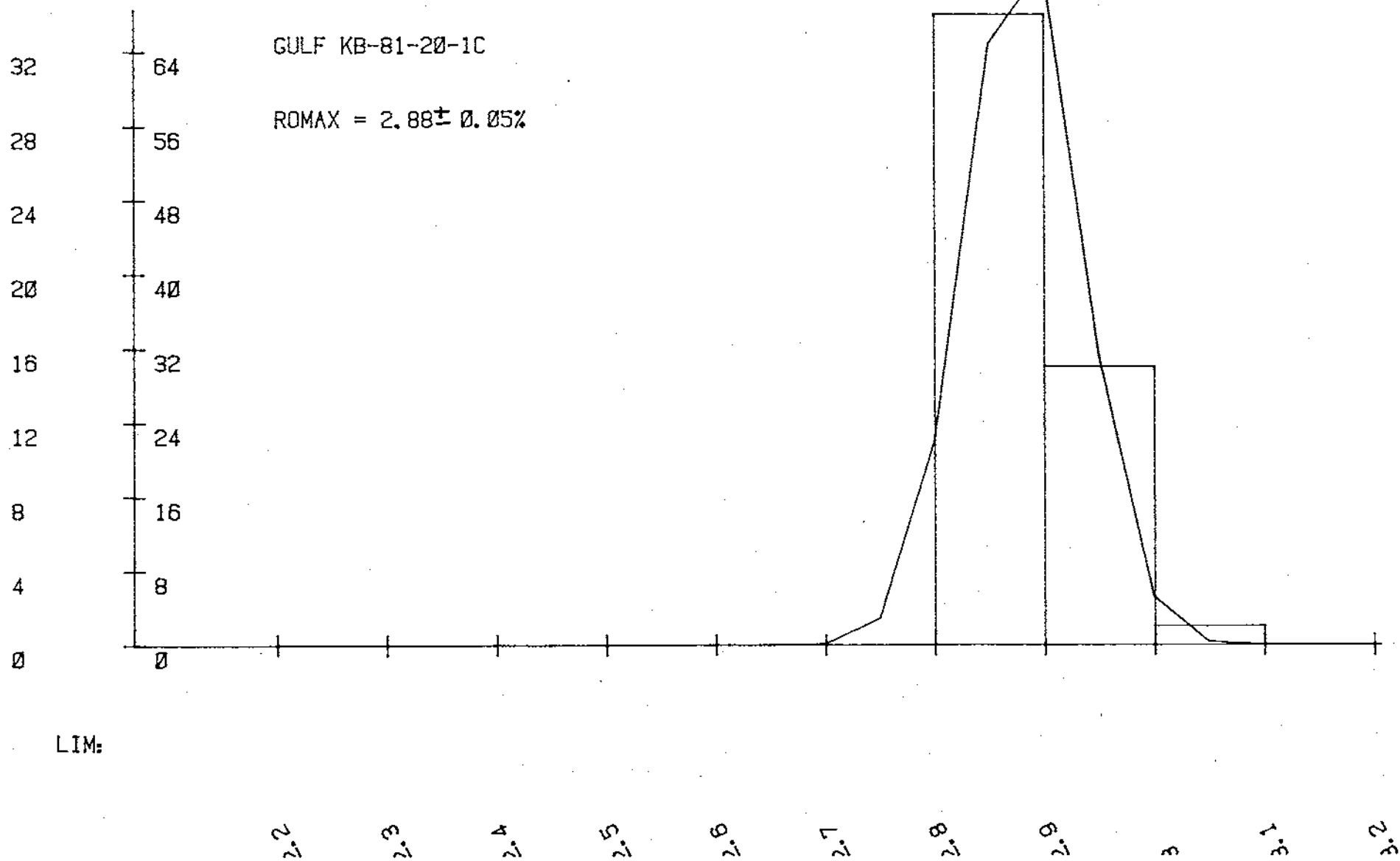
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.8667, 2.8957)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

RB-81-10

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9200	2.8300
2	2.9600	2.9700
3	2.9400	2.8600
4	2.8600	2.9100
5	2.8500	2.8800
6	2.9300	2.8600
7	2.9000	3.0200
8	2.8700	2.9400
9	2.8700	2.9000
10	2.8400	2.8800
11	2.8600	2.8500
12	2.8600	2.9400
13	2.8600	2.9600
14	2.9200	2.9400
15	2.9200	2.9500
16	2.9100	2.9400
17	2.9500	2.9300
18	2.9200	2.8800
19	2.8500	2.9000
20	2.8800	2.8500
21	2.8300	2.8500
22	2.8500	2.8500
23	2.8400	2.9000
24	2.8500	2.8800
25	2.8700	2.9600

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 2.8956

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.67%

VARIANCE = .0023

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0485

SKEWNESS = .7733

KURTOSIS = 2.9056

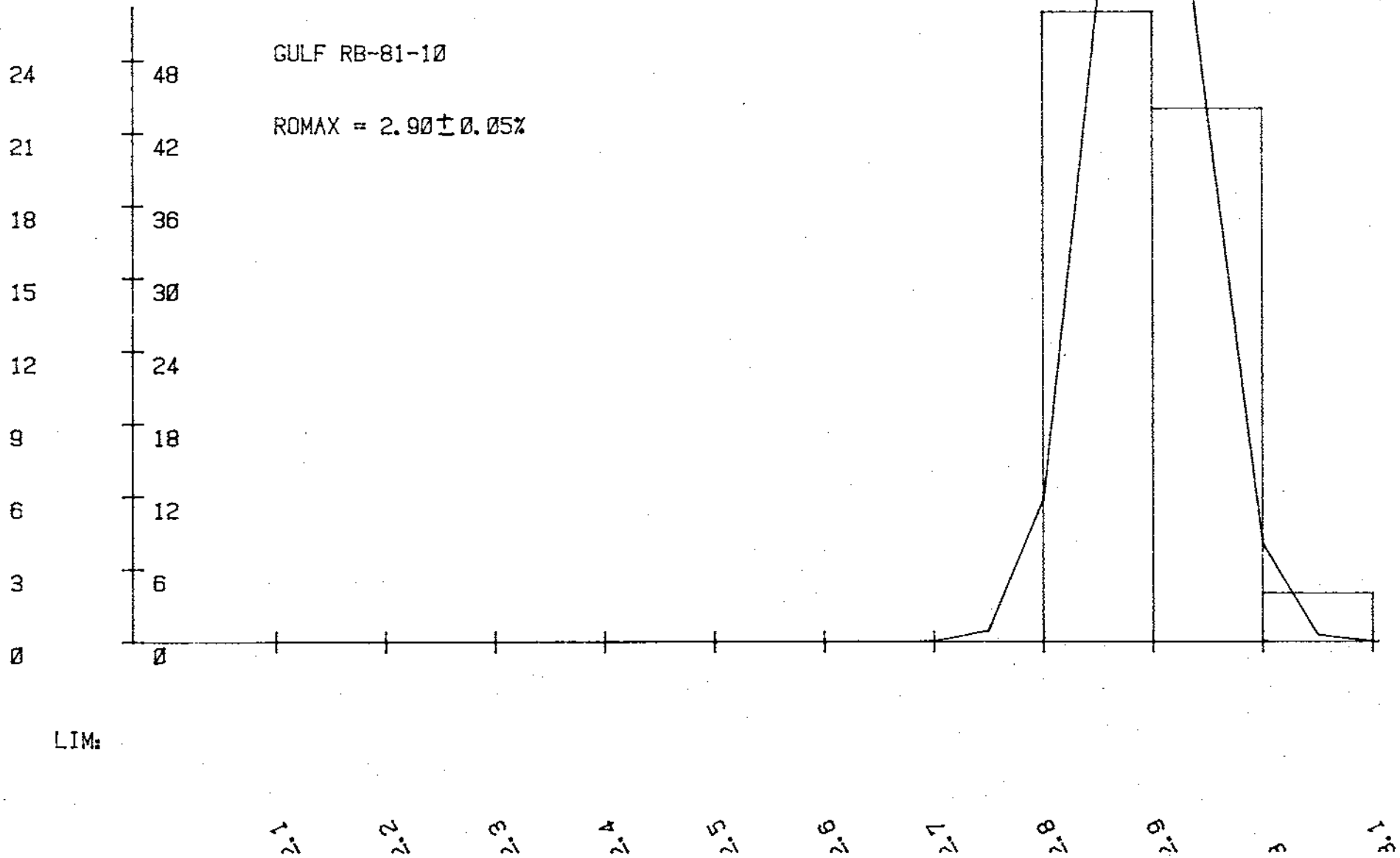
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.8818, 2.9094)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

RB-81-11

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.7800	2.7500
3	2.7100	2.6600
5	2.7000	2.8000
7	2.6300	2.7700
9	2.6700	2.8000
11	2.6900	2.8100
13	2.8400	2.7100
15	2.8000	2.9300
17	2.6200	2.7700
19	2.9100	2.7200
21	2.7200	2.8900
23	2.7500	2.8700
25	2.6400	2.7100
27	2.7600	2.7100
29	2.8500	2.7500
31	2.7400	2.7700
33	2.7200	2.8500
35	2.7400	2.8300
37	2.7600	2.9200
39	2.7300	2.8800
41	2.7500	2.8800
43	2.7400	2.6200
45	2.7000	2.7000
47	2.6600	2.7700
49	2.6300	2.6900

BASIC STATISTICS

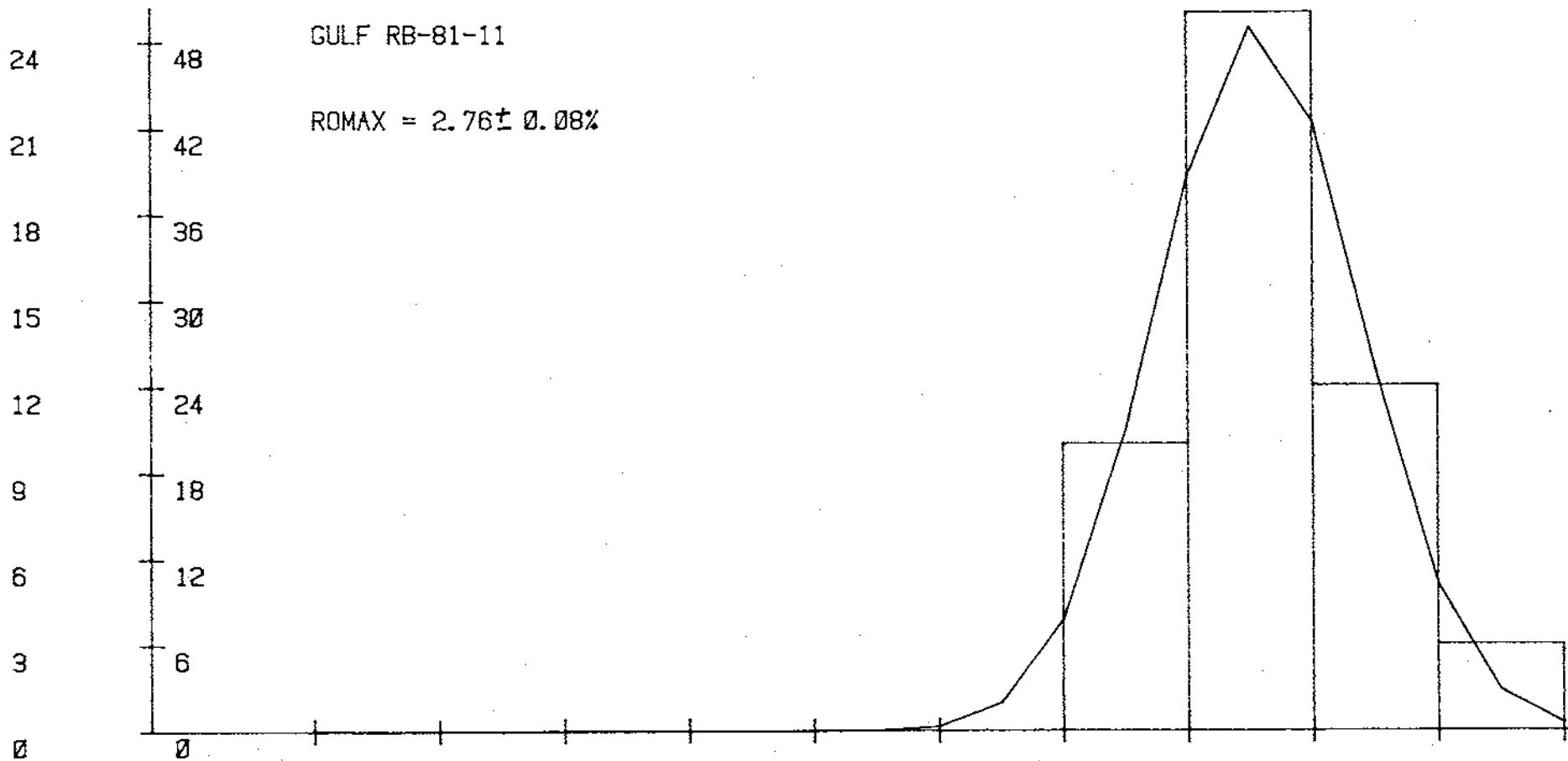
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.7560
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.95%
VARIANCE = .0066
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0812
SKEWNESS = .3647
KURTOSIS = 2.4479

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.7329, 2.7791)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RB-81-11

ROMAX = $2.76 \pm 0.08\%$



LIM:

2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3

RB-81-12

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9000	2.8900
3	2.8800	2.9500
5	2.9200	3.0100
7	2.9300	3.0100
9	2.9100	3.0500
11	2.9800	2.9700
13	2.9000	2.9200
15	3.0200	2.9600
17	2.9600	3.0700
19	2.9900	3.1200
21	2.9000	2.9300
23	2.9100	2.9400
25	3.0200	2.9200
27	2.9800	2.9400
29	2.9200	3.0500
31	2.9400	3.0100
33	2.9500	3.0600
35	2.9300	2.9400
37	3.0500	2.9100
39	3.0900	2.9100
41	3.0800	3.0100
43	2.9200	3.1500
45	2.9600	3.0200
47	3.0300	2.8500
49	2.9900	2.9500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 2.9760

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.19%

VARIANCE = .0042

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0651

SKEWNESS = .6771

KURTOSIS = 2.6539

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.9575, 2.9945)

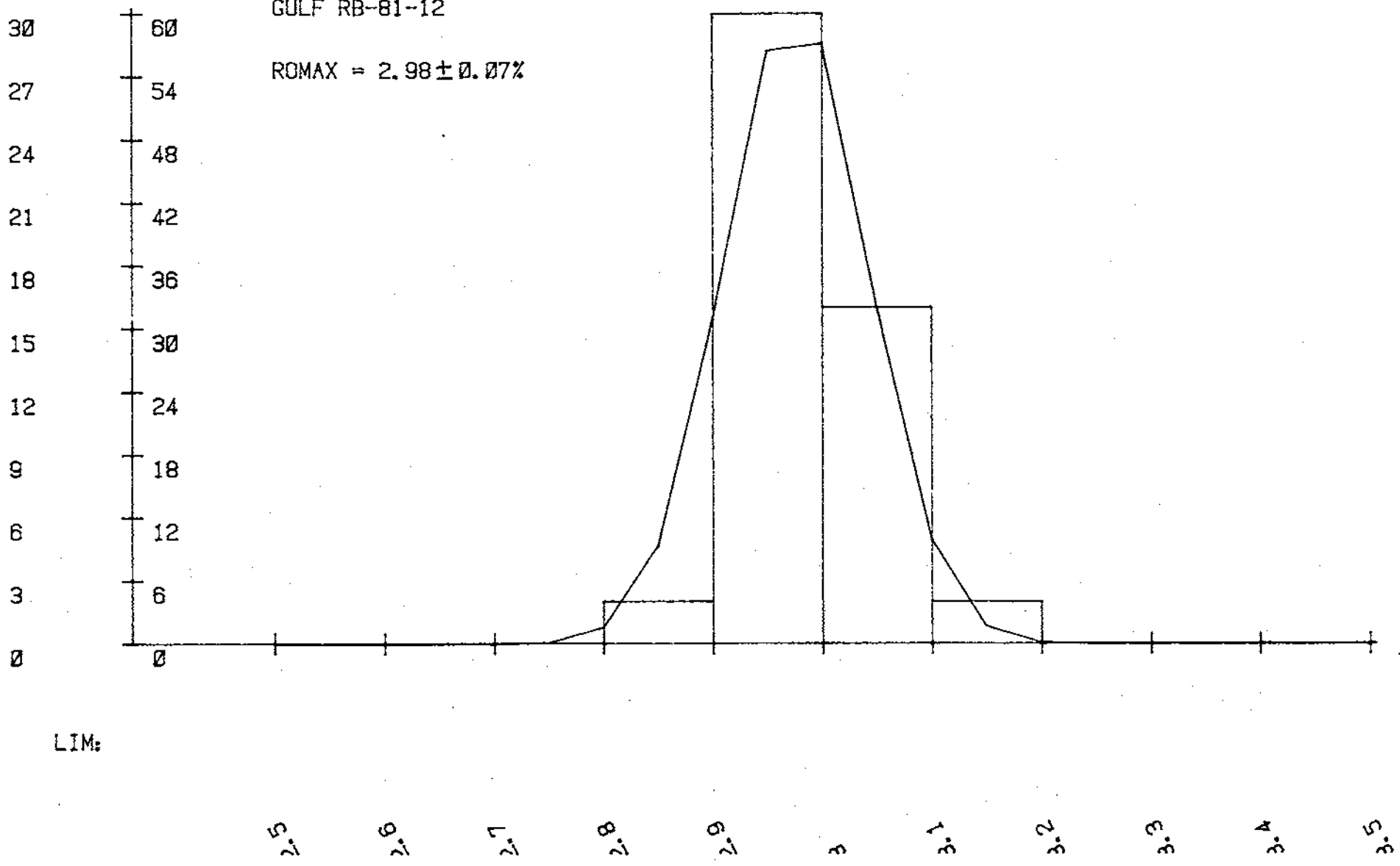
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RB-81-12

ROMAX = $2.98 \pm 0.07\%$



LIM:

RB-81-13

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.4900	3.3200
3	3.3400	3.3200
5	3.3800	3.3800
7	3.3400	3.3900
9	3.4700	3.3200
11	3.4800	3.4200
13	3.3500	3.4200
15	3.4100	3.4600
17	3.4300	3.3700
19	3.4400	3.4100
21	3.3500	3.3300
23	3.4500	3.4400
25	3.4800	3.3800
27	3.4500	3.4300
29	3.3800	3.4800
31	3.3500	3.4400
33	3.3800	3.4700
35	3.3800	3.4400
37	3.4800	3.4100
39	3.3900	3.3600
41	3.3900	3.4800
43	3.5100	3.4000
45	3.4600	3.4100
47	3.5100	3.4800
49	3.4200	3.4100

BASIC STATISTICS

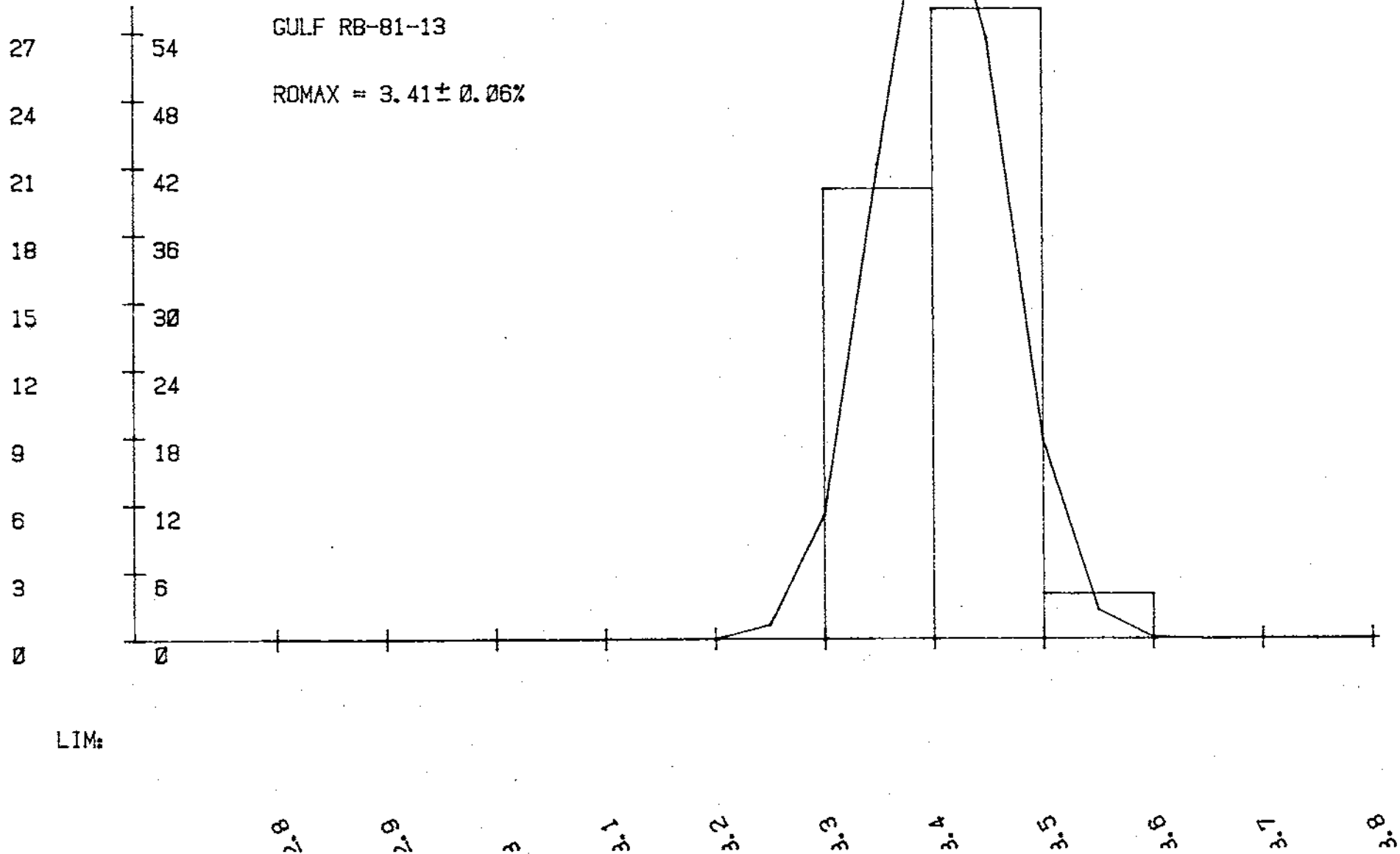
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.4072
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.63%
VARIANCE = .0031
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0554
SKEWNESS = -.1132
KURTOSIS = 2.2030

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.3915, 3.4229)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RB-81-13

ROMAX = $3.41 \pm 0.06\%$



LIM:

RB-81-15

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.4900	3.6800
3	3.6800	3.5900
5	3.5200	3.5300
7	3.5200	3.5600
9	3.5100	3.5500
11	3.5800	3.5800
13	3.6000	3.6200
15	3.5400	3.5400
17	3.6300	3.5100
19	3.7200	3.7000
21	3.7500	3.5900
23	3.6200	3.6200
25	3.5500	3.7300
27	3.5800	3.5500
29	3.5400	3.5200
31	3.6100	3.5400
33	3.6200	3.6700
35	3.6300	3.5400
37	3.5400	3.5700
39	3.5100	3.5200
41	3.6000	3.6300
43	3.6800	3.6200
45	3.5800	3.6300
47	3.6300	3.5700
49	3.6300	3.6700

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN= .01

MEAN = 3.5930

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.77%

VARIANCE = .0040

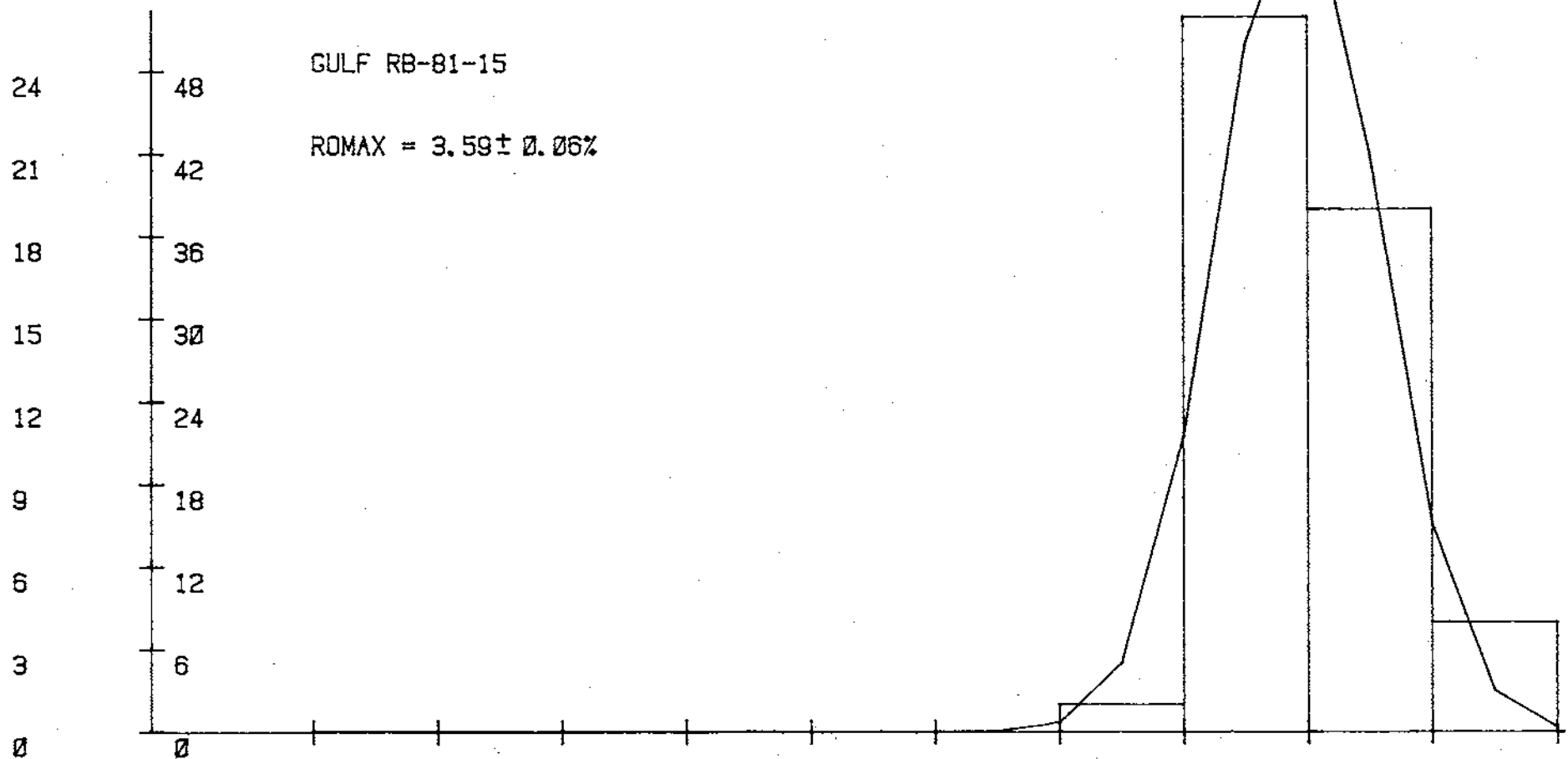
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0635

SKEWNESS = .5484

KURTOSIS = 2.5842

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.5750, 3.6110)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8

RB-81-16

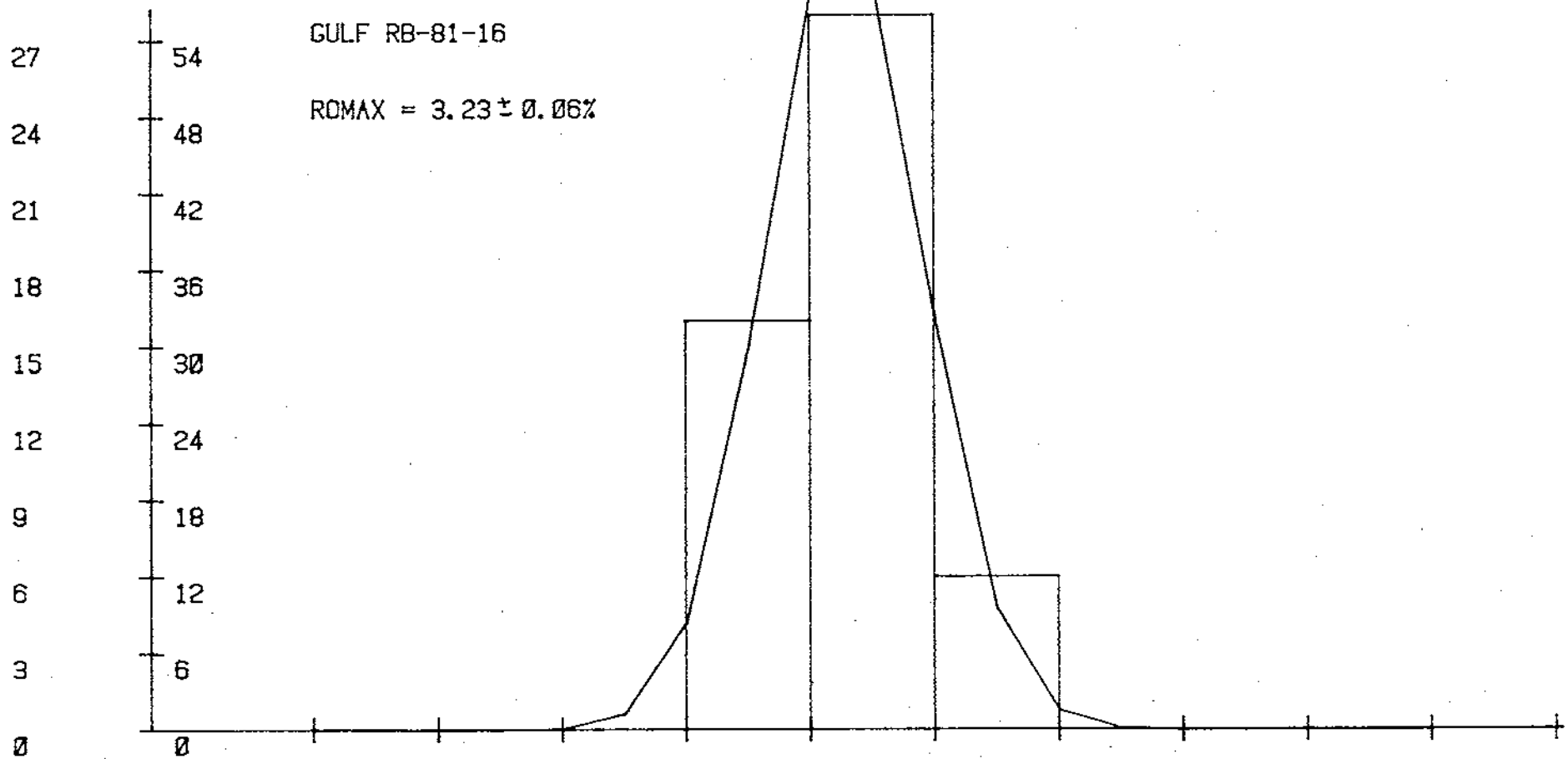
I	X(I)	X(I-1)
1	3.1800	3.1500
2	3.2900	3.1200
3	3.1100	3.1600
4	3.1400	3.2000
5	3.1300	3.1300
6	3.1700	3.2500
7	3.2700	3.2100
8	3.1800	3.1600
9	3.1800	3.1600
10	3.1900	3.1500
11	3.2900	3.2500
12	3.2300	3.3200
13	3.2000	3.2900
14	3.2000	3.2700
15	3.2700	3.2300
16	3.2600	3.2400
17	3.2300	3.2200
18	3.1900	3.2600
19	3.3500	3.2600
20	3.3600	3.2400
21	3.2500	3.3800
22	3.3000	3.2200
23	3.2400	3.2300
24	3.2500	3.3300
25	3.2200	3.2400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.2270
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.96%
VARIANCE = .0040
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0633
SKEWNESS = .2799
KURTOSIS = 2.6974

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.2090, 3.2450)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

RB-81-17

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	5.1400	5.4200
3	5.4500	5.4000
5	5.3800	5.3800
7	5.4200	5.3400
9	5.3500	5.3600
11	5.2100	5.3700
13	5.2300	5.3700
15	5.2600	5.4000
17	5.3700	5.4400
19	5.3400	5.4200
21	5.4200	5.3600
23	5.3600	5.3700
25	5.3500	5.4900
27	5.3300	5.4300
29	5.4100	5.2900
31	5.2700	5.2900
33	5.2500	5.2900
35	5.2200	5.2900
37	5.3600	5.1100
39	5.1400	5.1500
41	5.1700	5.1400
43	5.1200	5.1800
45	5.1900	5.1600
47	5.1200	5.1700
49	5.1900	5.3300

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02

MEAN = 5.2966

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.01%

VARIANCE = .0114

STANDARD DEVIATION = .1066

SKEWNESS = -.2354

KURTOSIS = 1.7948

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(5.2663, 5.3269)

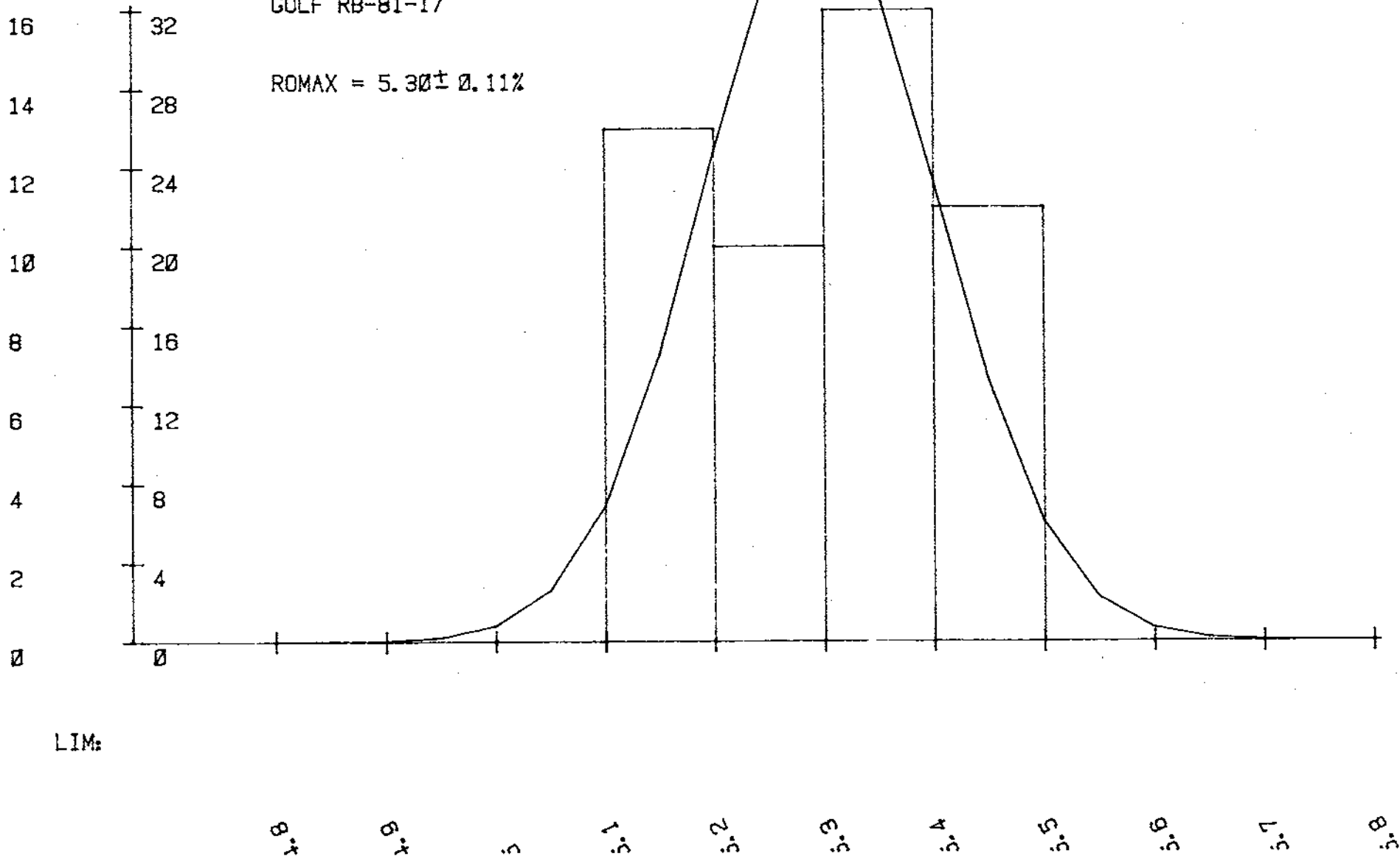
ONE-TRIAL (C 49, .025) =

2.01003450016

NO z

GULF RB-81-17

ROMAX = $5.30 \pm 0.11\%$



LIM:

RB-81-17A

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	5.2400	5.2100
3	5.2300	5.2200
5	5.1600	5.1900
7	5.1500	5.1300
9	5.1200	5.3300
11	5.3000	5.2000
13	5.3100	5.1400
15	5.1300	5.1500
17	5.1700	5.2500
19	5.0500	5.2200
21	5.2500	5.3100
23	5.2400	5.2600
25	5.2000	5.1500
27	5.2700	5.2300
29	5.1300	5.2100
31	5.1200	5.2000
33	5.2400	5.1900
35	5.3000	5.2600
37	5.2500	5.2500
39	5.2300	5.2300
41	5.2600	5.3500
43	5.3500	5.2600
45	5.4200	5.2800
47	5.3000	5.2000
49	5.2000	5.2000

BASIC STATISTICS

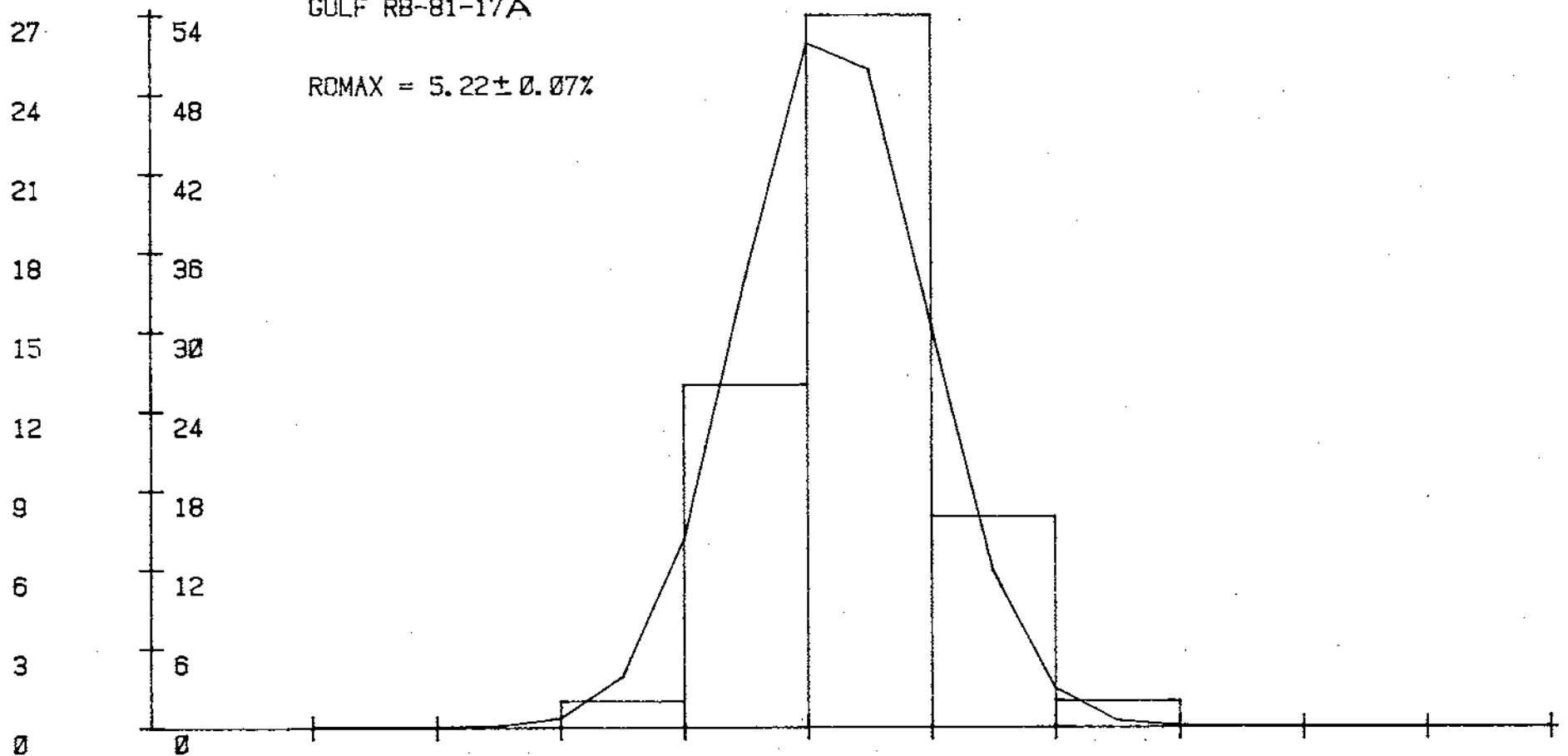
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 5.2288
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.42%
VARIANCE = .0055
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0741
SKEWNESS = .1108
KURTOSIS = 3.0231

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(5.1997, 5.2419)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RB-81-17A

ROMAX = $5.22 \pm 0.07\%$



LIM:

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8

RLB-81-1

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0800	2.9500
3	3.0400	2.9900
5	2.9600	3.0300
7	3.2300	3.1600
9	3.0700	3.0500
11	3.1500	3.1500
13	3.0300	3.0100
15	3.2600	3.0800
17	3.0300	3.2800
19	2.1900	3.1100
21	3.1900	3.1000
23	3.1500	3.2600
25	3.1200	3.2500
27	3.0800	3.0500
29	3.1400	3.2300
31	3.1400	3.1300
33	3.1400	3.0500
35	3.1300	3.0700
37	3.1000	3.0500
39	3.0600	3.3300
41	3.2000	3.2200
43	3.0600	3.2000
45	3.2200	3.0700
47	3.1200	3.2300
49	3.1600	3.0500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.1214

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.84%

VARIANCE = .0078

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0885

SKENNESS = .2301

KURTOSIS = 2.3493

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.0962, 3.1466)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

18 36

16 32

14 28

12 24

10 20

8 16

6 12

4 8

2 4

0 0

GULF RLB-81-1

ROMAX = $3.12 \pm 0.09\%$

LIMs

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

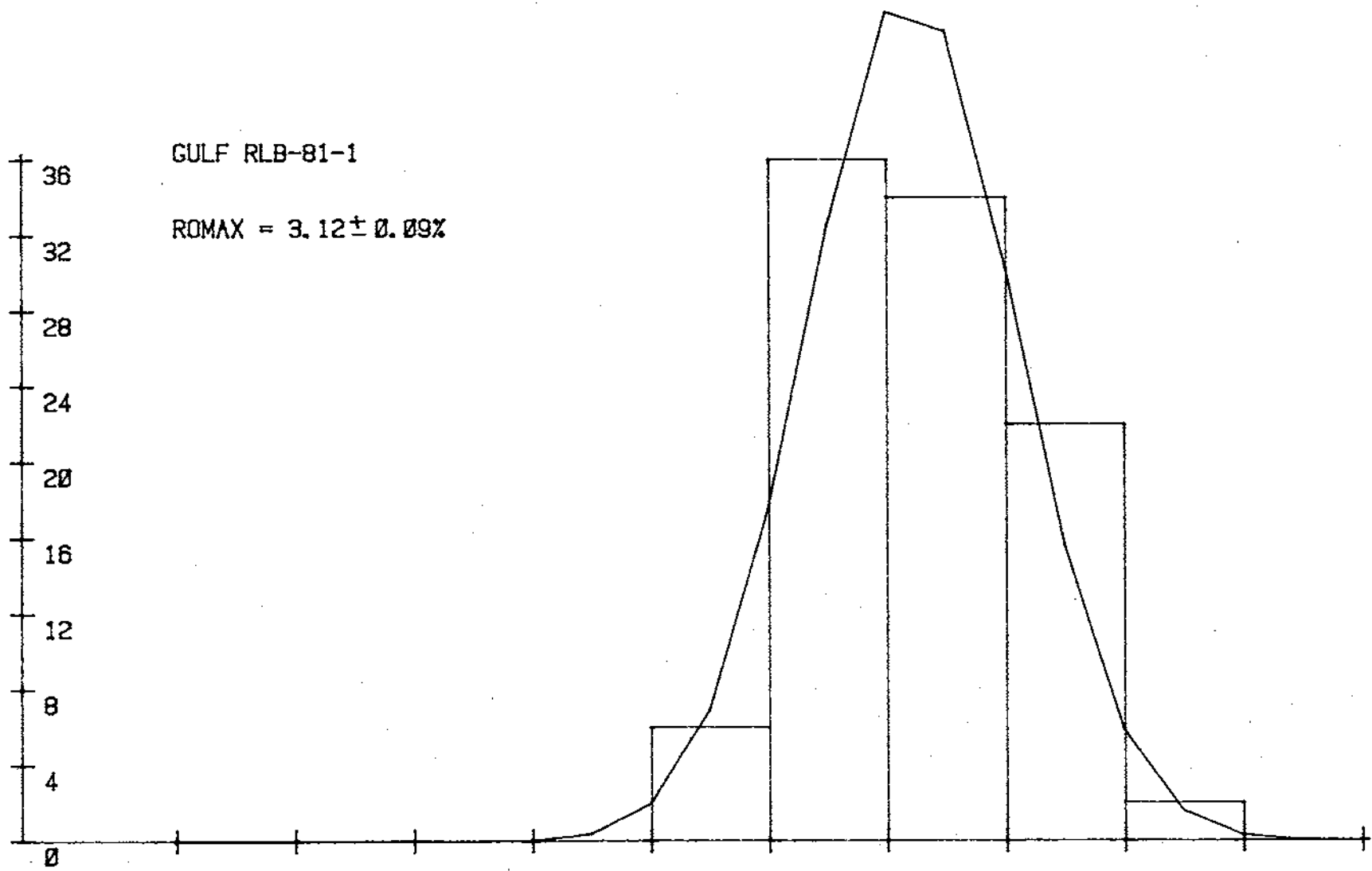
3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5



RLB-81-3

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.0400	2.9100
3	2.9100	3.0800
5	3.0400	3.1500
7	3.2200	2.9800
9	3.2500	3.0600
11	3.0700	3.1700
13	3.1300	3.1300
15	2.9800	3.0300
17	2.9900	3.0000
19	2.9800	3.0900
21	3.1000	3.0000
23	3.0300	3.1300
25	3.2100	2.9000
27	2.9100	3.0400
29	3.1100	2.9500
31	3.0000	3.0600
33	2.9500	3.0200
35	2.9100	3.0300
37	3.0300	2.9300
39	3.0900	2.9800
41	2.9200	3.0300
43	2.9800	3.0000
45	3.0200	2.9300
47	3.2100	3.1400
49	3.1300	3.1100

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.0412
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.96%
VARIANCE = .0081
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0901
SKEWNESS = .3760
KURTOSIS = 2.4391

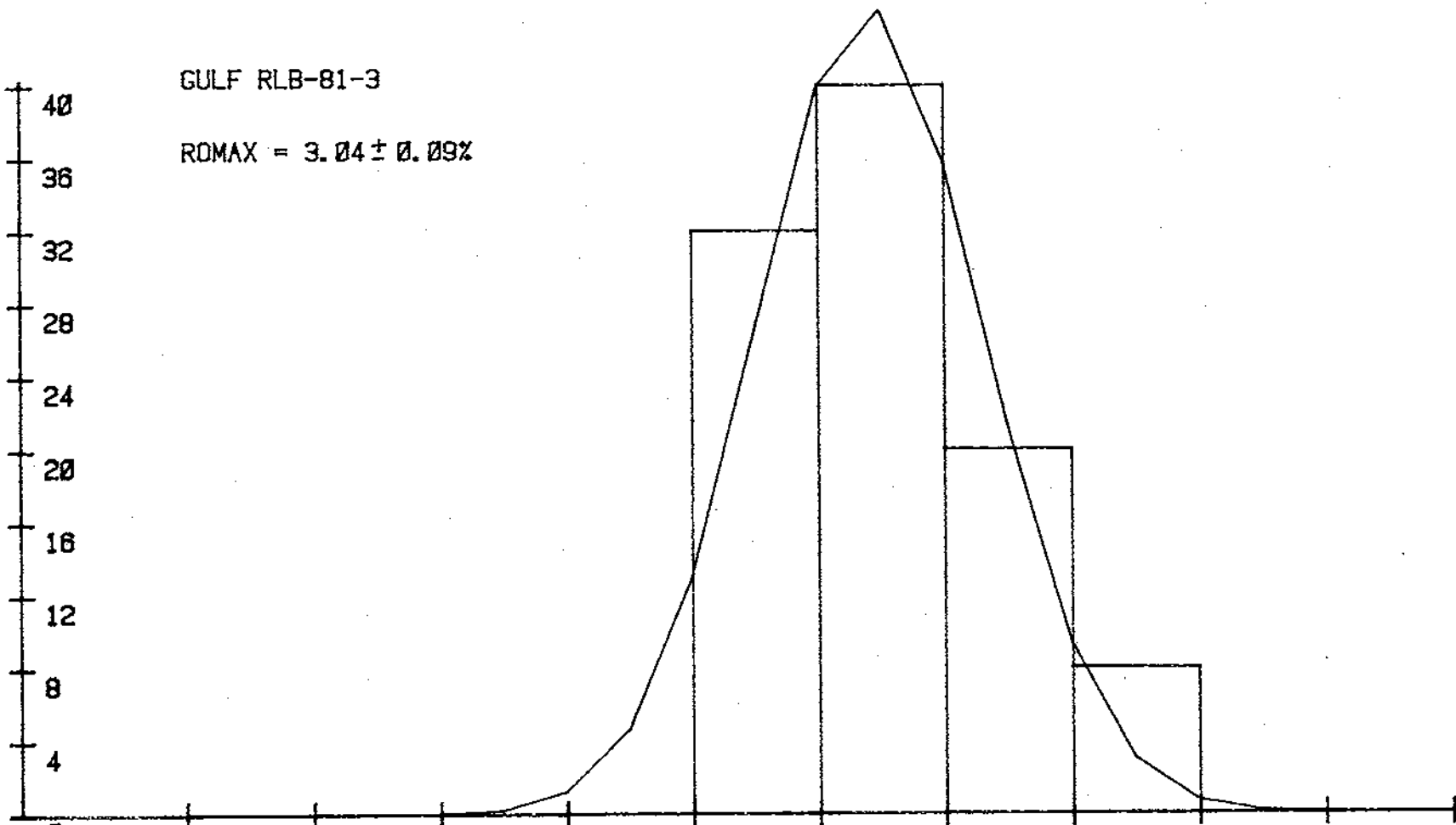
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.0156, 3.0668)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01063450016

NO %

20 40
18 36
16 32
14 28
12 24
10 20
8 16
6 12
4 8
2 4
0 0

GULF RLB-81-3

ROMAX = $3.04 \pm 0.09\%$



LIM

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

RLB-81-4

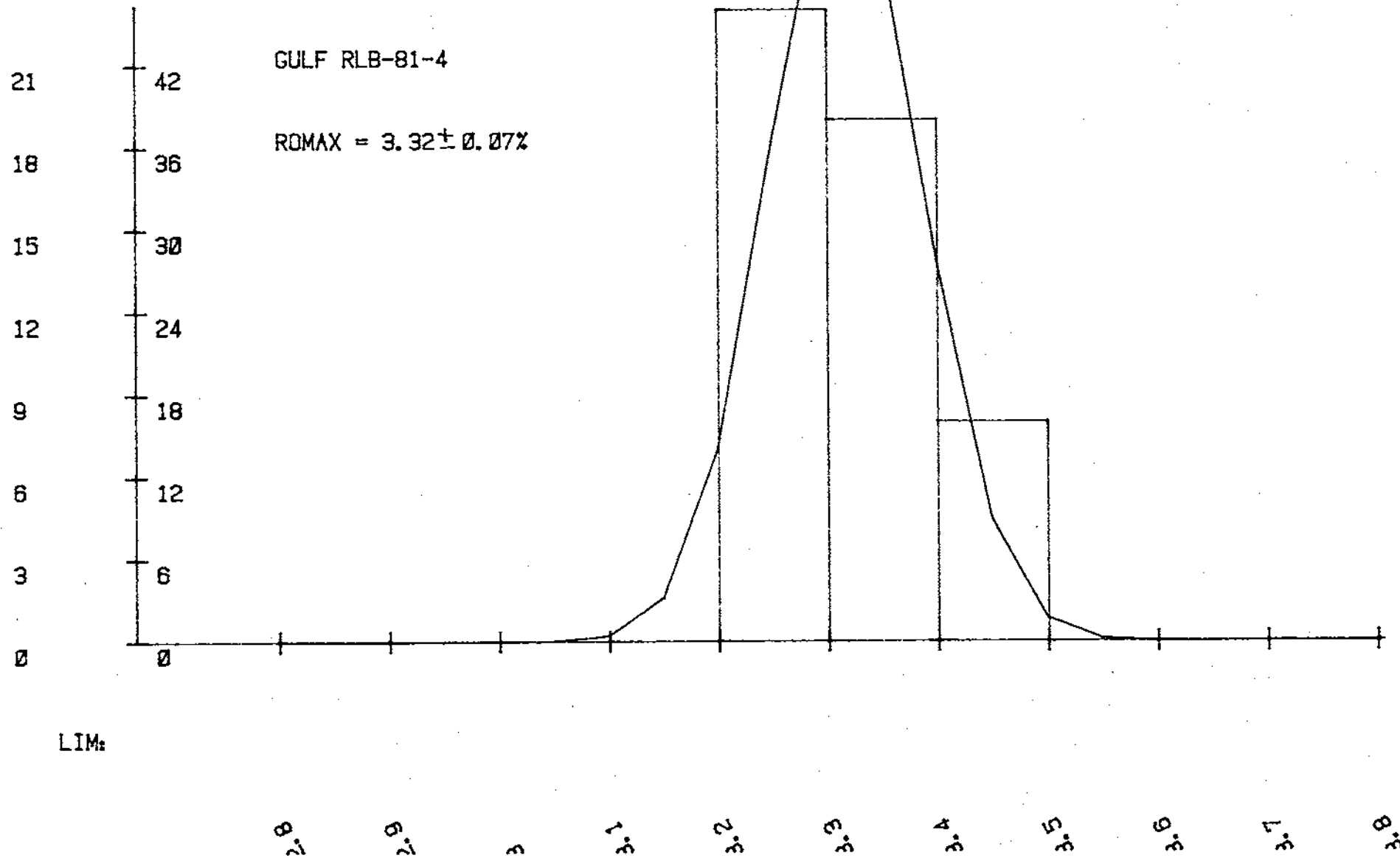
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.3800	3.2600
3	3.3200	3.2700
5	3.4000	3.2600
7	3.2700	3.4200
9	3.3000	3.2300
11	3.2200	3.2600
13	3.2900	3.3100
15	3.2600	3.3900
17	3.2400	3.2100
19	3.2500	3.3000
21	3.2800	3.3800
23	3.3600	3.2600
25	3.3900	3.4300
27	3.3100	3.3400
29	3.2700	3.2300
31	3.3100	3.2900
33	3.4300	3.3100
35	3.3200	3.4600
37	3.2900	3.2500
39	3.3900	3.3000
41	3.2700	3.3500
43	3.4600	3.2500
45	3.3700	3.3900
47	3.4300	3.2600
49	3.4300	3.2500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.3164
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.08%
VARIANCE = .0048
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0691
SKEWNESS = .5627
KURTOSIS = 2.1417

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.2967, 3.3361)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



RLB-81-6.

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1100	3.0600
3	2.9700	2.9300
5	2.9600	3.0700
7	3.0600	2.9600
9	2.9600	2.9500
11	2.9700	2.9400
13	2.9600	3.2000
15	2.8900	2.9800
17	2.9600	2.9100
19	2.9300	2.9600
21	3.0400	2.9100
23	3.1500	3.2200
25	3.0300	2.9600
27	2.9200	2.9200
29	2.9600	2.8800
31	2.9100	2.9600
33	2.9000	2.8700
35	2.9400	2.9000
37	2.9300	2.9100
39	2.8500	2.9100
41	2.9000	2.8300
43	2.9600	2.9200
45	3.0100	2.9000
47	2.8200	2.9700
49	2.8600	2.8800

BASIC STATISTICS

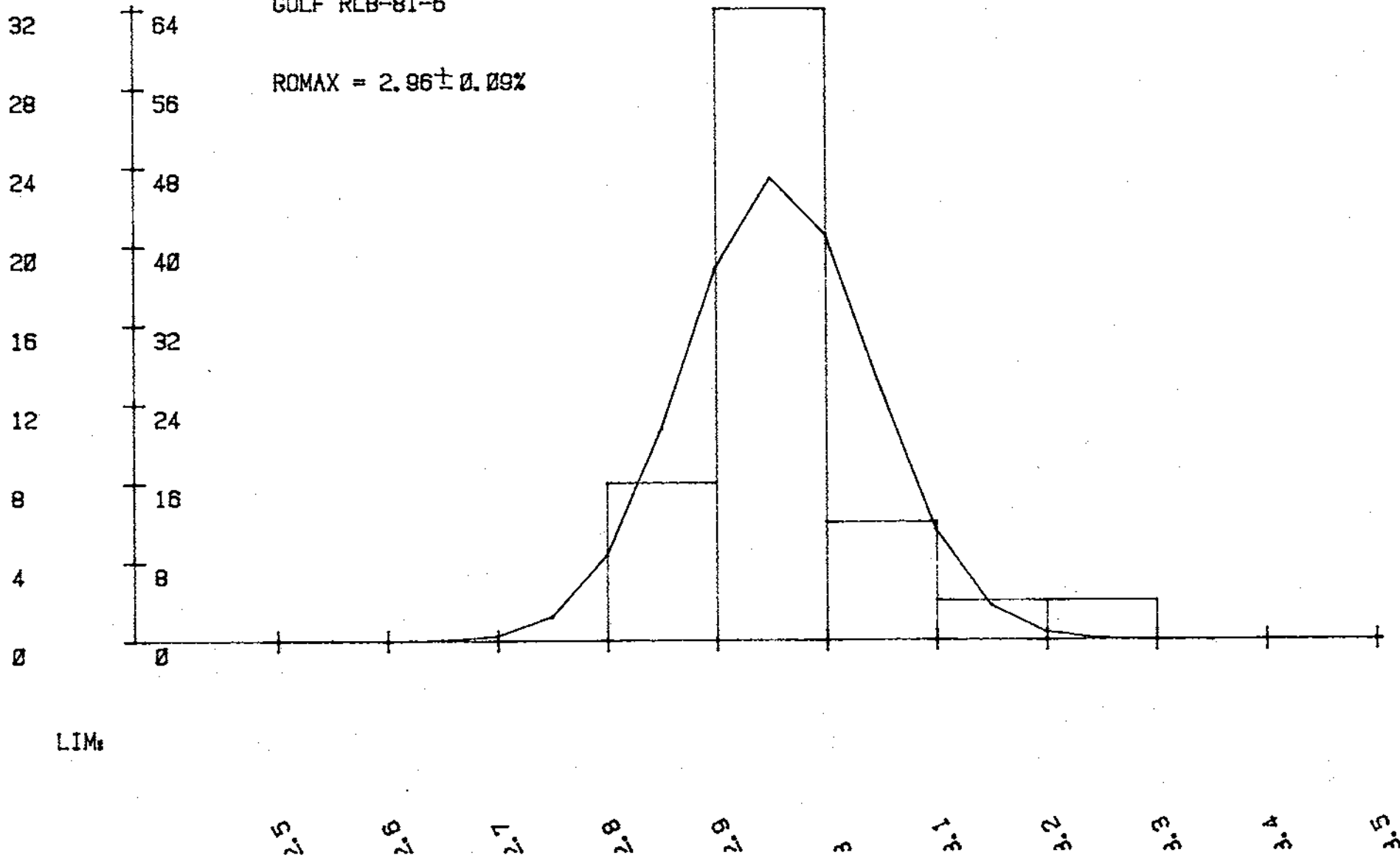
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 2.9562
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.87%
VARIANCE = .0072
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0849
SKEWNESS = 1.3004
KURTOSIS = 4.7510

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(2.9321, 2.9803)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RLB-81-6

ROMAX = $2.96 \pm 0.09\%$



LIMs

RLB-81-7

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1200	3.1100
3	3.1400	3.1100
5	3.1400	3.0800
7	3.0400	3.0400
9	3.0300	2.9700
11	3.0400	2.9200
13	3.0700	3.0300
15	3.1200	2.9600
17	3.0900	3.0700
19	2.9100	2.9900
21	2.9600	2.9700
23	3.0500	2.9800
25	2.9200	2.9900
27	2.9200	3.0200
29	2.9500	2.9300
31	3.0400	3.0800
33	3.1500	3.2500
35	3.1600	3.1400
37	3.1400	2.9700
39	3.1900	3.0600
41	3.0700	3.1500
43	3.1400	3.1800
45	3.1100	3.0300
47	3.1800	3.1200
49	2.0700	3.2200

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.0624

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.81%

VARIANCE = .0074

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0860

SKENNESS = -.0199

KURTOSIS = 2.1798

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.0379, 3.0869)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

16 32

14 28

12 24

10 20

8 16

6 12

4 8

2 4

0 0

GULF RLB-81-7

ROMAX = $3.06 \pm 0.09\%$

LIM:

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

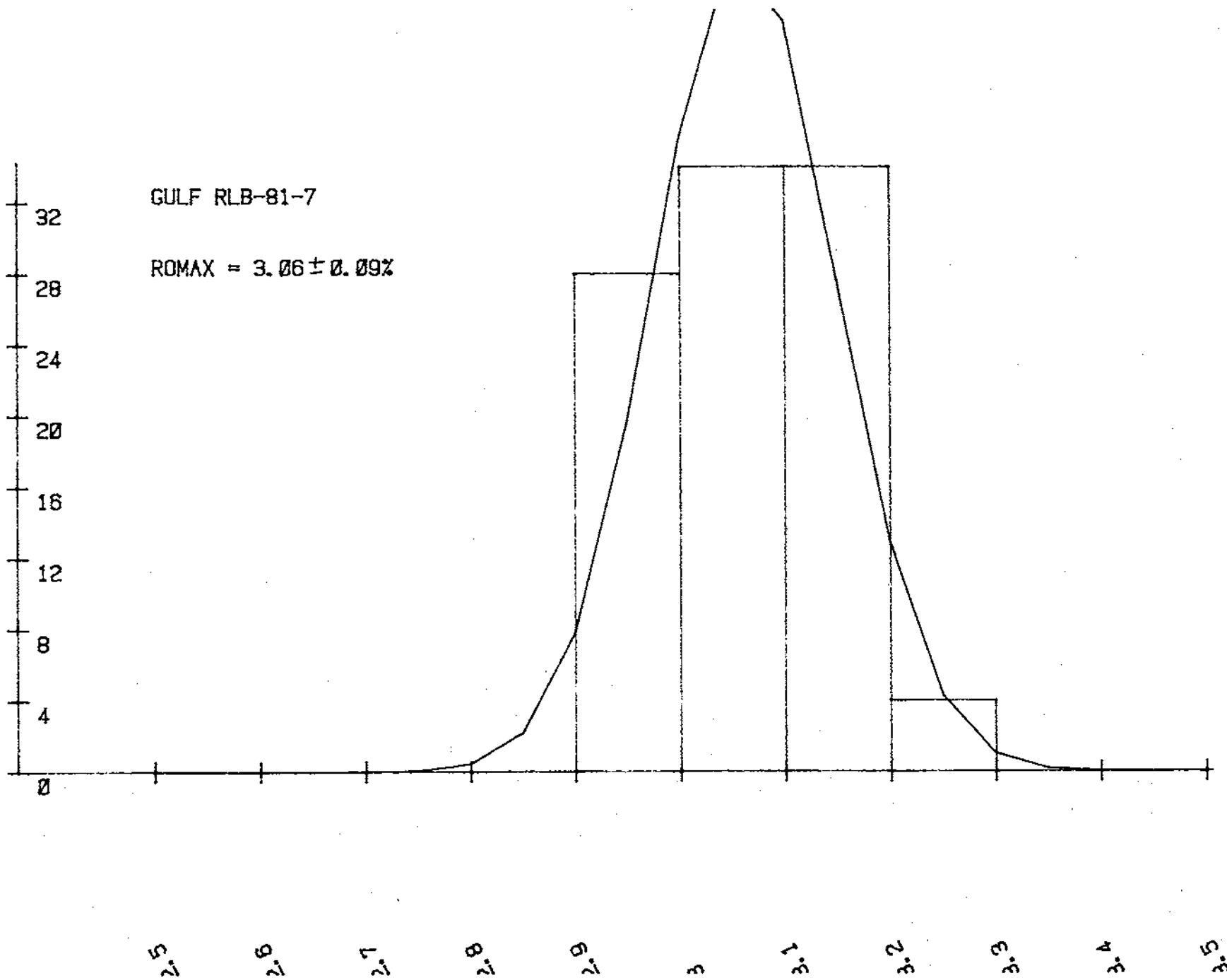
3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5



RLB-81-8

i	X(i)	X(i+1)
1	3.4800	3.3800
3	3.2700	3.3900
5	3.3600	3.2400
7	3.4600	3.4000
9	3.3200	3.4100
11	3.3600	3.3800
13	3.3900	3.3500
15	3.2600	3.3000
17	3.4000	3.2400
19	3.3000	3.4700
21	3.3000	3.3400
23	3.2900	3.3200
25	3.3100	3.3300
27	3.3400	3.4100
29	3.4900	3.3200
31	3.3100	3.2000
33	3.4600	3.3500
35	3.2800	3.4200
37	3.4000	3.3400
39	3.4300	3.2500
41	3.4000	3.4500
43	3.3600	3.4500
45	3.3400	3.3000
47	3.3100	3.3600
49	3.3200	3.3500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.3482

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.95%

VARIANCE = .0043

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0654

SKEWNESS = .3185

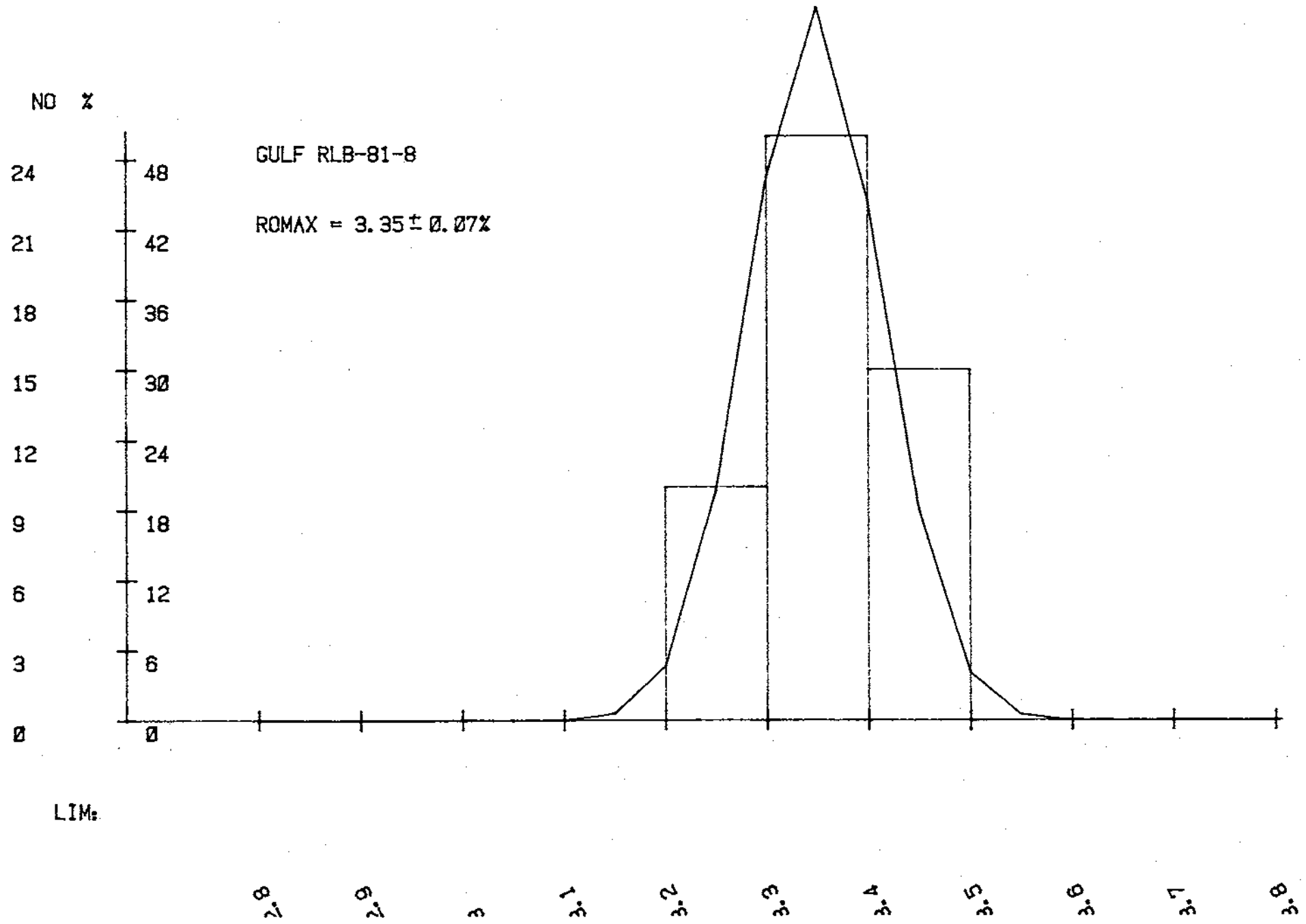
KURTOSIS = 2.2279

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.3295, 3.3668)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016



RLB-81-9

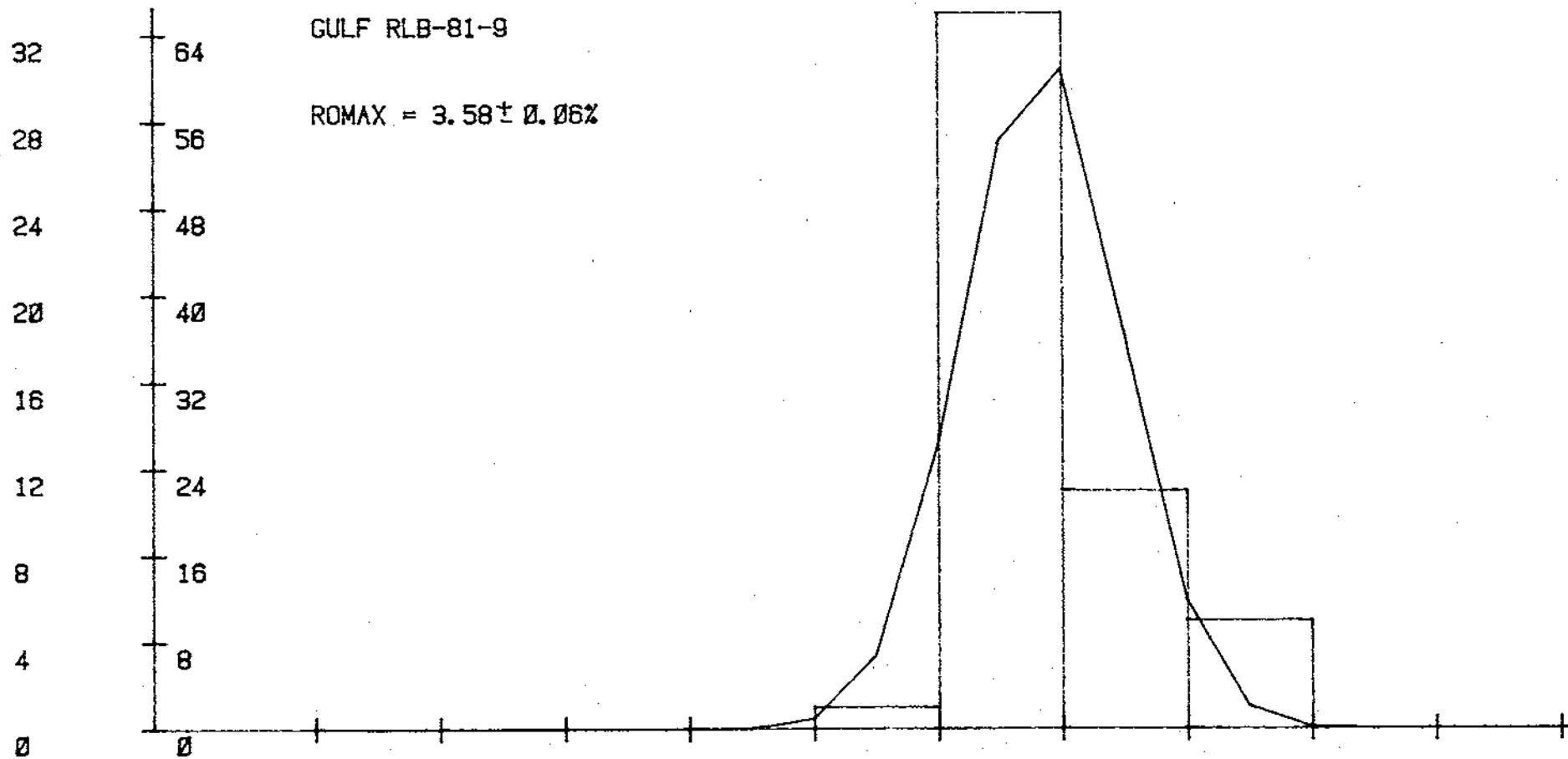
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.7200	3.6400
3	3.7100	3.6300
5	3.5500	3.4800
7	3.5400	3.5300
9	3.5700	3.5400
11	3.5000	3.5300
13	3.5900	3.5200
15	3.5900	3.5300
17	3.5200	3.5600
19	3.6600	3.5600
21	3.5900	3.5200
23	3.5600	3.6100
25	3.7000	3.5500
27	3.5400	3.6200
29	3.7100	3.5900
31	3.5100	3.5600
33	3.5400	3.5700
35	3.5700	3.6000
37	3.5600	3.5800
39	3.7200	3.5800
41	3.5100	3.5400
43	3.6800	3.5200
45	3.6500	3.6500
47	3.6600	3.6600
49	3.5800	3.5300

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.5842
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.77%
VARIANCE = .0040
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0636
SKEWNESS = .7054
KURTOSIS = 2.4904

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.5561, 3.6023)
ONE-TRAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

RWB-81-10

J	X(J)	X(J+1)
1	3.2000	3.2200
3	3.1500	3.0900
5	3.1100	3.0000
7	3.0200	3.0500
9	3.1200	3.2900
11	3.1700	3.2600
13	3.1800	3.2000
15	3.1800	3.0700
17	3.2200	3.0200
19	3.1200	3.0400
21	3.0800	3.0400
23	3.1100	3.2400
25	3.1800	3.2200
27	3.2400	3.2500
29	3.1100	3.2500
31	3.0800	3.2400
33	3.1300	3.2100
35	3.1300	3.1100
37	3.1100	3.0400
39	3.1100	3.0900
41	3.2200	3.0900
43	3.1100	3.1800
45	3.0300	3.2200
47	3.0500	3.1900
49	3.1700	3.1500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.1418

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.41%

VARIANCE = .0057

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0757

SKEWNESS = -.0195

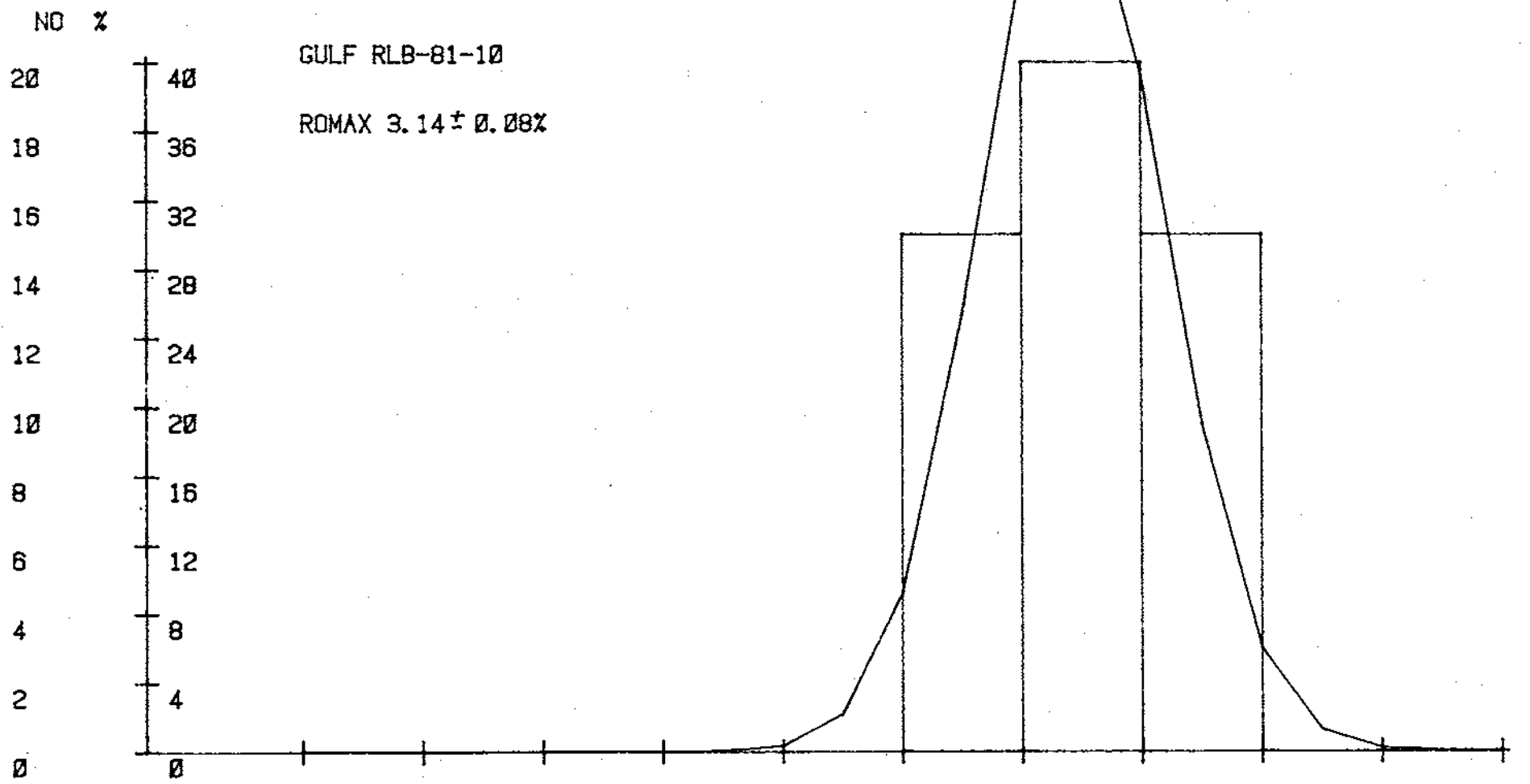
KURTOSIS = 1.9226

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.1203, 3.1633)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016



LIM%

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

RLB-81-11

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1200	3.0700
3	3.0900	3.2000
5	3.1500	3.1700
7	3.2400	3.2300
9	3.1700	3.1100
11	3.2500	3.2000
13	3.2800	3.3100
15	3.1600	3.3500
17	3.1800	3.4000
19	3.1700	3.2200
21	3.3500	3.1700
23	3.2900	3.3100
25	3.2600	3.2200
27	3.2800	3.3200
29	3.2100	3.2900
31	3.3400	3.3000
33	3.2700	3.2300
35	3.2200	3.2400
37	3.2500	3.1900
39	3.1100	3.1100
41	3.0800	3.0700
43	3.1100	3.1300
45	3.1700	3.2300
47	3.1300	3.1500
49	3.3200	3.3200

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.2152

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.62%

VARIANCE = .0071

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0841

SKEWNESS = .1139

KURTOSIS = 2.1581

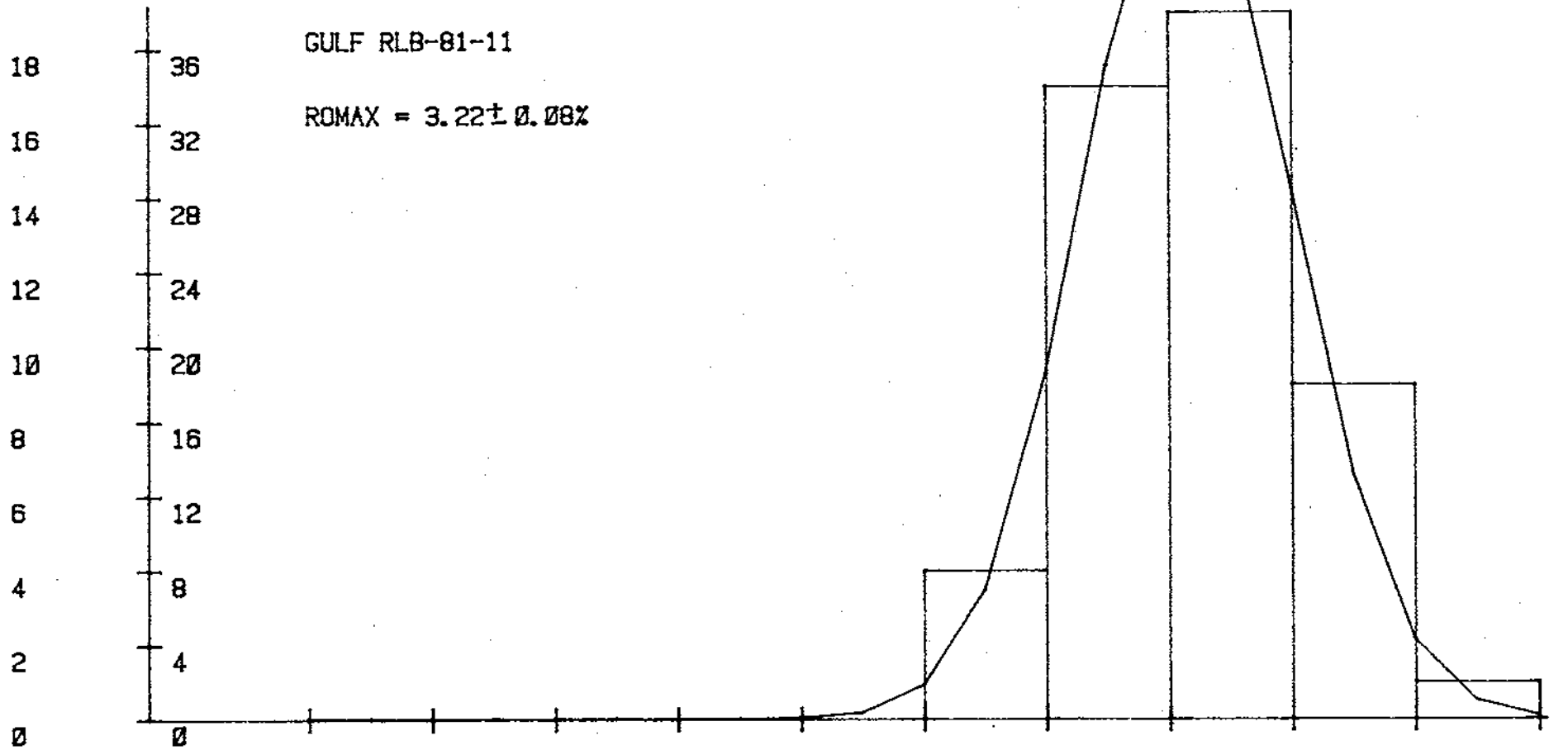
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.1913, 3.2391)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

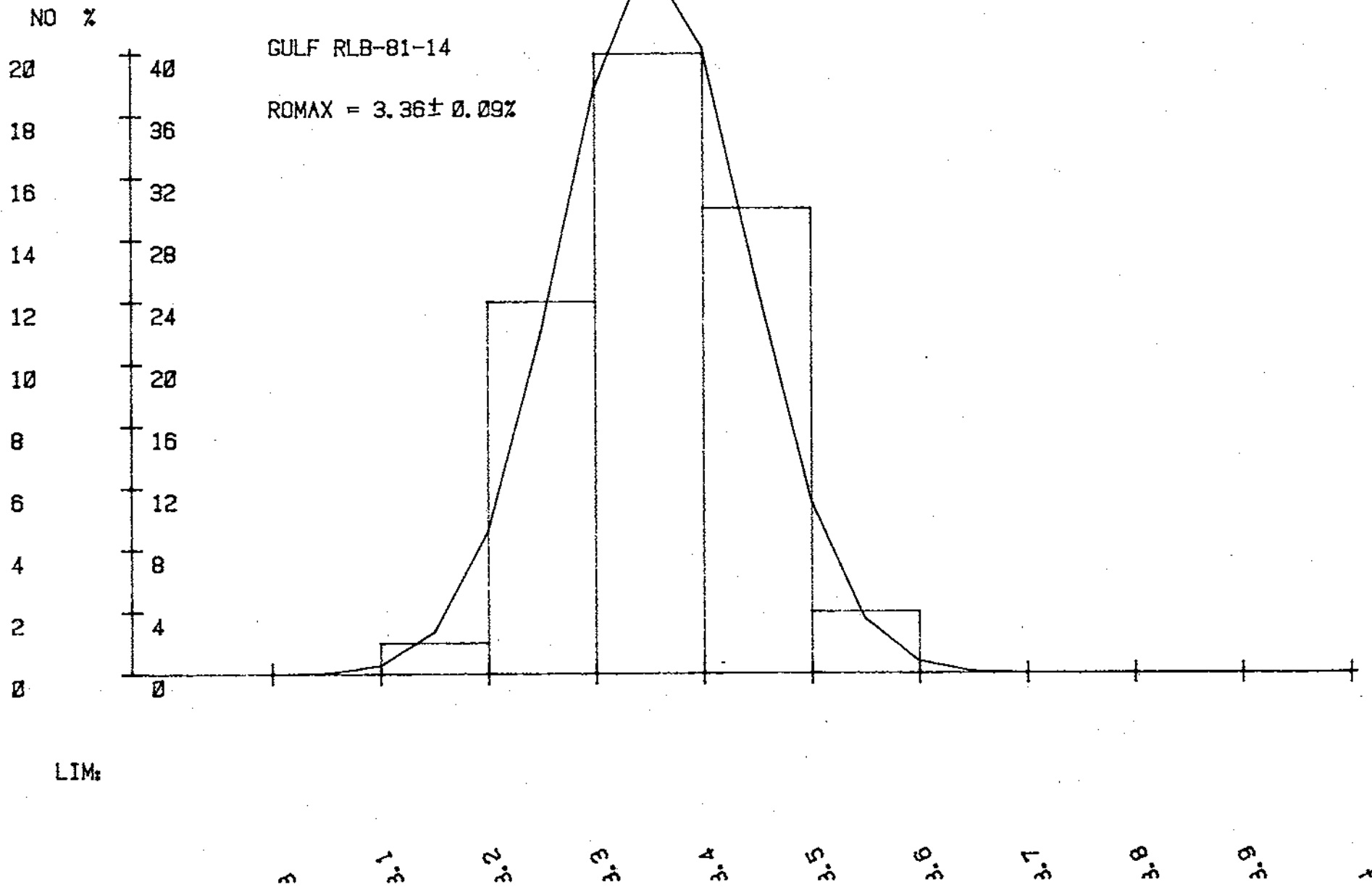
RLB-81-14

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.3600	3.2400
3	3.4100	3.4200
5	3.1800	3.3400
7	3.4700	3.3900
9	3.2300	3.4000
11	3.4100	3.3500
13	3.2900	3.2400
15	3.3300	3.3400
17	3.4300	3.2900
19	3.2500	3.4000
21	3.3000	3.4900
23	3.4200	3.3600
25	3.2400	3.4700
27	3.5300	3.3100
29	3.4500	3.2900
31	3.2300	3.3200
33	3.2700	3.3500
35	3.5300	3.3700
37	3.3400	3.2900
39	3.2000	3.3100
41	3.4900	3.3000
43	3.5900	3.3300
45	3.3500	3.3400
47	3.3500	3.4100
49	3.4000	3.4500

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.3550
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.57%
VARIANCE = .0074
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0861
SKEWNESS = .1037
KURTOSIS = 2.3540

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.3305, 3.3795)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016



LIM:

RLB-81-16

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.3200	3.2100
3	3.4600	3.2400
5	3.2300	3.4000
7	3.2100	3.2800
9	3.2400	3.3500
11	3.3200	3.2100
13	3.4700	3.2700
15	3.2900	3.4200
17	3.3500	3.2400
19	3.2300	3.2600
21	3.2800	3.4500
23	3.2900	3.3400
25	3.2900	3.2300
27	3.2600	3.3200
29	3.3800	3.2700
31	3.3000	3.2300
33	3.4100	3.3700
35	3.3900	3.4000
37	3.2500	3.4000
39	3.3200	3.4000
41	3.3700	3.3700
43	3.4000	3.2000
45	3.4100	3.2700
47	3.4200	3.3600
49	3.3500	3.2400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.3194

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.29%

VARIANCE = .0058

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0759

SKEWNESS = .1826

KURTOSIS = 1.8364

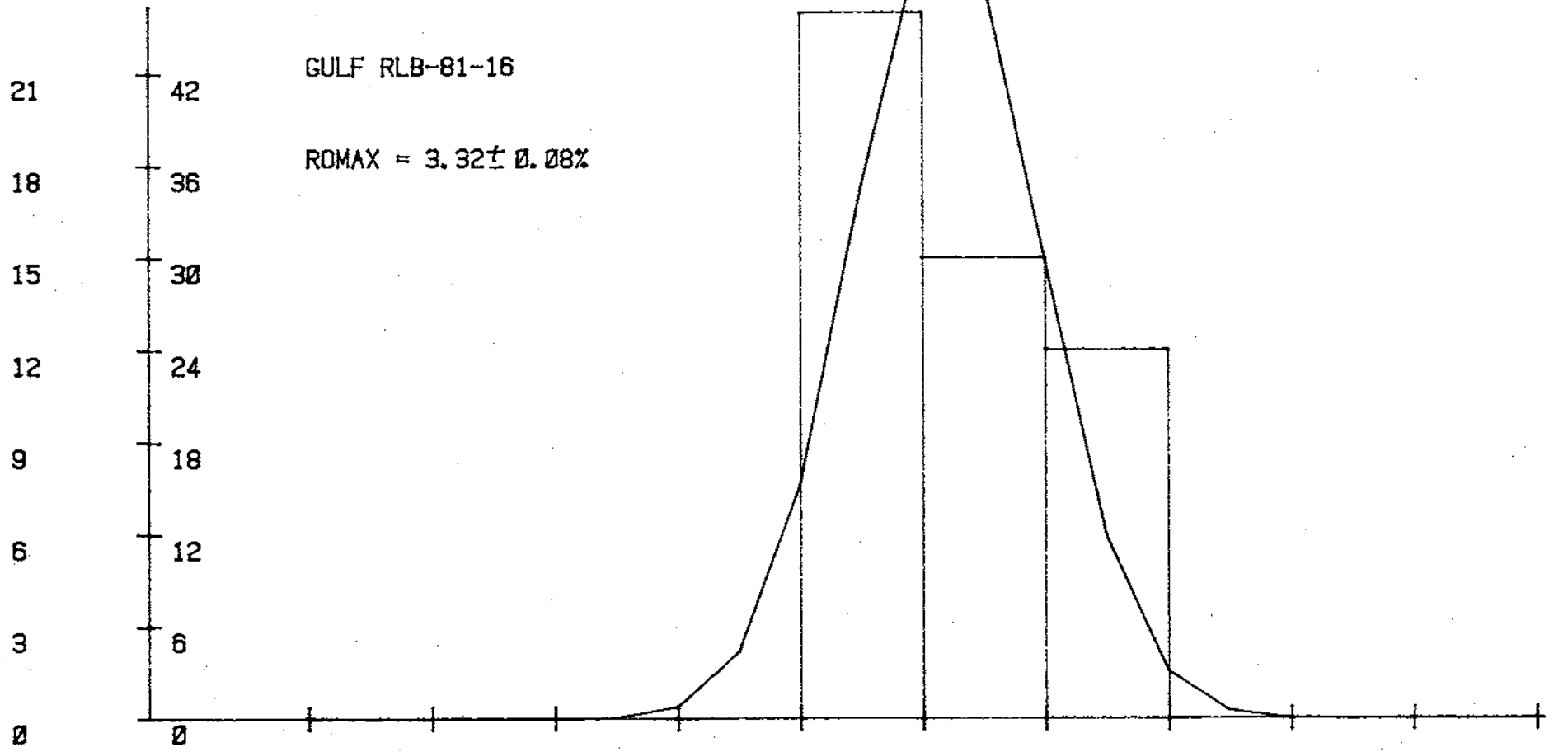
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.2978, 3.3410)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

RLB-81-17

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.9700	3.8500
3	3.7900	3.9300
5	3.9900	3.8000
7	3.8400	3.7900
9	3.9100	3.9900
11	3.8500	3.8200
13	3.9100	3.7900
15	3.8800	3.7700
17	3.9200	3.7100
19	3.7600	3.7700
21	3.8500	3.7900
23	3.9800	3.9300
25	3.8800	3.8000
27	3.8700	3.8000
29	3.9600	3.7700
31	3.9100	3.7600
33	3.7700	3.7700
35	3.7700	3.7600
37	3.8400	3.8200
39	3.8500	3.8500
41	3.9100	3.9700
43	3.9600	3.7000
45	3.8500	3.7800
47	3.7600	3.7000
49	3.8400	3.9000

BASIC STATISTICS

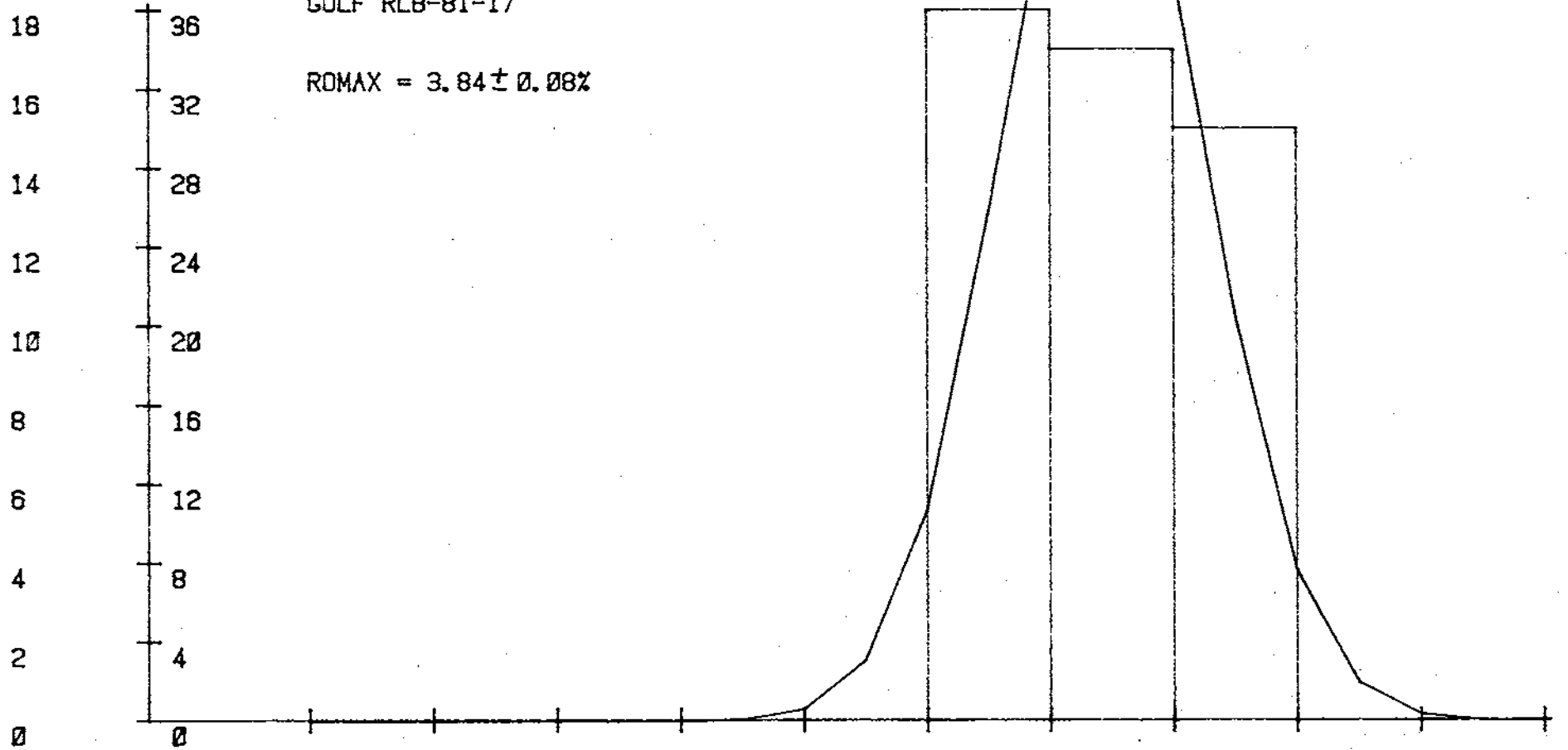
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.8426
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.13%
VARIANCE = .0067
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0818
SKEWNESS = .1723
KURTOSIS = 2.0953

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.8194, 3.8658)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RLB-81-17

ROMAX = $3.84 \pm 0.08\%$



LIM:

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

4

4.1

4.2

RLB-81-18

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.5500	3.5400
3	3.6300	3.5100
5	3.5100	3.4700
7	3.5600	3.7300
9	3.6200	3.5100
11	3.5900	3.5200
13	3.6300	3.5500
15	3.5100	3.6000
17	3.5100	3.6800
19	3.6400	3.5500
21	3.6100	3.4700
23	3.5000	3.5600
25	3.7200	3.5700
27	3.5000	3.7000
29	3.5500	3.6600
31	3.5600	3.6400
33	3.5400	3.7200
35	3.6000	3.5900
37	3.6800	3.6300
39	3.4900	3.6400
41	3.6000	3.4700
43	3.4800	3.5200
45	3.6100	3.6100
47	3.5700	3.5900
49	3.5900	3.7400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.5824

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.03%

VARIANCE = .0053

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0727

SKEWNESS = .3953

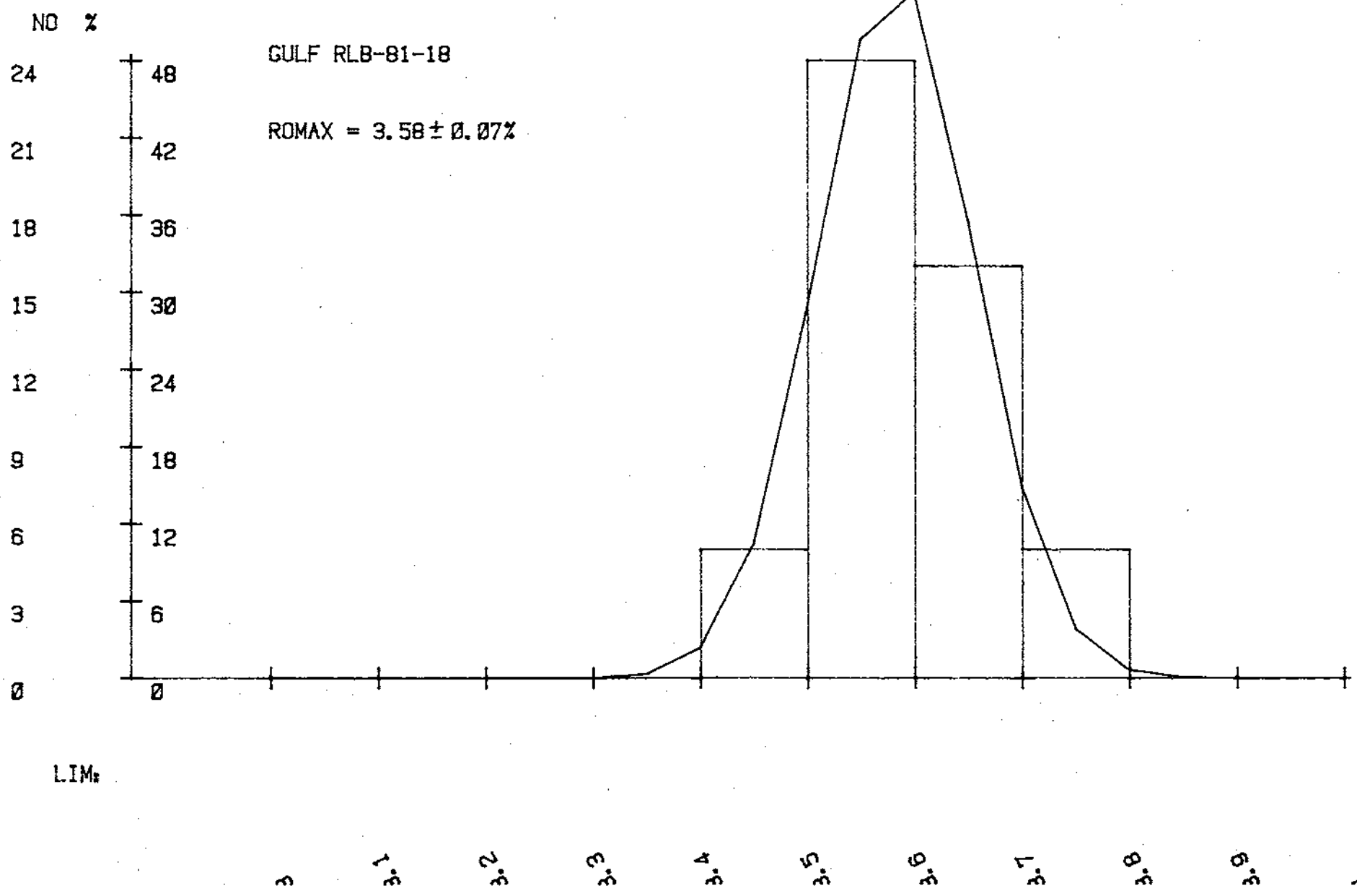
KURTOSIS = 2.3856

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.5517, 3.6031)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01063450016



LIM:

3.0 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4.0

RLB-80-21

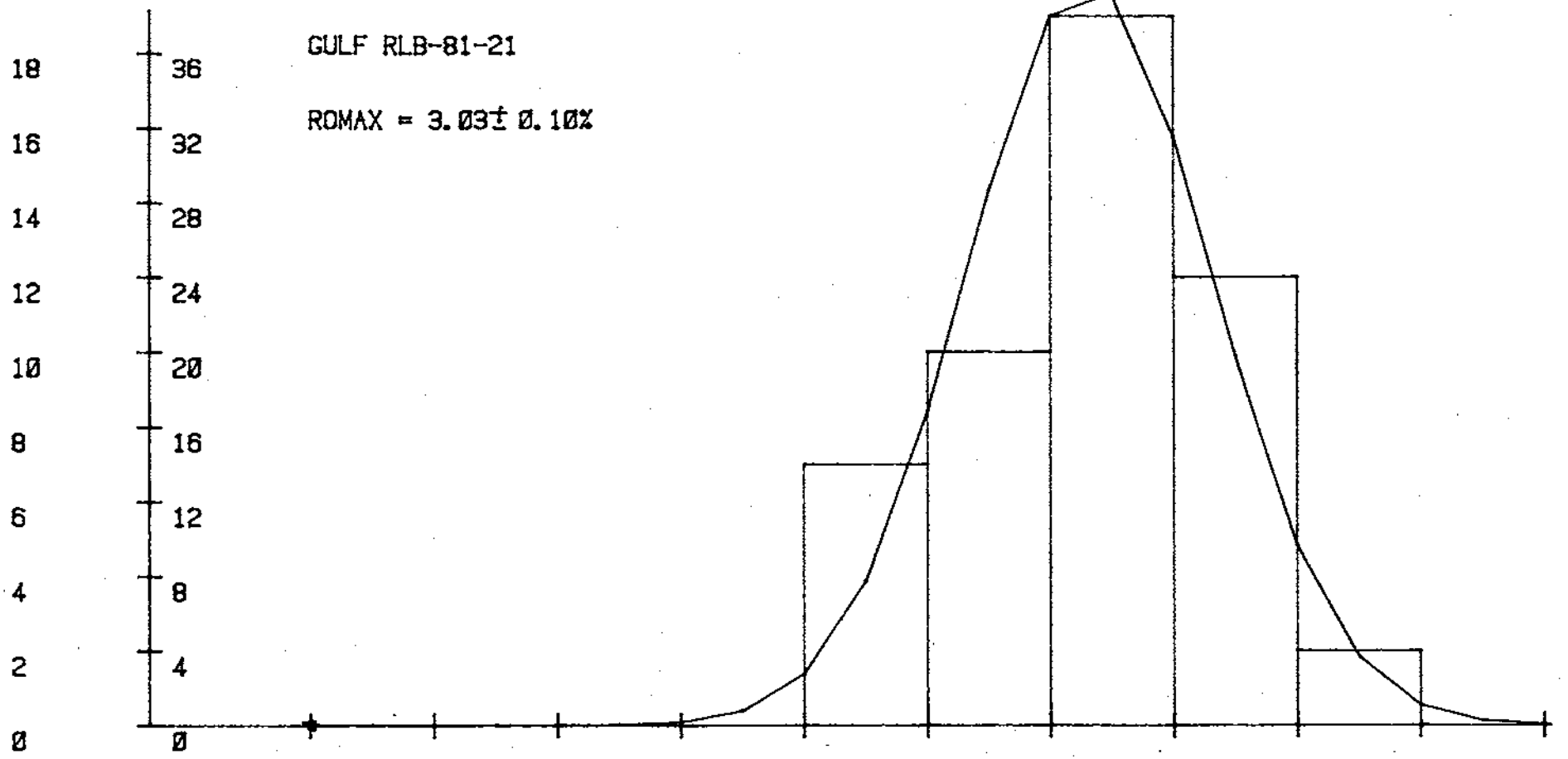
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1400	3.0200
3	2.8600	3.0300
5	2.9400	2.8600
7	2.9600	3.0200
9	3.0300	3.0600
11	3.1400	2.9800
13	3.1900	3.1800
15	3.0800	2.8800
17	2.9300	2.8700
19	3.0500	2.9900
21	2.8800	2.8300
23	3.1000	3.1700
25	3.1300	2.9500
27	2.8700	2.9600
29	3.1800	3.1100
31	3.0600	3.1200
33	3.0300	3.2300
35	3.0600	3.2000
37	3.0800	3.0200
39	3.0800	3.0400
41	3.0200	3.1100
43	3.0300	3.0900
45	3.0600	3.1600
47	3.0100	2.9900
49	2.9700	2.9700

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.0312
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.30%
VARIANCE = .0100
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1000
SKEWNESS = -.0679
KURTOSIS = 2.3453

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.0028, 3.0596)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4

RLB-81-22

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.3300	3.3400
3	3.3300	3.3500
5	3.3300	3.3900
7	3.4500	3.4200
9	3.3200	3.2700
11	3.4300	3.4100
13	3.4500	3.4300
15	3.4800	3.3500
17	3.2600	3.3500
19	3.3100	3.2900
21	3.3600	3.2900
23	3.3200	3.3400
25	3.3200	3.3600
27	3.3800	3.3300
29	3.4600	3.3100
31	3.3400	3.2900
33	3.4000	3.4000
35	3.4100	3.4800
37	3.4700	3.3900
39	3.3600	3.3200
41	3.3100	3.3200
43	3.5100	3.4000
45	3.3100	3.4500
47	3.4600	3.3500
49	3.3400	3.4000

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.3668

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.89%

VARIANCE = .0041

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0638

SKEWNESS = .4397

KURTOSIS = 2.1011

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.3485, 3.3847)

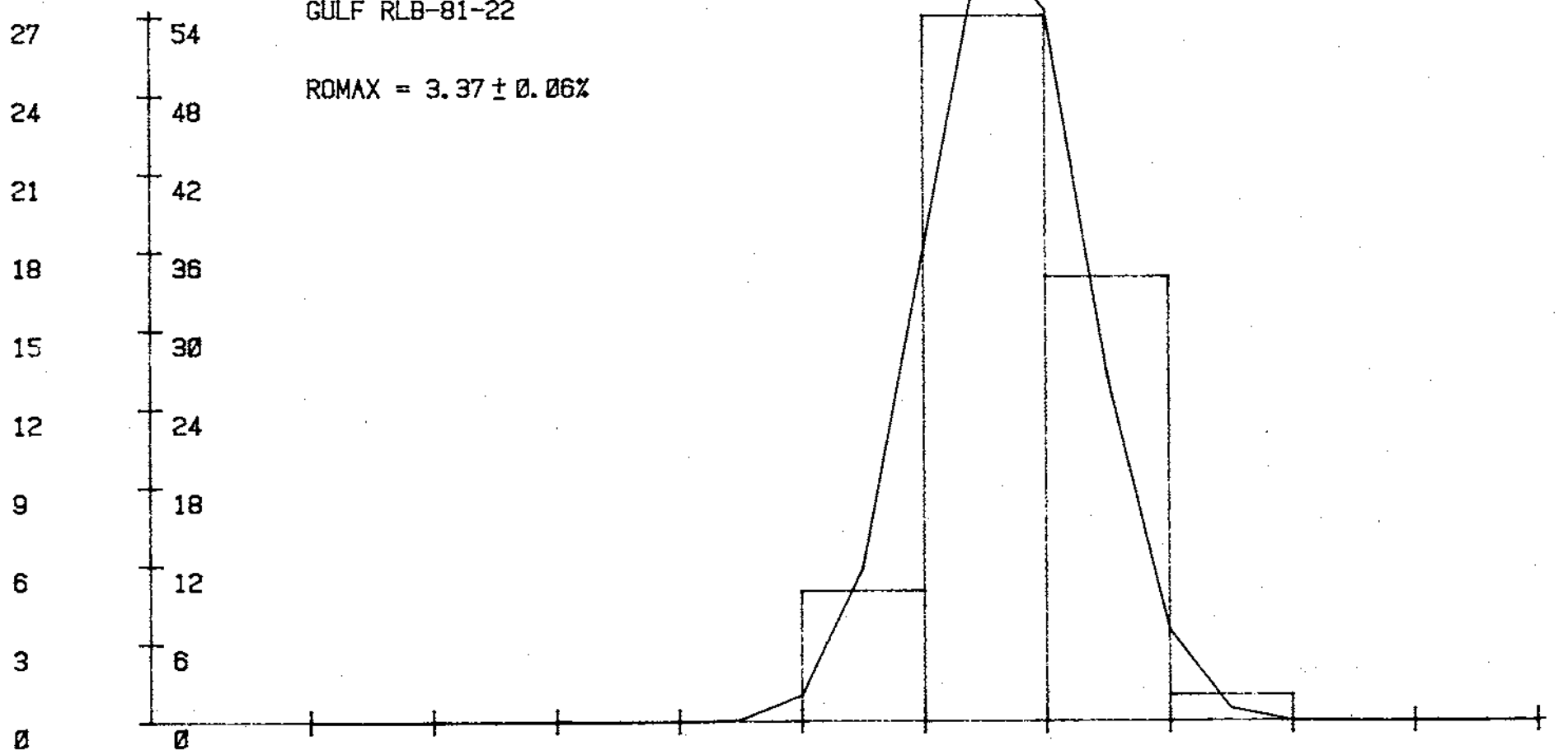
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF RLB-81-22

ROMAX = $3.37 \pm 0.06\%$



LIMs

2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

RLB-81-24

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.3800	3.4800
3	3.4100	3.4200
5	3.5400	3.4200
7	3.3800	3.3700
9	3.4200	3.4800
11	3.3100	3.3400
13	3.3400	3.4200
15	3.5500	3.5200
17	3.3800	3.5200
19	3.3700	3.4600
21	3.4100	3.5200
23	3.5200	3.4700
25	3.4400	3.5400
27	3.4900	3.5600
29	3.4500	3.3200
31	3.5000	3.4800
33	3.3500	3.3900
35	3.4000	3.4300
37	3.3600	3.5500
39	3.4700	3.4200
41	3.4500	3.3900
43	3.3500	3.3800
45	3.4100	3.3500
47	3.4000	3.3400
49	3.3200	3.3100

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.4240

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.07%

VARIANCE = .0050

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0707

SKENNESS = .3076

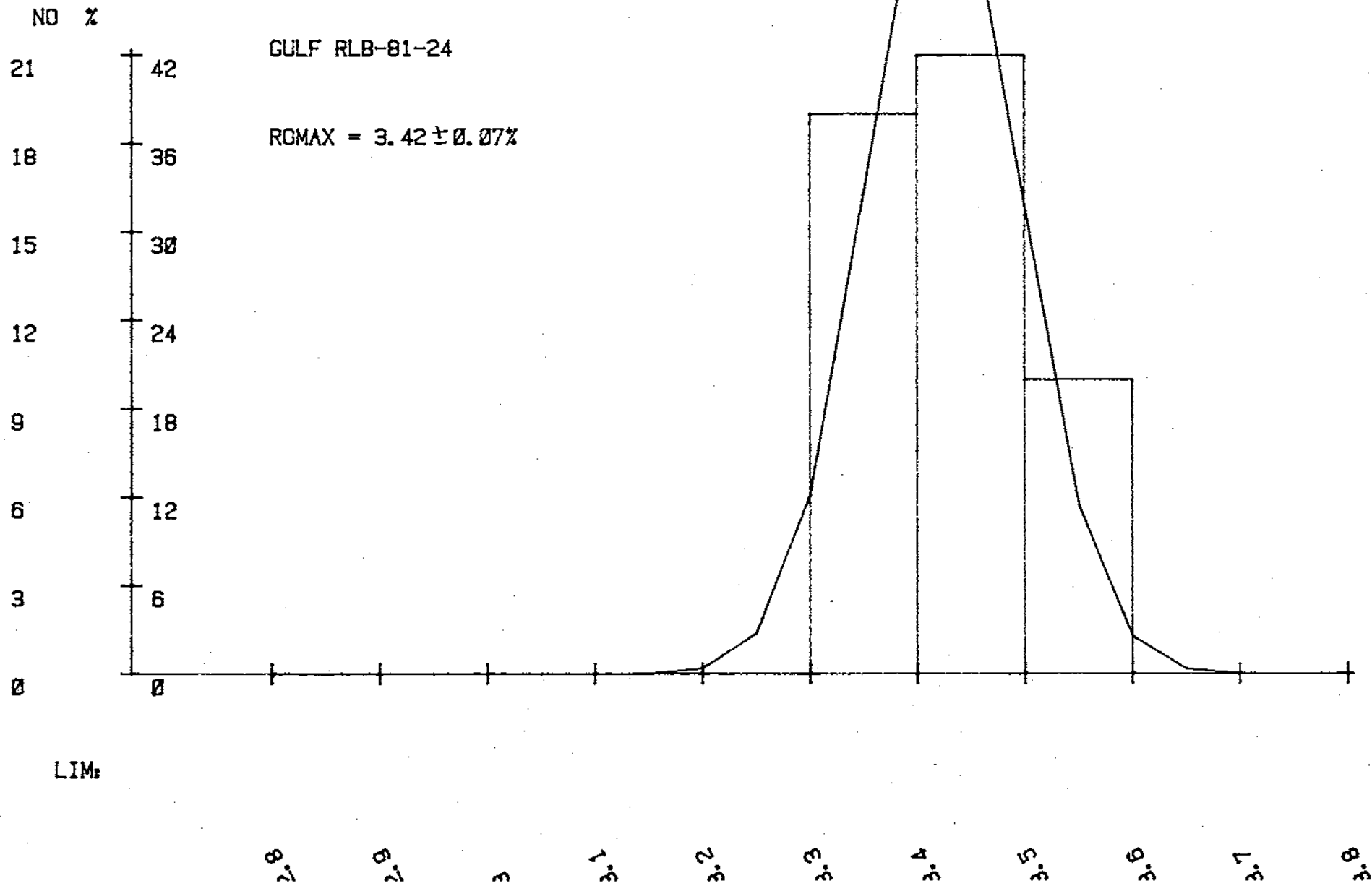
KURTOSIS = 2.0752

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.4039, 3.4441)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016



RLB-81-25

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1800	3.1800
3	3.3100	3.2800
5	3.2400	3.1200
7	3.2200	3.3600
9	3.2000	3.2300
11	3.3900	3.2500
13	3.2400	3.2200
15	3.2000	3.2200
17	3.2300	3.2000
19	3.2200	3.2000
21	3.2100	3.3100
23	3.2800	3.2600
25	3.2500	3.2500
27	3.2200	3.2500
29	3.2400	3.3000
31	3.2400	3.1700
33	3.2700	3.2500
35	3.2500	3.2100
37	3.3300	3.2300
39	3.2900	3.2400
41	3.2300	3.2300
43	3.2200	3.2500
45	3.1800	3.1800
47	3.2300	3.3300
49	3.1700	3.1900

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.2398

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.57%

VARIANCE = .0025

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0500

SKENNESS = .6873

KURTOSIS = 3.9448

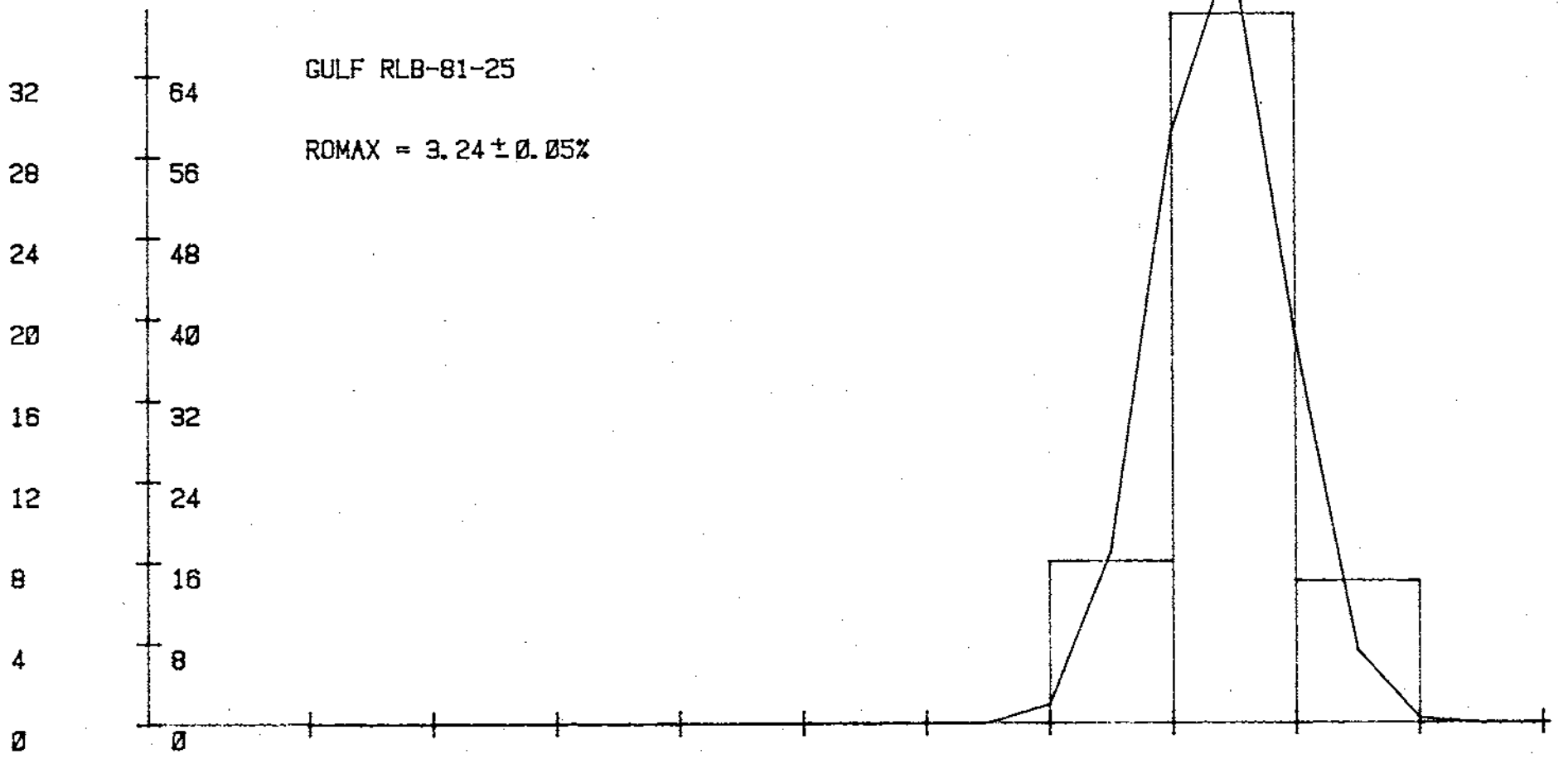
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.2246, 3.2534)

ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

JI-81-C11

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.5300	3.4000
2	3.4200	3.5700
3	3.5300	3.5200
4	3.4700	3.5200
5	3.4500	3.4600
11	3.4500	3.4400
13	3.4800	3.4400
15	3.5200	3.5100
17	3.4100	3.5900
19	3.4800	3.4900
21	3.5800	3.4500
23	3.6000	3.5200
25	3.3600	3.5600
27	3.6900	3.5600
29	3.4700	3.5100
31	3.5000	3.4100
33	3.5600	3.4800
35	3.4600	3.4700
37	3.5500	3.4700
39	3.5900	3.4700
41	3.5600	3.4700
43	3.4300	3.4400
45	3.4500	3.3800
47	3.5800	3.5700
49	3.4800	3.4900

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.5036

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.98%

VARIANCE = .0048

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0694

SKENNESS = .7099

KURTOSIS = 3.2034

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:

(3.4839, 3.5233)

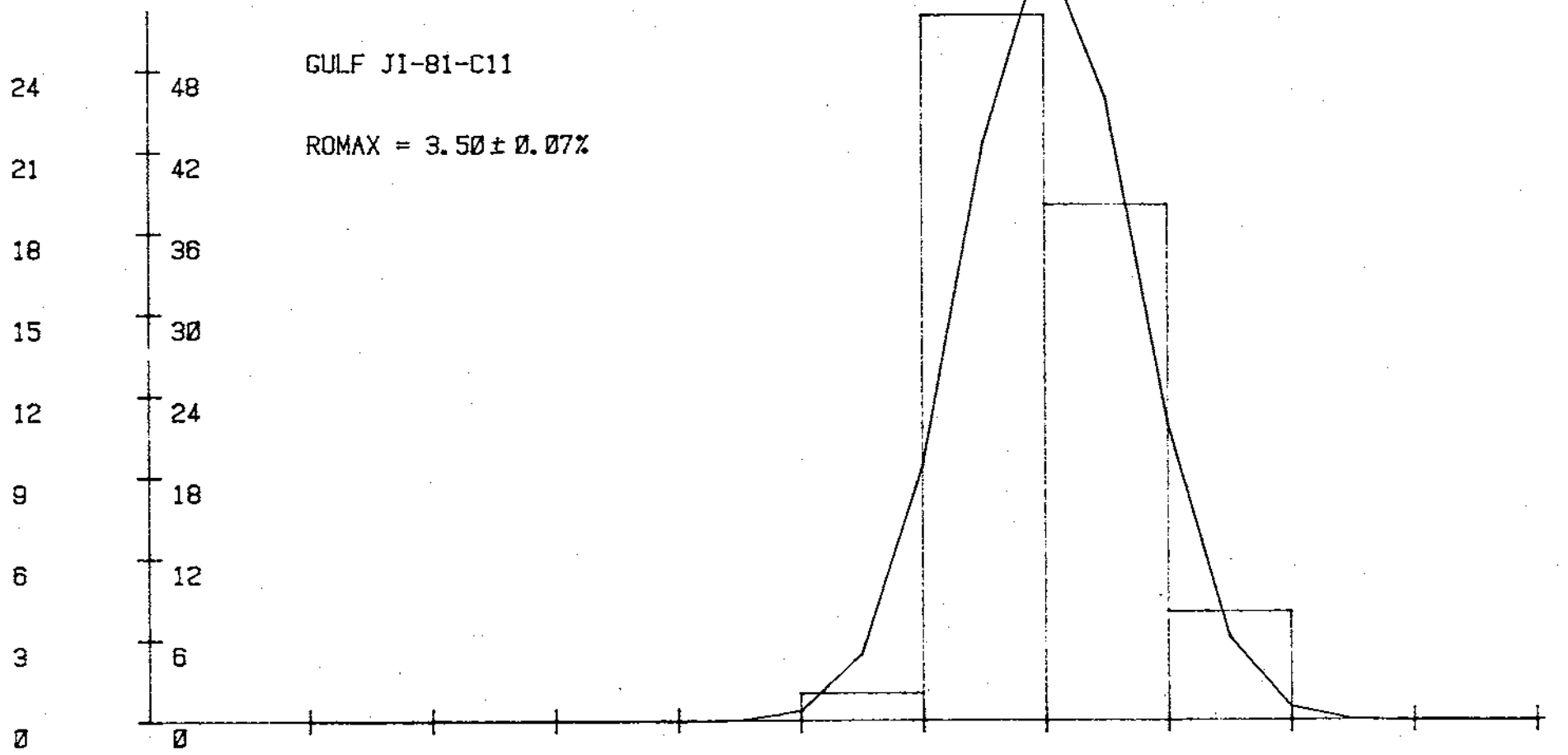
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF JI-81-C11

ROMAX = 3.50 ± 0.07%



LIM:

2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9

JI-81 - 014

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	4.0900	4.3500
3	4.0600	4.2700
5	4.2500	4.0700
7	4.2500	4.3300
9	4.3400	4.1200
11	4.2700	4.1300
13	4.1500	4.1100
15	4.2700	4.3200
17	4.0200	4.1500
19	4.3500	4.2200
21	4.4500	4.2000
23	4.1700	4.0200
25	4.2900	4.2200
27	4.0500	4.2400
29	4.0900	4.1700
31	4.1800	4.0800
33	4.1900	4.2100
35	4.2100	4.0300
37	4.2600	4.1600
39	4.0700	4.2500
41	4.1700	4.2700
43	4.3100	4.0700
45	4.1600	4.4100
47	4.0200	4.2000
49	4.4500	4.2700

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02

MEAN = 4.2000

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.67%

VARIANCE = .0125

STANDARD DEVIATION = .1120

SKENNESS = .2573

KURTOSIS = 2.4533

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(4.1682, 4.2318)

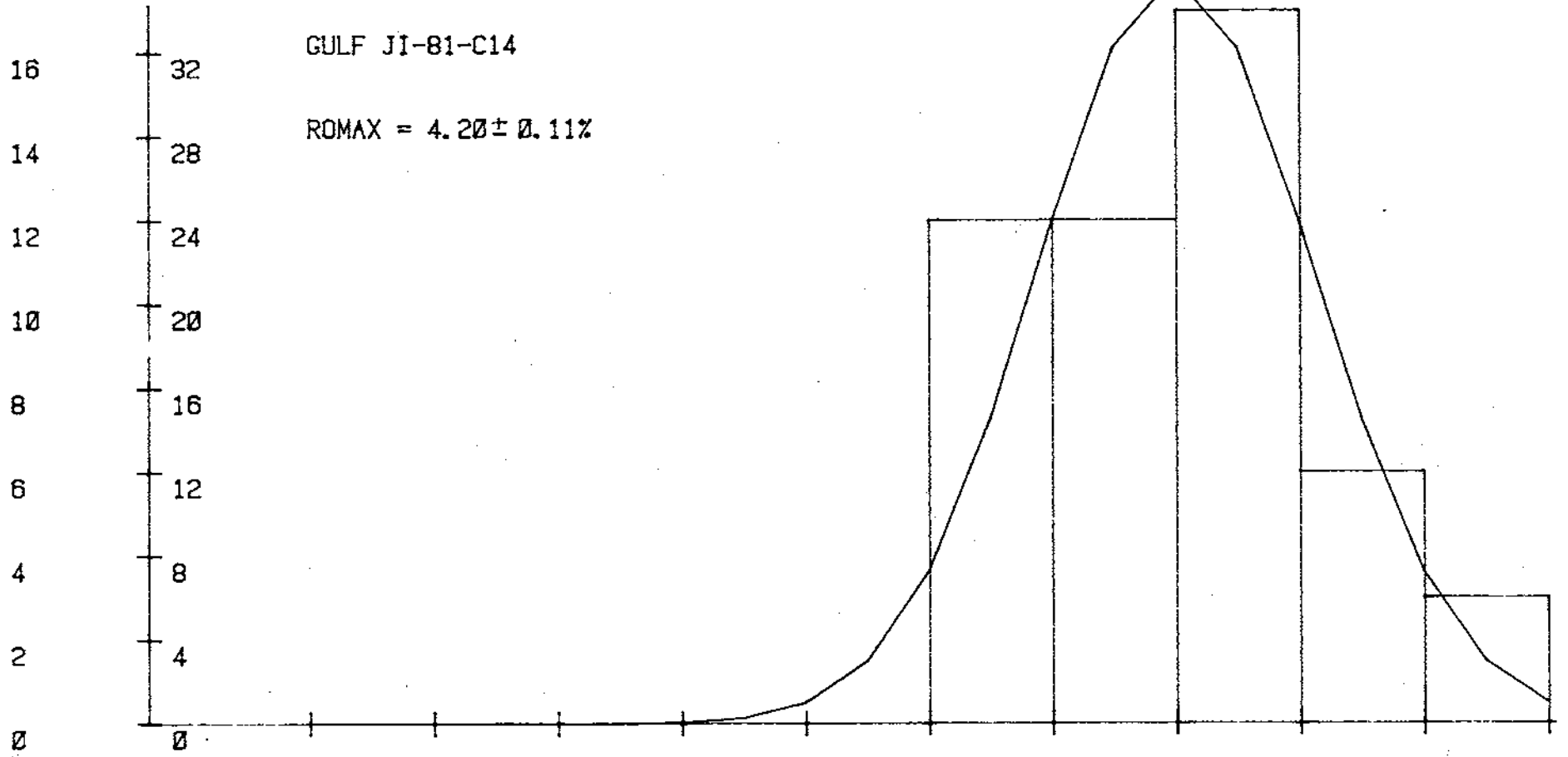
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF JI-81-C14

ROMAX = $4.20 \pm 0.11\%$



LIM:

3.5

3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

4

4.1

4.2

4.3

4.4

4.5

SLB-81-8 1/8

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.5700	3.6500
3	3.5200	3.3500
5	3.3500	3.4700
7	3.4500	3.4500
9	3.4000	3.5000
11	3.4200	3.3500
13	3.4300	3.5300
15	3.4700	3.3900
17	3.3600	3.5600
19	3.6200	3.4800
21	3.6100	3.5700
23	3.5000	3.5700
25	3.5400	3.4800
27	3.6800	3.6100
29	3.6500	3.5900
31	3.5700	3.6500
33	3.6100	3.4800
35	3.5000	3.6000
37	3.5700	3.5500
39	3.5900	3.6000
41	3.5500	3.5000
43	3.5900	3.6200
45	3.5600	3.5200
47	3.5600	3.6400
49	3.5600	3.5400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 3.5308

COEF OF VARIATION = 2.41%

VARIANCE = .0072

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0850

SKENNESS = -.5665

KURTOSIS = 2.6410

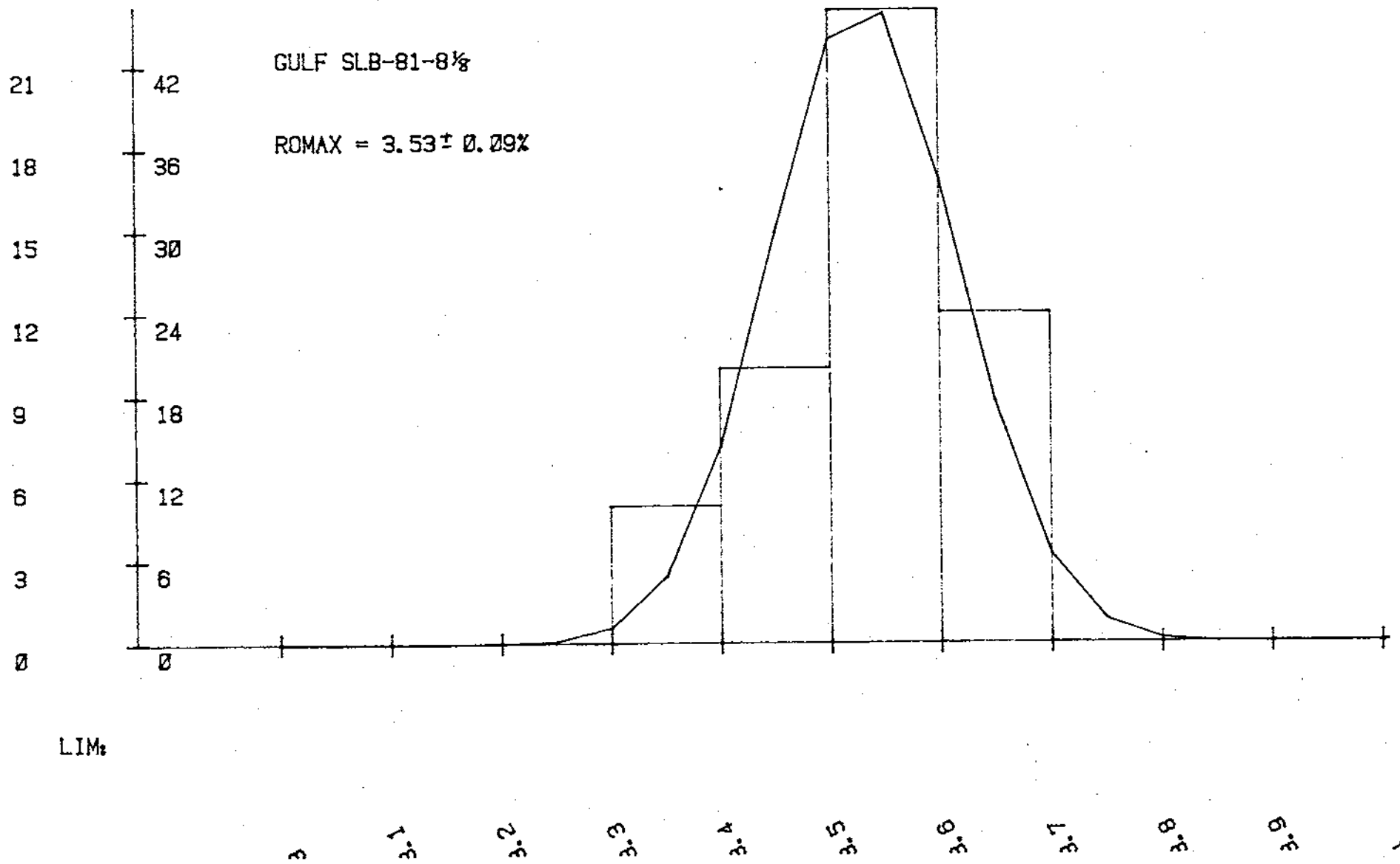
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.5066, 3.5550)

ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



SLB-81-14

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.9100	3.9300
3	3.9000	3.8900
5	4.0200	4.1500
7	3.9200	4.1000
9	4.0200	3.9300
11	3.9500	4.1500
13	3.9600	3.9600
15	3.9700	4.0500
17	4.1500	4.1400
19	3.9700	3.9100
21	4.0500	4.0500
23	3.9400	4.0200
25	4.1300	4.0500
27	4.0100	4.0000
29	3.9500	3.9400
31	4.0400	3.9100
33	3.9500	4.0400
35	4.0100	3.9200
37	3.9700	4.1800
39	4.0600	3.9600
41	3.9200	3.9600
43	4.1000	4.0200
45	3.9000	4.0200
47	4.0400	3.9900
49	4.0000	4.0000

BASIC STATISTICS

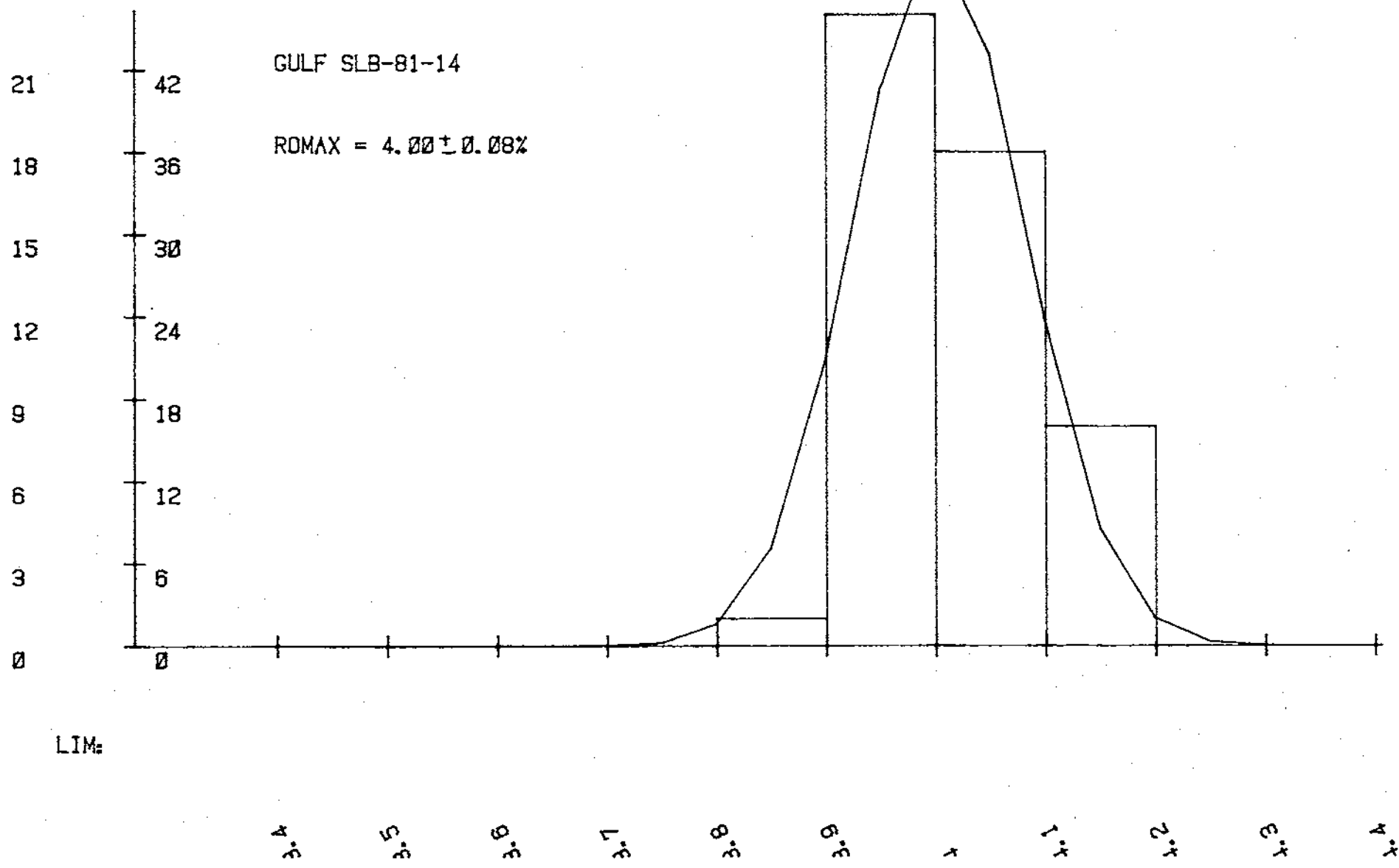
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 4.0038
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.93%
VARIANCE = .0060
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0772
SKEWNESS = .5443
KURTOSIS = 2.3974

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.9819, 4.0257)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-14

ROMAX = 4.00 ± 0.08%



LIM:

SLB-81-16 1/4

	X(I)	X(I+1)
1		
1	4.0500	4.0300
3	4.0000	4.0900
5	3.9700	4.2000
7	4.1000	4.0700
9	4.1000	4.1000
11	4.0600	4.0700
13	4.1500	4.2500
15	4.2700	4.2600
17	4.2000	4.0900
19	4.0900	4.0300
21	4.1200	4.1100
23	4.1300	4.0700
25	4.0400	4.0700
27	4.2800	4.1300
29	4.1900	4.2000
31	4.1700	4.0300
33	4.2700	4.0600
35	4.1400	4.0300
37	4.1500	4.0100
39	4.0100	4.0100
41	4.0500	4.0400
43	4.0300	4.0200
45	4.1600	4.0800
47	4.1700	4.2300
49	4.0200	4.0800

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01

MEAN = 4.1056

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.98%

VARIANCE = .0066

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0811

SKENNESS = .6114

KURTOSIS = 2.4147

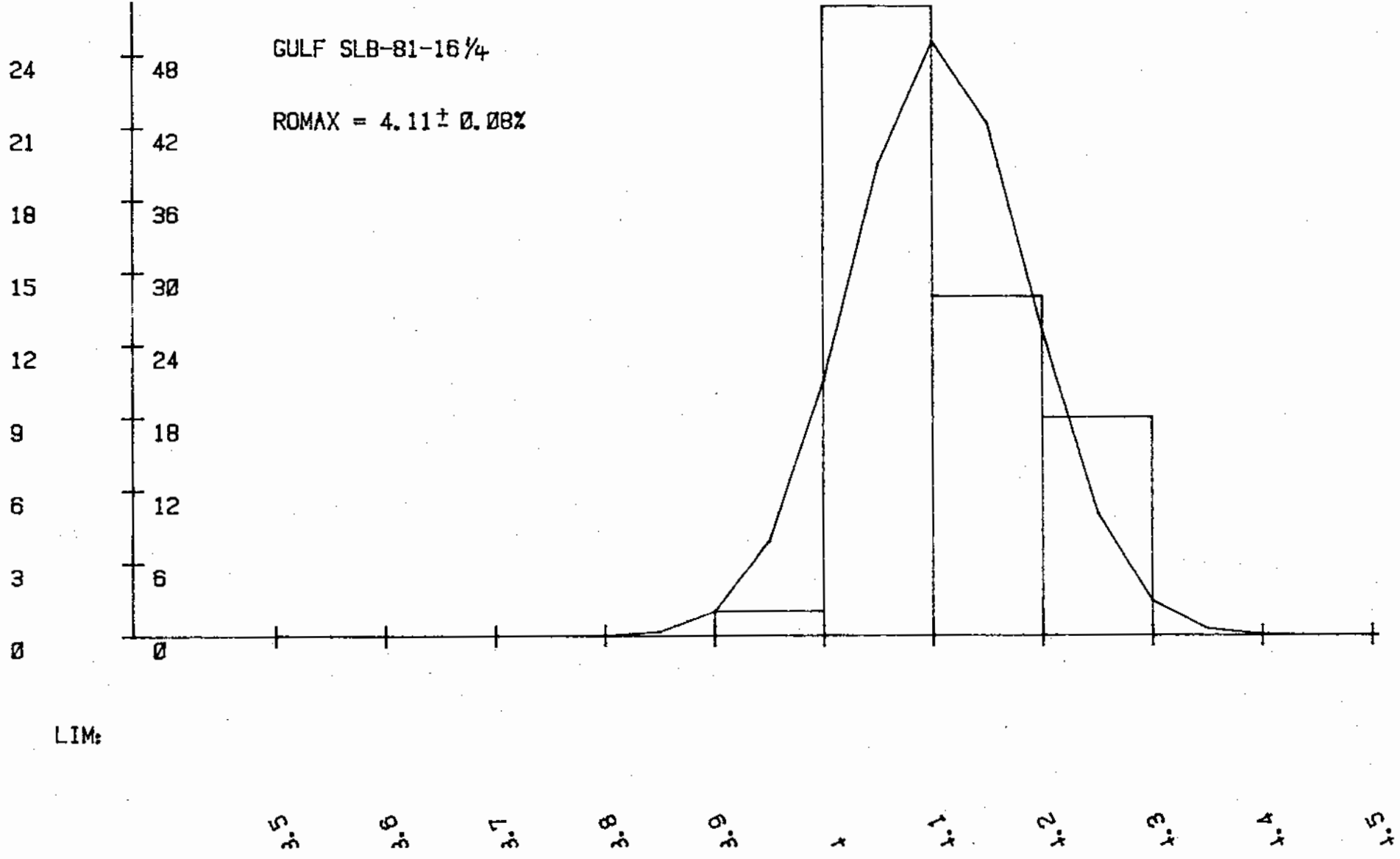
95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(4.0825, 4.1287)

ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =

2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

SLB-81-20

J	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	4.2100	4.2000
3	4.1200	4.0300
5	4.1000	4.3100
7	4.0200	4.1000
9	3.9700	3.9700
11	4.1000	4.1700
13	4.3200	4.1500
15	4.1200	4.2500
17	3.9700	3.9800
19	4.2400	3.9900
21	3.9600	4.0000
23	4.1000	4.1100
25	4.1100	3.9900
27	4.3200	4.0000
29	4.0900	4.0500
31	4.0400	4.0100
33	4.1700	4.2700
35	4.0300	4.0000
37	4.1000	4.1800
39	4.2500	4.0700
41	4.0300	4.0600
43	4.0000	4.1200
45	4.1700	4.0900
47	4.0500	4.0000
49	4.1100	4.0300

BASIC STATISTICS

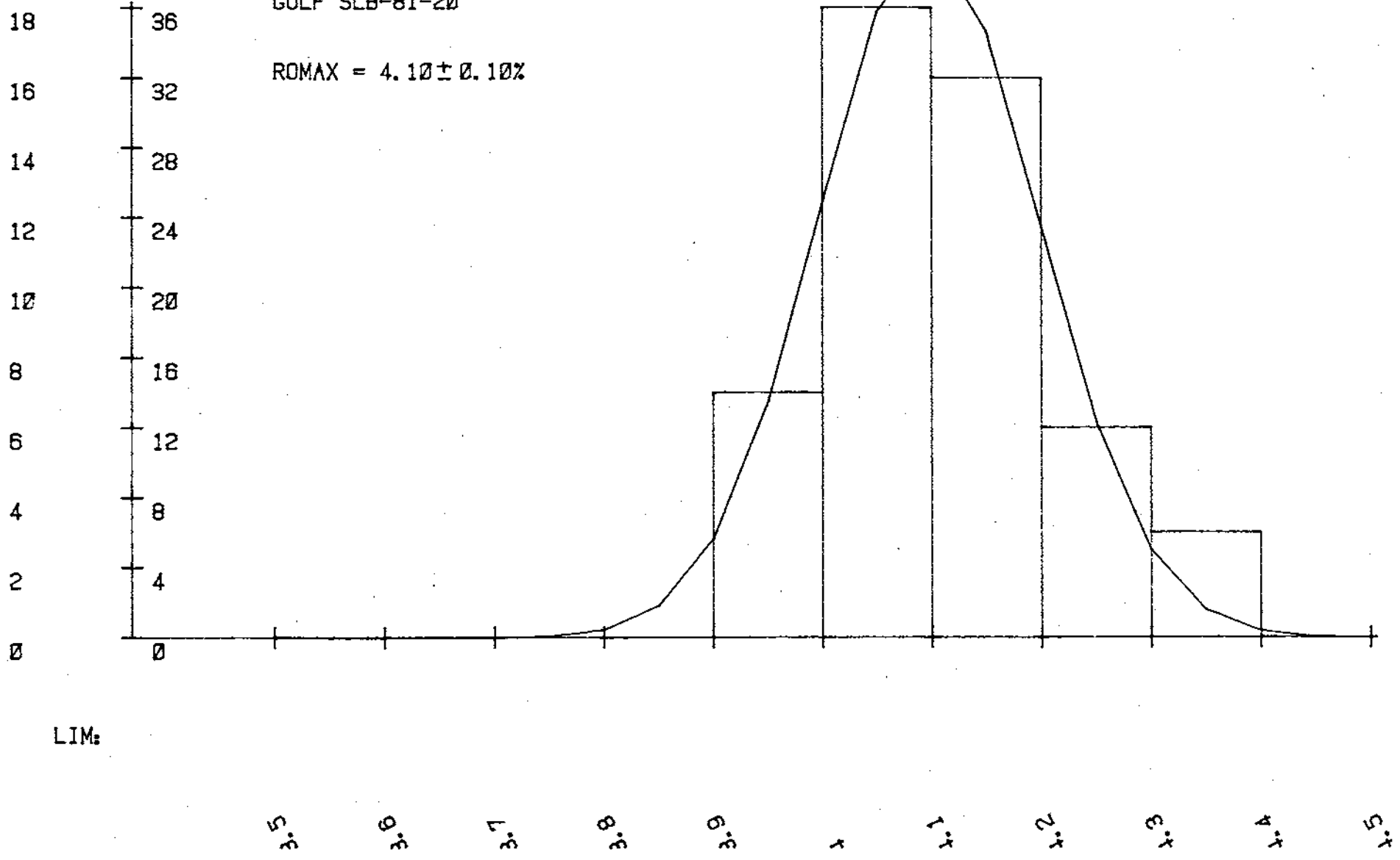
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 4.0970
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.43%
VARIANCE = .0100
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0998
SKEWNESS = .5699
KURTOSIS = 2.5666

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(4.0686, 4.1254)
ONE-TAIL ((49, .025)) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-20

ROMAX = $4.10 \pm 0.10\%$



LIMs

SLB-81-22½

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	4.0200	3.9500
3	3.9600	3.8700
5	4.0000	3.9600
7	4.0800	3.9000
9	4.0200	3.9700
11	3.9700	3.9500
13	3.8800	3.9800
15	3.9500	3.9300
17	3.9500	3.9100
19	3.9200	3.9600
21	4.0200	3.9900
23	4.0100	3.9900
25	4.0500	4.0500
27	4.0200	4.1200
29	4.0600	3.9700
31	4.1700	4.0800
33	3.9700	3.9400
35	4.0800	4.0300
37	3.9800	4.0100
39	4.0600	4.1100
41	4.0500	4.0600
43	4.0300	3.9500
45	3.9300	3.9700
47	3.9900	3.9800
49	3.9600	3.9600

BASIC STATISTICS

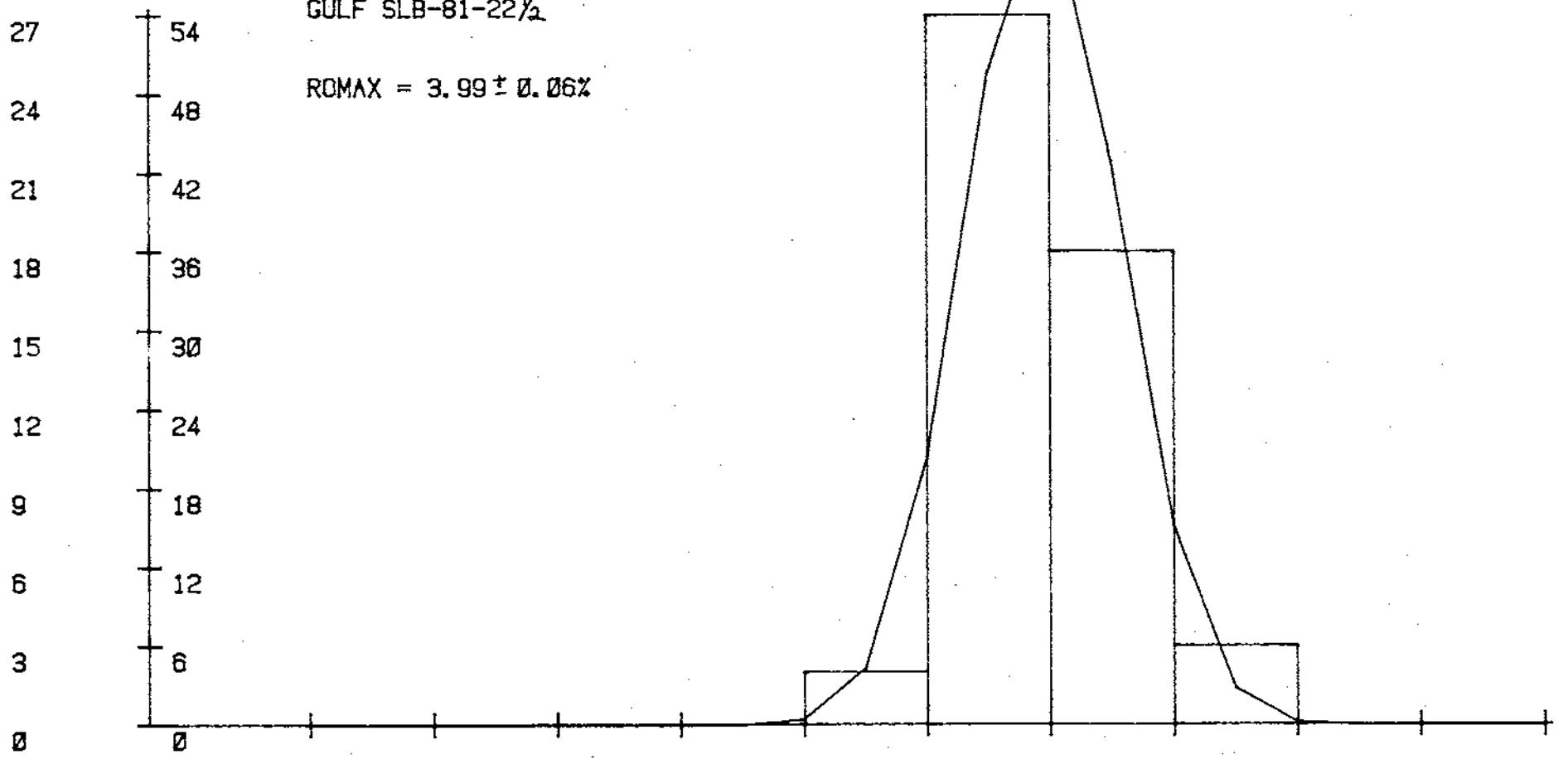
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.9944
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.56%
VARIANCE = .0039
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0623
SKEWNESS = .4865
KURTOSIS = 3.1422

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.9767, 4.0121)
ONE-TAIL ((49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-22½

ROMAX = 3.99 ± 0.06%



LIM:

3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4

SLB-81-26 1/3

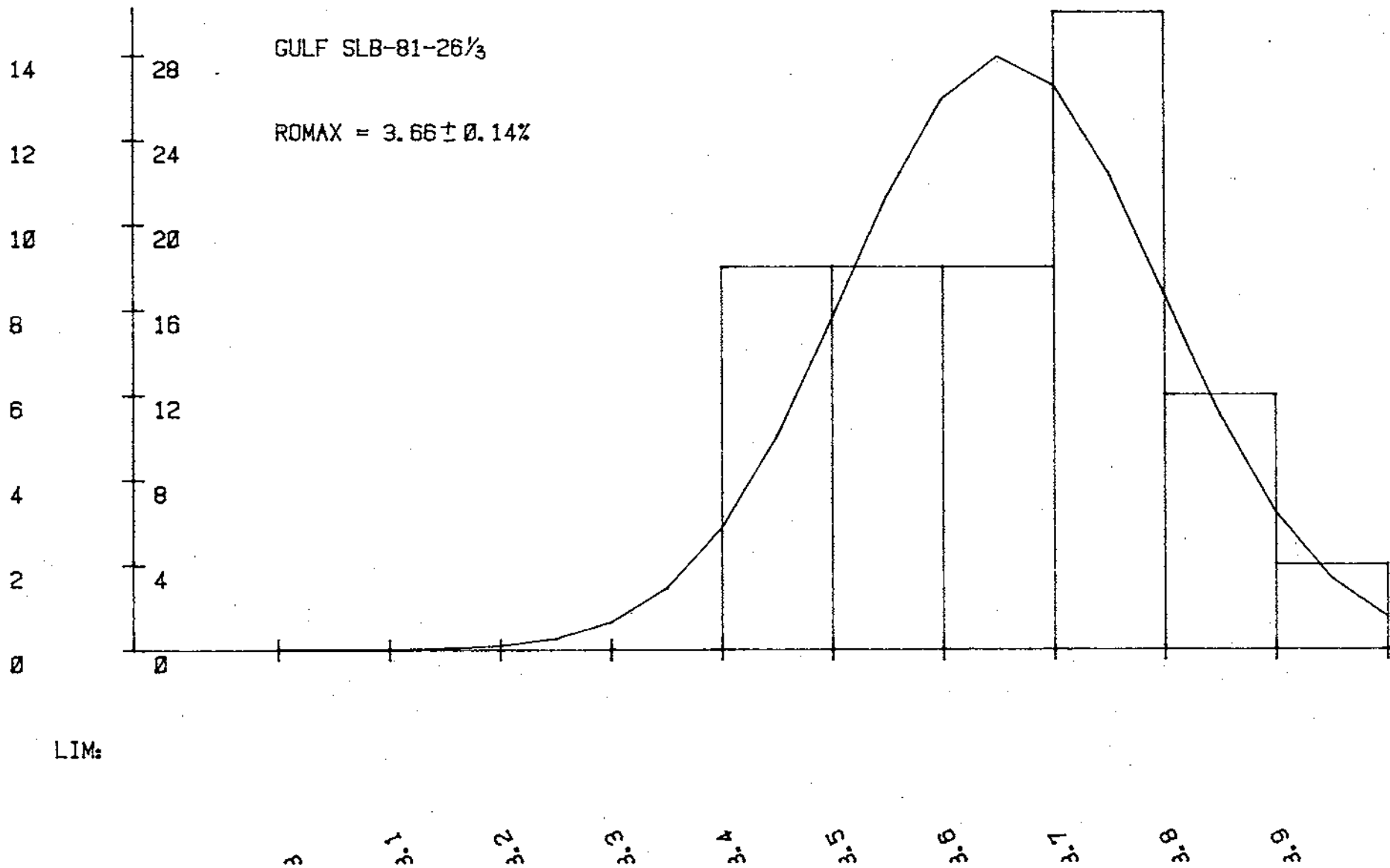
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.5600	3.5300
3	3.7700	3.7200
5	3.7200	3.5800
7	3.6200	3.5800
9	3.4800	3.4600
11	3.5800	3.6500
13	3.7100	3.4500
15	3.7100	3.5200
17	3.4000	3.7000
19	3.9000	3.9100
21	3.6400	3.6800
23	3.7000	3.5400
25	3.6400	3.4400
27	3.4300	3.7300
29	3.7000	3.6200
31	3.7900	3.7700
32	3.4000	3.6200
35	3.5900	3.4400
37	3.8700	3.8300
39	3.6800	3.7900
41	3.6100	3.8300
43	3.4100	3.8600
45	3.7900	3.7900
47	3.5000	3.7200
49	3.8300	3.6900

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 3.6550
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.91%
VARIANCE = .0205
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1431
SKEWNESS = -.0678
KURTOSIS = 1.9976

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.6143, 3.6957)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

SLB-81-59

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1700	3.1900
3	3.1700	3.2400
5	3.2300	3.2000
7	3.3100	3.3100
9	3.2700	3.3700
11	3.2700	3.2300
13	3.3100	3.2900
15	3.2200	3.2300
17	3.2400	3.3200
19	3.2100	3.2700
21	3.3400	3.2900
23	3.2300	3.1900
25	3.2500	3.2300
27	3.2400	3.2700
29	3.3200	3.3100
31	3.2200	3.2300
33	3.2400	3.2900
35	3.2300	3.2300
37	3.2700	3.2400
39	3.2700	3.2600
41	3.2200	3.2600
43	3.3400	3.3400
45	3.3100	3.2400
47	3.2000	3.1900
49	3.1900	3.1800

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50

STD ERROR OF THE MEAN= .01

MEAN = 3.2512

COEF OF VARIATION = 1.50%

VARIANCE = .0024

STANDARD DEVIATION = .0487

SKEWNESS = .4440

KURTOSIS = 2.5022

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.2373, 3.2651)

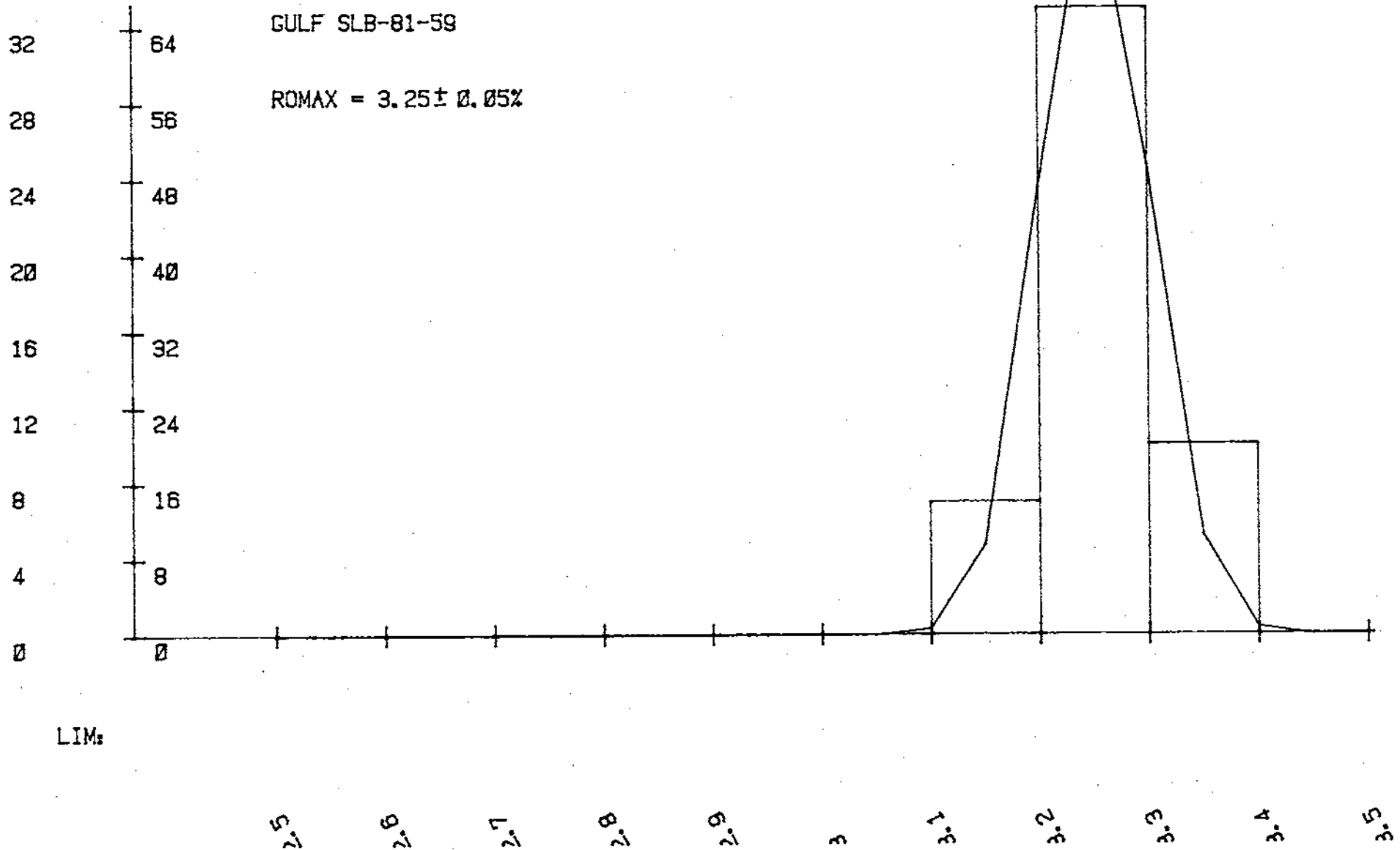
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025)=

2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-59

ROMAX = $3.25 \pm 0.05\%$



LIM:

SLB-81-115

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	4.2700	4.4700
3	4.3700	4.4500
5	4.2600	4.3800
7	4.3500	4.2500
9	4.1800	4.3800
11	4.1800	4.2300
13	4.5600	4.2500
15	4.5000	4.3700
17	4.2700	4.5000
19	4.6000	4.3600
21	4.4900	4.3000
23	4.3000	4.2800
25	4.3000	4.3100
27	4.3000	4.6100
29	4.3200	4.5000
31	4.3000	4.2700
33	4.1600	4.3500
35	4.1500	4.4200
37	4.3200	4.3000
39	4.3300	4.2700
41	4.3700	4.2200
43	4.2700	4.1400
45	4.1600	4.1200
47	4.2800	4.1700
49	4.1500	4.4500

BASIC STATISTICS

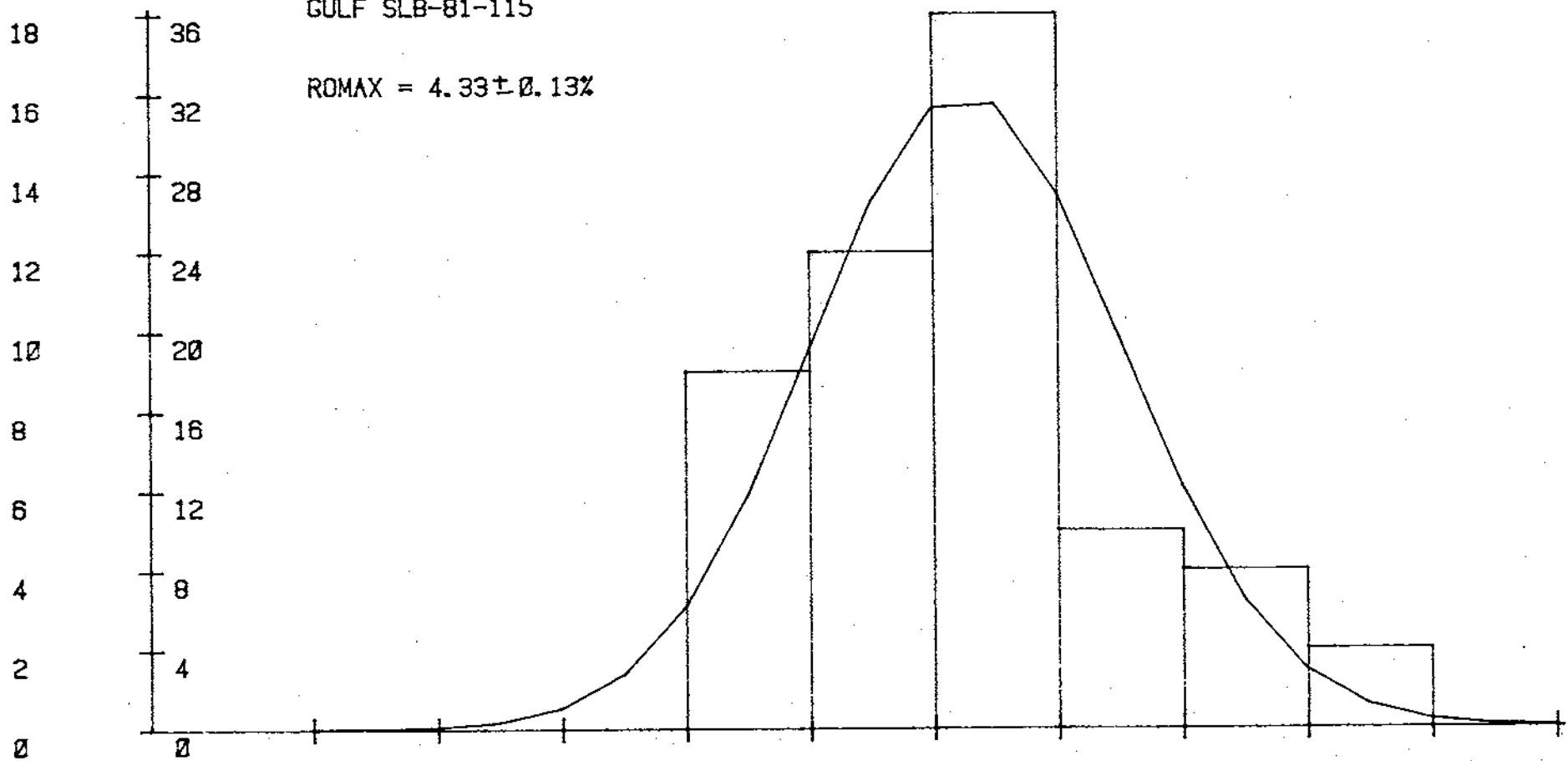
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 4.3266
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.88%
VARIANCE = .0156
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1248
SKEWNESS = .4796
KURTOSIS = 2.6691

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(4.2911, 4.3621)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF SLB-81-115

ROMAX = $4.33 \pm 0.13\%$



LIM:

0.8

0.9

1

1.1

1.2

1.3

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

DR 81-5

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9900	3.1600
3	3.0700	3.1400
5	3.0700	3.0000
7	3.0300	3.0400
9	3.0100	3.0200
11	3.0800	3.0600
13	3.0800	3.0100
15	3.1100	3.1200
17	2.9800	2.9900
19	3.1100	3.0600
21	3.0900	3.1000
23	3.0900	3.1000
25	3.1000	3.0900
27	3.0600	3.0700
29	3.0600	3.0700
31	3.0200	3.1000
33	3.0700	3.1100
35	3.0700	3.0300
37	3.0400	3.1500
39	3.1500	3.0500
41	3.0900	3.1100
43	3.0200	3.0000
45	3.0100	3.1500
47	3.0400	3.1300
49	3.1400	3.0800

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.0708
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.66%
VARIANCE = .0026
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0509
SKEWNESS = .1043
KURTOSIS = 2.1710

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(3.0563, 3.0853)
ONE-TRAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

28 56

24 48

20 40

16 32

12 24

8 16

4 8

0 0

GULF DP-81-5

ROMAX = $3.07 \pm 0.05\%$

LIM:

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

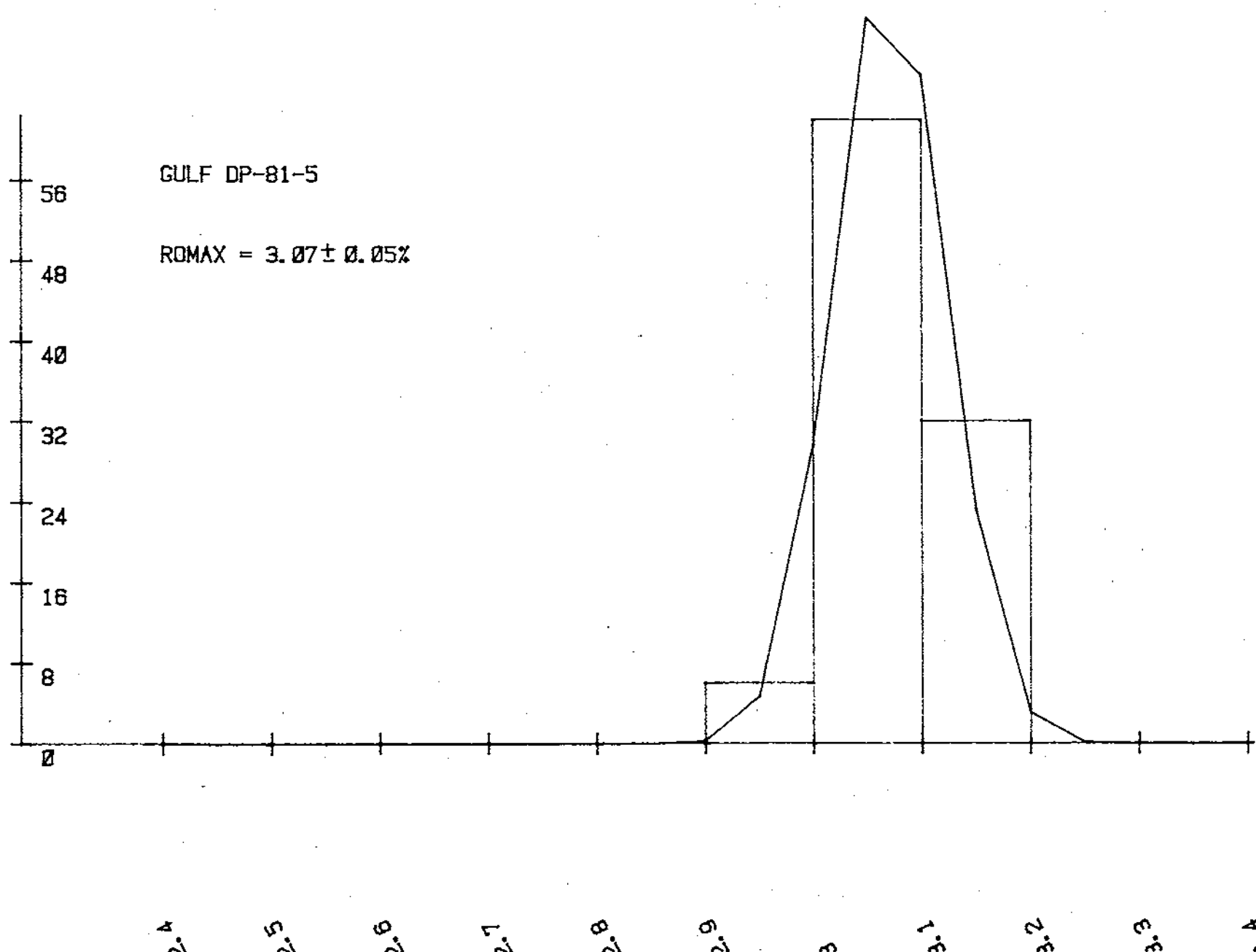
3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4



DP-81-44

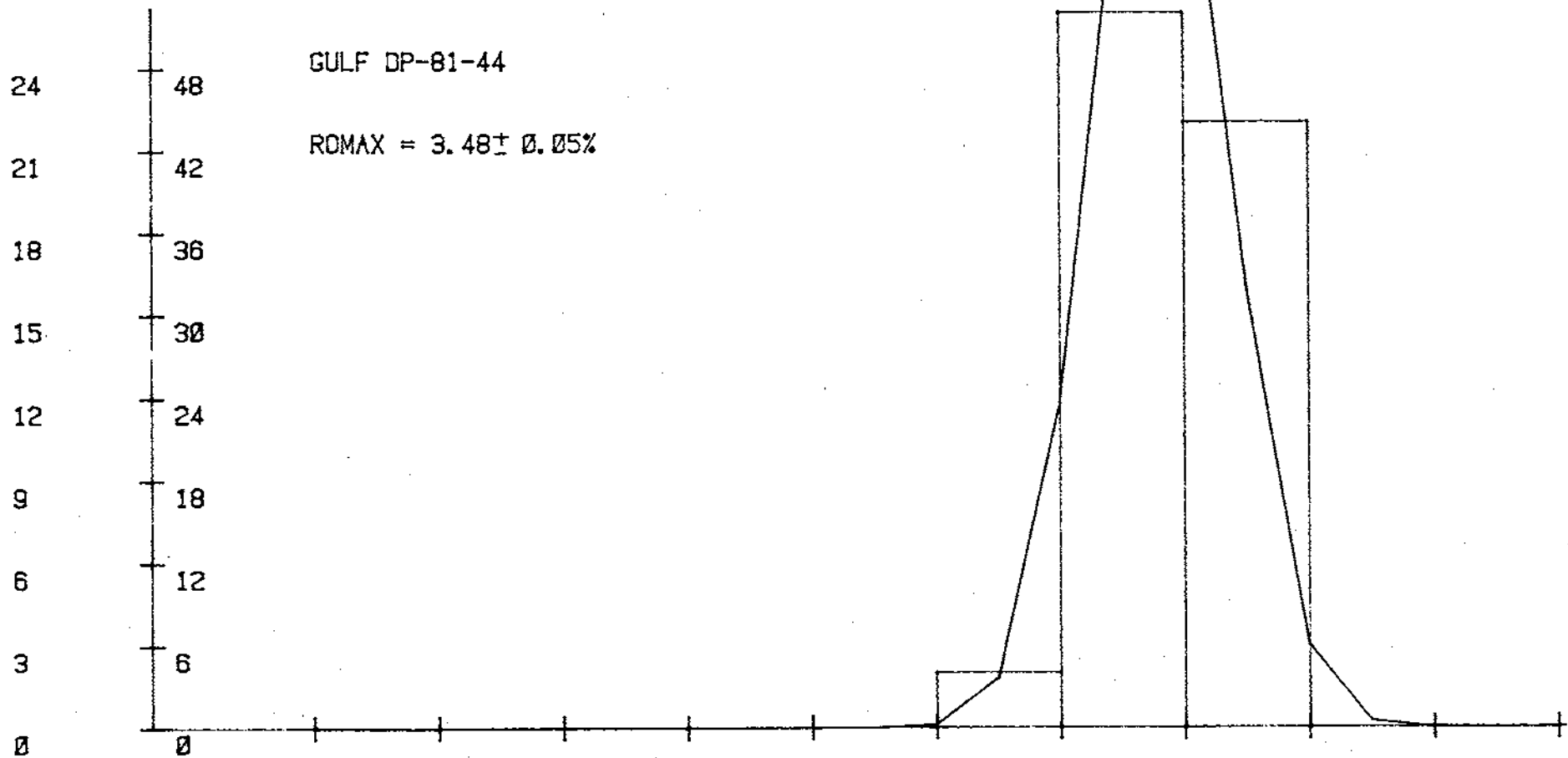
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.4600	3.4100
3	3.5200	3.4800
5	3.5400	3.4300
7	3.5700	3.4700
9	3.5300	3.4500
11	3.3900	3.5200
13	3.4200	3.4300
15	3.5200	3.4500
17	3.4700	3.4300
19	3.4100	3.4000
21	3.4200	3.4400
23	3.4300	3.5500
25	3.5300	3.5600
27	3.4700	3.5500
29	3.5500	3.5100
31	3.4500	3.5400
33	3.4600	3.5300
35	3.5400	3.3900
37	3.5100	3.4500
39	3.5200	3.4900
41	3.5200	3.5300
43	3.4500	3.5300
45	3.5500	3.4800
47	3.4400	3.4000
49	3.4200	3.5300

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.4808
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.53%
VARIANCE = .0028
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0531
SKEWNESS = -.0748
KURTOSIS = 1.6481

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN
(3.4657, 3.4959)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8

DP. 81-45

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1800	3.1400
3	3.1200	3.0200
5	3.0600	3.0300
7	3.1400	3.0300
9	3.1300	3.0700
11	3.3200	3.0300
13	3.1400	3.9400
15	3.3200	3.3200
17	3.1700	3.2700
19	2.9400	3.0700
21	3.0900	3.1100
23	2.9600	3.2800
25	3.3800	2.9600
27	3.0200	3.1300
29	3.0200	3.2800
31	3.2200	2.9400
33	3.1200	3.1600
35	3.0200	3.9900
37	3.1400	3.1400
39	3.1300	2.9500
41	3.0200	3.1900
43	2.9300	3.0100
45	3.2300	3.0700
47	2.9300	3.1400
49	3.1000	3.1200

BASIC STATISTICS

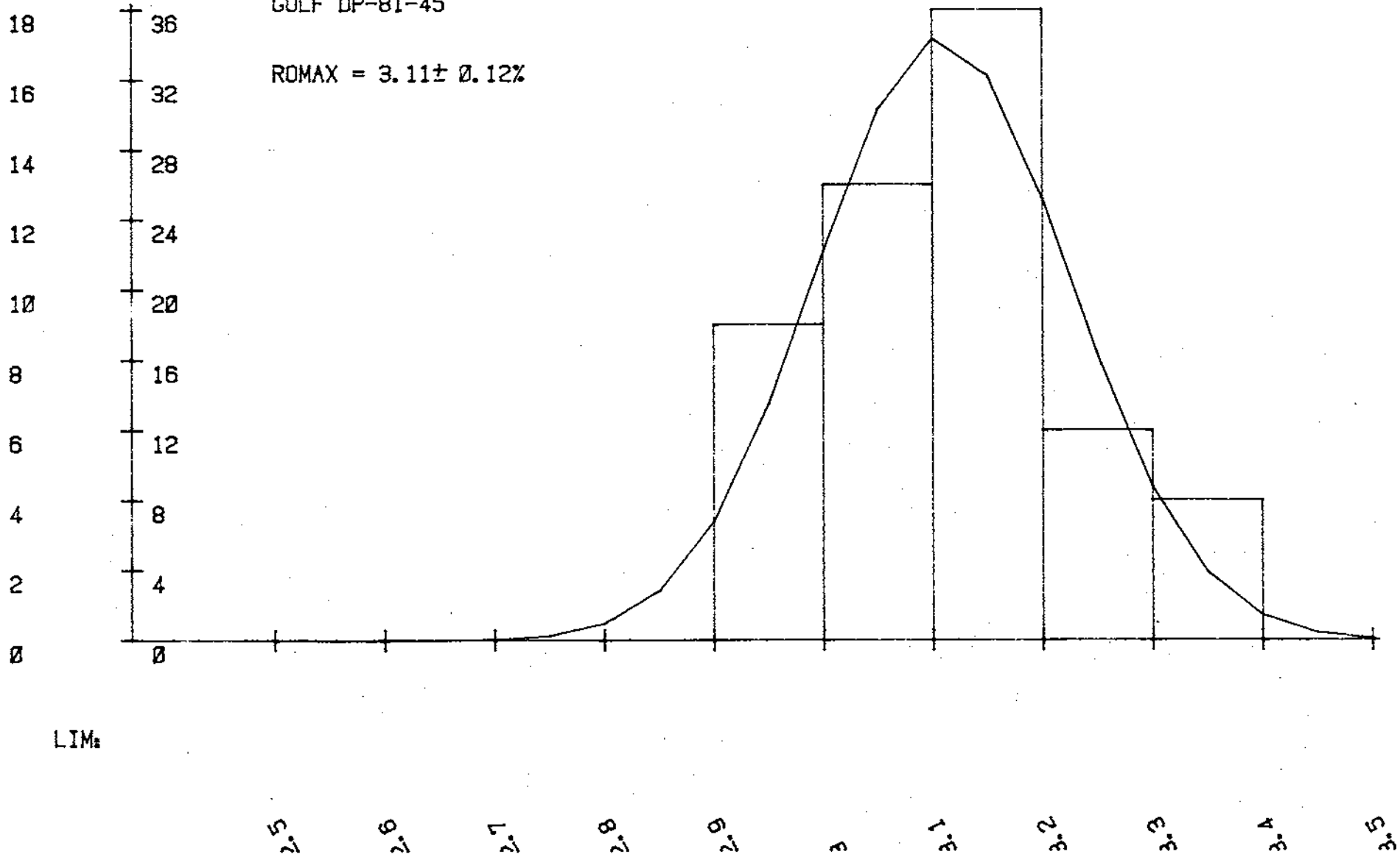
N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 3.1084
COEF OF VARIATION = 3.73%
VARIANCE = .0134
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1158
SKEWNESS = .3392
KURTOSIS = 2.4534

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(3.0755, 3.1413)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

GULF DP-81-45

ROMAX = $3.11 \pm 0.12\%$



LIMs

DP-81-46

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1200	3.1800
3	3.0200	3.0000
5	3.0200	3.0800
7	3.0500	3.1900
9	3.0300	3.0200
11	3.2000	3.1900
13	3.1500	3.0900
15	3.0400	3.0200
17	3.1000	3.1200
19	3.1200	3.1100
21	3.0100	3.0200
23	3.1300	3.1700
25	3.1500	3.0600
27	3.0000	3.0900
29	3.1000	3.1700
31	3.0300	3.0700
33	3.1300	3.1900
35	3.0900	3.1400
37	3.1700	3.1800
39	3.0600	3.0200
41	3.0700	3.1200
43	3.2200	3.1300
45	3.2300	3.1200
47	3.0800	3.1200
49	3.2000	3.2000

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.1058
COEF OF VARIATION = 2.10%
VARIANCE = .0042
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0651
SKEWNESS = .0391
KURTOSIS = 1.9155

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(3.0873, 3.1243)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %

21

18

15

12

9

6

3

0

42

36

30

24

18

12

6

0

GULF DP-81-46

ROMAX = $3.11 \pm 0.07\%$

LIMs

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

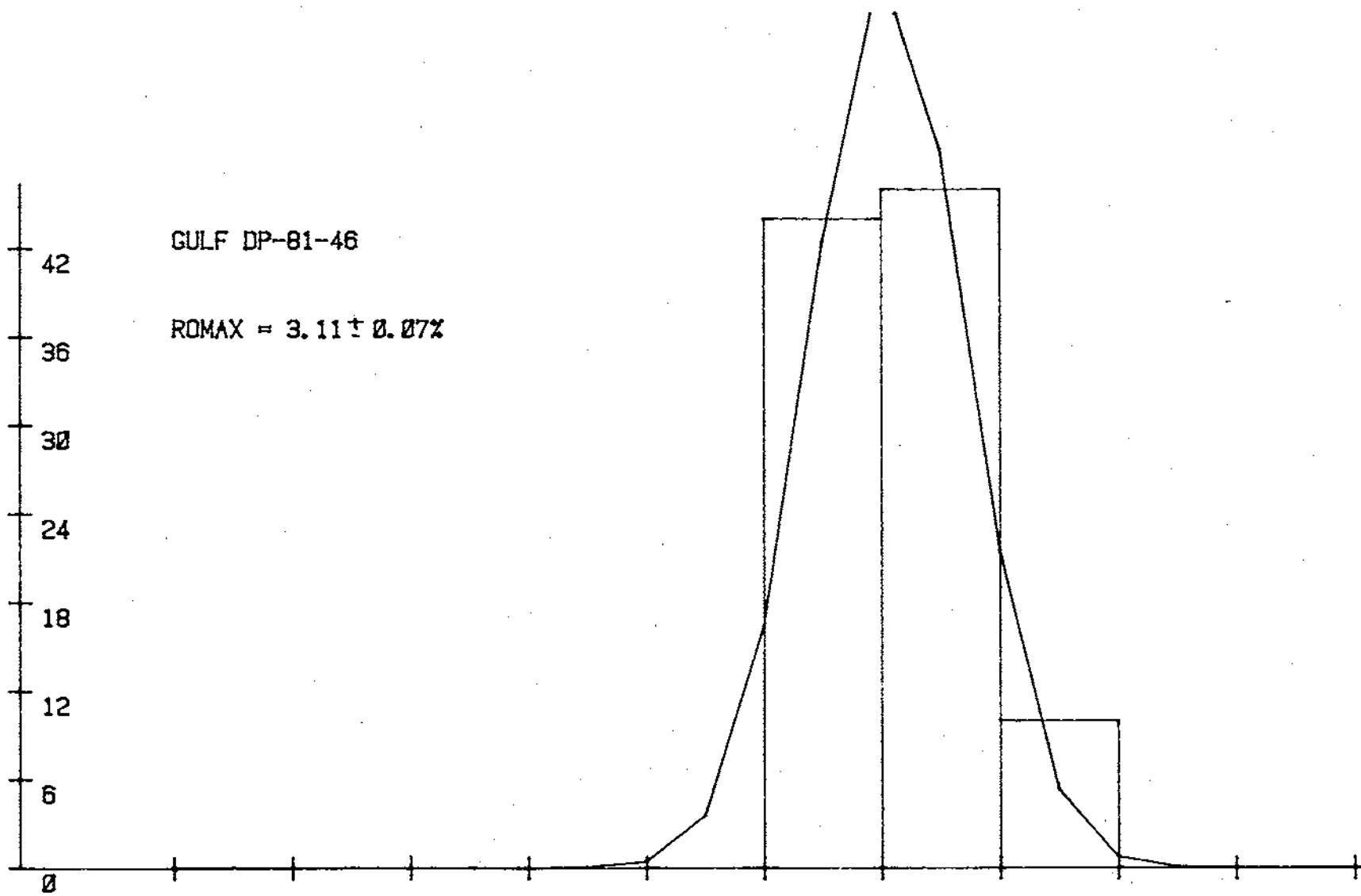
3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5



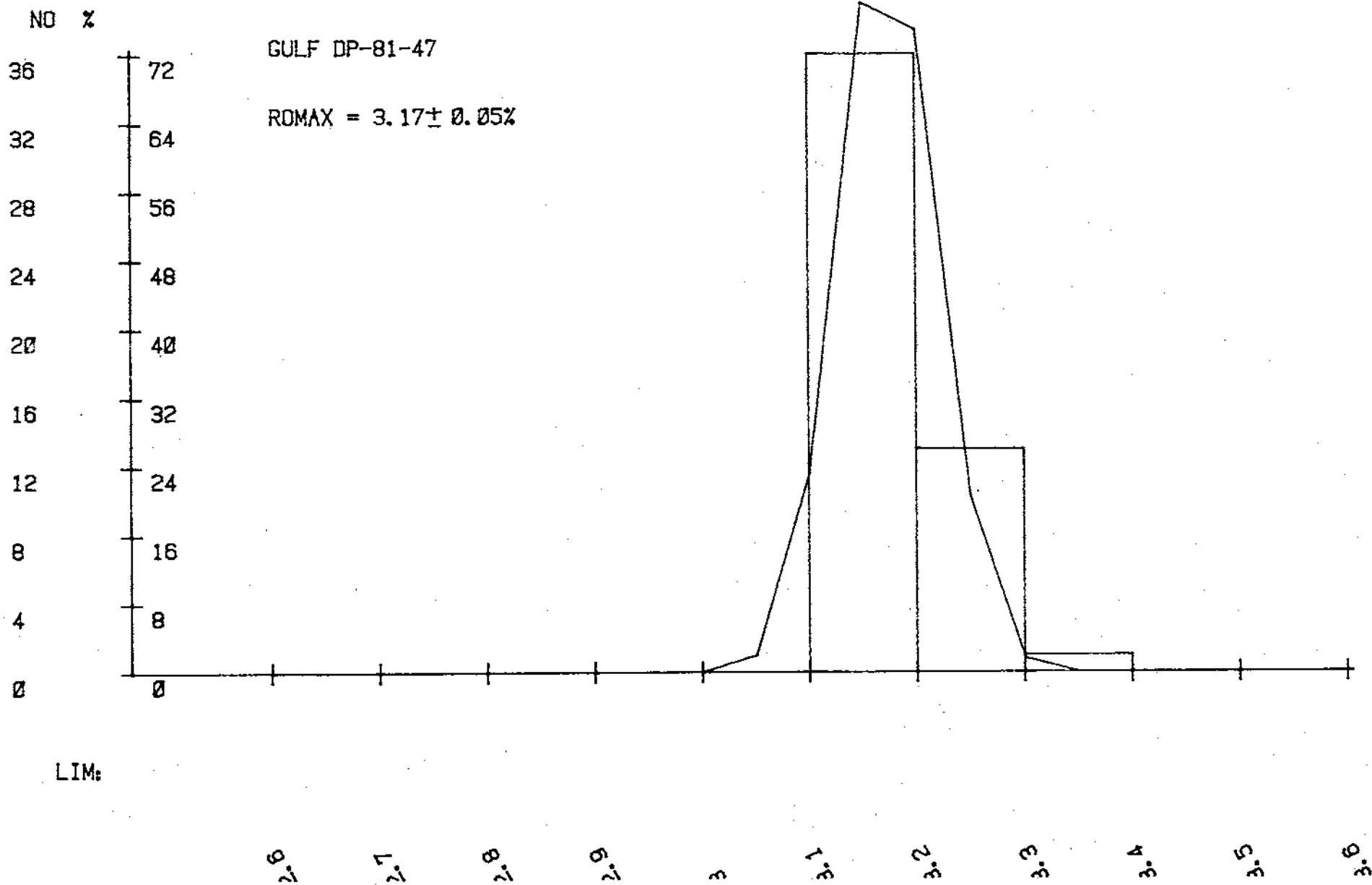
DP-81-47

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1300	3.1500
3	3.1600	3.1400
5	3.1000	3.1600
7	3.1600	3.1600
9	3.1200	3.1200
11	3.1400	3.2200
13	3.1700	3.2000
15	3.1400	3.1900
17	3.1100	3.1400
19	3.1600	3.1900
21	3.1200	3.1700
23	3.1200	3.2100
25	3.2000	3.2600
27	3.2600	3.2400
29	3.3100	3.2100
31	3.1400	3.2000
33	3.2500	3.1800
35	3.1100	3.2200
37	3.1900	3.1600
39	3.2200	3.1600
41	3.1900	3.1600
43	3.1400	3.1300
45	3.2200	3.1700
47	3.1600	3.1800
49	3.1900	3.1400

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN= .01
MEAN = 3.1734
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.41%
VARIANCE = .0020
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0446
SKEWNESS = .7435
KURTOSIS = 3.4138

95.00% C. I. FOR MEAN:
(3.1607, 3.1861)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016



DP-81-52

I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	2.9900	2.7100
3	2.7500	2.9400
5	2.9200	2.8300
7	2.7800	2.6800
9	2.6100	3.1900
11	3.1300	2.7200
13	3.6600	2.5800
15	2.9100	3.1100
17	2.7400	3.0300
19	2.8100	2.6700
21	2.6400	2.6400
23	2.7500	2.5400
25	2.7100	2.6700
27	2.5500	2.6100
29	2.6100	2.6400
31	2.6200	2.7100
33	2.7000	2.6600
35	2.5900	2.6200
37	2.5600	3.0200
39	2.6000	2.6700
41	2.6400	2.6000
43	2.6300	2.6100
45	3.0900	2.7200
47	2.6300	2.7200
49	3.0900	2.8200

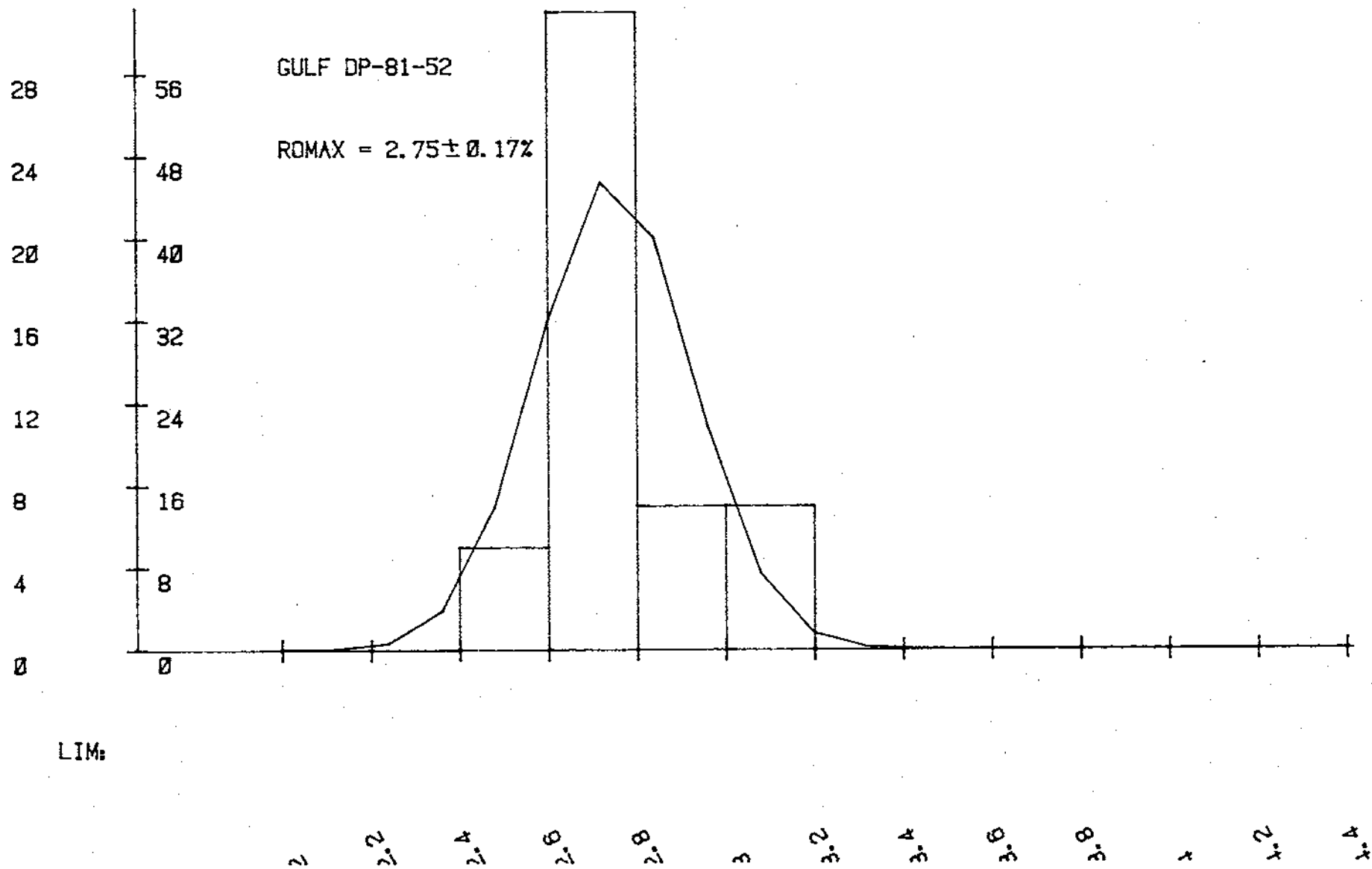
BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .02
MEAN = 2.7484
COEF OF VARIATION = 6.31%
VARIANCE = .0301
STANDARD DEVIATION = .1734
SKEWNESS = 1.0953
KURTOSIS = 3.0402

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:

(2.6991, 2.7977)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

DP-81-55

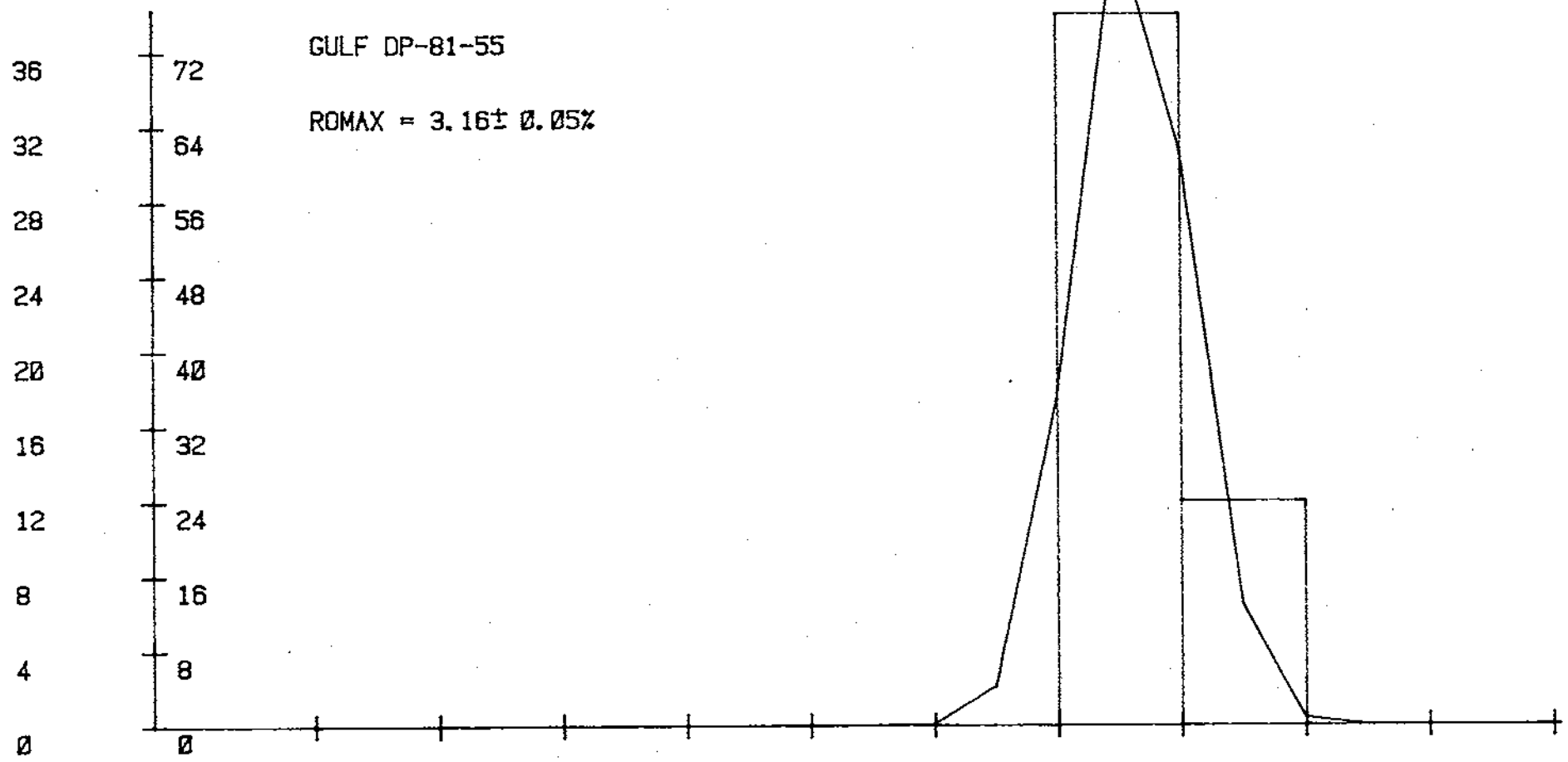
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.1700	3.2300
3	3.1200	3.1800
5	3.1200	3.1300
7	3.2200	3.1100
9	3.1200	3.1300
11	3.1300	3.1900
13	3.2100	3.1700
15	3.1700	3.1400
17	3.2200	3.2000
19	3.2200	3.1400
21	3.1600	3.1100
23	3.1100	3.1300
25	3.1000	3.2000
27	3.1500	3.1100
29	3.1700	3.1300
31	3.2000	3.1700
33	3.1500	3.1700
35	3.1200	3.1700
37	3.1300	3.1300
39	3.1600	3.1000
41	3.1600	3.1700
43	3.2300	3.1200
45	3.1200	3.2300
47	3.2400	3.2600
49	3.1200	3.1600

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.1616
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.43%
VARIANCE = .0020
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0451
SKEWNESS = .7073
KURTOSIS = 2.6416

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.1488, 3.1744)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

DP-81-66

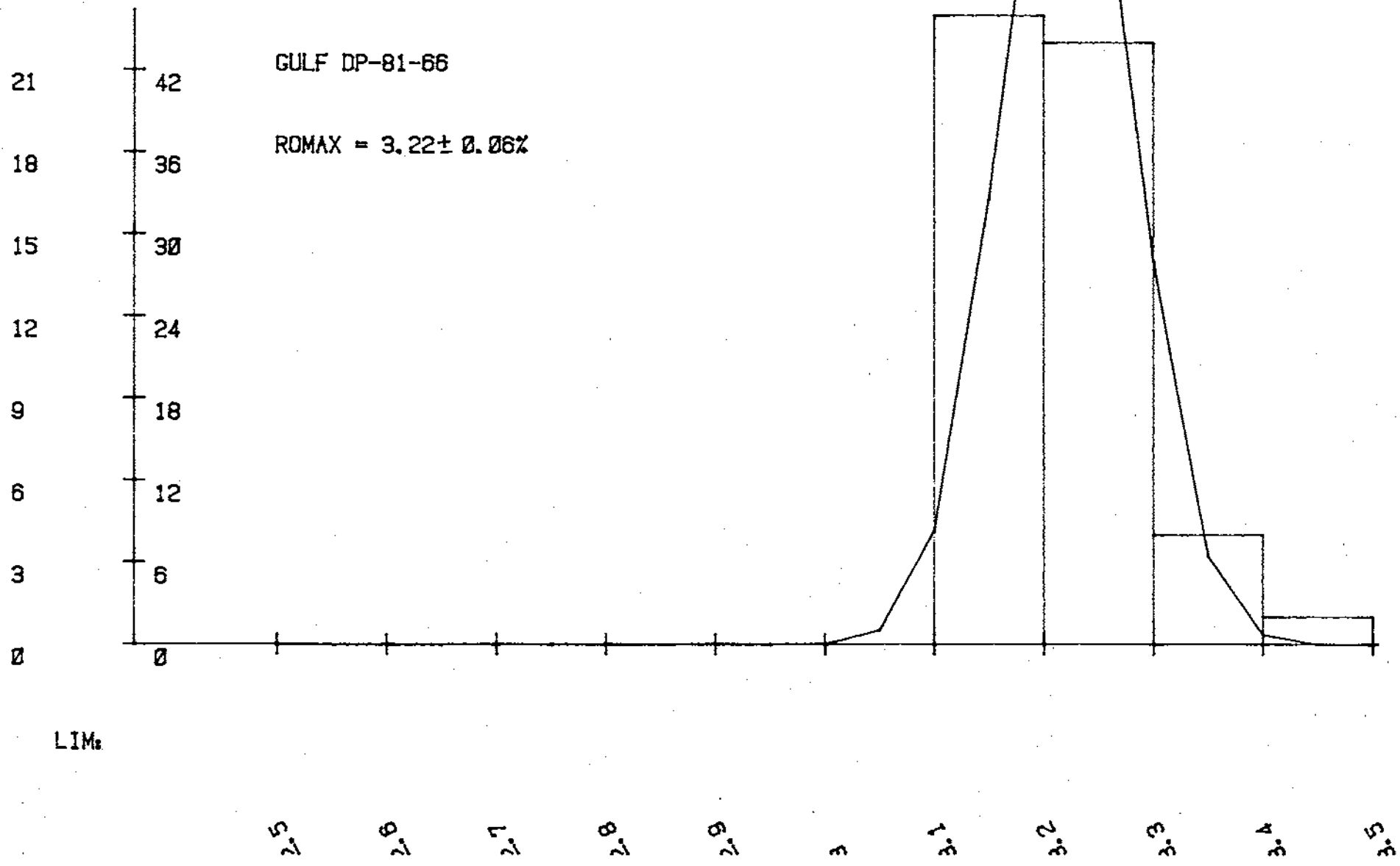
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.2200	3.1800
3	3.2000	3.2300
5	3.3100	3.4100
7	3.3600	3.2800
9	3.2300	3.2000
11	3.2500	3.1900
13	3.2600	3.1500
15	3.2600	3.1900
17	3.2600	3.2600
19	3.1900	3.2700
21	3.2700	3.1600
23	3.1700	3.3200
25	3.1500	3.1600
27	3.2500	3.2200
29	3.2400	3.1800
31	3.2900	3.2700
33	3.1700	3.2200
35	3.1700	3.1500
37	3.1900	3.1500
39	3.1900	3.3500
41	3.1600	3.2200
43	3.2300	3.1900
45	3.2300	3.1800
47	3.1700	3.1800
49	3.1600	3.1700

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN= .01
MEAN = 3.2214
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.85%
VARIANCE = .0035
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0595
SKEWNESS = 1.0663
KURTOSIS = 3.8691

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.2045, 3.2383)
ONE-TAIL t(49 , .025)=
2.01003450016

NO %



LIMs

DP-81-67

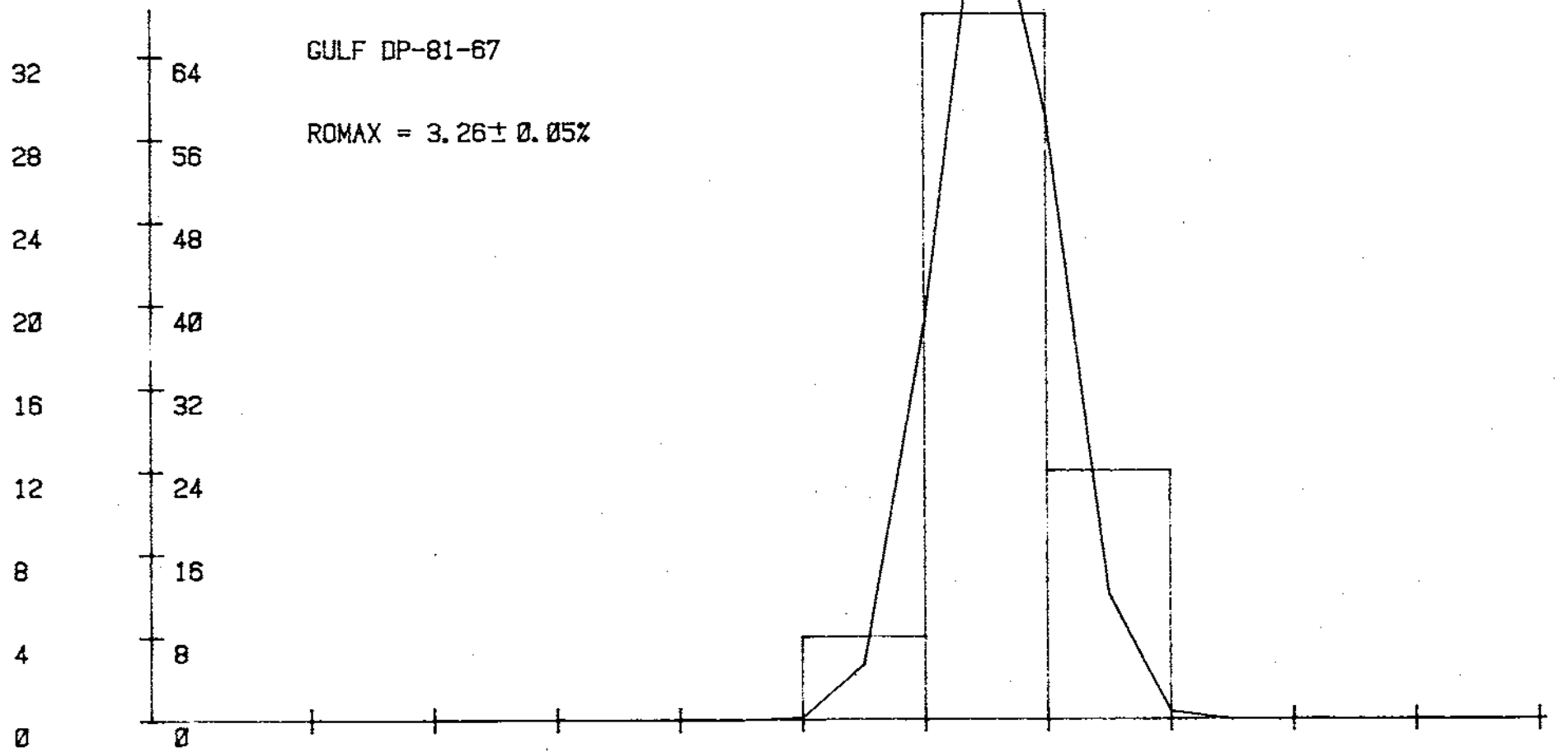
I	X(I)	X(I+1)
1	3.2600	3.2500
3	3.3300	3.2800
5	3.2500	3.3000
7	3.3000	3.2800
9	3.2600	3.2500
11	3.3000	3.2200
13	3.3000	3.2400
15	3.2100	3.2600
17	3.2700	3.2900
19	3.2500	3.2900
21	3.3100	3.3100
23	3.2500	3.2400
25	3.3100	3.2800
27	3.2800	3.2600
29	3.2300	3.2200
31	3.1900	3.1900
33	3.1900	3.1900
35	3.3800	3.3500
37	3.2500	3.2100
39	3.2800	3.3500
41	3.2700	3.3100
43	3.2300	3.2400
45	3.2300	3.2300
47	3.2800	3.2800
49	3.2200	3.2100

BASIC STATISTICS

N = 50
STD ERROR OF THE MEAN = .01
MEAN = 3.2588
COEF OF VARIATION = 1.41%
VARIANCE = .0021
STANDARD DEVIATION = .0461
SKEWNESS = .4285
KURTOSIS = 2.6583

95.00% C.I. FOR MEAN:
(3.2457, 3.2719)
ONE-TAIL t(49, .025) =
2.01003450016

NO %



LIM:

2.7

2.8

2.9

3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7