THERMAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

BOX 12121

555 WEST HASTINGS STREET Vancouver, B.C. V6B 4T6

Assessment Report for the

HAT CREEK

COAL EXPLORATION PROJECT

1983

On Coal Licence Numbers

12, 144, 2753-2762, 2991-2999, 3000-3013, 3655, 7453, 7457

NTS AREA 92 1/12 and 13

Between

Latitude 50° 36'20" - 50° 48'35"

Longitude 121° 39'30" - 121° 34' 9"

GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT APRIL 1984

00 146 3 CONFIDENTIAL

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION	. 1
LOCATION	2
COAL LICENCES	2
HAT CREEK SITE SECURITY & MAINTENANCE	3
GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM	4
SEISMIC MONITORING PROGRAM	4
ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROGRAM	4
OTHER STUDIES	5 & 6
SCHEDULE B GROUP 1 (GREEN)	7
SCHEDULE B GROUP 2 (YELLOW)	8
SCHEDULE B GROUP 3 (RED)	9
SCHEDULE B GROUP 4 (ORANGE)	10
FIGURES	
FIGURE 1	LOCATION PLAN
FIGURE 2	REGIONAL BEDROCK GEOLOGY
FIGURE 3	COAL LICENCES
TABLES	

TABLE 1

COAL LICENCE GROUPINGS

#### INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the site maintenance, monitoring and security programs carried out by B.C. Hydro on coal licences in Upper Hat Creek Valley from May 1983 to April 1984.

In 1982 B.C. Hydro deferred indefinitely its plans to develop the Hat Creek Coal Resource. In order to protect its investment in the exploration activities carried out to that point, a decision was made to maintain 38 of 54 coal licences held at that time. As directed by the local Inspector of Mines, a Site Maintenance and Monitoring Program, containing both mandatory and non-mandatory programs, was approved to continue data gathering in certain areas of interest e.g. groundwater conditions, environmental and reclamation programs etc.

Also, the site facilities were to be maintained at a reduced level which involved disposal of some buildings and other assets, with other facilities being moved to a central location and enclosed within a fenced secure compound. All trenches and roads were to be maintained and inspected to ensure safety and security as per the Inspector of Mines Requirements.

Golder associates were consultants for the Groundwater Monitoring Program, and Klohn Leonoff were consultants for the Seismic Assessment Studies.

- Mr. P. Imada provided on-site services for each of the above studies.
- B.C. Hydro's Environmental Services Group provided services in the Environmental Engineering Program.
- Mr. W. C. Fothergill, P. Eng. was contracted to provide site inspection services in accordance with the requirements of the local Inspector of Mines, Mr. E. Sadar, P. Eng.

Detailed exploration costs have been presented in the Application to Extend Terms of Licences. A summary is presented in Schedule B, as required under the Coal Act.

As the above programs comprise the work credit claimed for this Assessment Report, the results of the investigations, as presented by the consultants are submitted along with this assessment report.

#### LOCATION

Upper Hat Creek Valley, in which the coal licences are situated, is located 192 km northeast of Vancouver, B.C. midway between the towns of Lillooet and Ashcroft (Figure 1). Railheads can be reached at Pavilion, on the B.C. Railroad, 24 km to the northeast, and at Ashcroft, on the C.P. and C.N. railroads, 48 km to the east. Easiest access to the property is from the Trans-Canada Highway at Cache Creek, 37 km to the east, via the secondary highway (No. 12) between Cache Creek and Pavilion. The closest regularly serviced airport is at Kamloops, 109 km to the east.

The coal licences are situated in the broad, north-trending, grassland valley, about 24 km in length, through which flows the upstream portion of Hat Creek. From the north end of this valley Hat Creek flows northeastward through a narrow valley into the Bonaparte River, which flows south to join the Thompson River at Ashcroft.

Upper Hat Creek Valley lies within the Interior Dry Belt of British Columbia at a mean elevation of about 1067m. The valley is flanked by somewhat subdued mountains that rise to elevations of 1830-2130 m 6.5 km to the west of Hat Creek and to elevations 1525-1830 m 9.7 km to the east. The uplands are covered by thin forests and the valleys are sparsely-treed open ranges of grass and sage.

#### COAL LICENCES

The coal licences held by B.C. Hydro are grouped into four groups as shown in Figure 3.

Table 1 shows the licence numbers and areas in hectares and acres, and their locations.

#### HAT CREEK SITE SECURITY & MAINTENANCE

The local Inspector of Mines directed that B.C. Hydro establish a site security and maintenance program to:

- a) monitor the coal trenches and coal storage areas for fires caused by spontaneous combustion and/or other means
- b) monitor the site in general, and the coal trenches and storage areas in particular, for drainage regarding leachate control
- c) control vandalism to any site facilities such as buildings, core sheds, water walls etc.

A monthly inspection routine was established and Mr. W. C. Fothergill, P.Eng., formerly Hat Creek Site Manager was contracted to carry out the above mentioned site inspection duties. A monthly site report was prepared and submitted to the local Inspector of Mines in Kamloops.

A local contractor, Pavillion Lake Contracting Ltd. was also hired to provide assistance to carry out any repairs, modifications etc. to site fences, facilities and roads as required following the monthly inspection. Also, this local contractor was assigned certain inspection duties as required between the monthly inspections.

It was necessary at times to monitor the coal storage piles daily after several high temperatures were noted in certain of the piles; also fence repairs were frequently required, and clean-out of ditches and culverts.

At the beginning of the year, following the sale of numerous buildings in an asset disposal sale all equipment was moved to a central fenced compound for security.

#### GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM

This program was established to ensure the acquisition of data regarding the groundwater regime in the area of the No. 1 Coal Deposit, at the north end of Hat Creek Valley. The program consisted of the reading of selected standpipe and pneumatic piezometers on a quarterly or semi-annual basis, and the assessment and plotting of the readings onto existing hydrographs.

A local resident was hired to take the readings as required by a schedule prepared by Golder Associates, who in turn processed the readings and prepared a report which is included in the Assessment Report as an appendix.

#### SEISMIC MONITORING PROGRAM

For the proposed Hat Creek Project it was decided that in view of the large structures involved, i.e. water reservoir dam, mine waste embankment etc., it would be necessary to monitor the area for seismic activity. This program was commenced in October 1981 and in order to gain the maximum amount of information it was continued through until March 1984.

Klohn-Leonoff was hired as consultant to compile and analyze the data recorded on a microseismic instrument located at the entrance to the Hat Creek Valley. A local resident was hired to operate and maintain the instrument on site.

A report on the Program by Klohn-Leonoff is attached to this report for reference.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM:

As recommended by B.C. Hydro's Environmental and Socio-Economic Services Department, an environmental monitoring program was established to ensure continuity of an environmental data base. The program covered the

monitoring, a mine leachate, relamation, fresh water quality and meterology.

The following describes the activities, in summary, for the year.

#### Mine Leachate

Quarterly inspection and collection (where possible) of leachate samples from coal piles and waste dumps. Routine inspection of trenches and pits for seepage.

### Reclamation

A June site inspection was conducted to determine the condition of all reclaimed areas. The results of this inspection were documented in the 1983 Hat Creek Reclamation Report submitted to the Inspector of Mines.

## Fresh Water Quality

Samples of water from the Hat Creek and Bonaparte River were collected in March, June and September as part of the ongoing preconstruction water quality monitoring program. This sampling program was discontinued in December 1983 to reduce costs.

# Meteorlogical Monitoring

Continuous monitoring of meteorlogical parameters at two sites in the Hat Creek area was carried out until November 1983 when the meteorlogical program was eliminated. In the future meteorlogical site buildings and structures will be maintained however no data will be collected.

## OTHER STUDIES

Other activities associated with the Hat Creek Coal Resource and which were principally carried out by B.C. Hydro "in-house" were:

- a) geological review and update
- b) preparation of a mine plan for a 225MW Thermal Plant as a further alternative for the development of Hat Creek.

- a) Geological Review as an on-going update of the data which has been gathered from the various site investigation programs, a review of the geophysical logs was carried out. This resulted in some re-interpretation of the coal deposit and approval was given to re-draw the geological cross-sections of No. 1 Deposit. This work is in progress and completion is forecasted for August 1984.
- b) 225MW Mine Plan As a further alternative for the development of Hat Creek, B.C. Hydro's Thermal Engineering Department carried out a pre-feasibility study on a 225MW (gross) Thermal Plant and associated Mine.

The various mine plans, site layout and associated capital and operating costs have been developed for a mine to supply up to 930,000 tonnes of coal/annum to a powerplant located to the northeast of No. 1 Deposit.

A report is presently in preparation and will be submitted as part of this report when completed.

#### SCHEDULE 5

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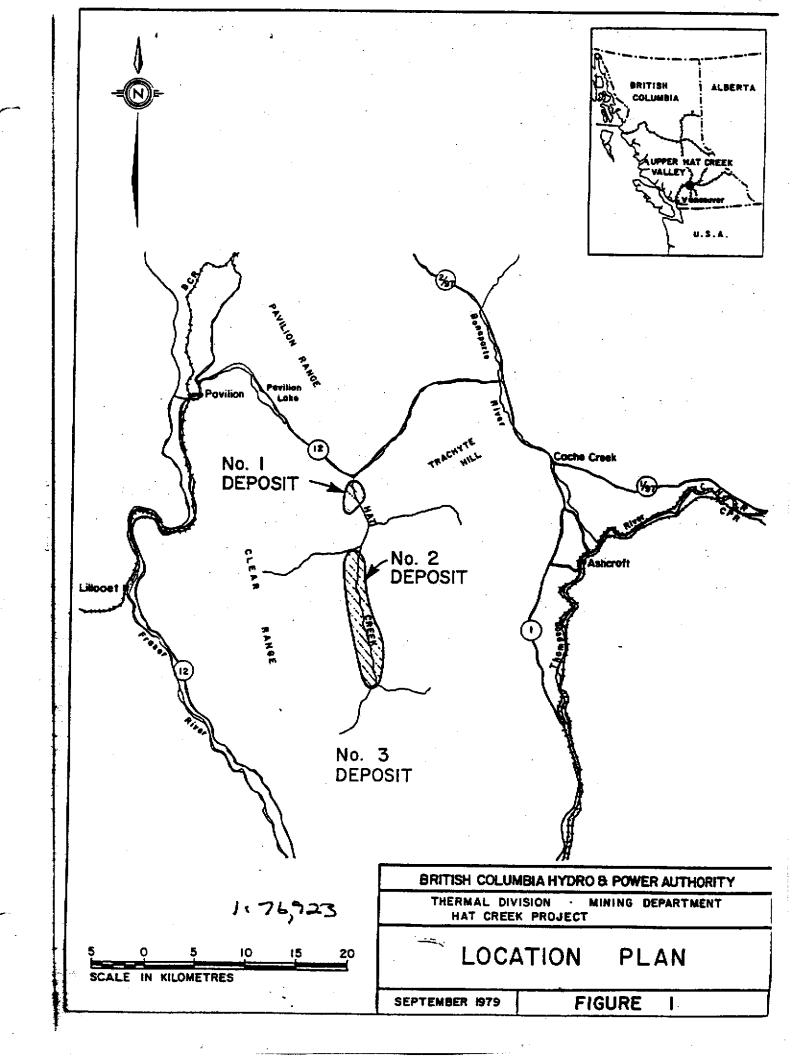
TABLE 1

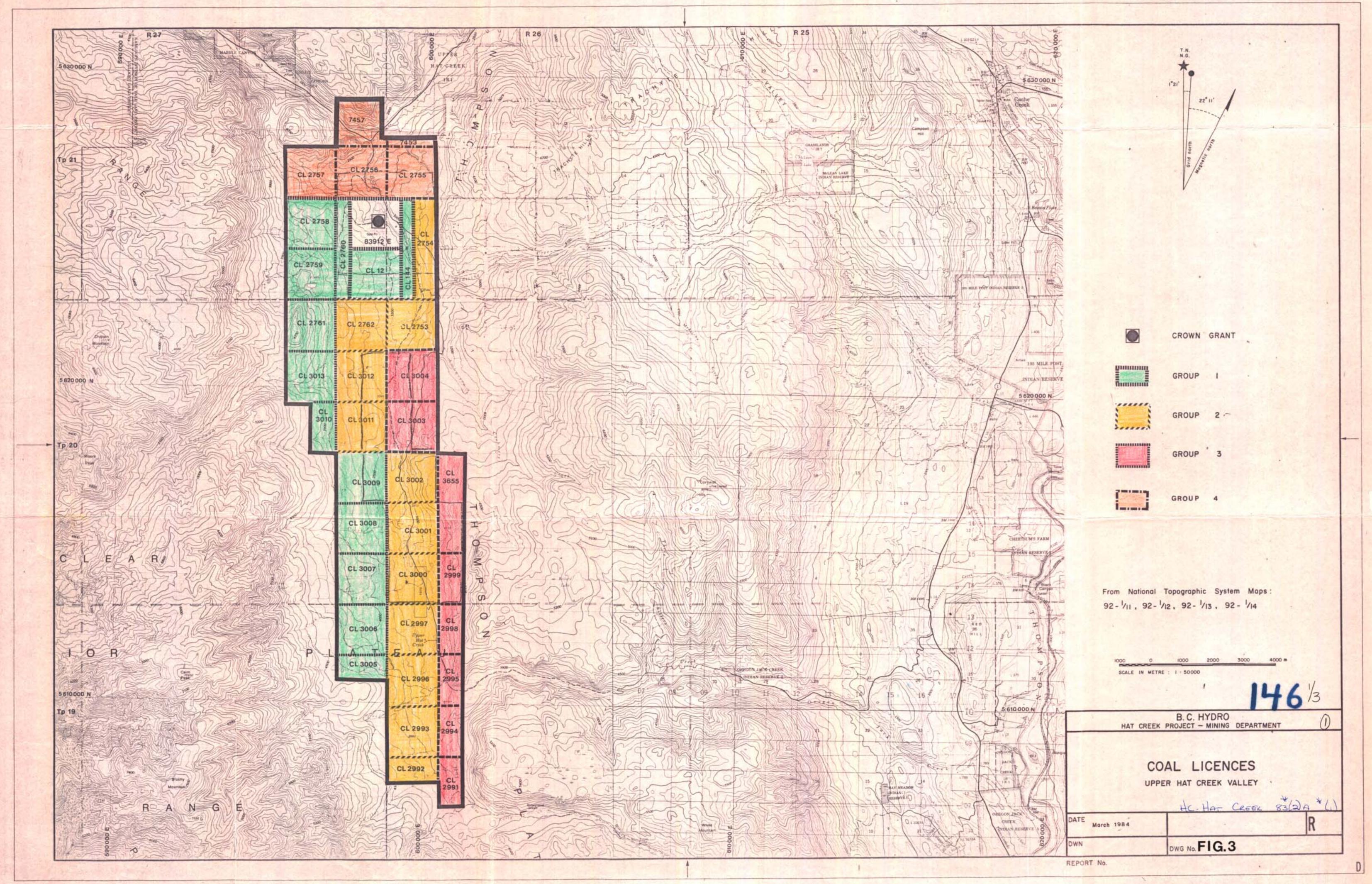
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	144	320	129.5	E½ of W½ of 6/21/26+ E½ of W½ of 7/21/26
GREEN GROUP	2758 2759 2760	630 588 319	254.95 237.95 129.09	11/21/27 2/21/27 W½ of W½ of 12/21/27+ W½ of W½ of 1/21/27
NO. 1	2761 3005 3006 3007	640 320 640 640	259.0 129.5 259.0 259.0	35/21/27 № of 25/19/27 36/19/27
	3008 3009 3010	640 640 320	259.0 259.0 129.5	1/20/27 12/20/27 13/20/27 E-2 of 23/20/27
	3013	640	259.0	26/20/27
	13 Licences	6,977	2823.49	
	2992 2993 2996	316 640 635	127.88 259.0 256.97	№ of 18/19/26 19/19/26 30/19/26
YELLOW GROUP NO. 2	2997 3000 3001	642 642 642	259.81 259.81 259.81	31/19/26 6/20/26 7/20/26
	3002 3011 3012 2753	642 640 640	259.0 259.0 259.0	18/20/26 24/20/27 25/20/27
	2754	640 638	259.0 258.19	31/20/26 E½ of 6/21/26+ E½ of 7/21/26
	2762	640	259.0	36/20/27
	12 Licences	7,355	2976.47	
	2991 2994 - 2995 2998	320 321 320 320	129.5 129.9 129.5 129.5	W½ of 17/19/26 W½ of 20/19/26 W½ of 29/19/26 W½ of 32/19/26
RED GROUP NO. 3	2999 3003 3004 3655	320 640 640 641	129.5 259.0 259.0 259.4	W <sup>1</sup> 2 of 5/20/26 19/20/26 19/20/26 W <sup>1</sup> 2 of 8 +17/20/26
	8 Lîcences	3,522	1425.3	m-2 01 0 11//20/20

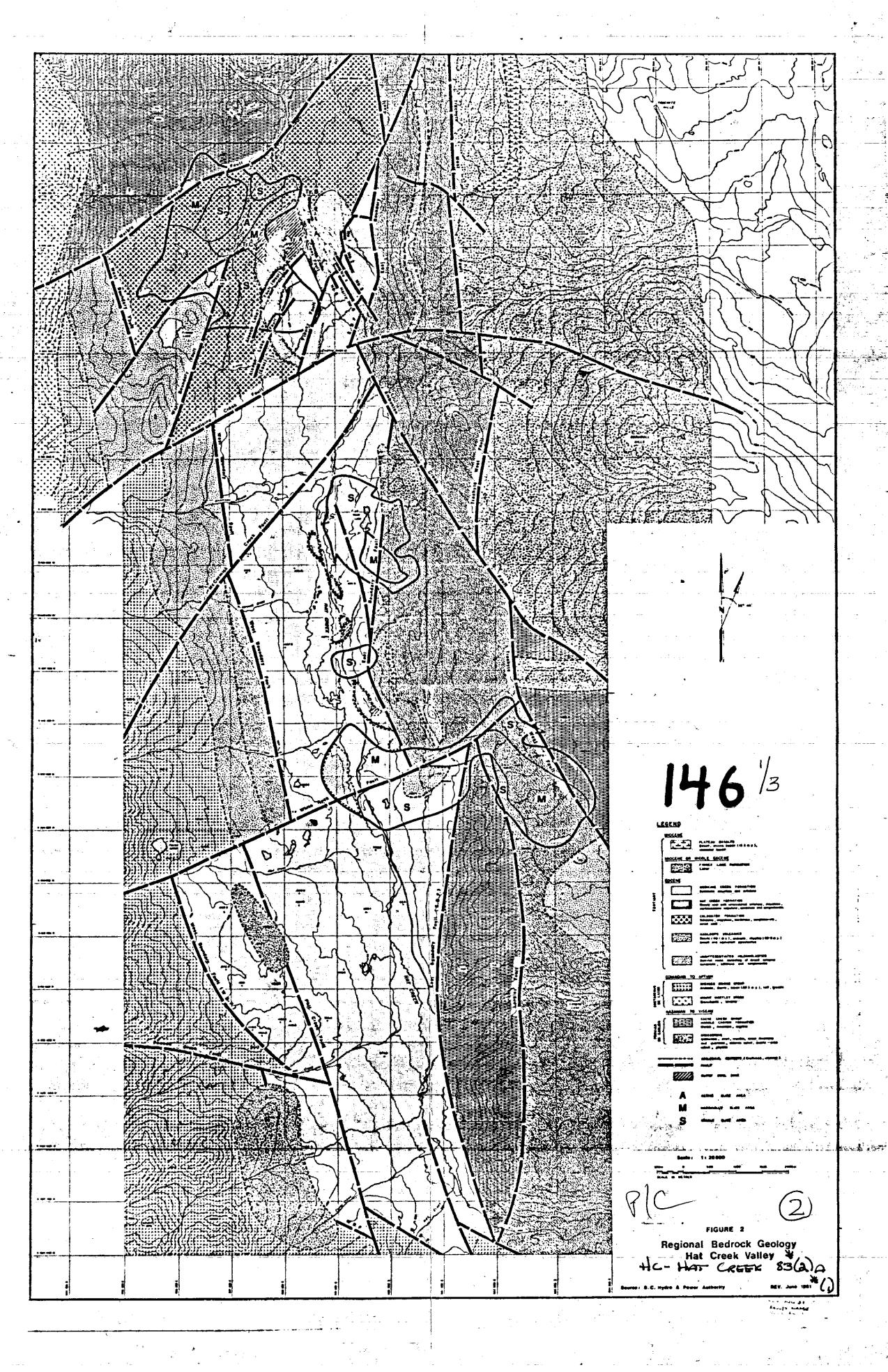
TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

	LICENCE No.	ACRES	<b>HECTARES</b>	LOCATION*
ORANGE GROUP NO. 4	2755 2756 2757 7453 7457	636 639 636 143 613	257.4 258.6 257.4 58.0 248.0	18/21/26 13/21/27 14/21/27 Fraction of S½ 19/21/26 W6 24/21/27 W6
		<del></del>	<del></del>	
	5 Licences	2,667	1079.4	
Totals	38 Licences	20,521	8304.66	

<sup>\*</sup> Section/Township/Range (West of 6th Meridian, Kamloops Land District)









BRITISH COLUMBIA HYDRO AND POWER AUTHORITY HAT CREEK PROJECT

SEISMIC OBSERVATIONS AT HAT CREEK JANUARY 1, 1983 TO MARCH 31, 1984

# GEOLOGICAL BRANCH ASSESSMENT REPORT

Our File: PB 2834-0301

OO 146

KLOHN LEONOFF
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

April 19, 1982

2/3



Our File: PB 2834 0301

April 19, 1984

B.C. Hydro and Power Authority Box 12121 555 West Hastings Street Vancouver, British Columbia V6B 4T6

Mr. D.J. Wright, P.Eng. Manager, Thermal Engineering Department

Seismic Observations at Hat Creek January 1, 1983 to March 31, 1984

Dear Sirs:

We are pleased to present three (3) copies of our report on the microearthquake observations at Hat Creek during the period January 1, 1983 to March 31, 1984.

We have found this study very interesting and have enjoyed performing the work. Should there be any questions concerning this report, please call.

Yours very truly,

KLOHN LEONOFF LTD.

Robin G. Charlwood, Ph.D., P.Eng.

Project Manager

Encl.

RGC/tp

# SEISMIC OBSERVATIONS AT HAT CREEK JANUARY 1, 1983 TO MARCH 31, 1984

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

In accordance with B.C. Hydro Purchase Order No. 359001, dated February 16, 1983, Klohn Leonoff Limited (KLL) operated a vertical component high gain seismograph at a site near the Hat Creek coal field during the period January 1, 1983 to March 31, 1984. The principal objectives of this experiment were:

- to monitor earthquake activity within a 50 km radius of the site, and
- to report epicentral distances and magnitudes of observed earthquakes.

Such data would be used in a seismic risk assessment of the area in general and the Hat Creek Thermal Project in particular.

This report summarizes and discusses the observations during the fifteen month period. Although the terms of reference in the B.C. Hydro Purchase Order refer only to the twelve month period February 1, 1983 to January 31, 1984, the observations of the other months are included for completeness (see next paragraph). The station was dismantled at the end of March 1984 and the equipment returned to B.C. Hydro. All seismograms recorded during the fifteen month period are kept in KLL offices.

The station was originally installed by the Department of Geophysics and Astronomy of the University of British Columbia. Operation began on October 2, 1982. In addition to two interim reports, a final report concerning the observations during the period October 2, 1981 to October 2, 1982 has been issued (Ellis and Meldrum, 1982a). A report on an

earthquake swarm which occurred in early October 1982 has also been issued (Ellis and Meldrum, 1982b). A report discussing observations during the months of October to December 1982 is still outstanding.

#### 2. STATION CHARACTERISTICS

The station characteristics is as described in previous reports, but are presented here for completeness.

The recording system consists of a vertical component Mark Products L4-C 1 Hz seismometer, the output of which is recorded on a Sprengnether MLQ-800 chart recording system operated at a speed of 60 mm/min. Time calibration for this system is provided by WWV and WWVB radio time signals.

The seismometer is anchored on bedrock on the hill west of the B.C. Hydro field office at Hat Creek. A cable connects the seismometer to the chart recorder located in a heated pump-house at the base of the hill. The seismometer coordinates are 50° 47' 38" N, 121° 36' 47" W, elevation 930 m.

The magnification curve for the system is shown in Figure 1. (This curve gives the amount by which ground movement at a particular frequency is magnified before recording on the chart.) The amplifier gain is 90 db. A low cut filter is not used, but a 20 Hz high cut filter is.

#### 3. MAGNITUDE AND DISTANCE DETERMINATION

The epicentral distance of an event was calculated by measuring the time difference,  $\Delta t$ , (measured in seconds) between the arrival times of the S (Shear) wave and the P (Primary or Compressional) wave. The P wave velocity of the upper layers of the earth is usually taken to be 6.1 km/sec. Assuming a Poisson's ratio of 0.25 for the earth, the S

or

wave velocity is then 3.52 km/sec. The epicentral distance, x, is derived as follows:

$$\Delta t = t_s - t_p$$

$$= \frac{x}{3.52} - \frac{x}{6.1}$$

8.3 At

where  $t_s$  and  $t_p$  are the arrival times of the S and P waves, respectively. Note that this only provides a distance from the station, not a direction. More stations would be required to give the epicentral location.

Knowing the magnification of the seismograph system and the epicentral distance, the local magnitude,  $M_{\rm L}$ , of an event was determined by measuring the amplitude, in millimetres, of the largest wave motion on the seismogram of the event. The nomogram in Figure 2 was then used to determine the magnitude.

The magnitude was also determined by measuring the coda length, T, which is the time interval between the arrival of the S wave and the time that the signal to noise ratio returns to 1. Given T, the coda length magnitude,  $M_T$ , is given by:

$$M_T = -3.2 = 2.7 \log_{10} T$$

For most earthquakes of small magnitude in British Columbia,  $M_{\rm L}$  should be roughly equal to  $M_{\rm T}$ .

## 4. OBSERVED SEISMICITY

A major difficulty in detecting natural events is distinguishing them from blasts in local mines. This can usually be done by noting the time of day or week of the occurrence of the event or from blast records obtained from the mines. Also the "signature" of most blast events is quite different from that of natural events; the latter usually have a prominent S wave arrival.

During the fifteen month period, four earthquakes were recorded with an epicentral distance less than 50 km. (See Table 1) Another earthquake, Event 4, whose epicentral distance was approximately 90 km from Hat Creek, is also included. This event, whose local magnitude is 1.8, occurred near Nicola Lake and was observed at other seismograph stations in southern British Columbia. Its epicentre was located by the Pacific Geoscience Centre at 50° 16' 48" N, 120° 36' 36" (D. Weichert, pers. comm., April 12, 1984).

The other events, except Event 3, are very small earthquakes within 20 km of the station. Their local magnitudes are less than or equal to 1.0. Event 3 is possibly a blast, but occurred late at night (local time).

TABLE 1
OBSERVED SEISMICITY
January 1, 1983 to March 31, 1984

		Date	ê		Tin	ie (0	GMI	!)			Distance
Event	У	m	đ	h	:	m	:	s	ML	$ exttt{M}_{f T}$	(km)
1	83	2	18	9	:	41	:	01	0.5	0	14
2	83	2	22	7	:	47	:	34	1.0	1.0	17
3	83	4	18	6	:	06	:	55	1.3	0.7	40
4	83	5	30	11	:	03	:	46	1.8	1.7	90
5	83	10	6	4	:	25	:	17	0.9	0.4	17

#### 5. CONCLUSIONS

The level of activity observed during the fifteen month period, January 1, 1983 to March 31, 1984 is similar to that observed in this region by Ellis and Meldrum, (1982a). With one station, it is not possible to determine epicentral locations and thereby attempt to associate the activity with any of the local faults at or near the Hat Creek site. However, Events 1, 2 and 5 are located 14 to 17 km from the station, which is the approximate distance to the Fraser fault (KLL, 1982).

It must be noted that, by themselves, the results of this experiment should be used with caution in that

- magnitudes of small events are not reliable since usually only one measurement is possible; and
- 2) significant short term increases in activity, such as the swarm of events in October, 1982, (Ellis and Meldrum, 1982b) are possible.

KLOHN LEONOFF, LTD.

W. Scott Dunbar, Ph.D., P.Eng.

Project Seismologist

Robin G. Charlwood, Fh.D., P.Eng.

Project Manager

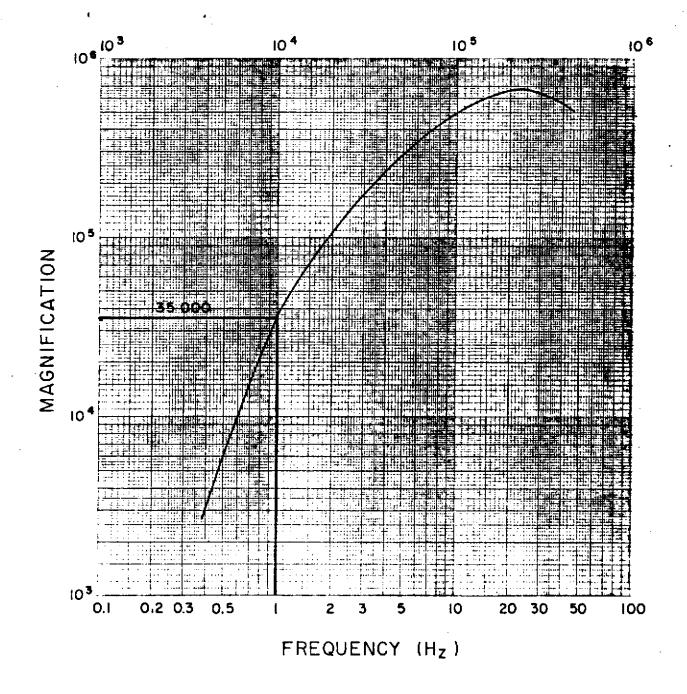
#### REFERENCES

- Klohn Leonoff Limited, 1982. Seismicity Assessment and Seismic Design Criteria. Report to B.C. Hydro, August 16, 1982.
- Ellis, R.M. and Meldrum, R.D., 1982a. Seismic Observations at Hat Creek, October 2, 1981 to October 2, 1982. Report to Klohn Leonoff Limited, October 19, 1982.
- Ellis, R.M. and Meldrum R.D., 1982b. The Hat Creek Earthquake Sequence of October 1982. Report to Klohn Leonoff Limited, November 17, 1982.

# DRAWINGS

Figure 1 Magnification Curve of Hat Creek Seismograph

Figure 2 Nomogram for Magnitude Determination





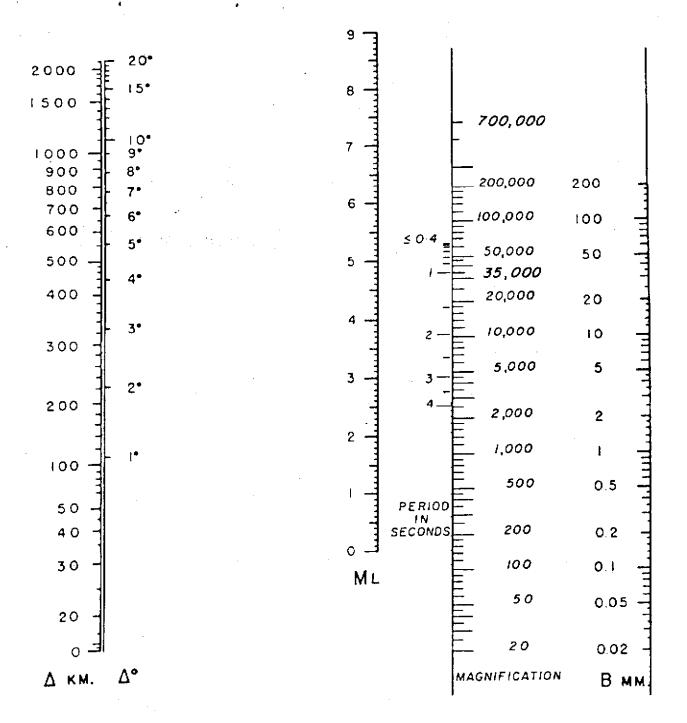
PROJECT HAT CREEK SEISMICITY

TITLE MAGNIFICATION CURVE OF

HAT CREEK SEISMOGRAPH

B.C. HYDRO & POWER AUTHORITY

APR. 19, 1984 PROJECT No. DWG No. PB2834-03| FIGURE - I

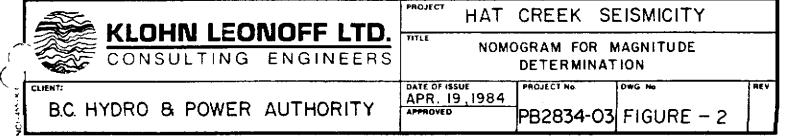


B = Maximum Trace Amplitude

 $\Delta$  = Epicentral Distance

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**Golder Associates** 

CONSULTING GEOTECHNICAL AND MINING ENGINEERS

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April 12th, 1984

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British Columbia Hydro and Power Authority 555 West Hastings Street Vancouver, B.C. V6B 4T6

ATTENTION: Mr. W.E. Meeks, P. Eng.

Re: Hat Creek Project

Ground Water Hydrographs

Dear Sir:

Further to our letter of March 14th, 1984, and subsequent telephone conversation, we have prepared a short final report summarizing the ground water level monitoring program to date at Hat Creek. The report includes an assessment of the ground water level monitoring results and attached updated computer plotted hydrographs.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Assessment of ground water level hydrographs prepared from data gathered between 1977 and 1982 was presented in Golder Associates report entitled "Hat Creek Project Geotechnical and Hydrogeological Update, Fall 1982", submitted to B.C. Hydro. Subsequently, a reduced monitoring schedule was proposed for those piezometers located in the immediate vicinity of the pit; the proposed monitoring schedule was detailed in our letter dated February 14th, 1983, reference E/83/198. The present report is intended as an addendum to the 1982 report and covers the results of ground water level monitoring subsequently carried out by B.C. Hydro up to January 1984.

#### 2.0 ASSESSMENT OF GROUND WATER LEVEL MONITORING (1982 - 1984)

The following assessment of ground water hydrographs is concentrated on those piezometers that have continued to show long term changes in piezometric levels. Conclusions derived from an assessment of short term ground water level fluctuations remain unchanged from the 1982 update report.

Examination of the individual ground water hydrographs indicates that there are still a number of piezometers that have not stabilized with the in situ ground water pressures. The table below details those piezometers that have recorded the greatest change in piezometric level since 1982.

Piezometer Number	Piezometric Level Change (m)	Lithology
RH 77-48-1	+1.31	Siltstone (Tcu)
RH 77-61A-2	-13.65	Claystone (Tcl)
RH 77-62-1	-14.92	Claystone (Tcl)
RH 77-63-1	+11.36	Claystone (Tcl)
RH 78-70-1	+12.07	Siltstone (Tcu)
RH 78-75-1	+1.21	Coal
DDH 76-141-1	-1.30	Siltstone/Sandstone (Tcl)
DDH 76-143-1	-1.49	Siltstone/Sandstone (Tcl)
DDH 76-150-1	-11.49	Claystone/Sandstone (Tcl)
DDH 76-161-1	<del>-</del> 9.55	Siltstone/Sandstone (Tcl)
DDH 77-840-1	+9.13(?)	Tuffaceous Sandstone
DDH 78-867-1	-2.97	Clayey Siltstone (Tcu)

NOTE: Tcl - Coldwater Formation; Tcu - Medicine Creek Formation

These piezometers are generally installed in very low permeability bedrock (hydraulic conductivity less than  $10^{-11}$  m/sec). Piezometer RH 77-48-1 however, appears to be completed in more permeable ( $10^{-7}$  m/sec) siltstone and may be recording higher piezometric levels due to increased precipitation during the monitoring period. The ground water level recorded in piezometer DDH 77-840-1 rose 9.13 m between July 1983 and January 1984. During the previous six years of monitoring, ground water levels in this piezometer fluctuated by approximately 1 m. The recent "rise" in ground water levels is thus attributed to reading inaccuracy rather than increased ground water levels.

The 1982 update report noted that piezometer DDH 76-150-1, completed within the siltstone, sandstone, conglomerate unit (Tcl) of the Coldwater Formation, was recording an anomolously low piezometric elevation of approximately 795 m (i.e. below the level of Hat Creek). The piezometric elevation appeared to be approaching stabilization some 4 years after carrying out a falling head permeability test. During subsequent monitoring, the ground water level in this piezometer has shown an increased rate of decline and shows no sign of stabilizing. Piezometer RH 77-61A-2, 100 m distant from DDH 76- 150-1, is recording declining ground water levels similar to those recorded in DDH 76-150-1. The piezometric elevations of these two piezometers are now approximately 65 to 75 m below neighbouring piezometers completed within similar materials [siltstone, sandstone, conglomerate (Tcl)], but at different horizons. As indicated in the 1982 update report, it is considered possible that burning of the coal at outcrop within the geological past may have resulted in unloading of the underlying material leading to an expansion of the material and decrease in pore water pressure. Due to the low hydraulic conductivity of the bedrock, the reduced piezometric pressures developed on unloading have not yet come into equilibrium with the neighbouring piezometers set in more permeable parts of the rock sequence.

The 1982 update report indicated that a number of piezometers in the Houth Meadows area responded to the pump testing of well PWl during July 1981. Subsequently, during autumn 1981, some piezometers in the Houth Meadows area, completed in limestone or surficial deposits, showed only a partial recovery, while others continued to decline. Subsequent monitoring during 1983 and early 1984 indicates that all of the piezometers affected by the pump test did not recover fully and have shown a continual decline in ground water levels since 1982. The decline in ground water levels in those piezometers affected (DDH 76-813-1, DDH 77-829-1, DDH 77-831-1, DDH 77-834-1, DDH 77-835-1 and DDH 77-835-2) has generally been less than 1 m. The incomplete recovery of these piezometers following pump testing reflects a slow rate of recharge to both the limestones and the surficial granular deposits. The continuing decline in ground water levels in the Houth Meadows area since 1981/82 is probably the result of removal of ground water from storage associated with the continued natural discharge of well OW4 and limited natural recharge to both the limestone and surficial deposits.

As you know, it is Golder Associates intention to continue reading some of the piezometers at Hat Creek periodically because of their unique scientific interest. We will keep you informed of any interesting changes.

We hope this report provides you with the information you require. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours very truly,

GOLDER ASSOCIATES

G.E. Rawlings, P. Eng.

G.E. Lawrens,

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# **Golder Associates**

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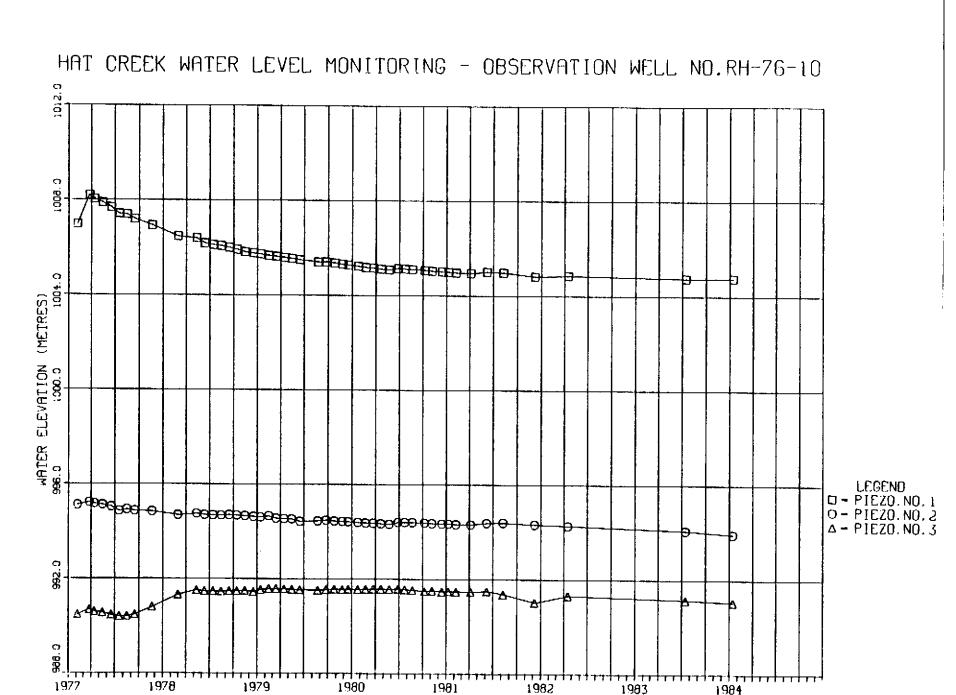
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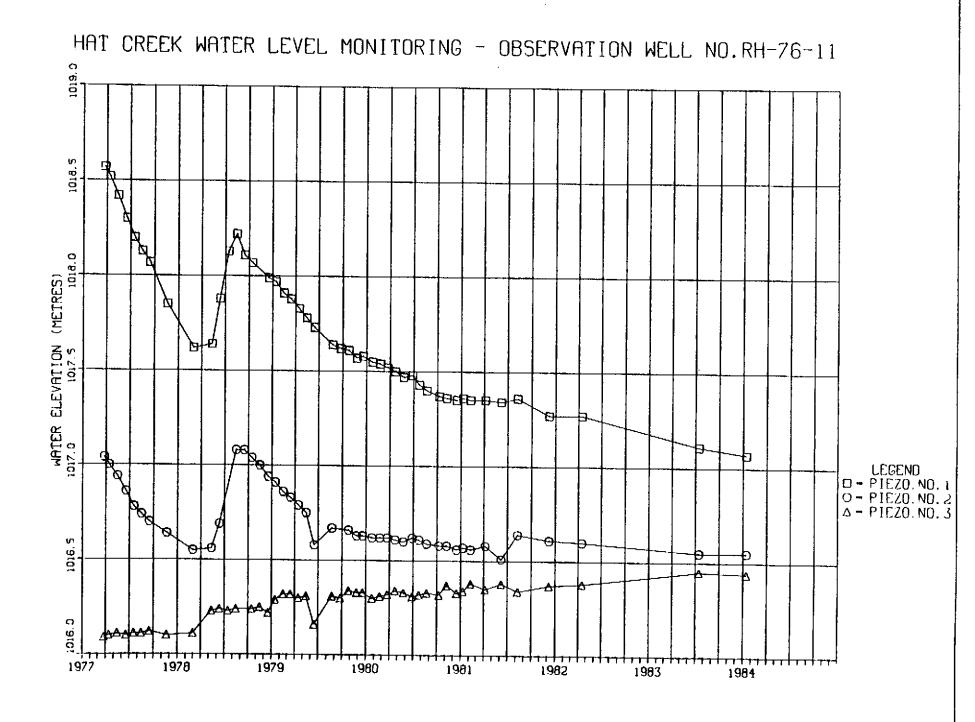
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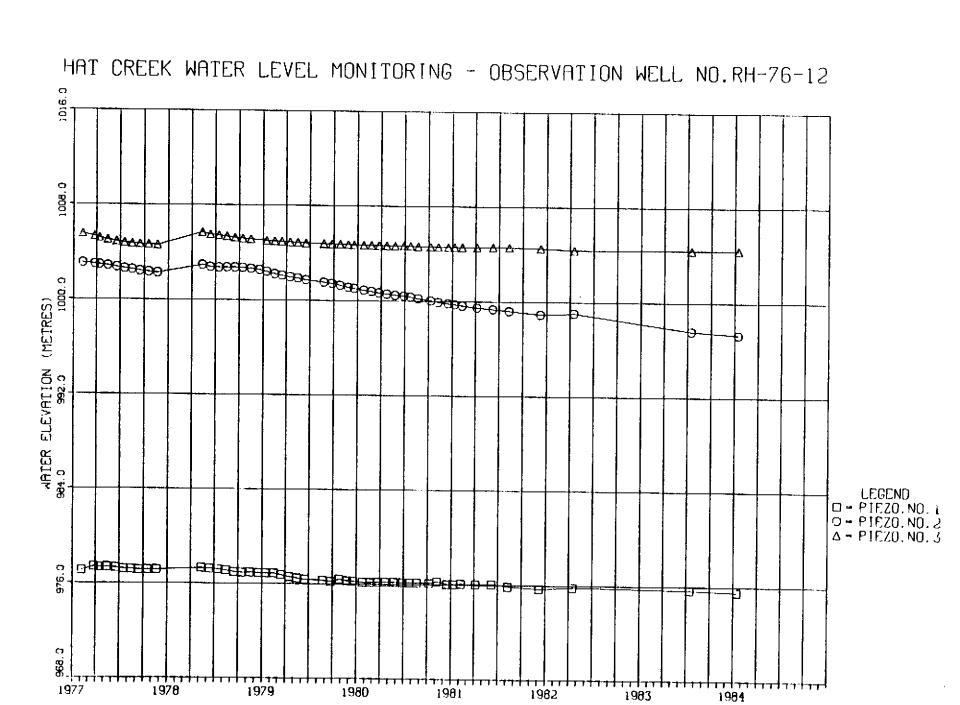
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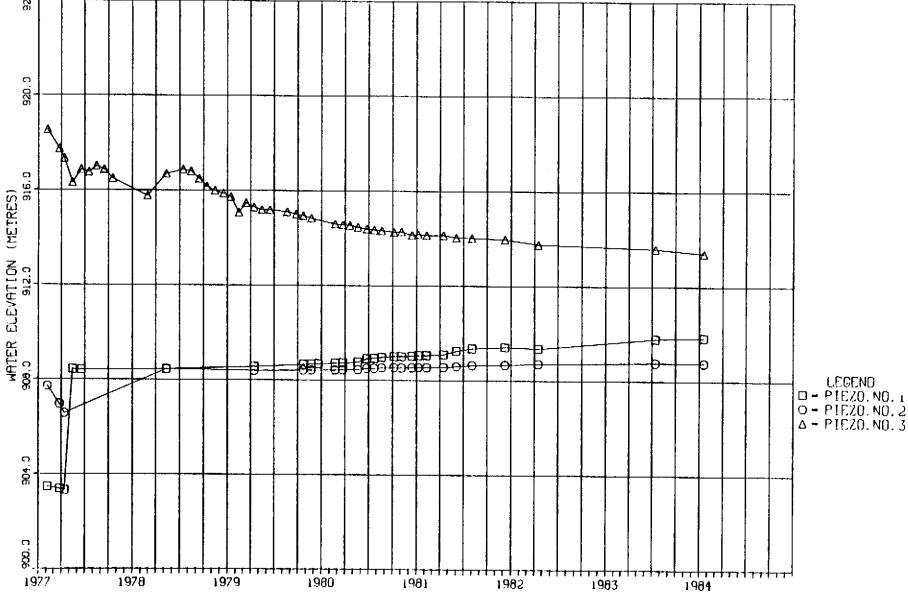
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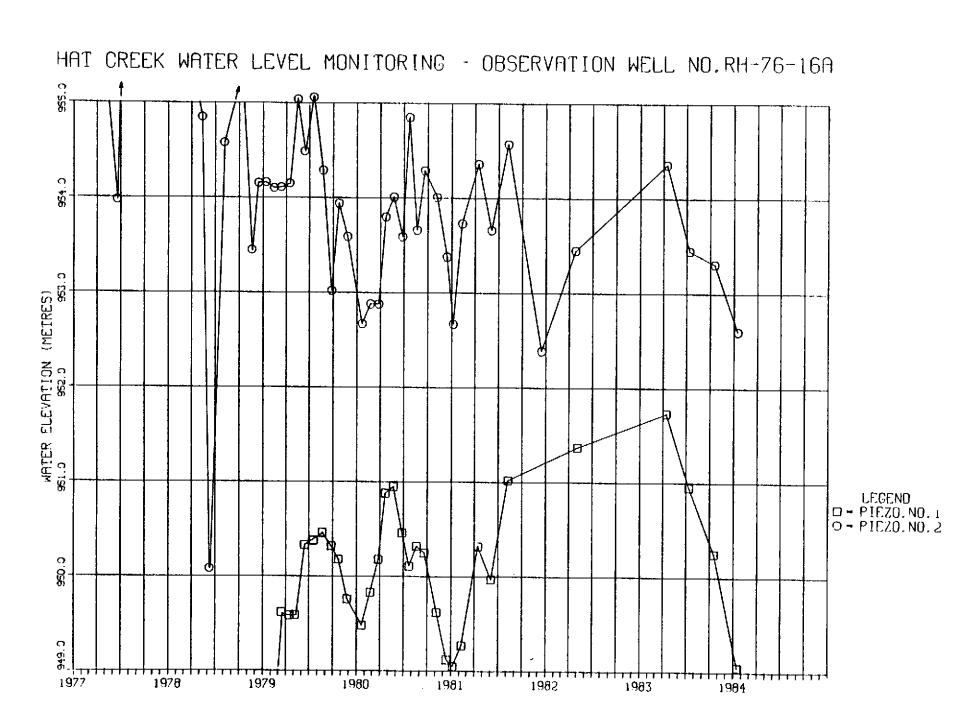
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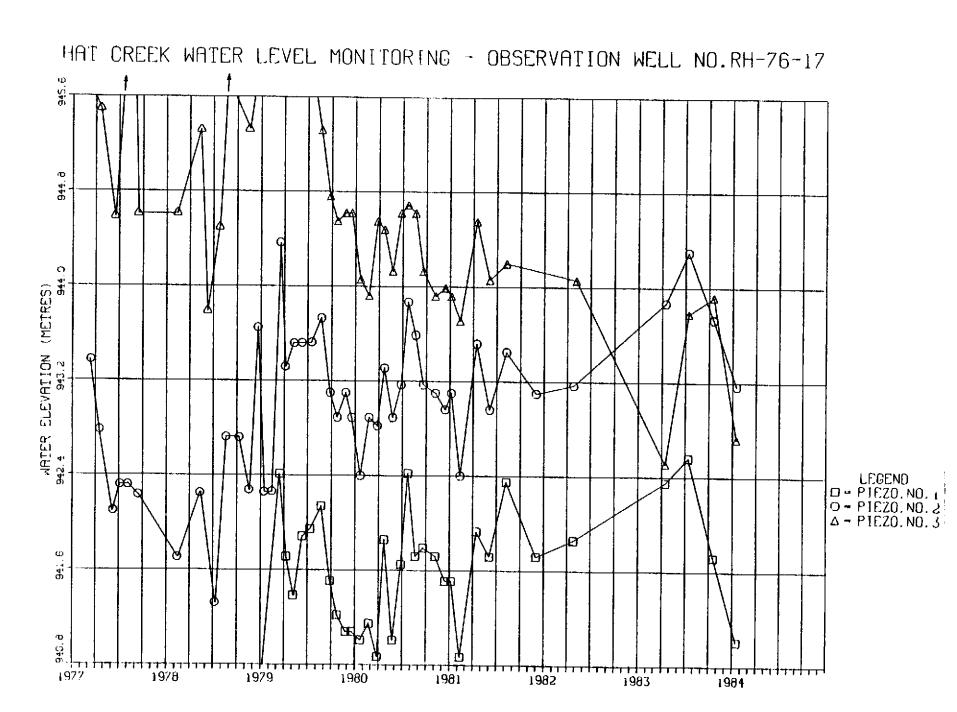
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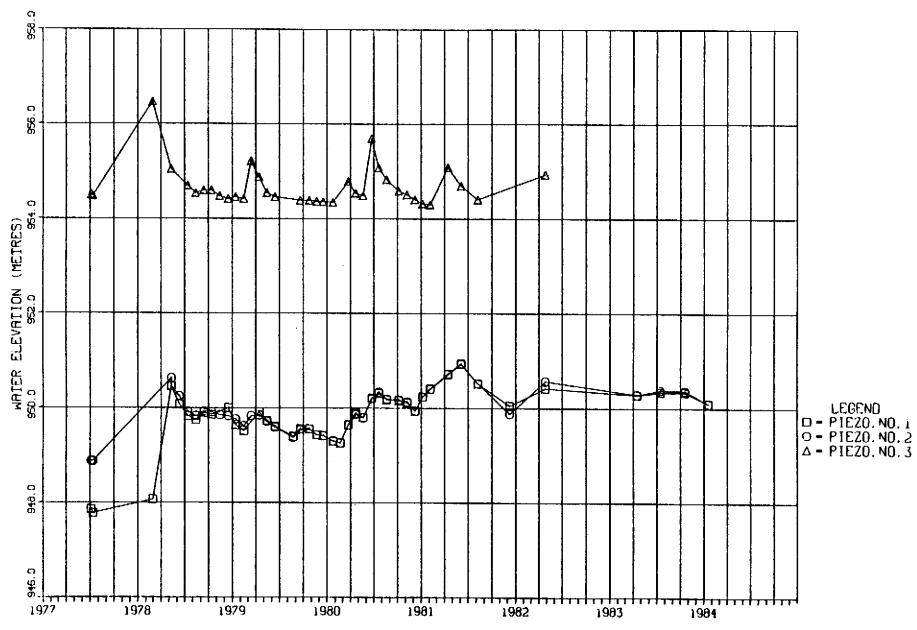
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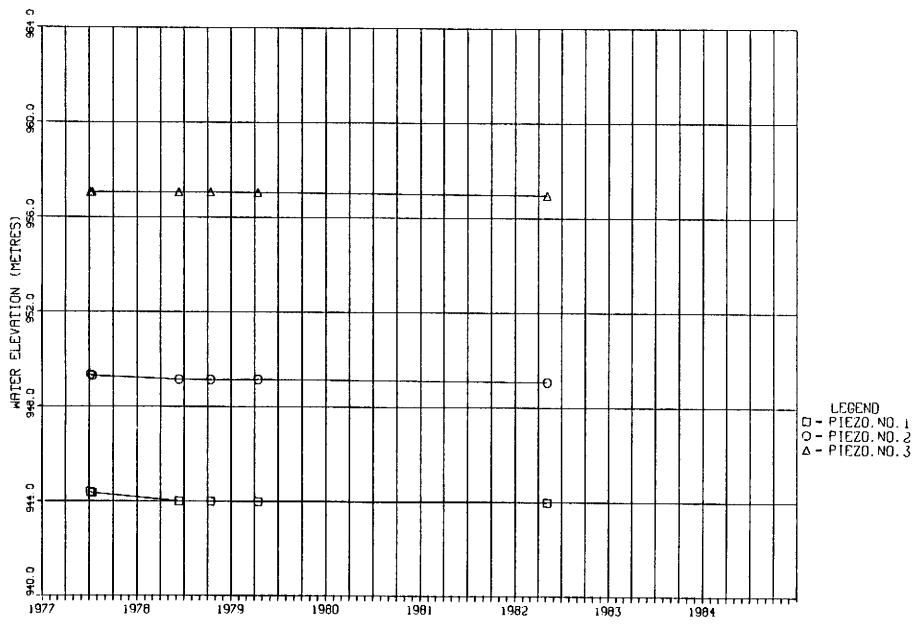


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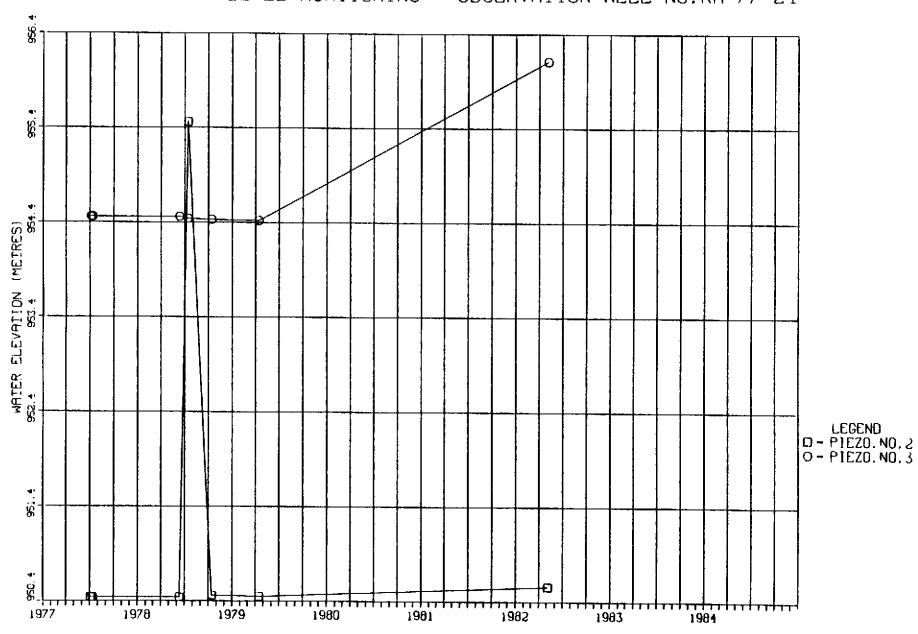


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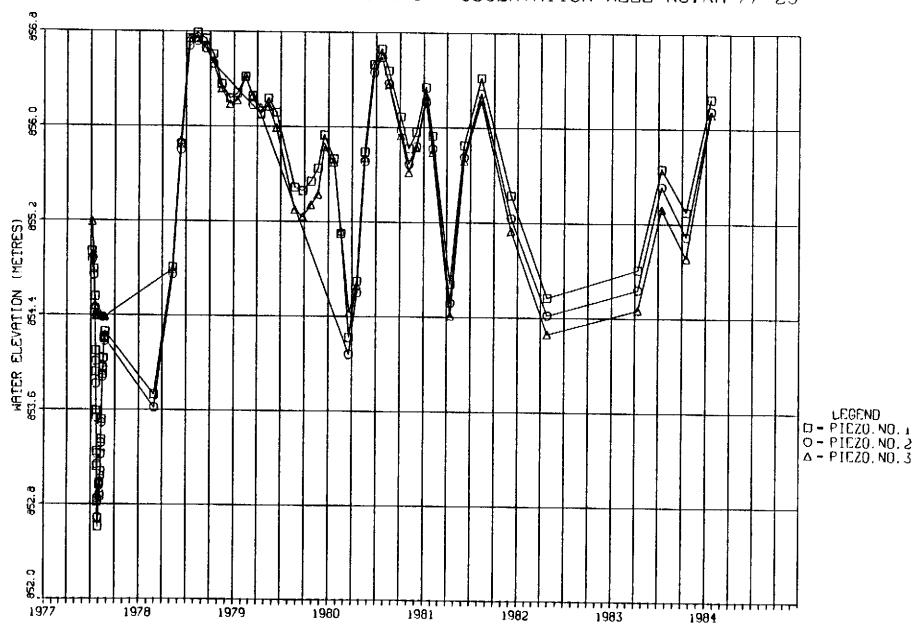


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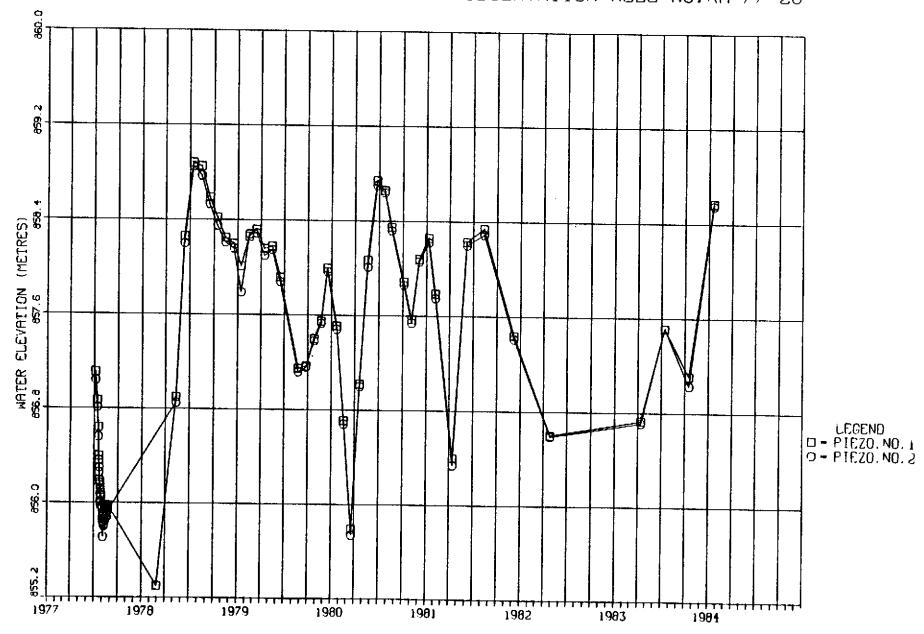
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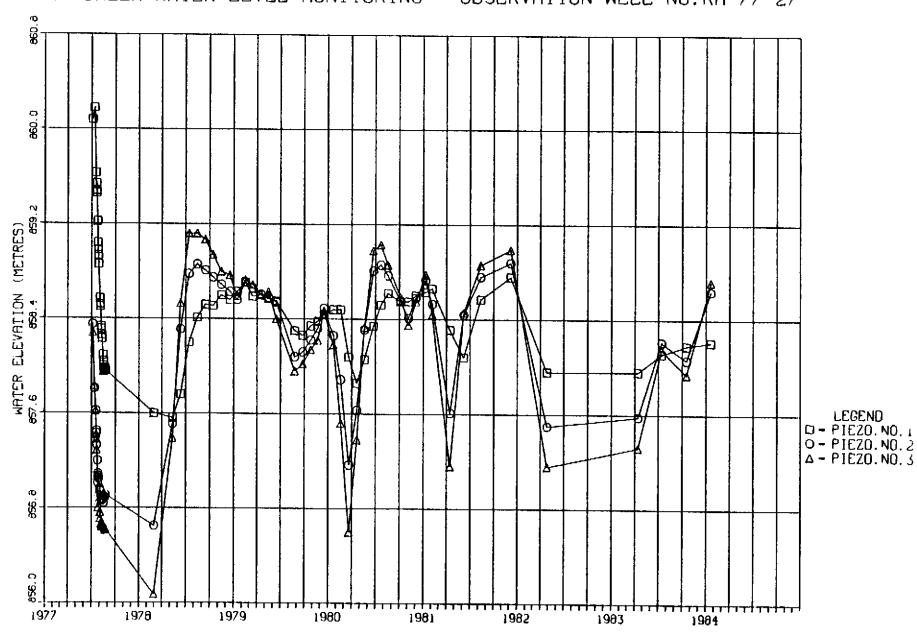
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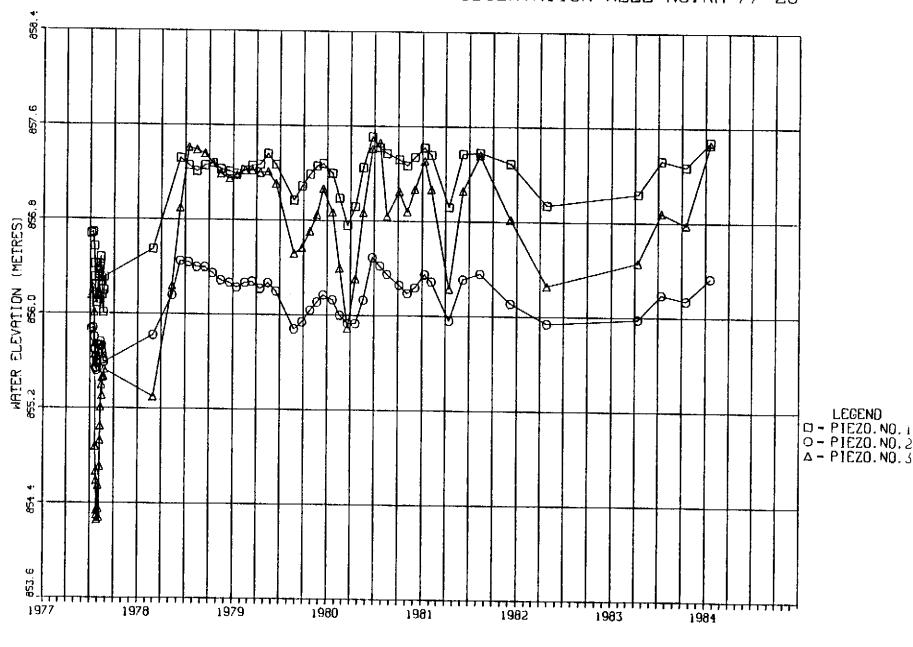


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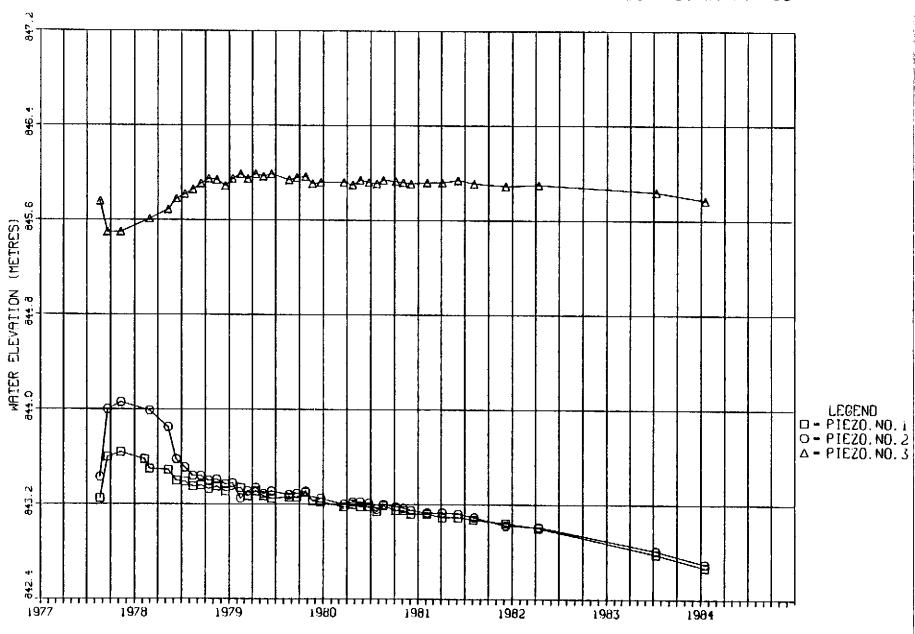




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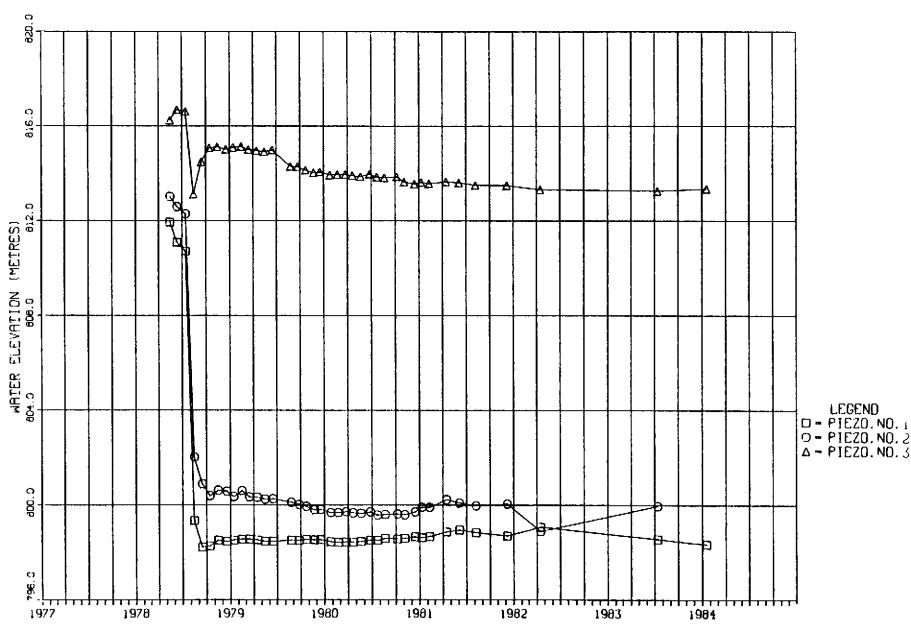
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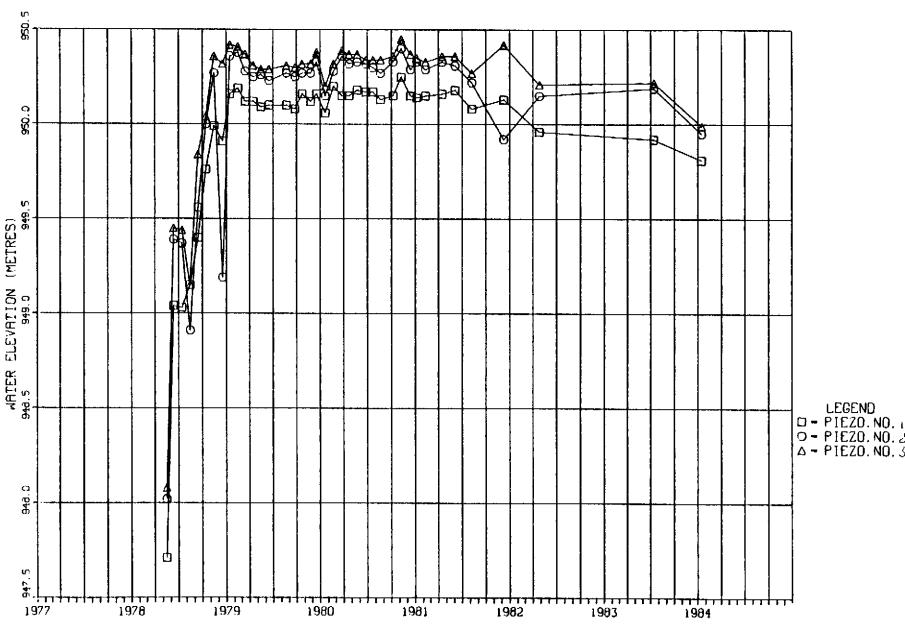
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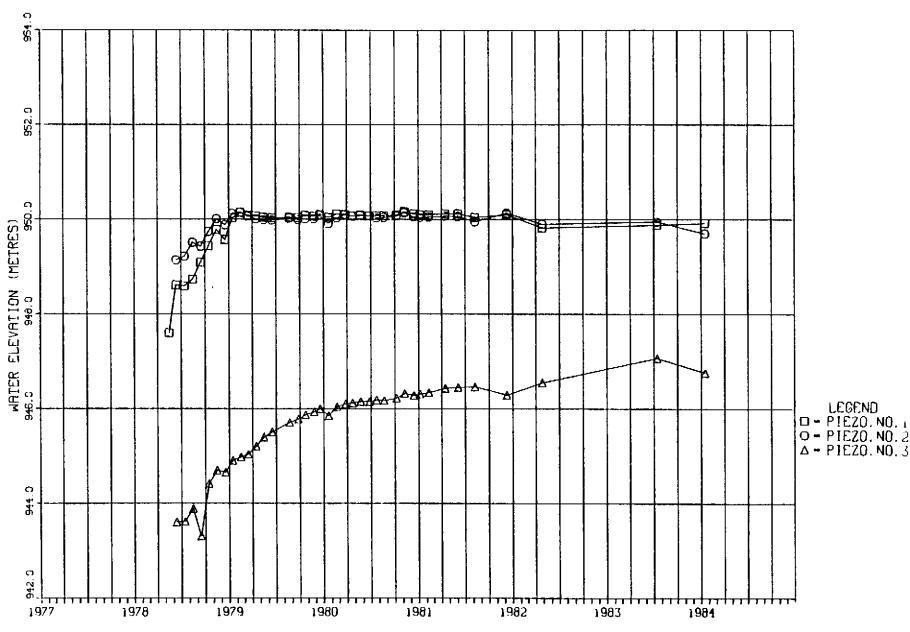
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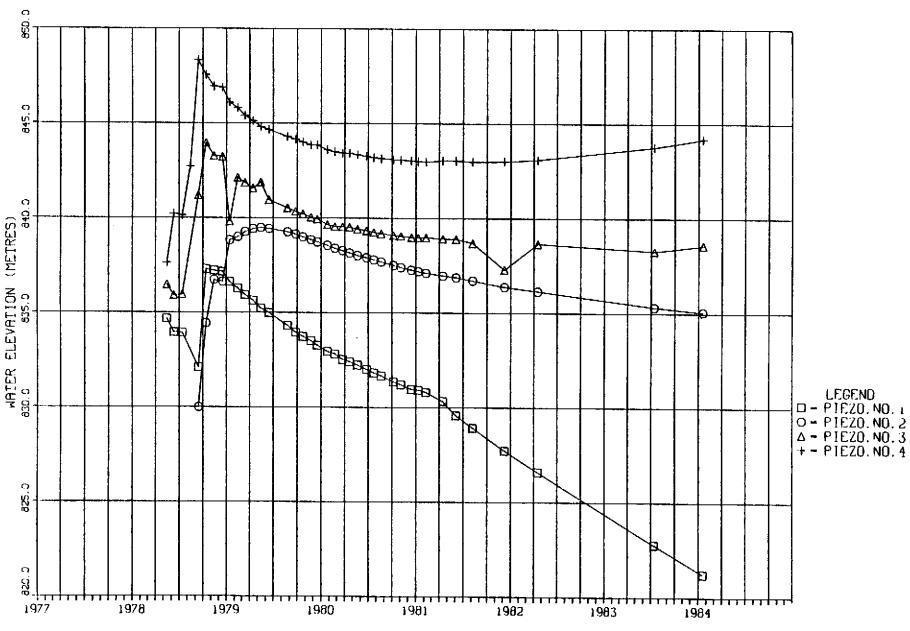
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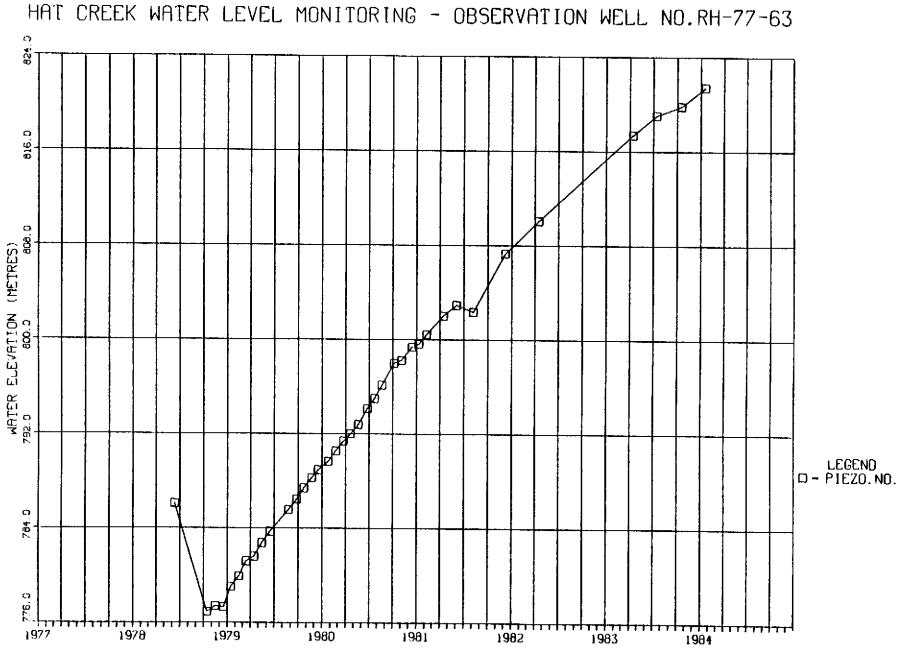
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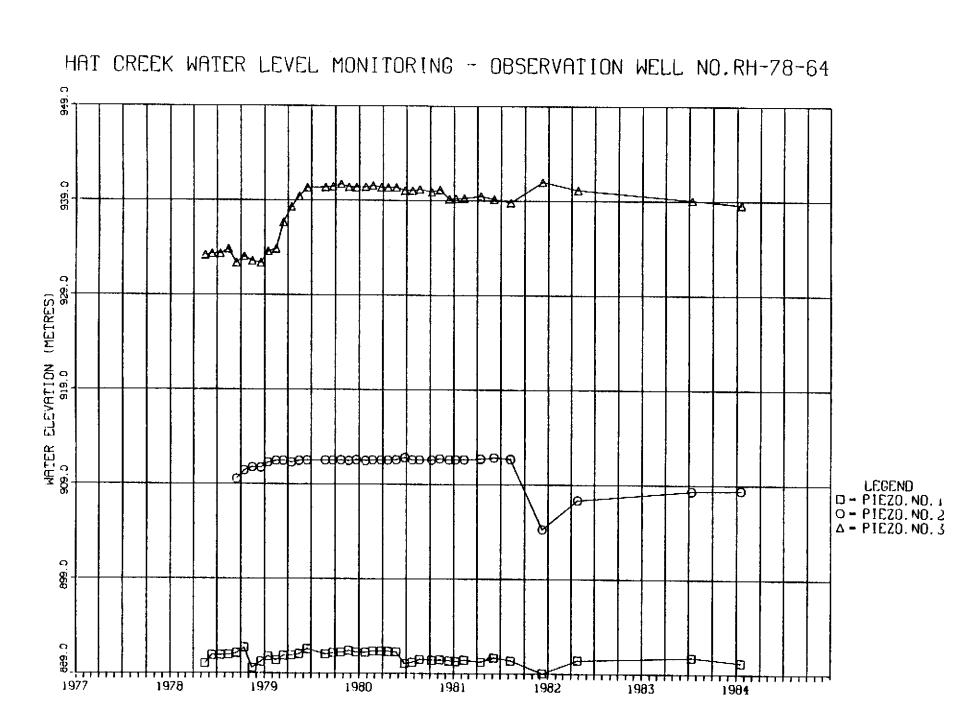
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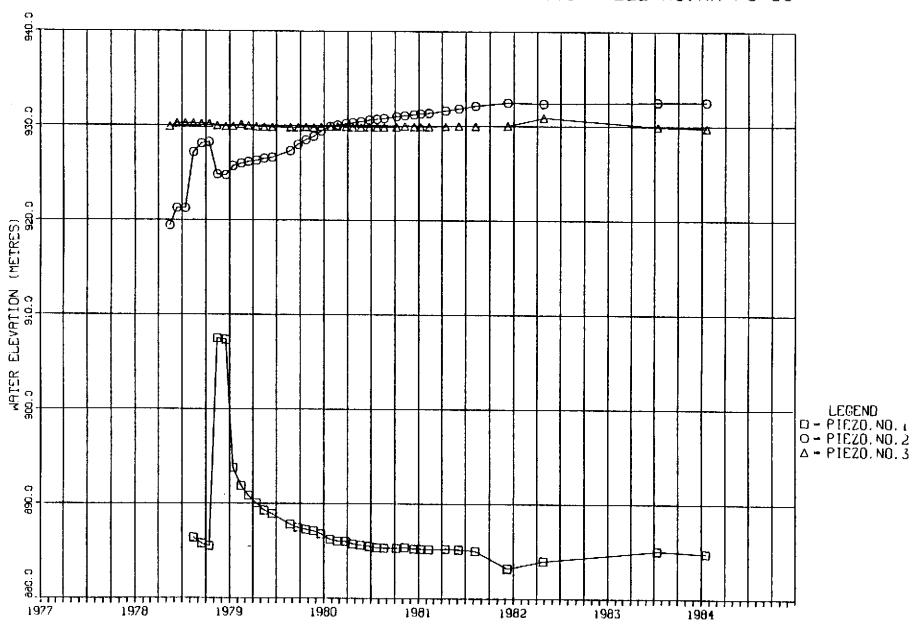
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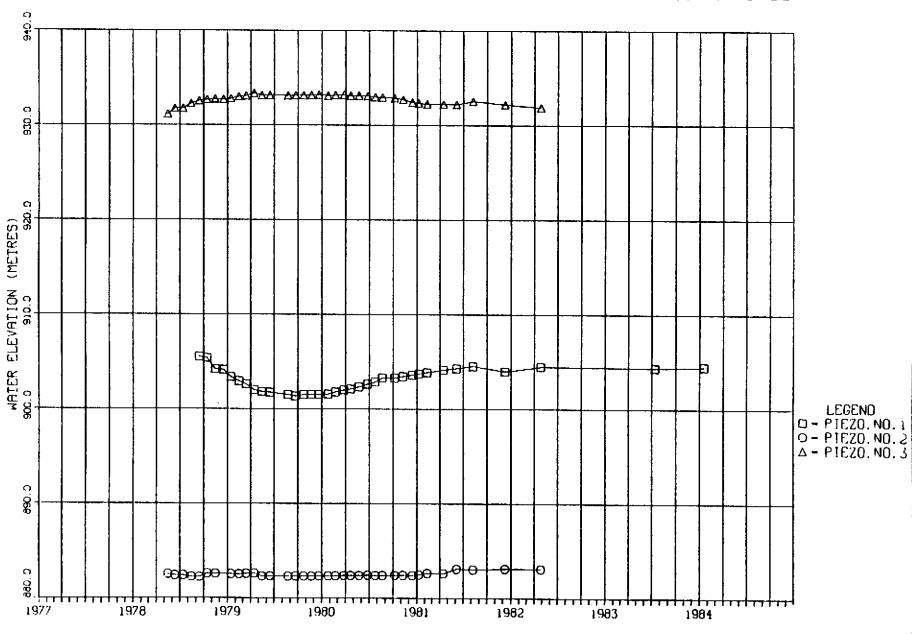


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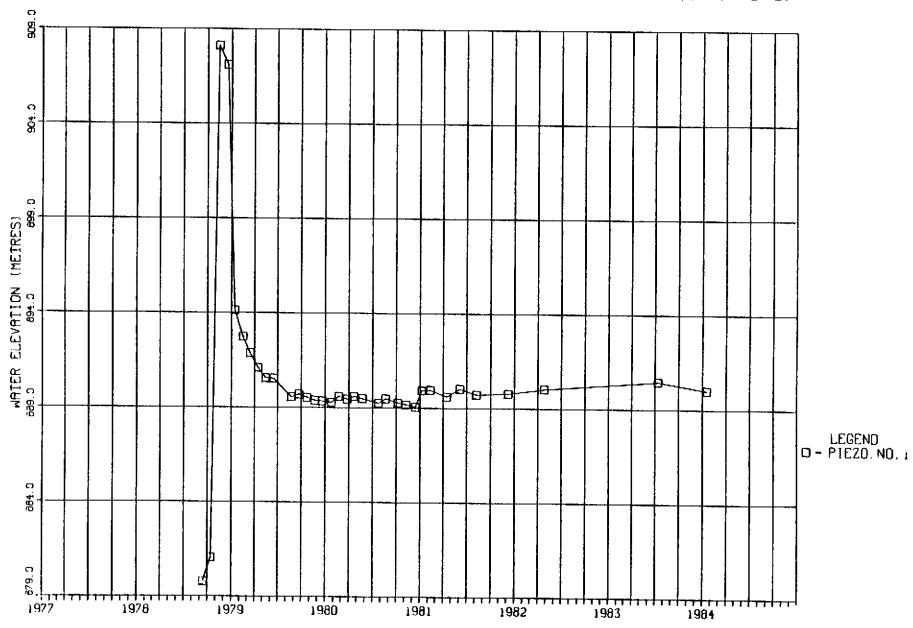


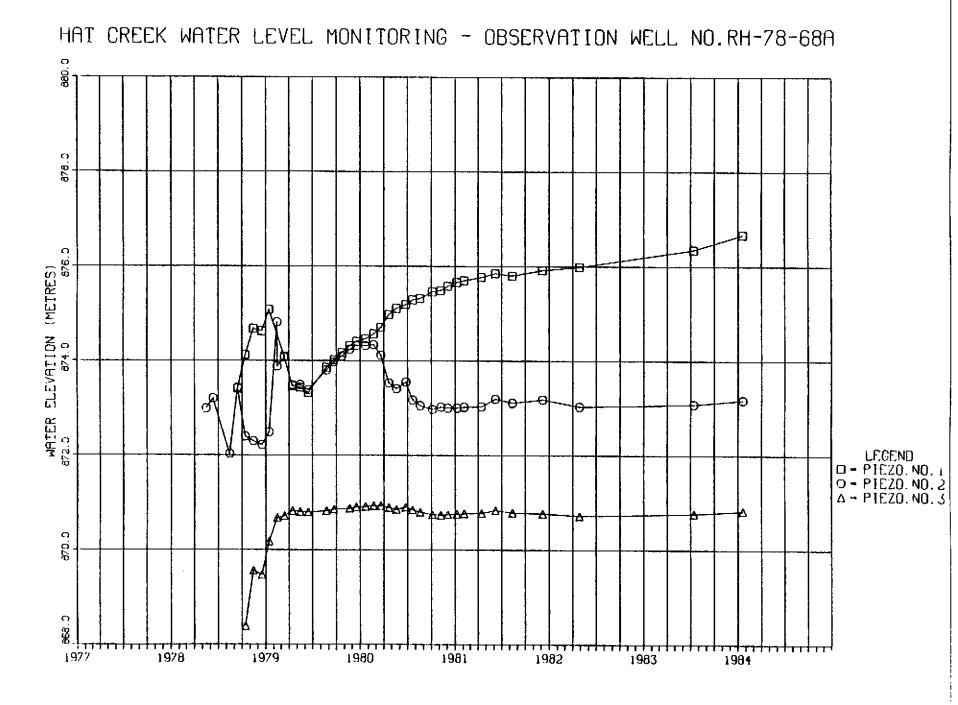
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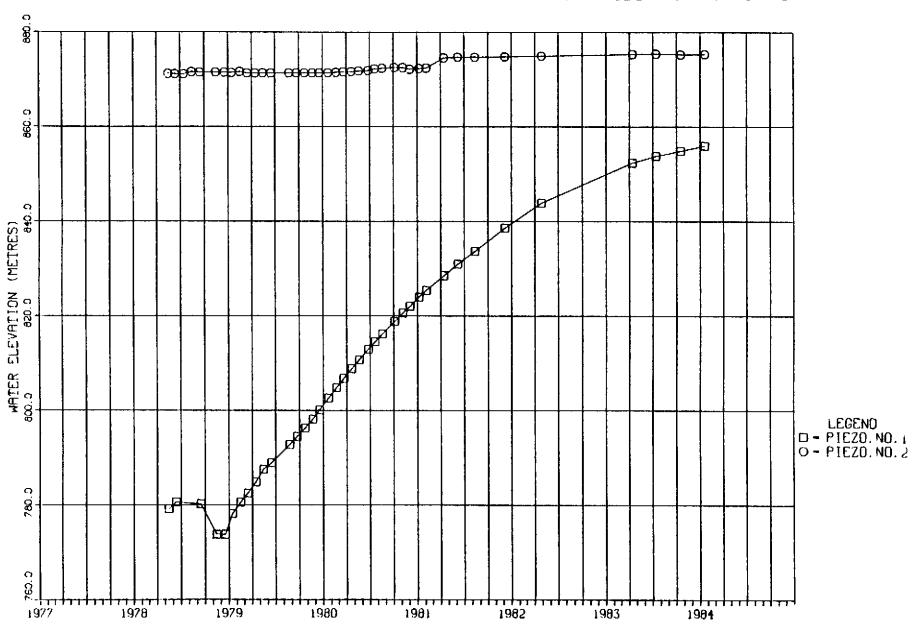
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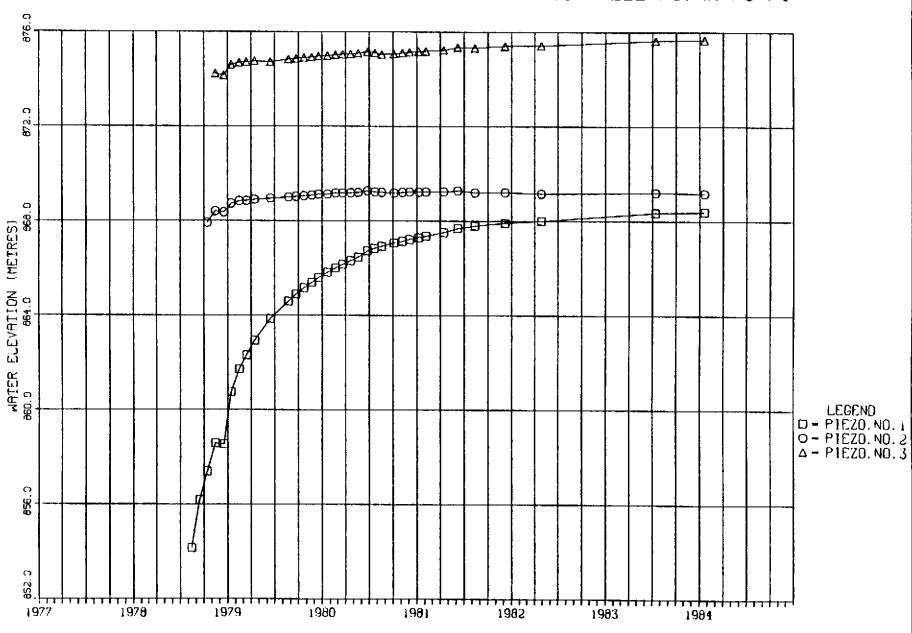
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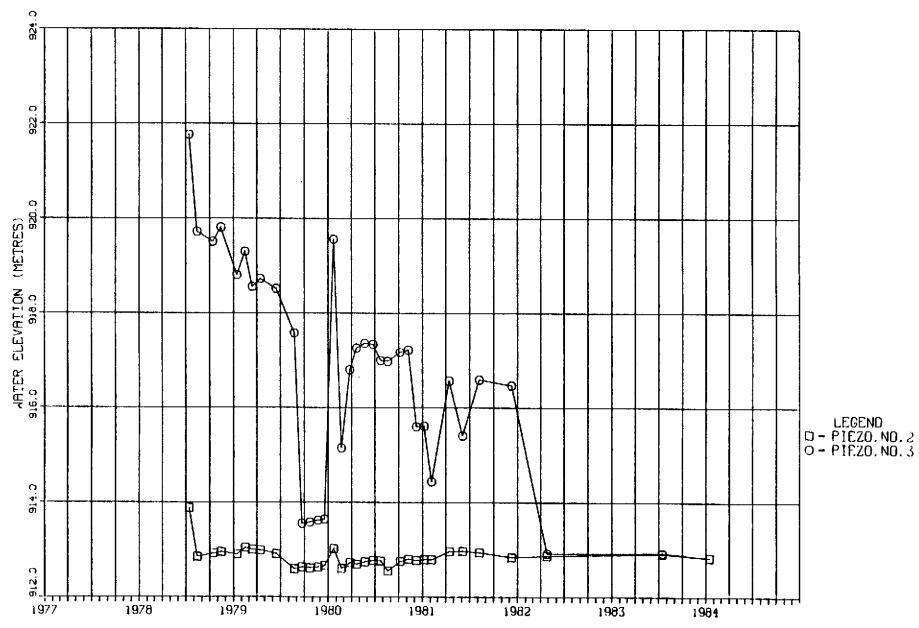
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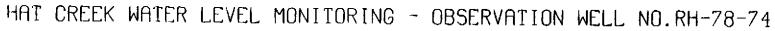


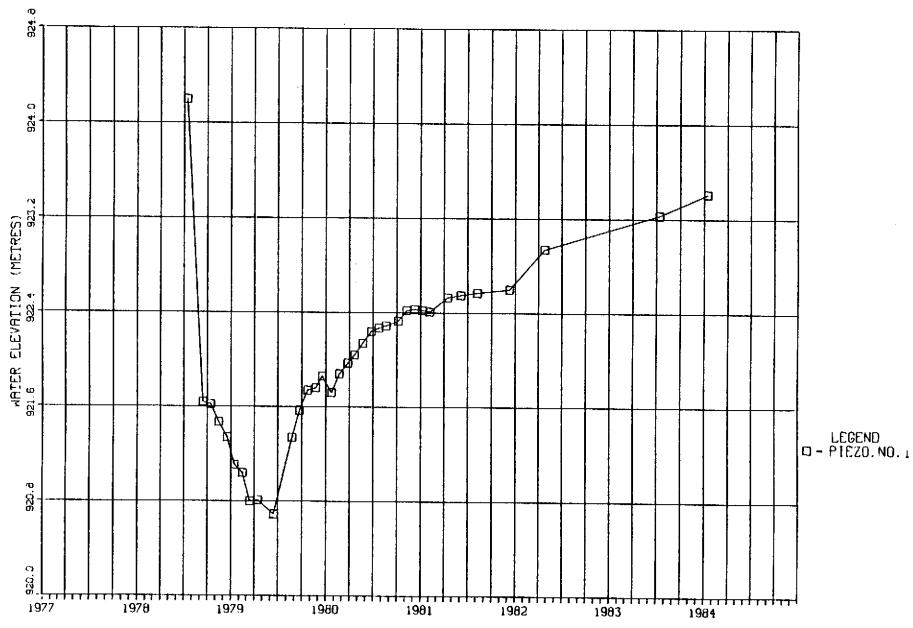
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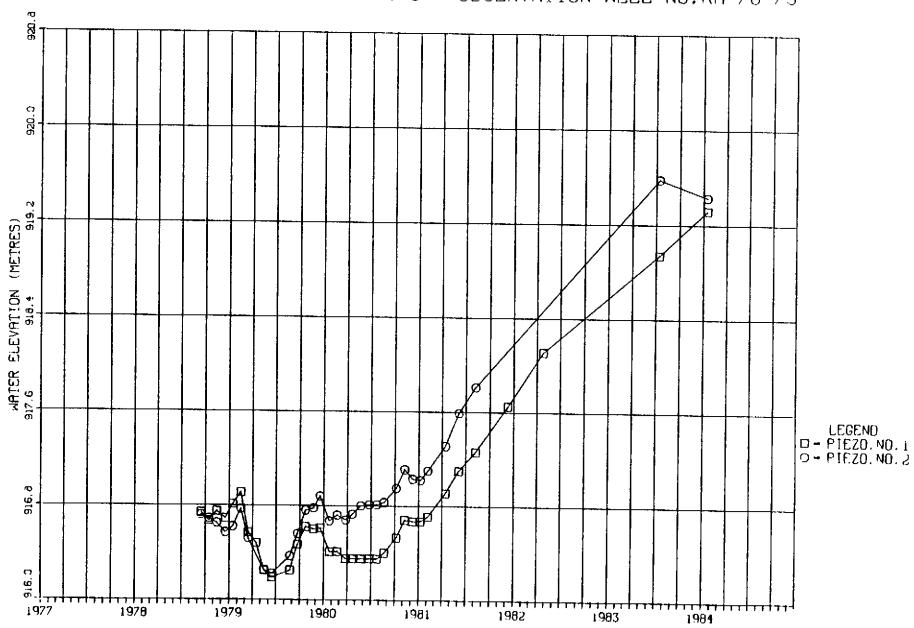
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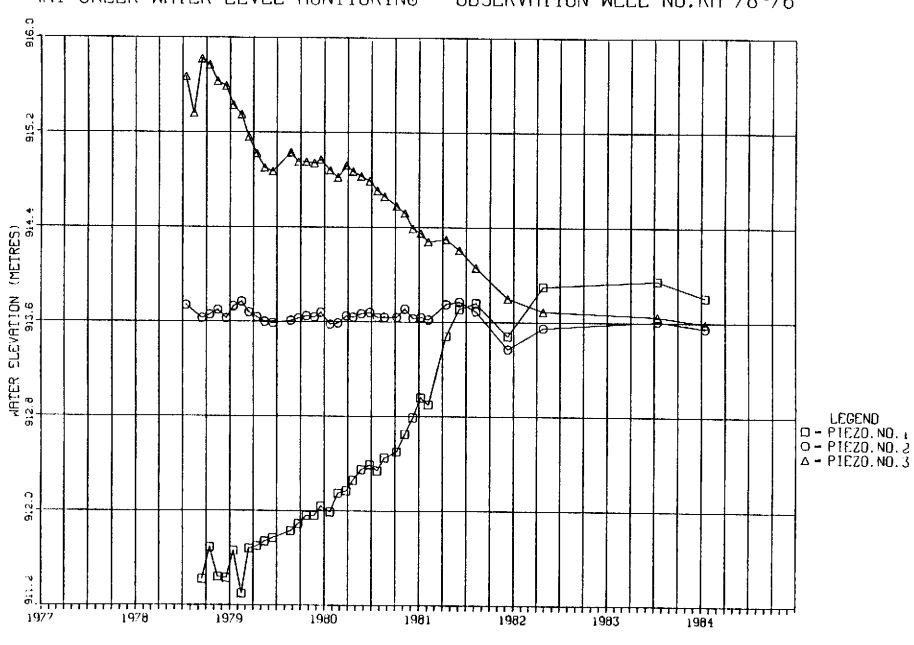
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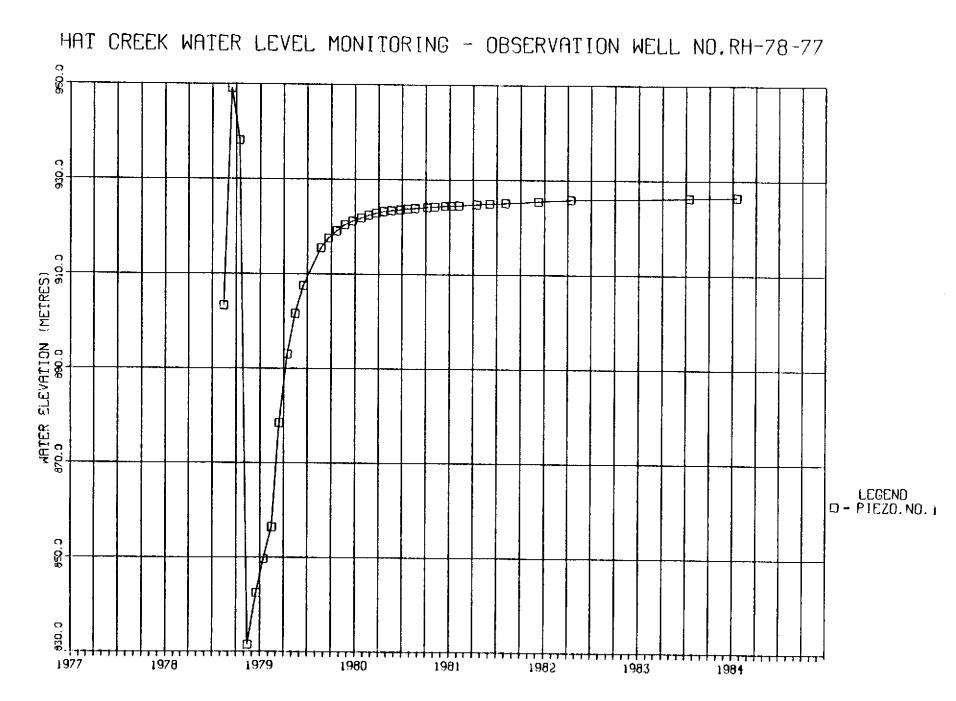
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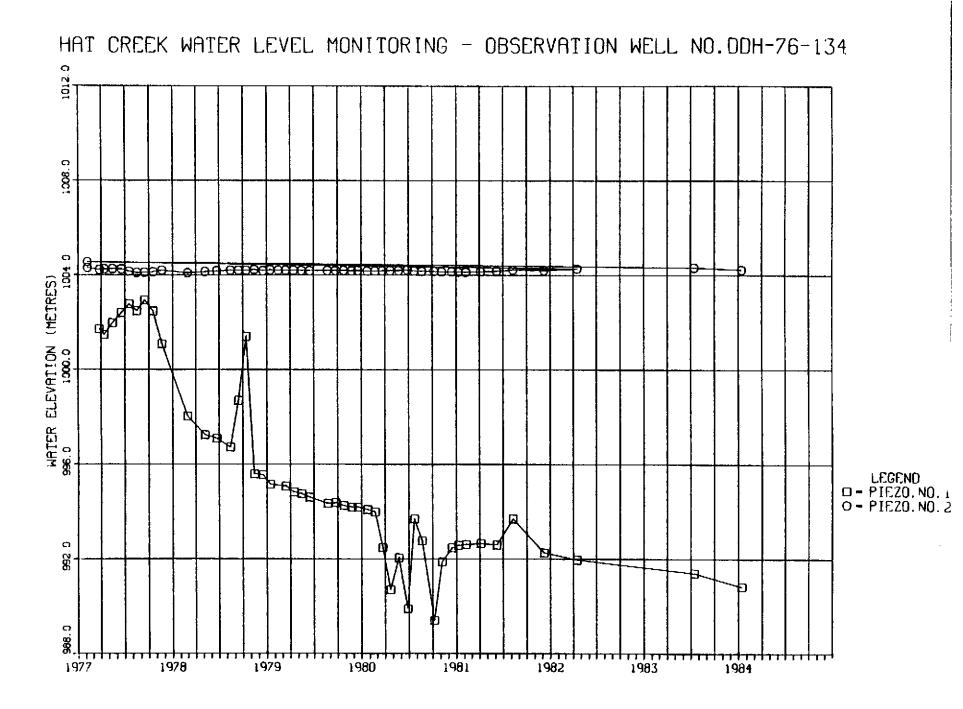
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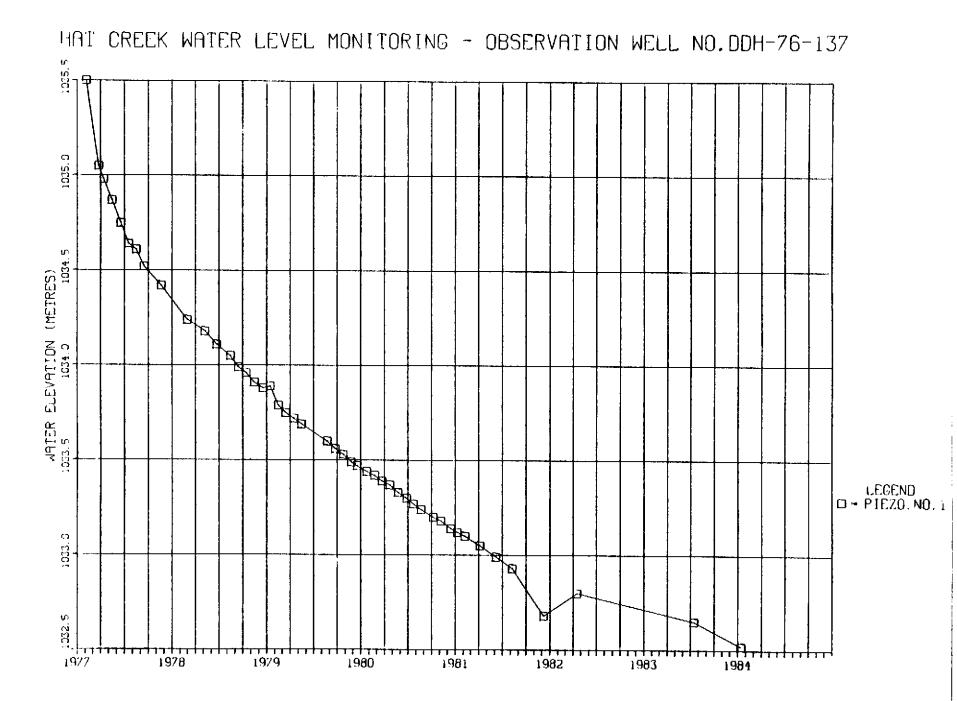
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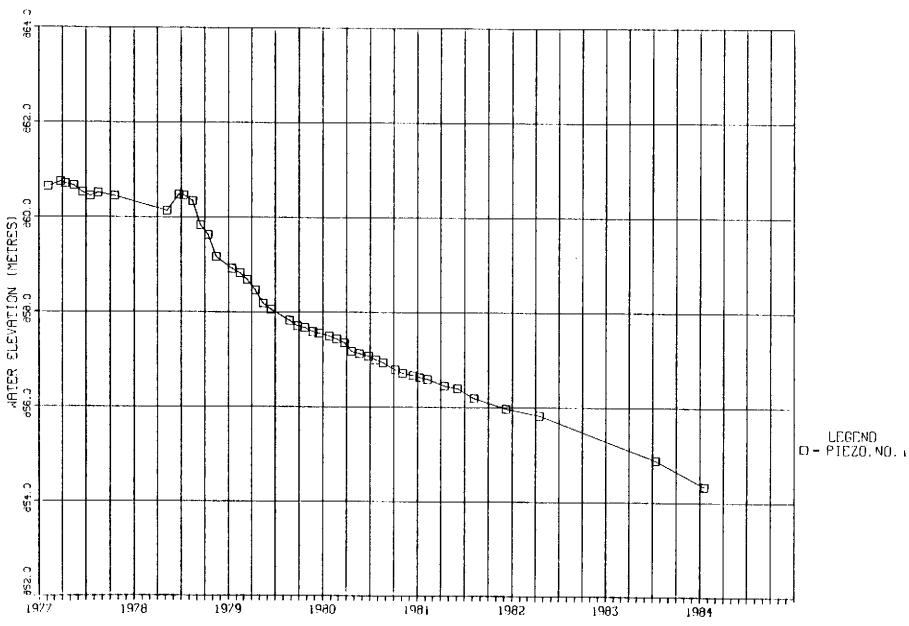
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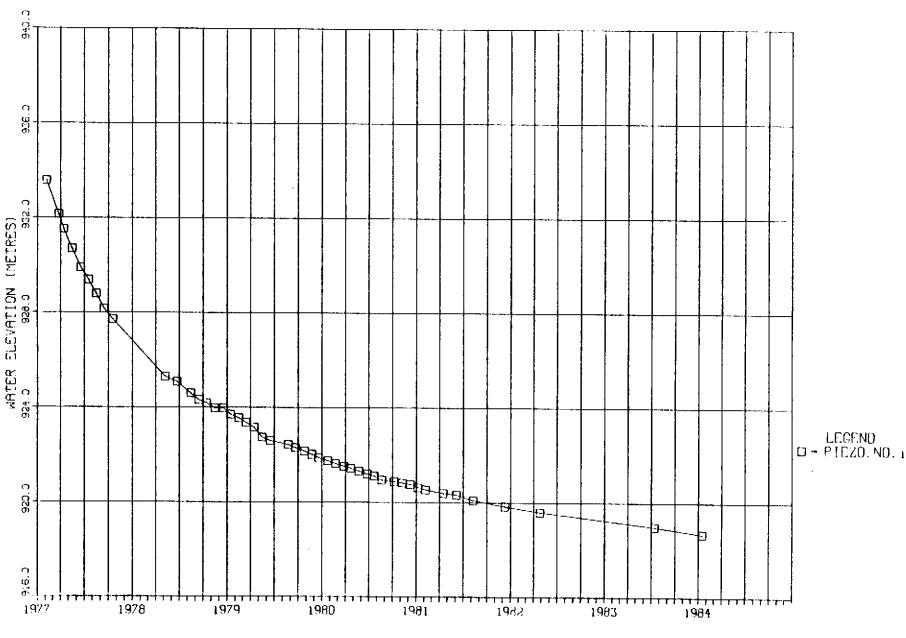


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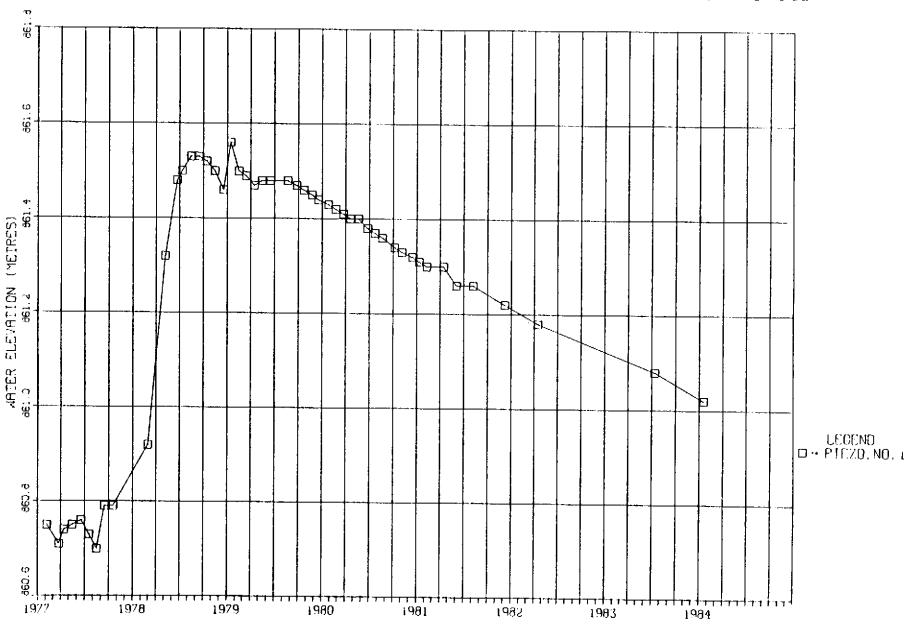


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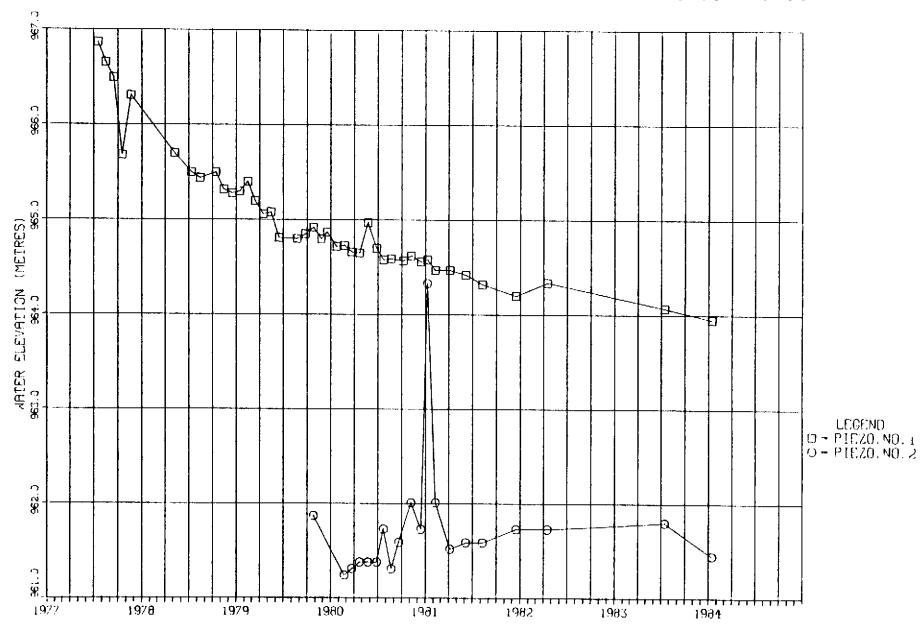
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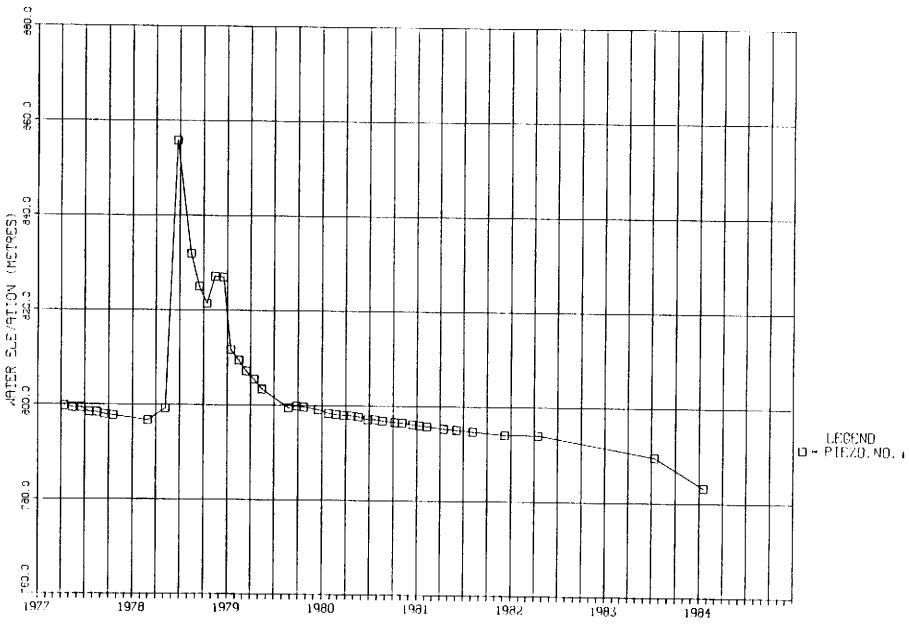
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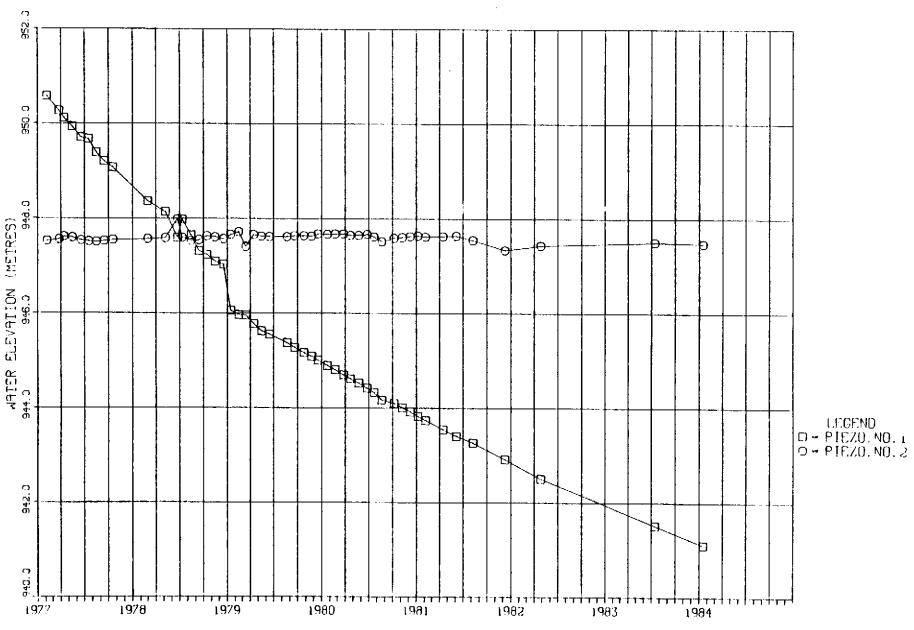
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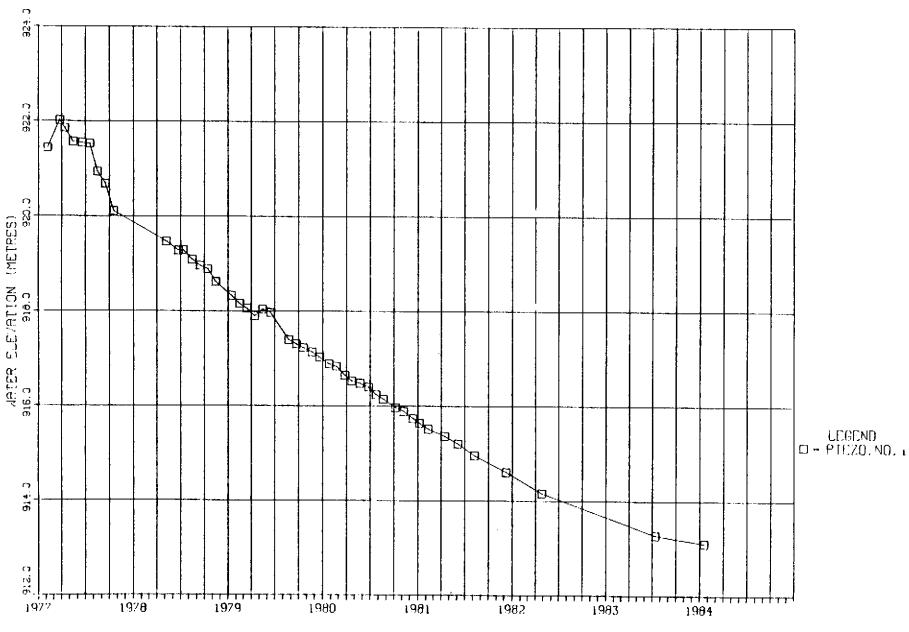
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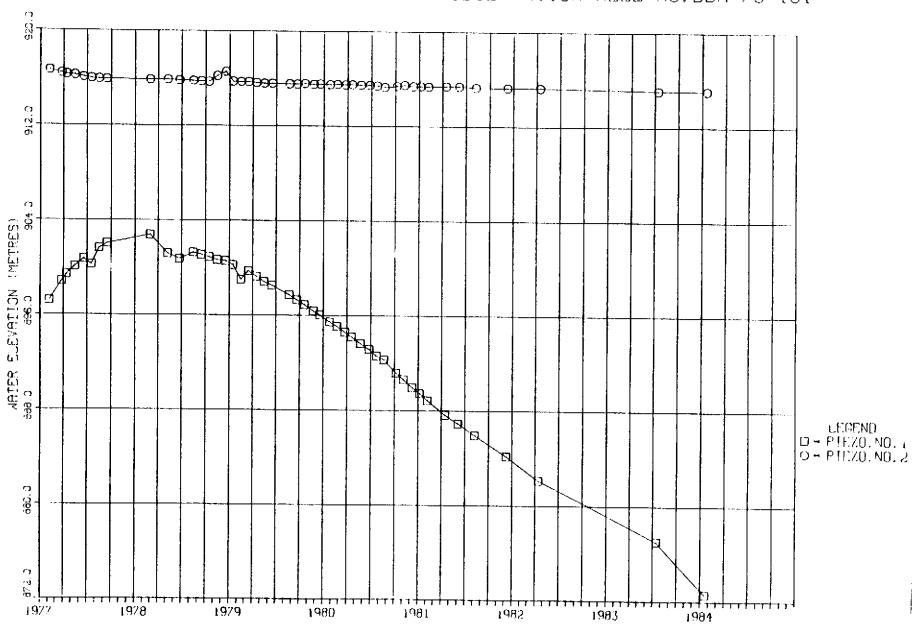
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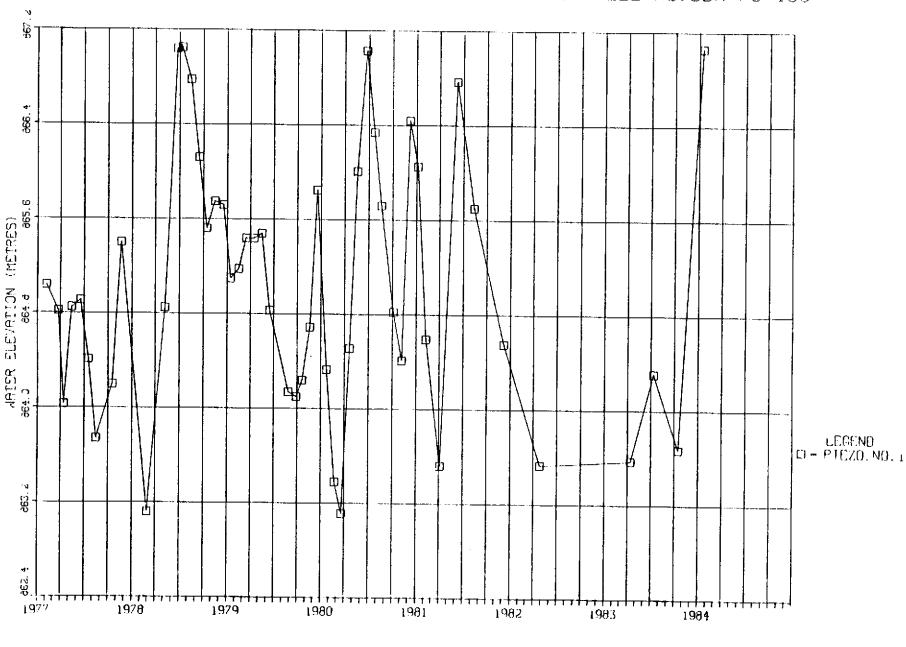
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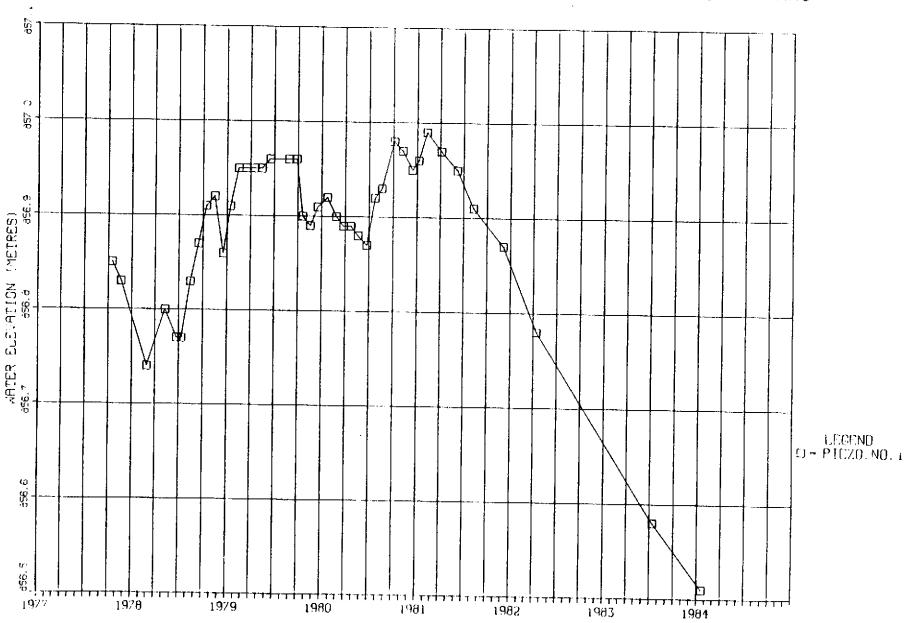
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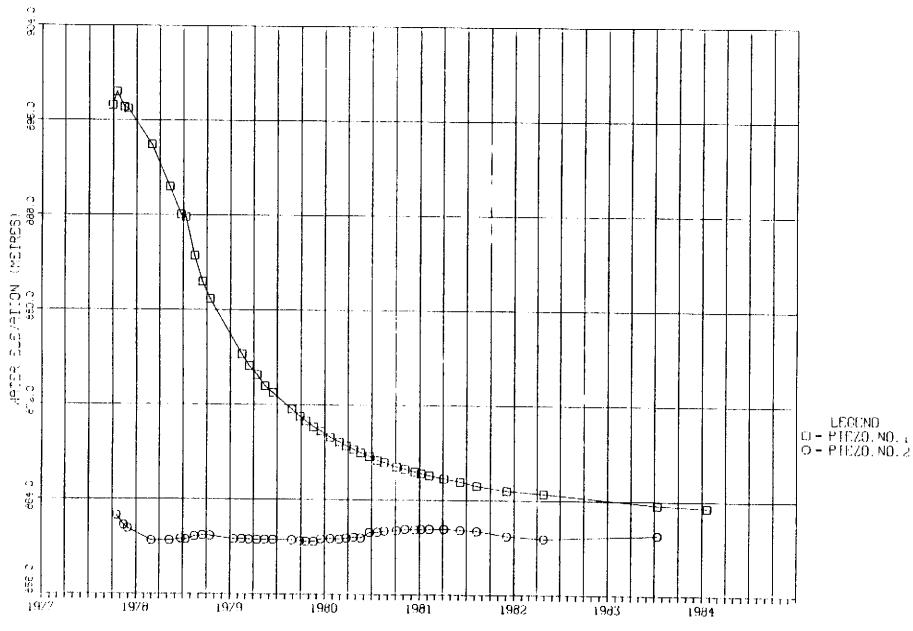
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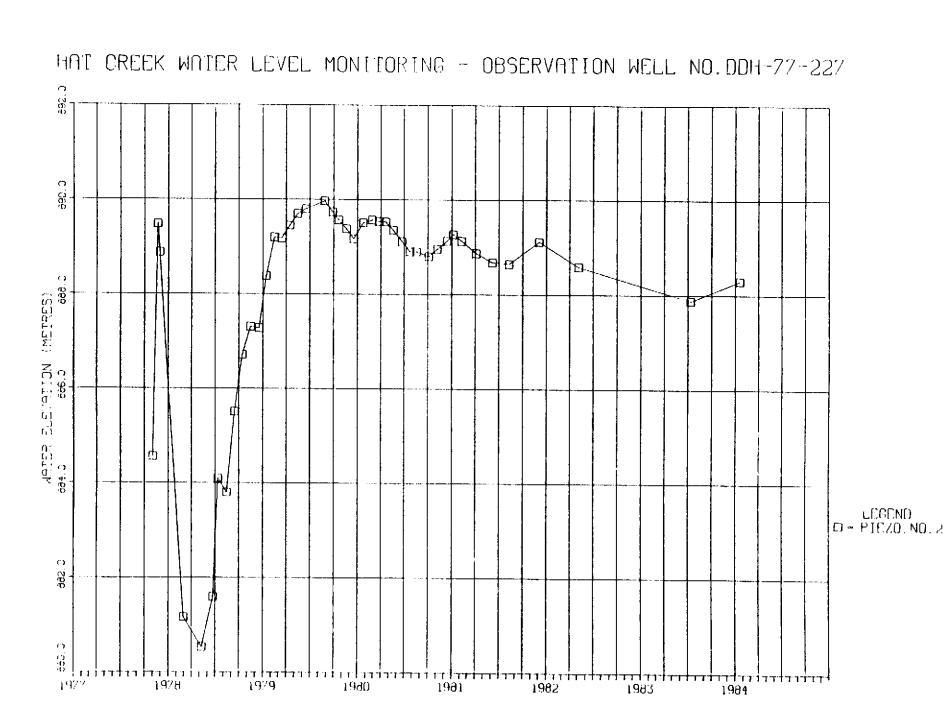
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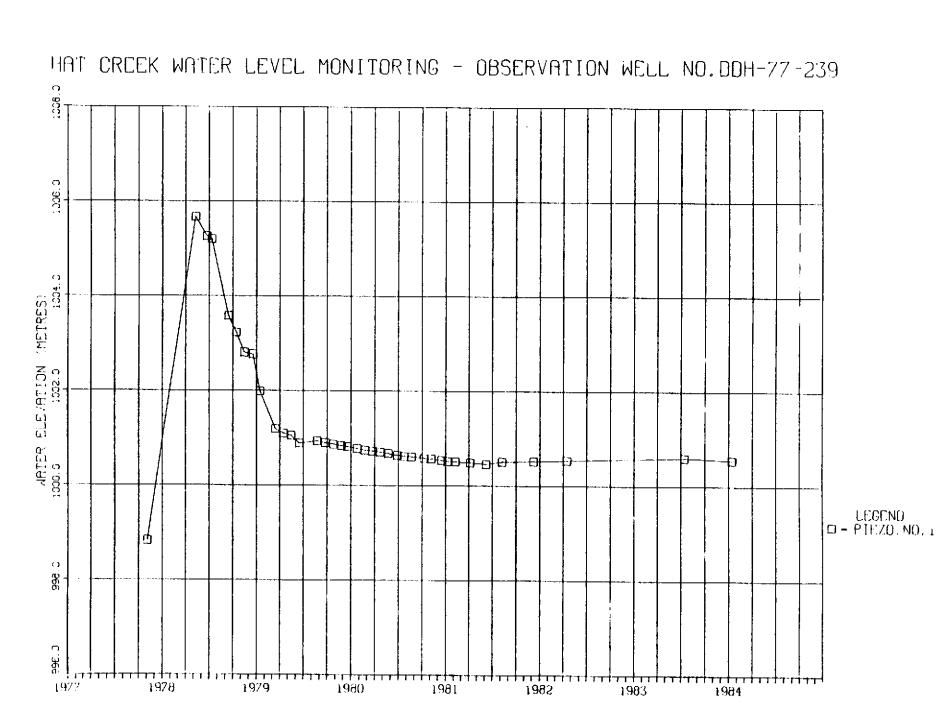
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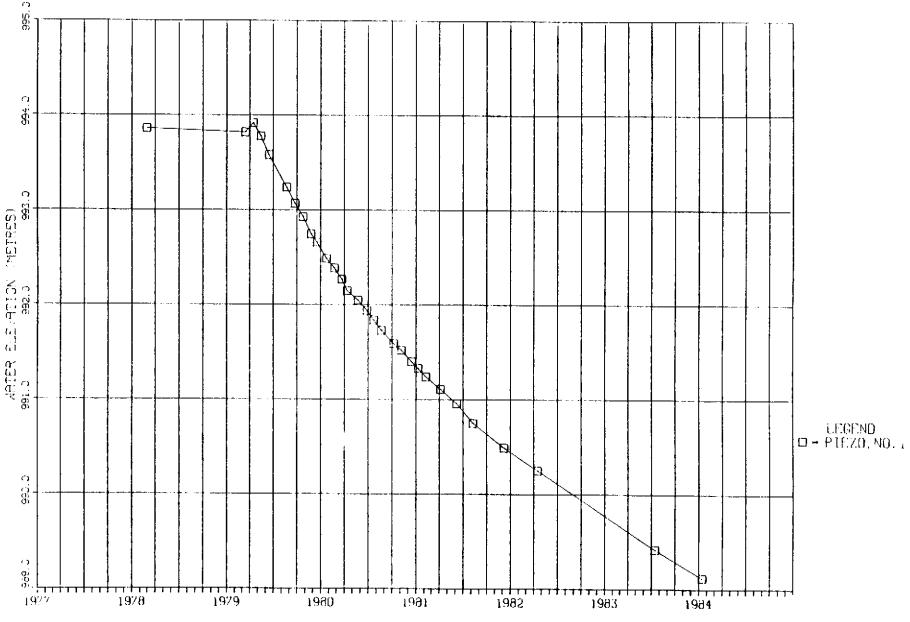
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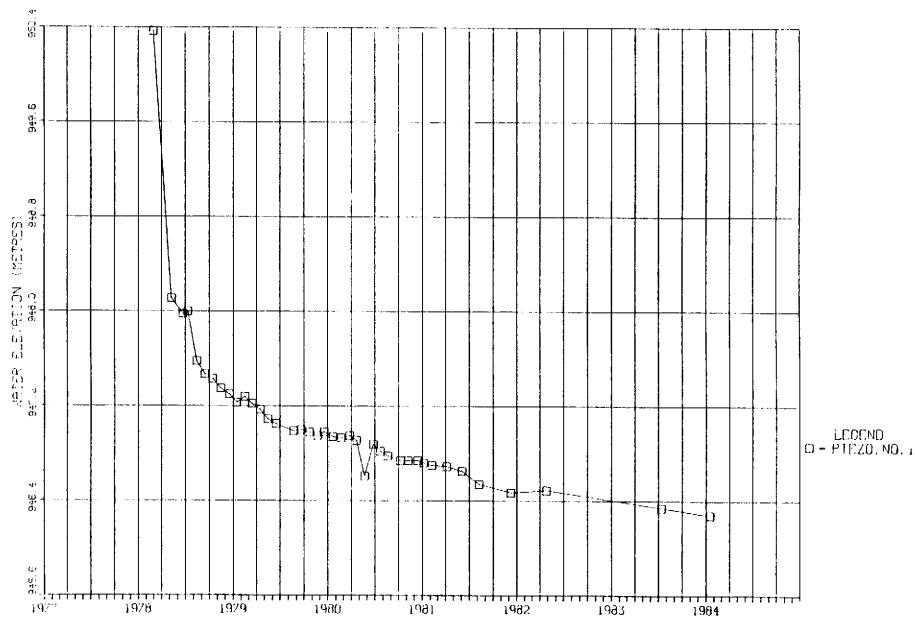
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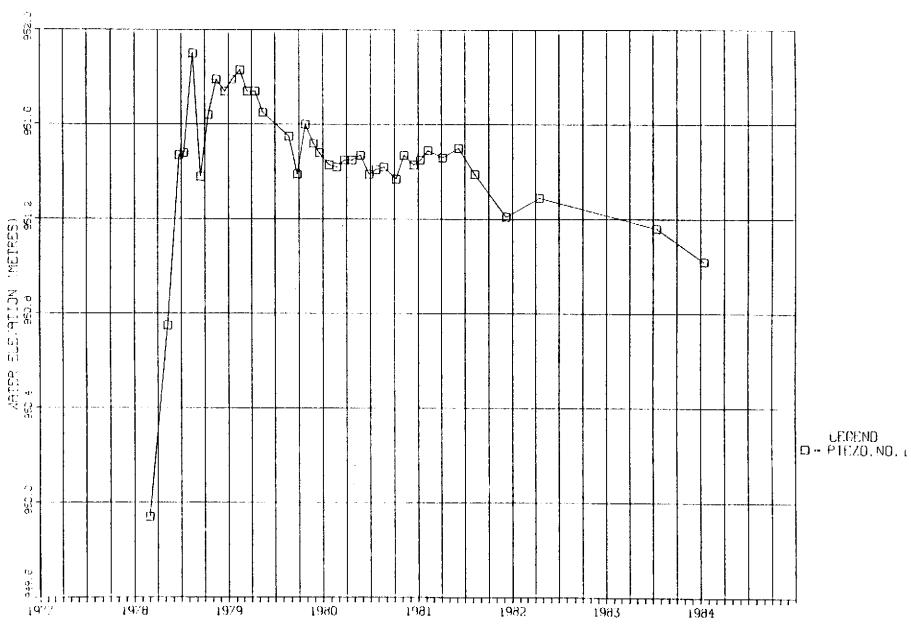




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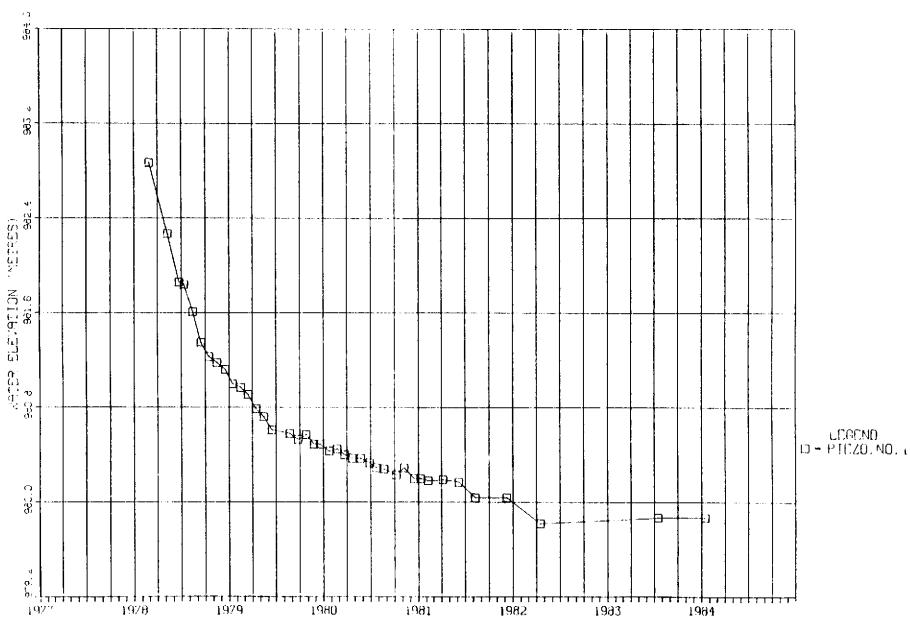
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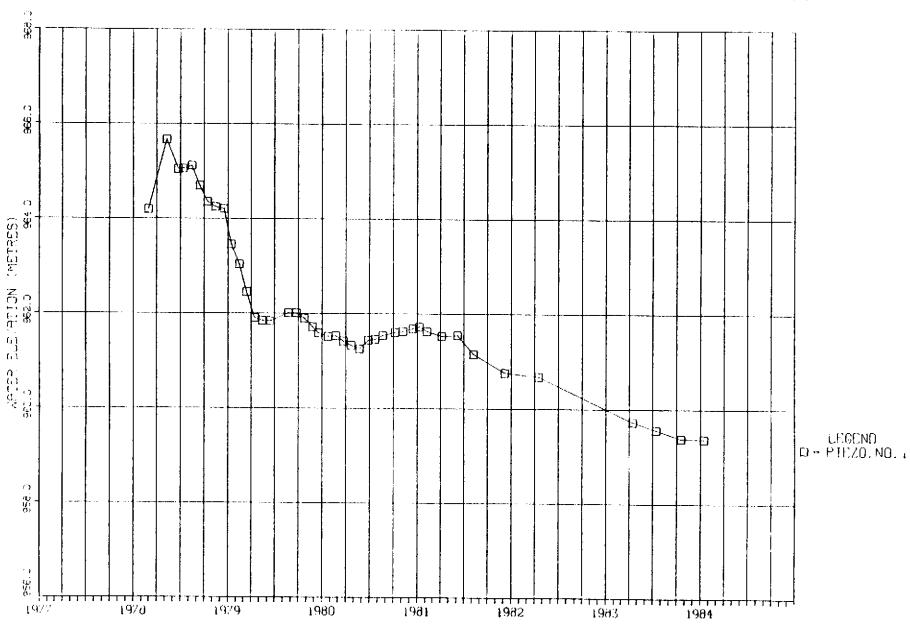
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1.5. Fig. 8-85 10.83 - 856 10.40. - 300 1.5F 80 905 15.00.

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1978

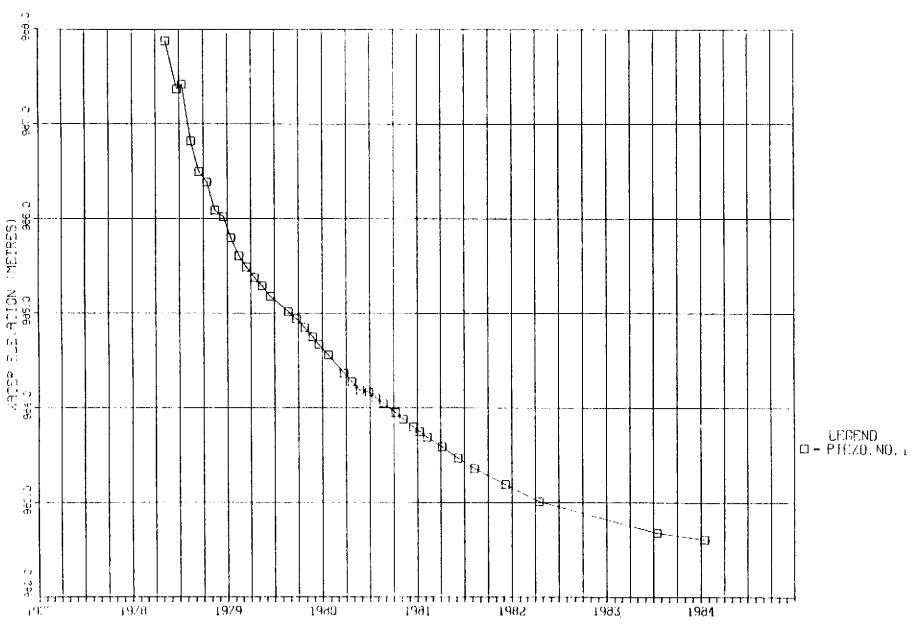
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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO. DDH-77-258

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1;

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1982

1983

1984

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-262



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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONETORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO. DDH-78-282 SLETATION (NETAES) LEGEND D = PIEZO.NO.1 O = PIEZO.NO.7

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-290 G TE CHEFORE OF THE OF <u>|</u>--100 B. 8.00 B. 0.00 B. LECEND D - PTEZO, NO. L O-PIEZO, NO. 2 9 A De Objeto e de de de

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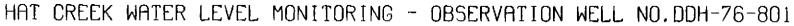
1979

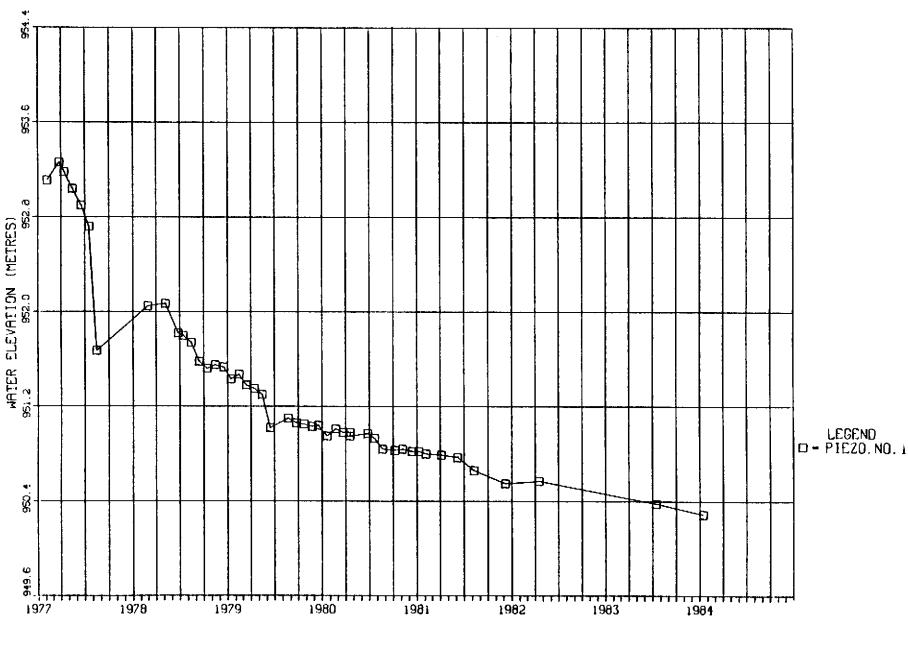
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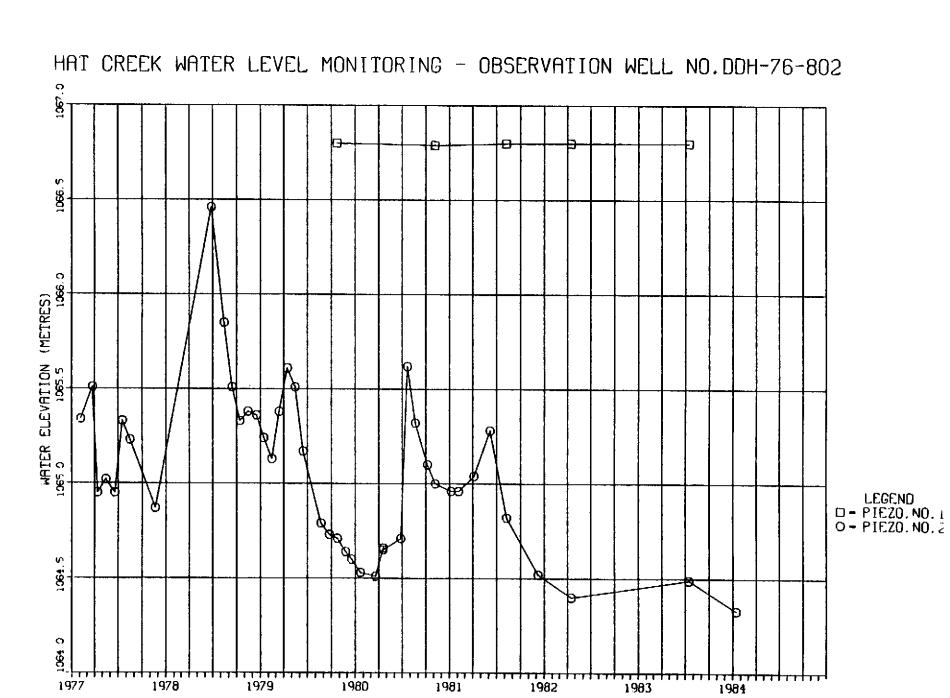
1981

1982

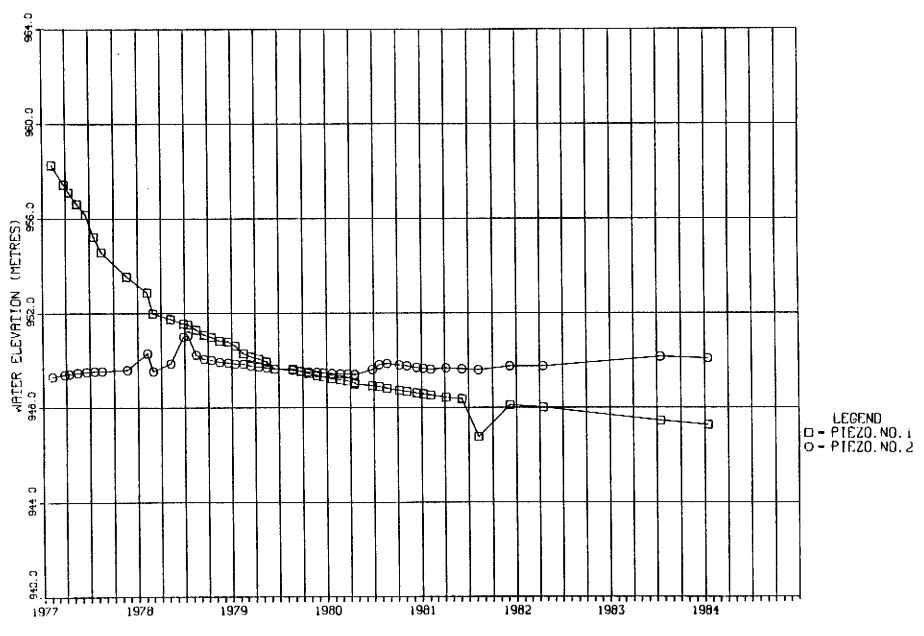
1983

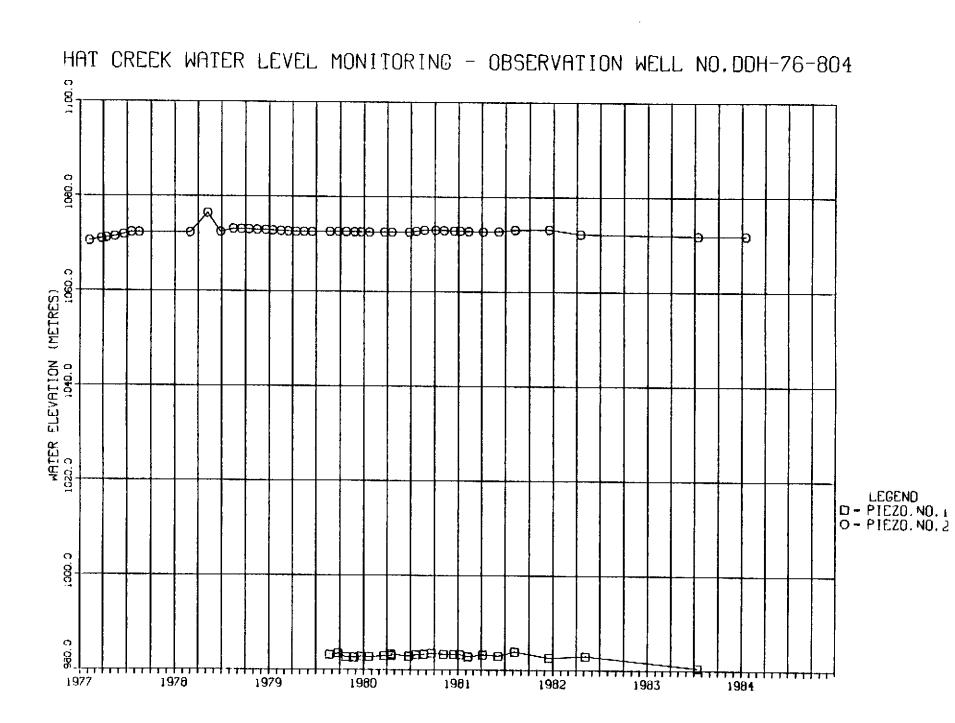




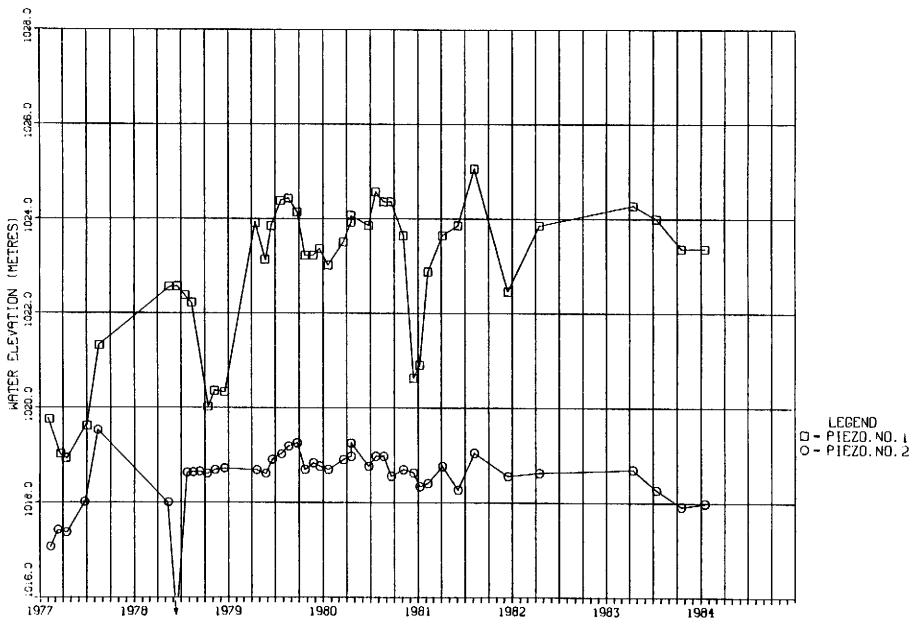


HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-76-803





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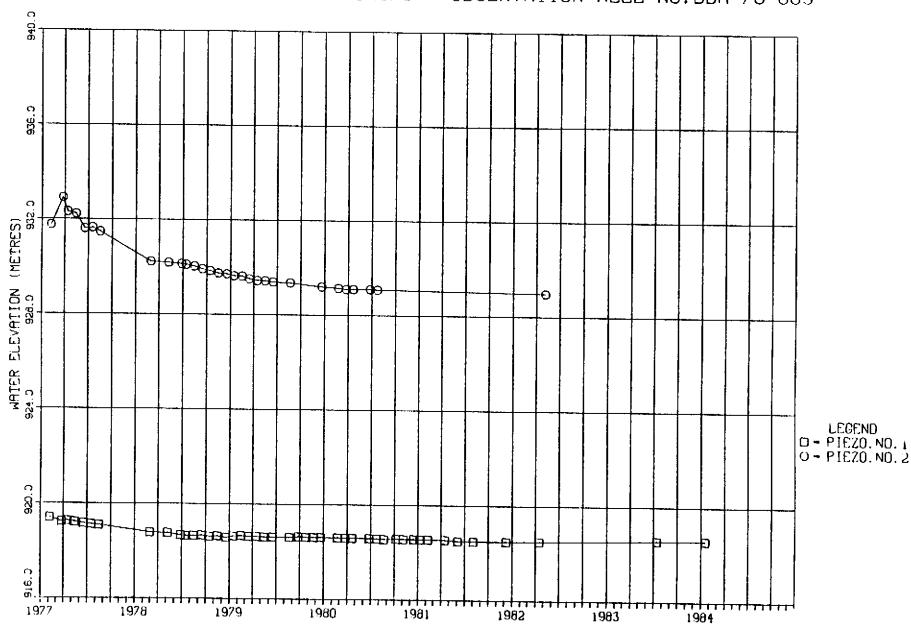


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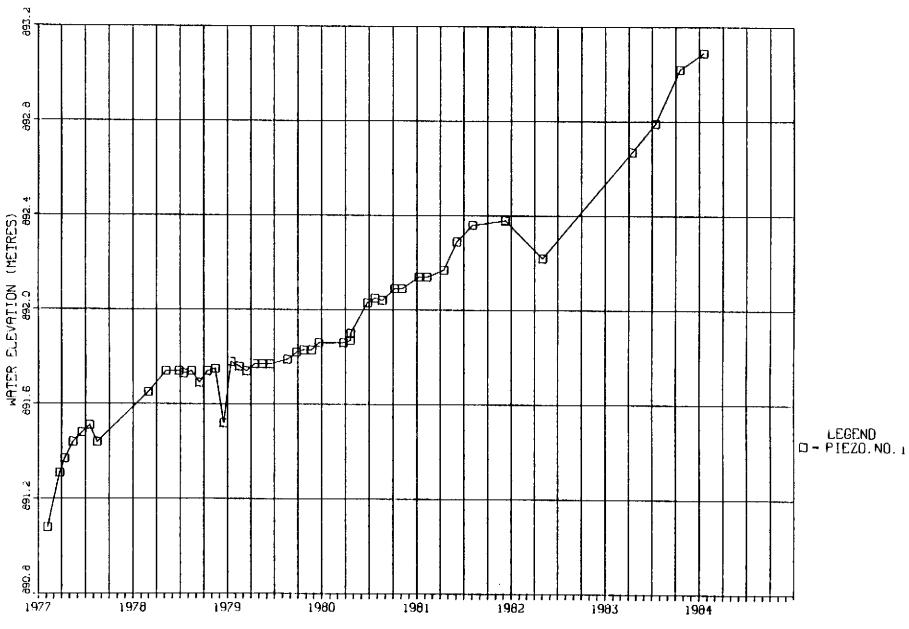
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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-76-807

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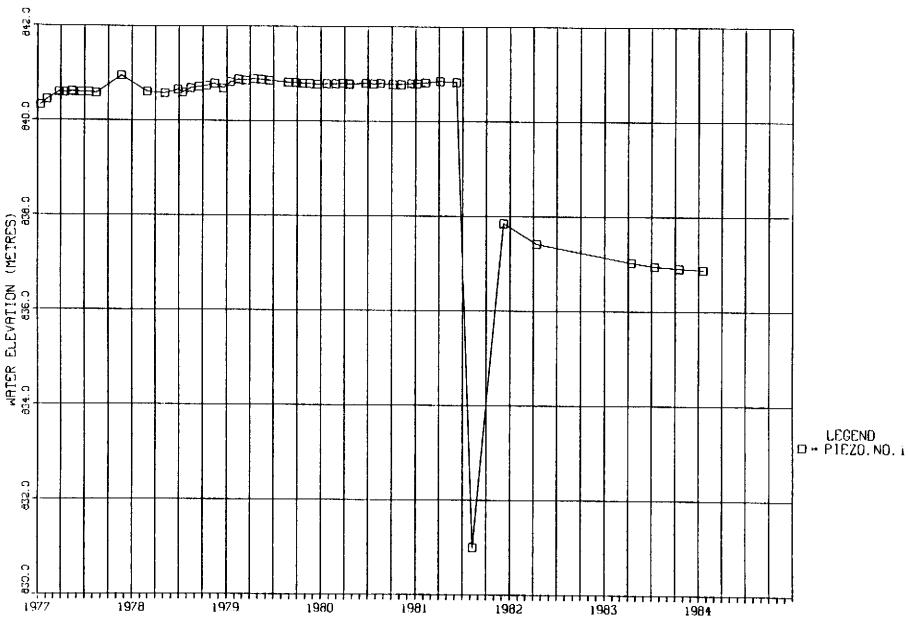


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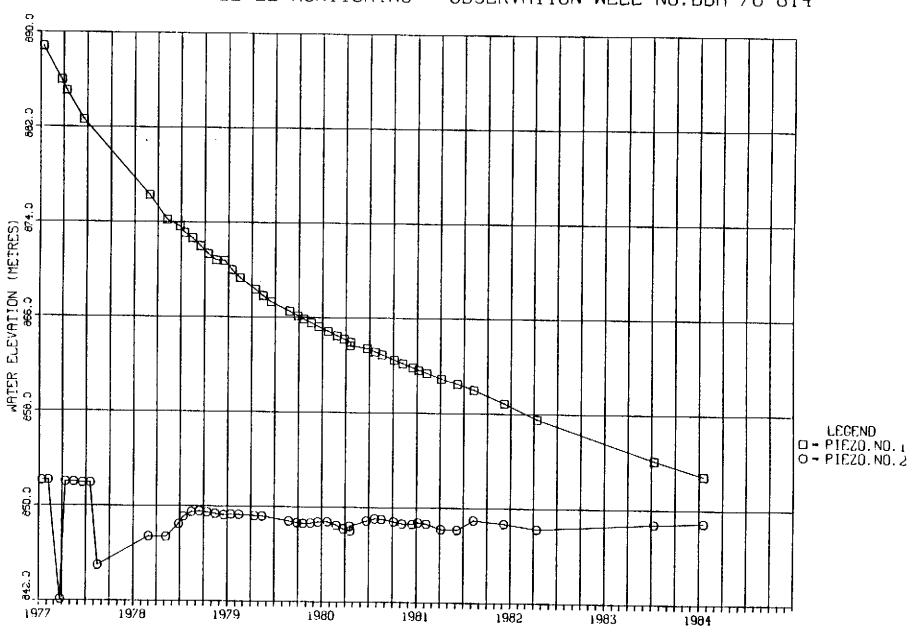


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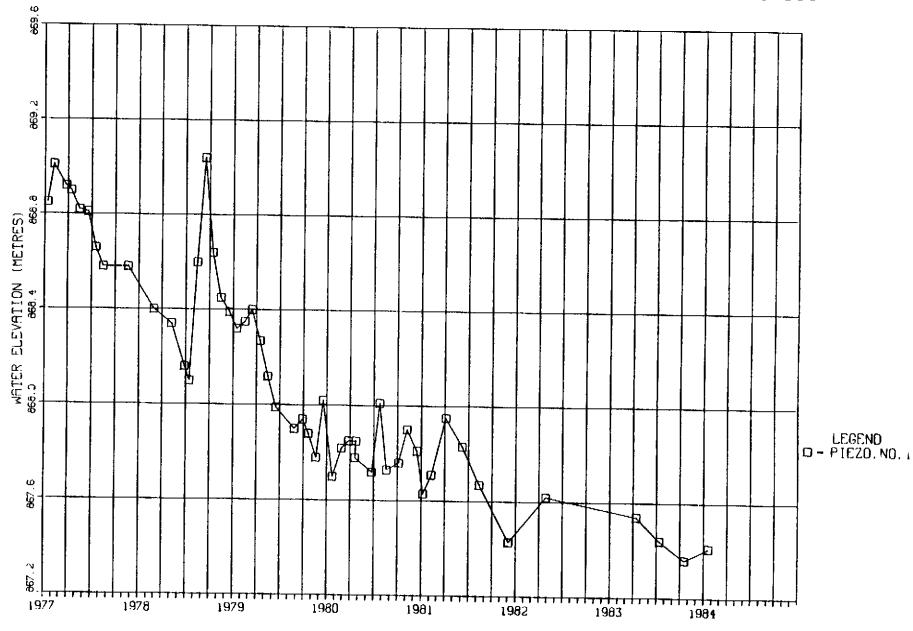
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108+1/ROHII BCS - EKS DISSPLA VER B.

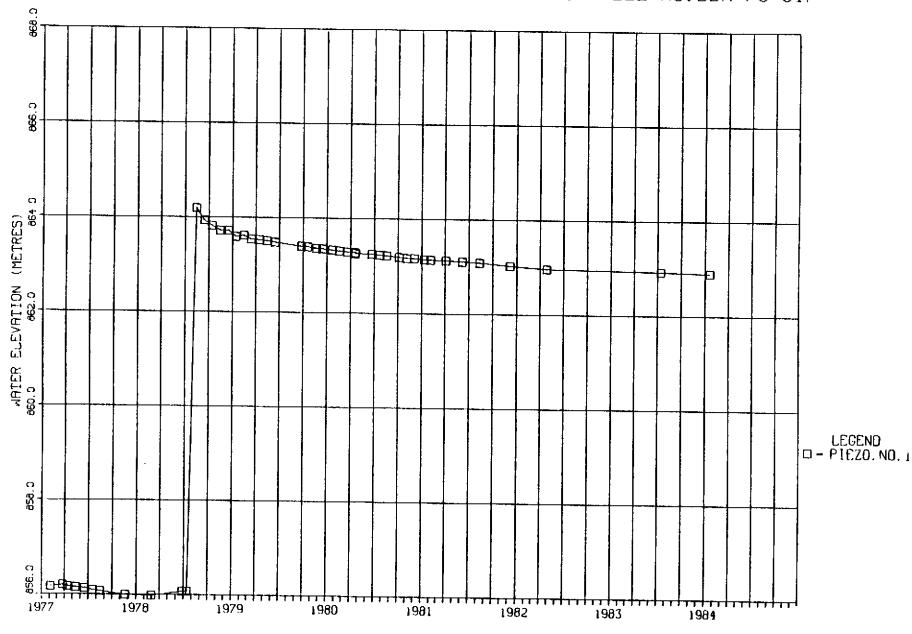
30 MED 26 HAR, 1984 DB

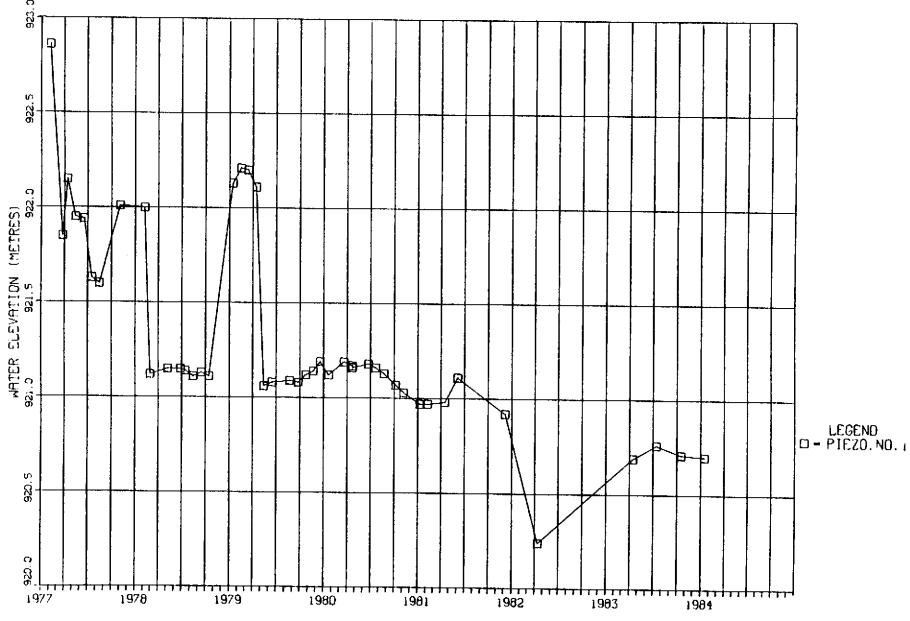
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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-76-816

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-76-817





1979

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-76-821 WATER ELEVATION (METRES) LECEND D = PIEZO.NO.1

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-829 WATER ELEVATION (METRES) LEGEND D - P1620.NO. 1 O C 7 1977

1982 1983 1984

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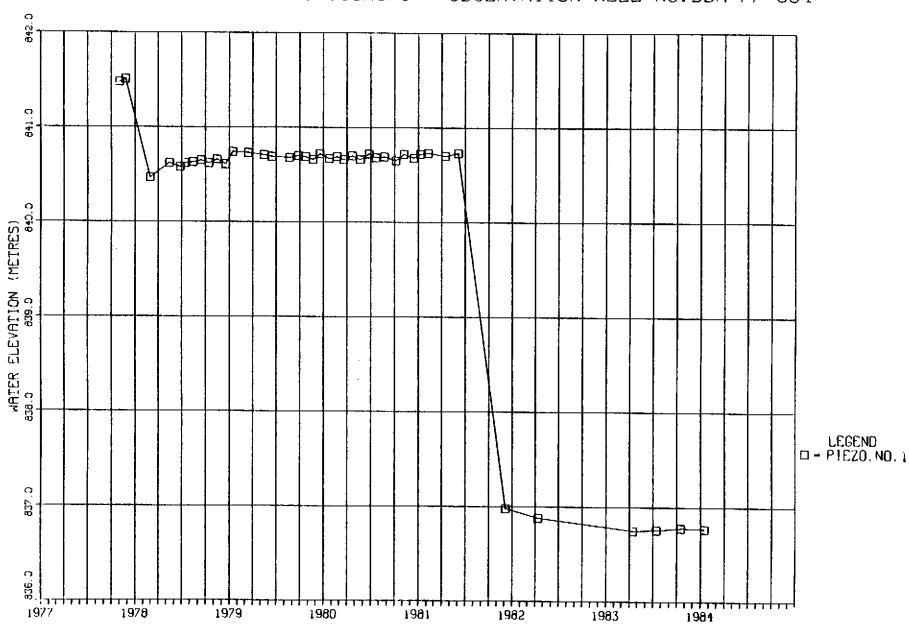
1980

HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-831 WATER ELEVATION (METRES) LEGEND - PIEZO, NO. 1

<del>111111111111</del> 1984

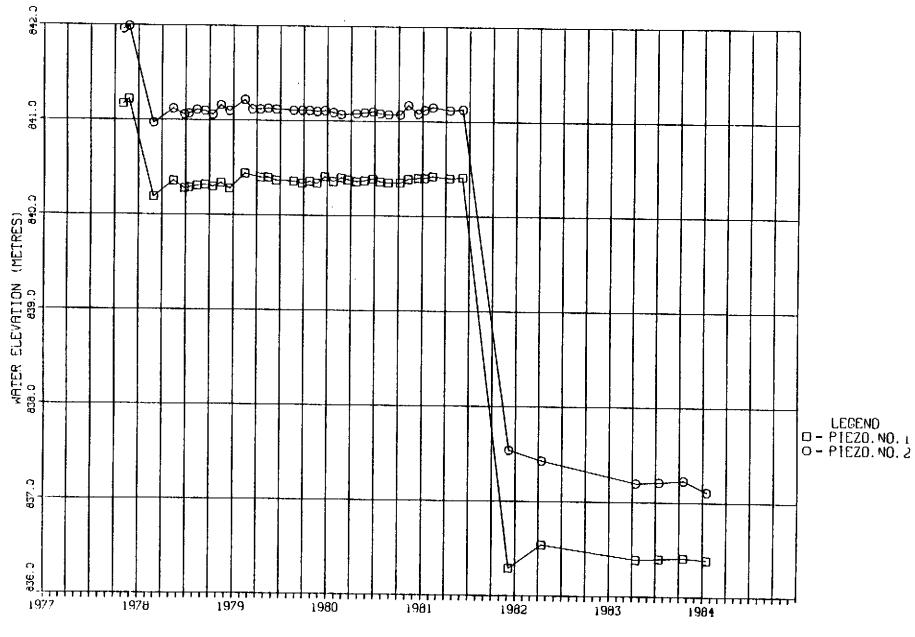
J. 4 MED 28 MPR. 1984 IDB-LVROLT BOS - EKS DISSPLA VER 8.2

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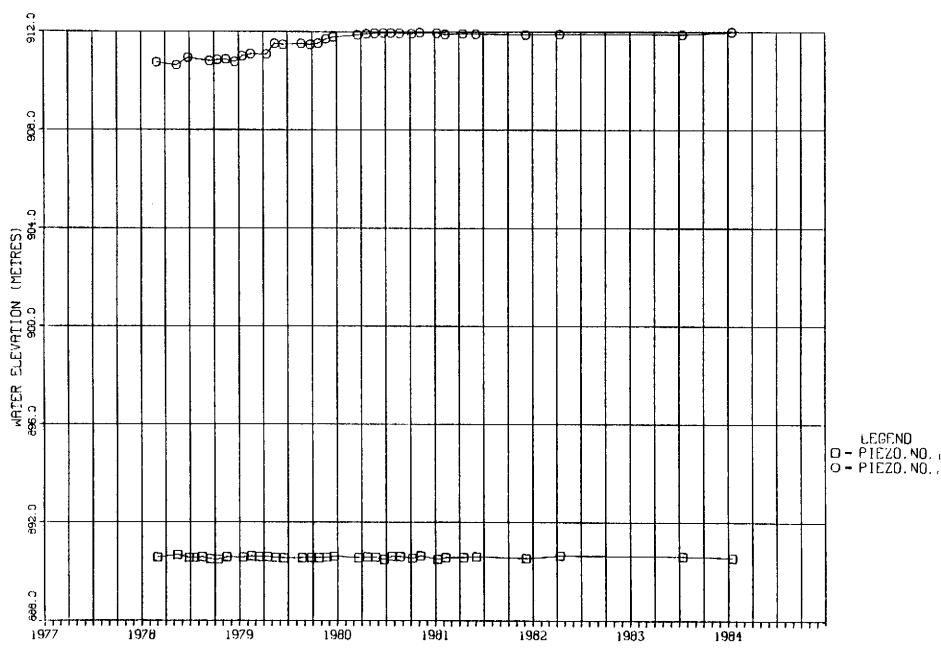


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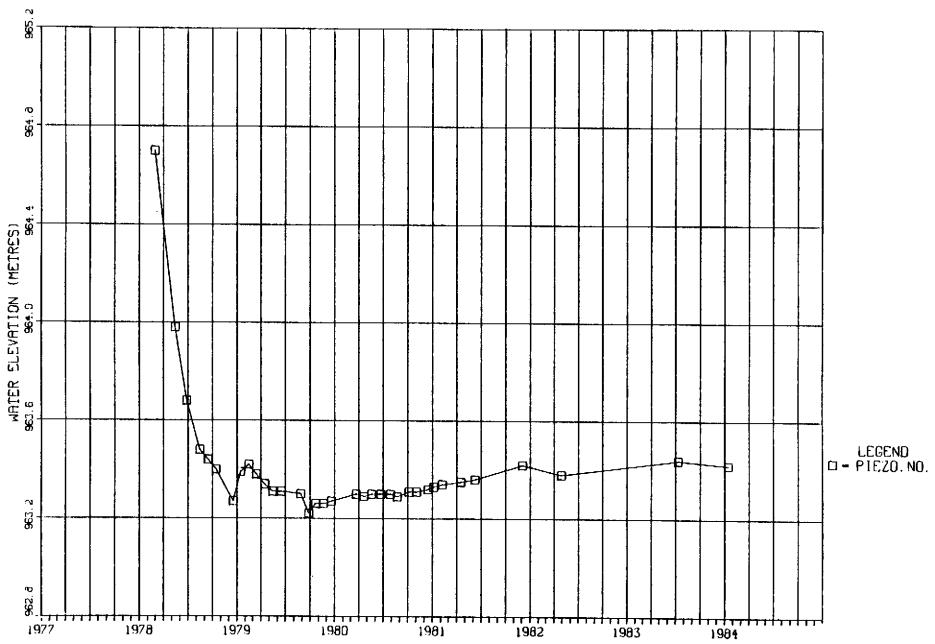
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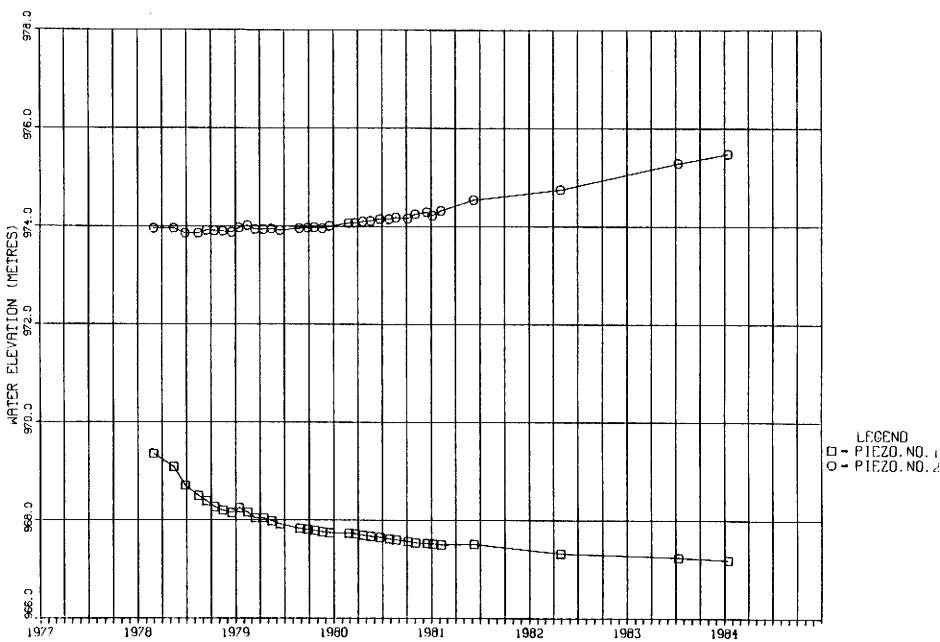
HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-837



HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-838



HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-839

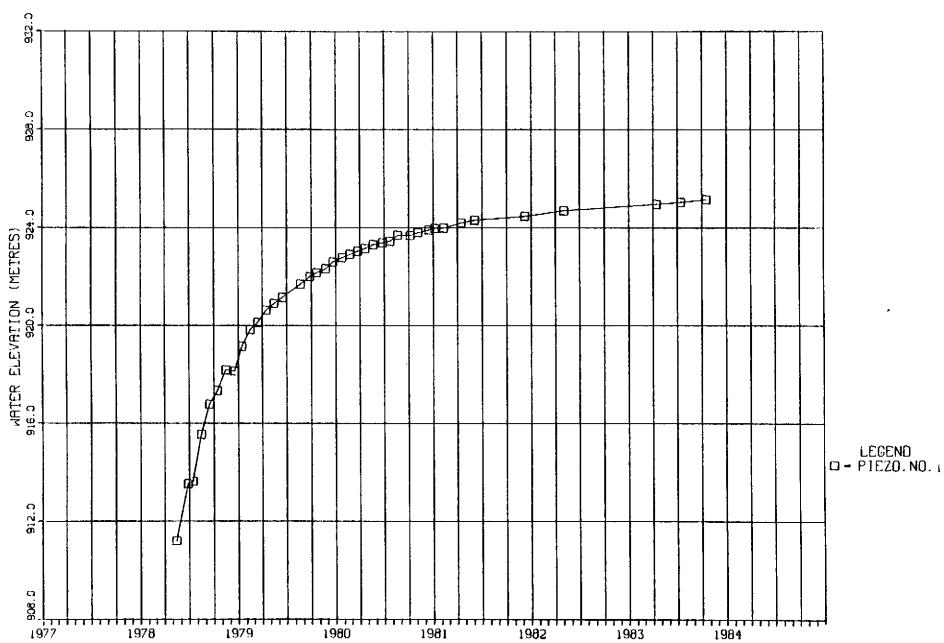


HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-840 WHIER ELEVATION (METRES) LEGEND D = PIEZO.NO. 1 O = PIEZO.NO. 2

1979 1980 1981 1982 1983

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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-842



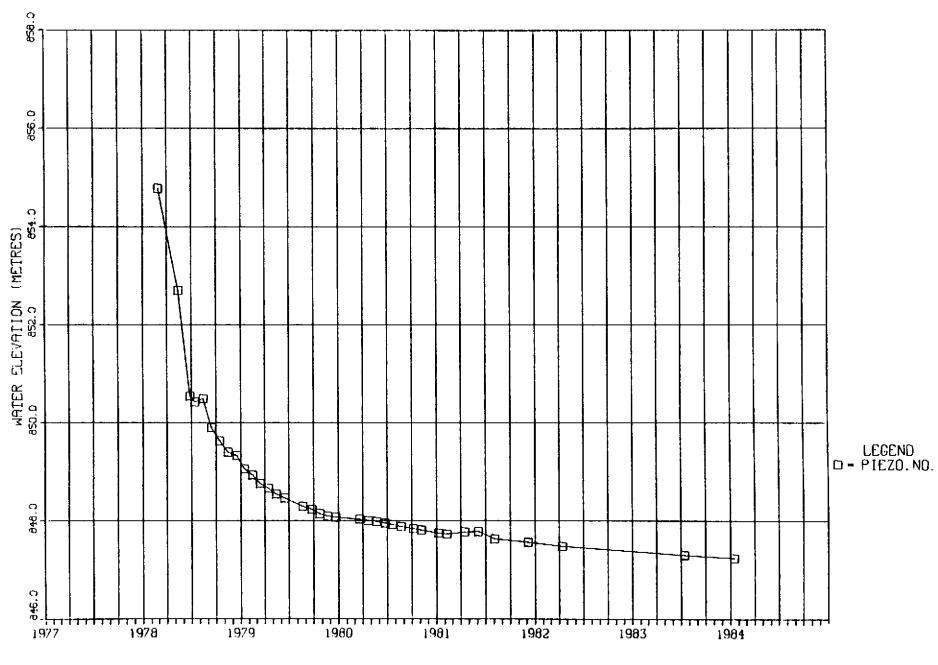
HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-77-846 872.4 WATER ELEVATION (METRES) 868.4 869.4 870.4 LEGEND D = P1620, NO. 1 4. 798 1977

<del>11111</del> 1981

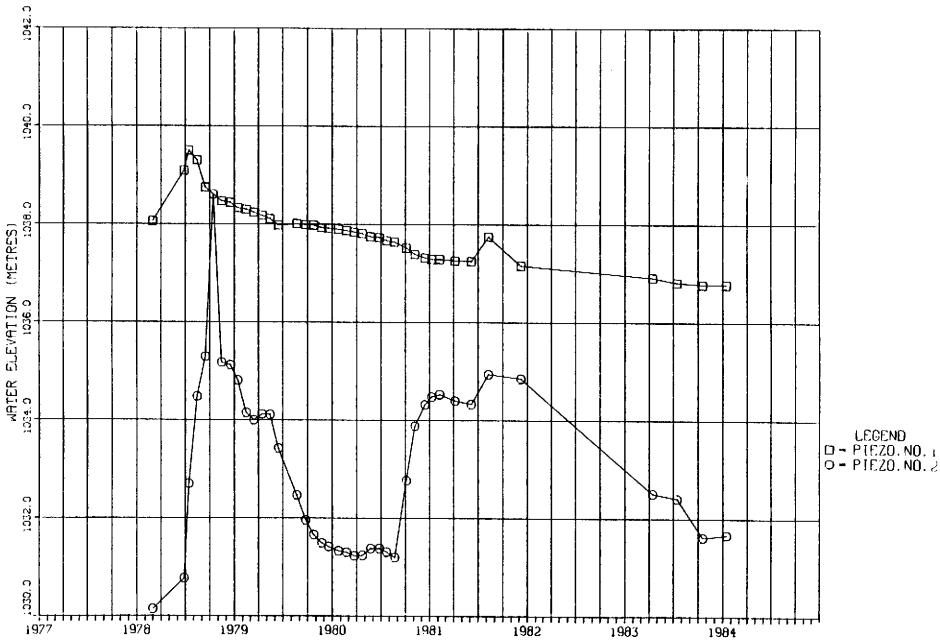
1980

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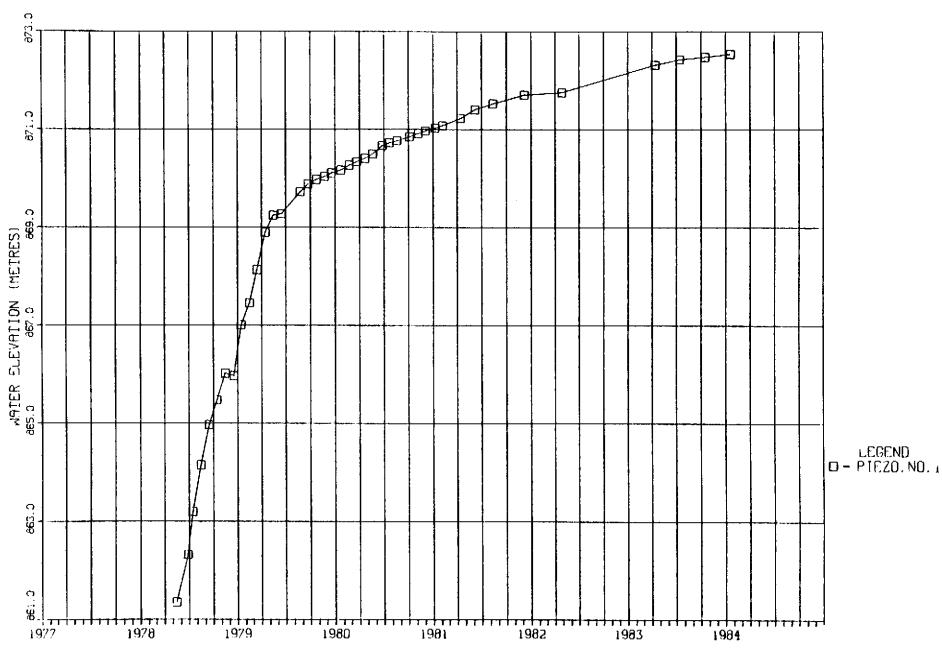
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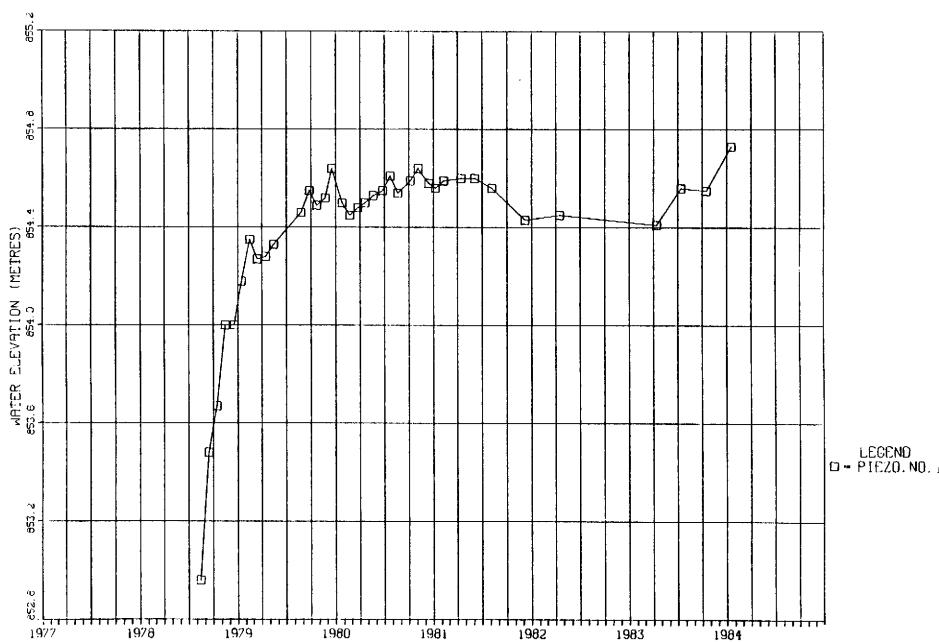
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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-853

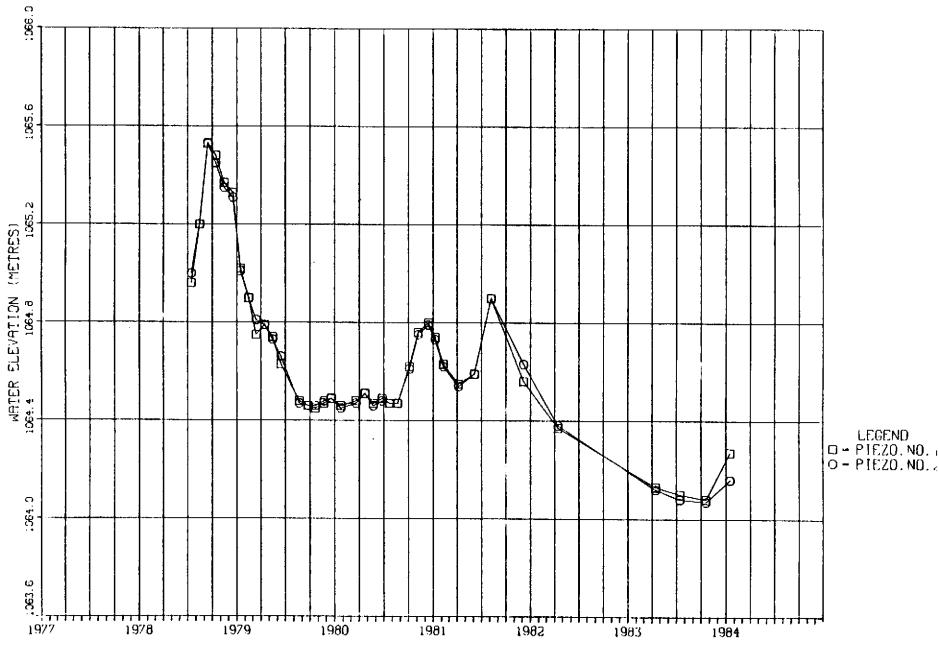


HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-855



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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-857



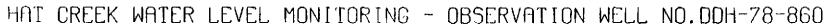
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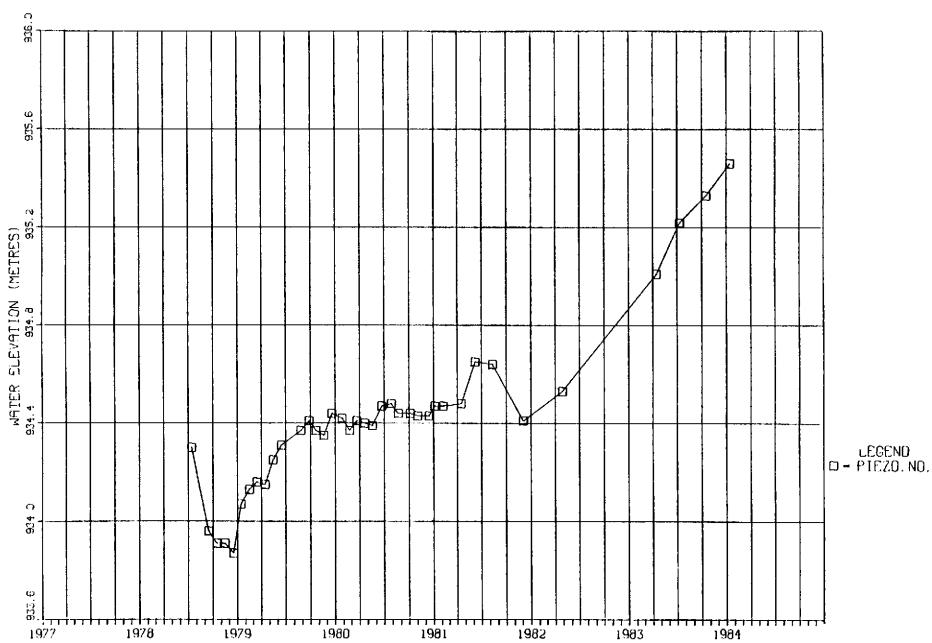
- PIEZO.NO. L

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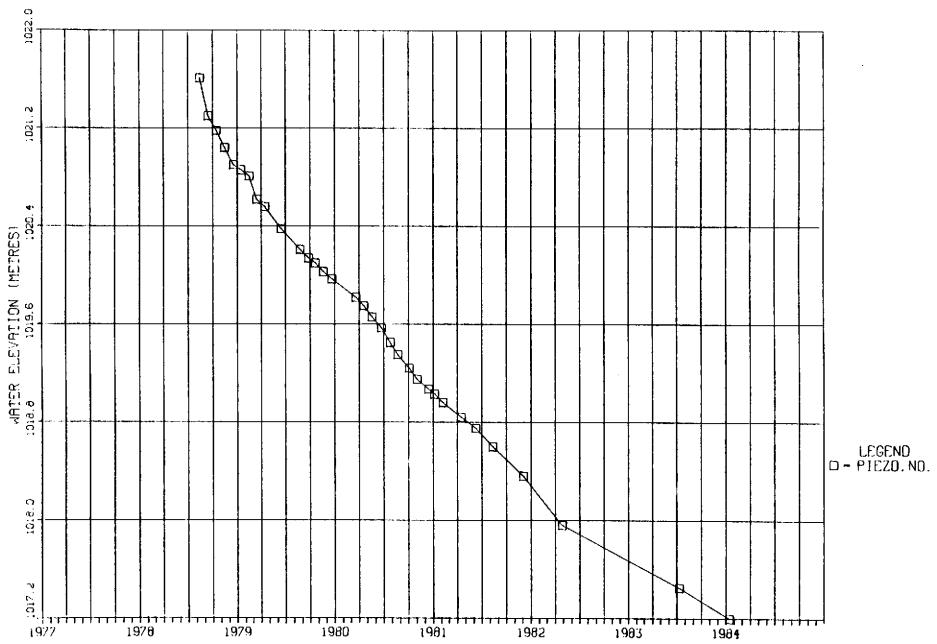
<del>וולרד</del> 1981

1977

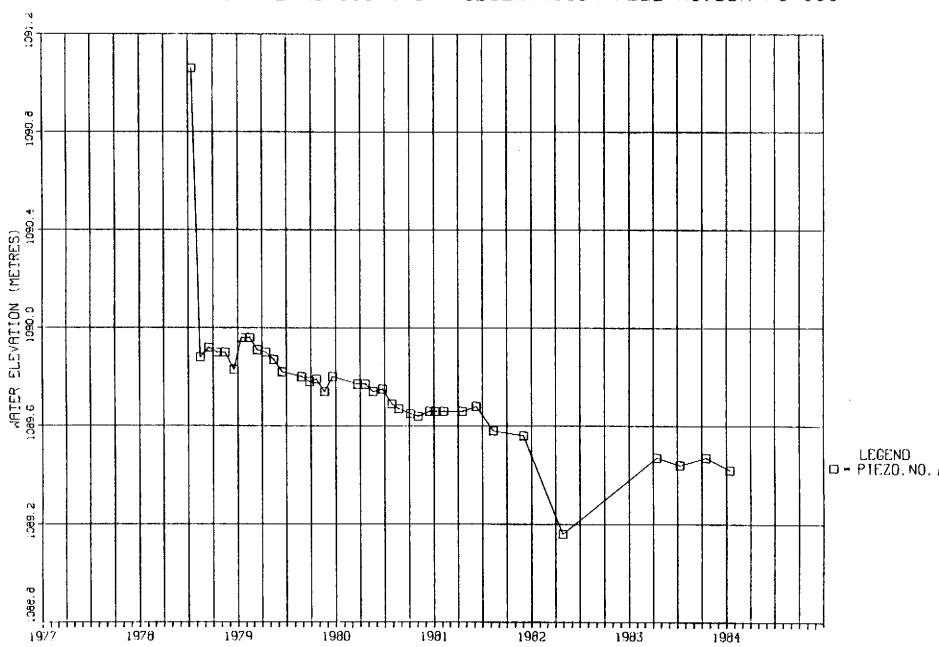




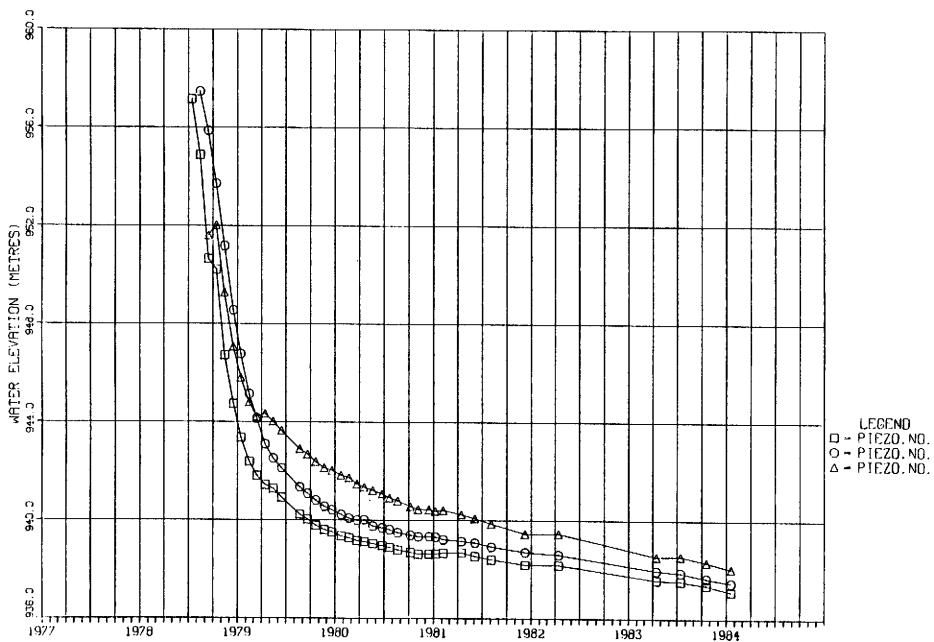
HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-862

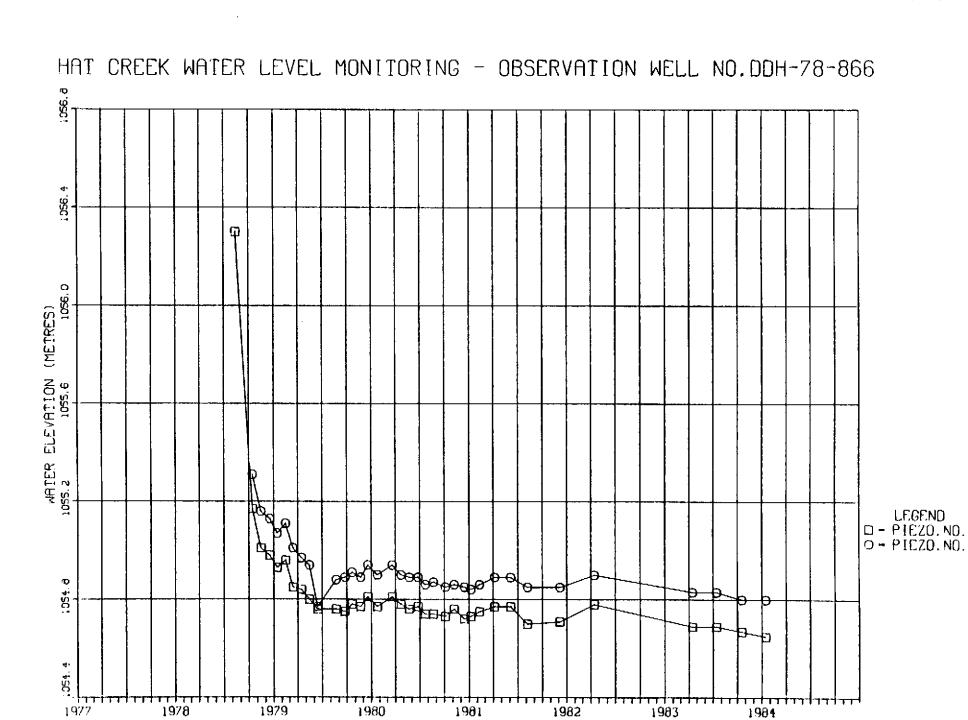


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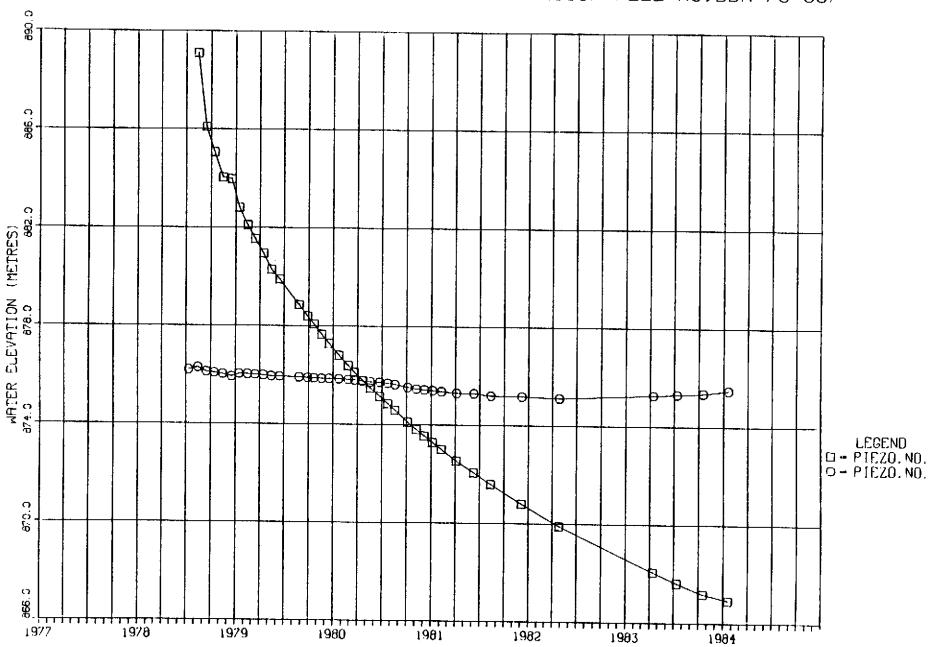


HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-865





HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-867



HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-868 SLEVATION (METRES) 1076.0 1080.0 屈 LEGEND D - PTEZO.NO., O - PTEZO.NO., 1068.0 C

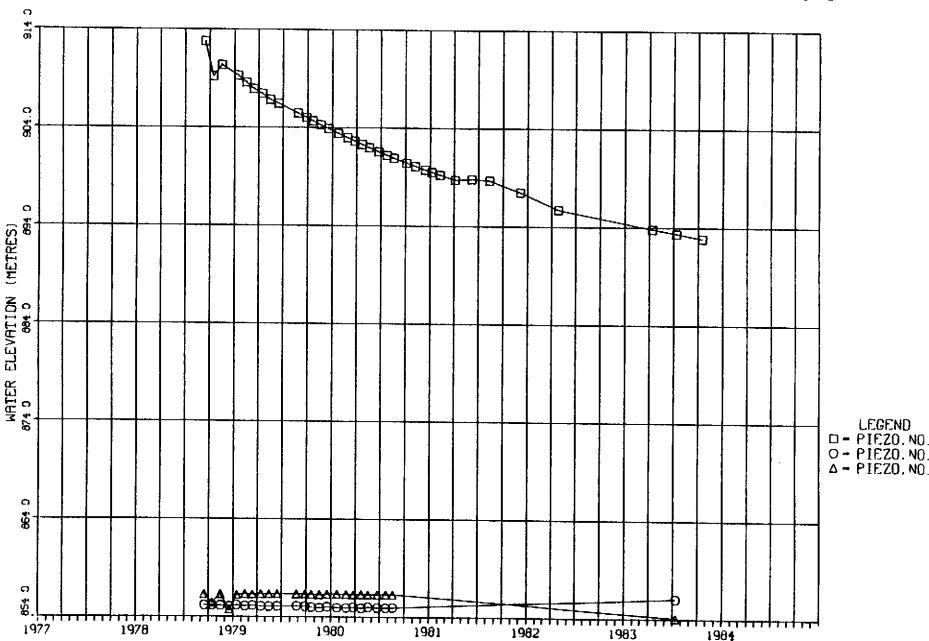
1984

1979 1980 1981

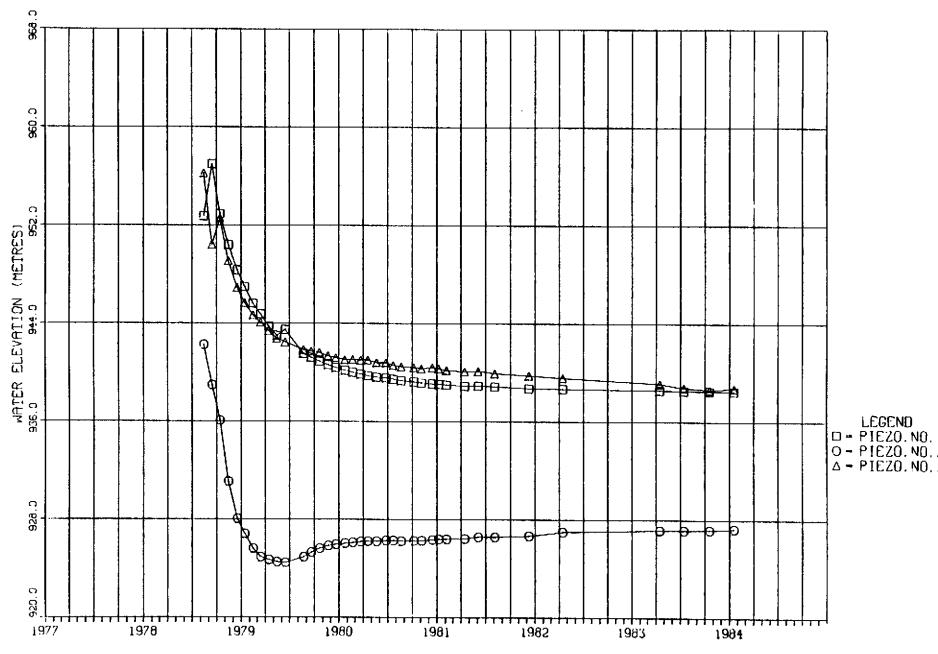
1978

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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.DDH-78-870



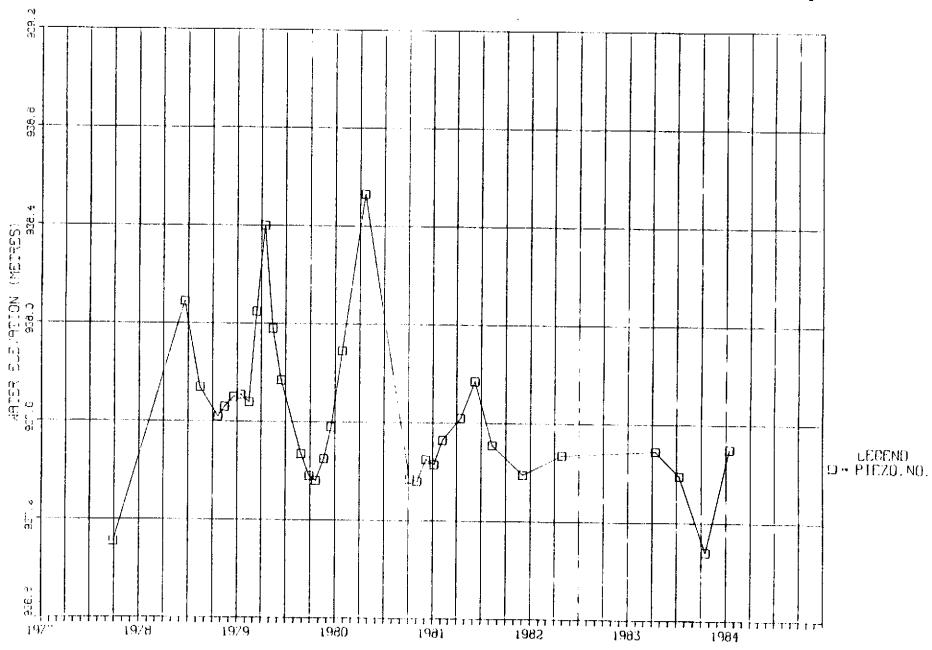
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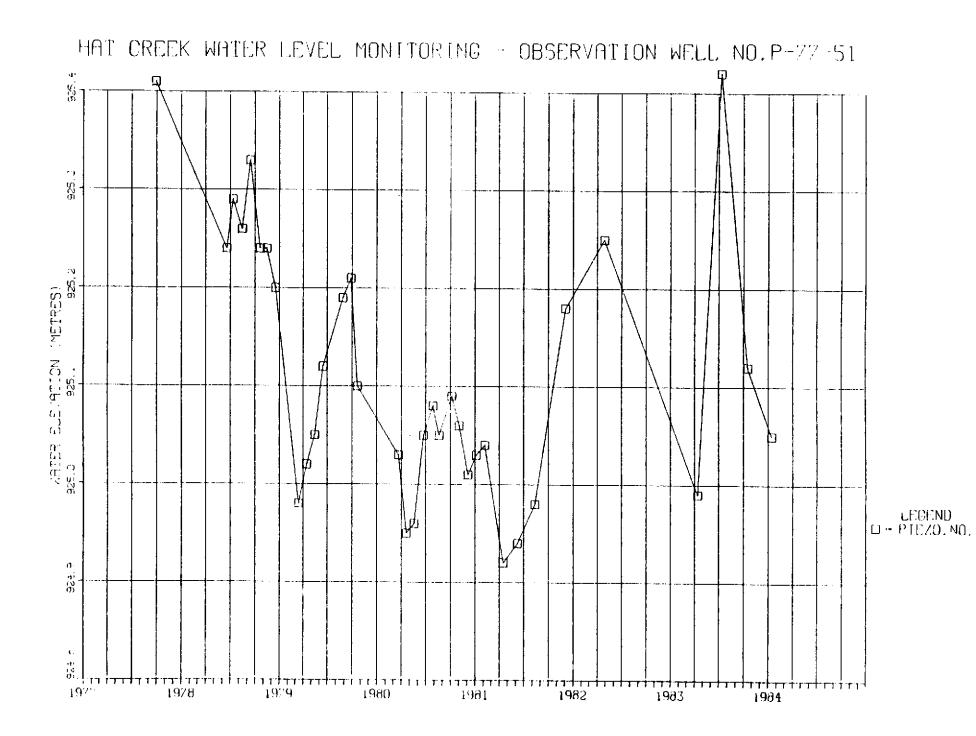


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HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO. P-77-50





HAT CREEK WATER LEVEL MONITORING - OBSERVATION WELL NO.P-77-61

