

K - ^{Shell} Mount Michael 81(1)A

MOUNT MICHAEL PROJECT
SOUTH EASTERN BRITISH COLUMBIA
1981 GEOLOGICAL REPORT
BY: A. WHITE
JANUARY '82

436

CONFIDENTIAL



1107456



Crows Nest Resources

Eau Claire Place, 525 - 3rd Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta (403) 232-4355 **LIMITED**
P.O. Box 2699, Station M, Calgary, Alberta T2P 2M7 Telex 03-822505

February 26, 1982

Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources,
VICTORIA, British Columbia.

Gentlemen:

Enclosed please find our report on the Mount Michael Project.

This report has been prepared by Mr. A. White who has been employed by Crows Nest Resources Limited as a geologist since 1980.

Mr. A. White, B.Sc. (honours) graduated in geology from the University of Waterloo in 1977. Between graduation and joining Crows Nest Resources in 1980, Mr. White worked as a geologist on a number of mineral exploration programs in Northern Ontario, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia.

His work in 1981 was carried out under the supervision of our District Manager, British Columbia, Mr. Frank Martonhegyi.

In my opinion both of the above are fully qualified to carry out their respective duties in the preparation of this report of work done under their direct supervision.

Yours truly,

H. G. Rushton, P.Geol.
Vice-President, Exploration

/ld

Enc.

OPEN FILE

CONFIDENTIAL

MOUNT MICHAEL PROJECT
SOUTHEASTERN BRITISH COLUMBIA
1981 GEOLOGICAL REPORT

B.C. COAL LICENCES
285, 286, 289, 290, 291, & 304

HELD BY:
SHELL CANADA RESOURCES LIMITED

OPERATED BY:
CROWS NEST RESOURCES LIMITED

KOOTENAY LAND DISTRICT

NTS 82G/15

LAT: 49°58' NORTH
LONG: 114°45'30" WEST

SUBMITTED: FEBRUARY, 1982

REPORT BY: ALAN M. WHITE

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I(a) ITEMIZED COST STATEMENTS
(Copy of Application to Extend Term of Licence,
Group #264 Including Mt. Michael)

I(b) ITEMIZED COST STATEMENT
(Copy of Application to Extend Term of Licence
Group #264 Mt. Michael only)

II BIBLIOGRAPHY

III ENCLOSURES

2A/CWc.4

MOUNT MICHAEL

SUMMARY

The Mount Michael Project is part of the Upper Elk Coalfield in the Rocky Mountains of southeastern British Columbia. The name refers to the ridge which is between the Horseshoe Ridge Project and the Ewin Pass Project encompassed by B.C. Coal Licences 285, 286, 289, 290, 291 and 304. It is two kilometers north of Crows Nest Resources' Line Creek open pit mine development. A large coal preparation plant and railway loading facility are under construction 9.5 kilometers further away on the mine hauling road. From there it is approximately 20 kilometers to the town of Sparwood and 1150 kilometers to the Vancouver area coal ports.

In regional geological terms, the Horseshoe Ridge and Mt. Michael projects are located almost contiguously on the eastern limb of the Fording Syncline. The Line Creek development is on the western limb of this syncline on the opposite side of Line Creek from Horseshoe Ridge. The surface topography follows the geological structure with dip slopes on the synclinal limbs.

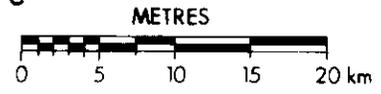
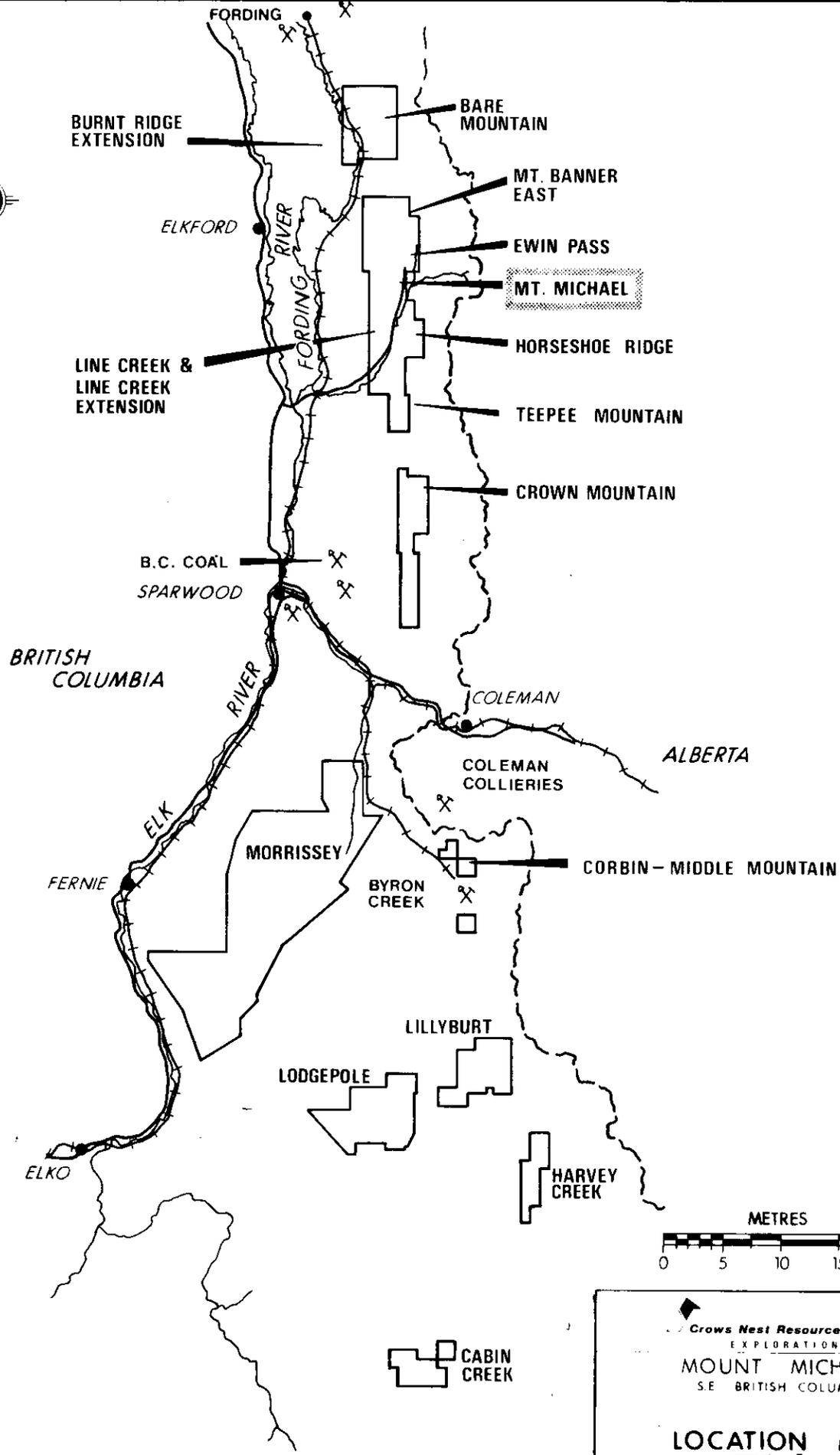
On Mount Michael there exists not only the entire early Cretaceous coal bearing Mist Mountain Formation of the Kootenay Group, but it is repeated due to thrust faulting.

Work to date on Mt. Michael has consisted of some bulldozer trenching in the past which was re-examined in a reconnaissance manner in 1978 (reported in 1979) by Crows Nest Resources Limited. During the fall of 1980 a program of surface geological mapping and hand trenching was carried out on the west slopes of Mt. Michael. In 1981 a program of detailed geological mapping and extensive hand trenching was carried out. To date there have been 118 hand trenches dug totalling over 775 meters in length.

From the data collected by this means, it appears that we can expect to find 39 meters of coal within a 235 meter stratigraphic succession under the western slopes of Mt. Michael.

Analytical results of the west slope hand trenches are not yet available. Middle to upper range medium volatile bituminous rank coal is expected, based on the stratigraphic position of the coal seams and on information from the surrounding properties. The quality of coal in the lower strata outcropping on the east slope, is expected to range between that of Horseshoe Ridge and that of Ewin Pass (i.e. medium volatile bituminous ranging in volatile matter from 24.6% to 27%).

The Mt. Michael project is well established now, but it is still in the grass roots phase. It is at a stage when drilling is needed for further evaluation. Building an access road and continuous core (diamond) drilling were proposed for 1981, however due to delay in receiving governmental approval, it is now proposed to do this work in 1982.




Crows Nest Resources Limited
 EXPLORATION
MOUNT MICHAEL
 SE BRITISH COLUMBIA

LOCATION MAP
FIG. 1
 AUTHOR: A. WHITE SCALE: AS SHOWN ENCLOSURE NO.
 DATE: 4/1/88 REVISION: DRAWN BY: AA-803

2.0 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Location and Physiography

The Mount Michael licences are located 12 km southeast of Elkford in the Upper Elk Coalfield of southeastern B.C. (Figures 1 & 2). They are centered at approximately 114°45'30" west longitude, 49°58' north latitude (NTS Map Sheet 82G/15 Tornado Mountain). These licences (285, 290, 291, 304 and parts of 286 and 289) cover an area of 944 hectares (Figure 3).

In elevation, the property varies between 1800 m and 2475 m. A north trending ridge is the main physiographic feature, with a steep, east facing slope and a more moderate west facing slope. The eastern slope has very little tree cover and has several avalanche chutes. Outcrop is fairly abundant, with some sandstone beds being exposed laterally over several hundred meters. Vegetation on the western slope varies from moderately thick spruce forest at the valley bottom to sub-alpine shrubs and grasses near the ridge top. Outcrop is rare on the lower slopes but becomes more common near the top of the ridge.

2.2 Access

Currently only the lower elevations on Mt. Michael can be reached by vehicular traffic. On the east side, the Ewin Pass access road traverses across the lower part of the slope from Line Creek to Ewin Pass. On the west side an old fire access road along Dry Creek allows four-wheel drive access to the bottom of the west slope from the Fording Highway. These roads are shown on Figure 2.

During 1981 a helicopter was used to gain access to the top of the ridge and the lower slopes were explored from the aforementioned roads.

3.0 SUMMARY OF WORK DONE

3.1 Previous Work

Only limited work has been done on the Mt. Michael licences prior to 1981. The Geological Survey of Canada published a geological report by R. A. Price in 1961 which included the Mt. Michael project area. This report showed that the Mt. Michael area contained the Jurassic/Cretaceous coal-bearing strata.

Prior to 1978 Crows Nest Industries explored the lower part of the eastern slope by bulldozer trenching while in the process of building the Ewin Pass access road. N. Elphinstone also covered the area briefly in the report on his reconnaissance in 1951.

John Fisher (1978) mapped the eastern slope as part of his reconnaissance mapping of the North Central Block for Crows Nest Resources Limited. He measured several stratigraphic sections and coal seams along the east slope. The west side of the ridge was looked at briefly and one stratigraphic section was measured. The geology was plotted on 1:5,000 air photo blow-ups. Mr. Fisher made special note of a 6 meter thick seam seen roughly paralleling the top of the ridge which he tentatively identified as the number 7 seam. In his report he recommended examining that seam and several others in detail as they occurred in a dip slope situation.

In 1980 a four week program of mapping at 1:5,000 scale and hand trenching of ten coal seams, was carried out. This was reported in a report entitled Mount Michael, South East British Columbia, 1980 Geological Report.

3.2 Scope and Objectives of the 1981 Program

The 1981 exploration program on Mt. Michael was planned to further explore B.C. Coal Licences 285, 286, 289, 290, 291 and 304.

The objective of the program was to produce a detailed geologic map which could be used to further evaluate the development potential of the property.

3.3 Work Done in 1981

- 600 hectares were mapped at 1:2,000 and 1:5,000 scales, with the results presented at 1:5,000.

- 108 hand trenches totalling 759 meters were dug through the coal seams. The seams were then described in detail and sampled. True thickness stratigraphic sections of the trench logs were drawn up and are presented in Enclosures 6, 7, and 8.

- The U.T.M. co-ordinates of 75 trenches were determined photogrammetrically from new low level air photos.

- Nine airphoto targets were established and their locations surveyed in by Sheltech (Figure 4). These targets are being used as control points for new 1:2,000 scale topographic maps of the west slope of Mt. Michael.

- A total of \$243,429 were spent on the Mt. Michael project in 1981. An itemized cost breakdown of these expenses is presented in Appendix I.

4.0 GEOLOGY

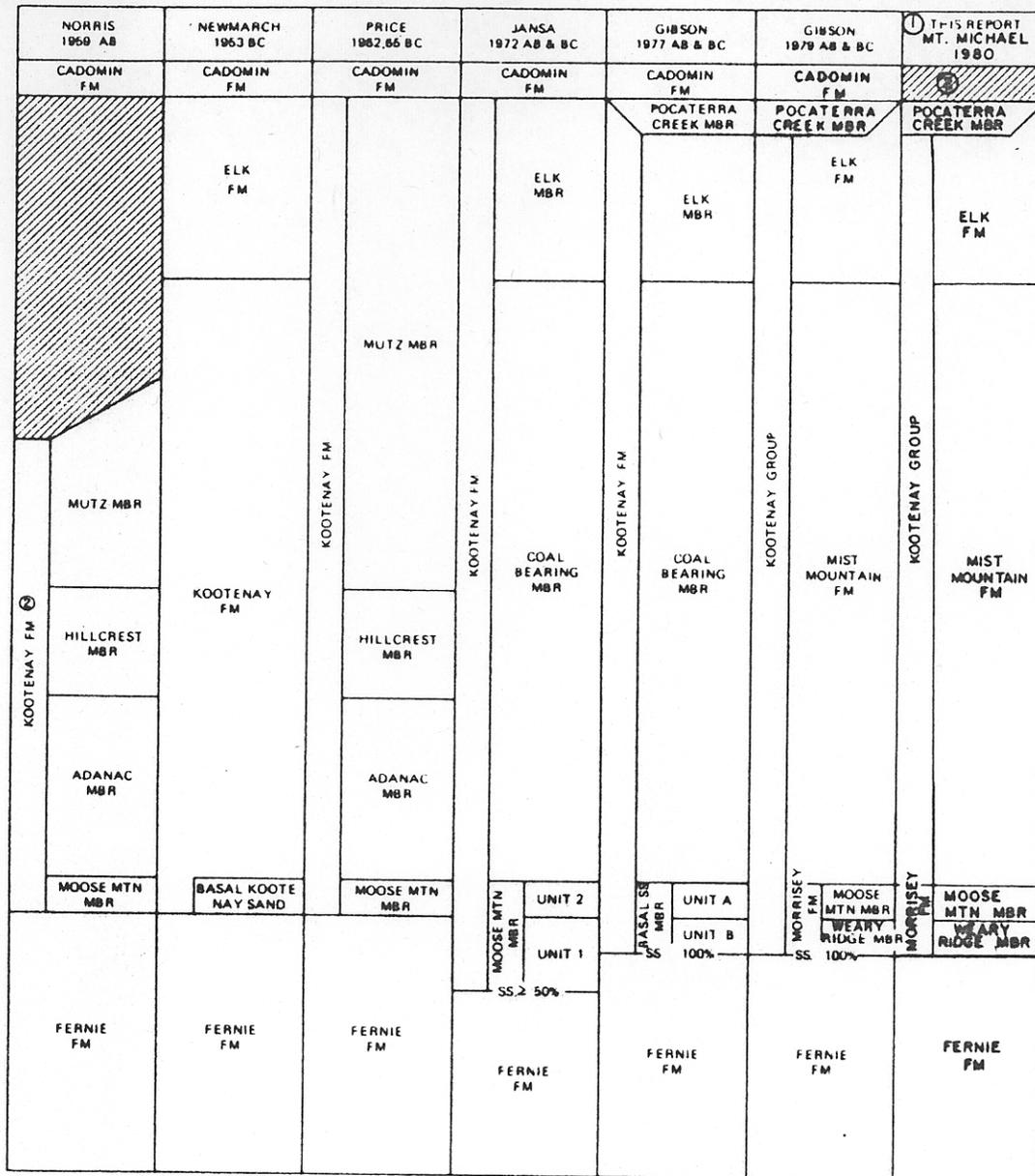
4.1 Regional Stratigraphy

This report follows the stratigraphic nomenclature proposed by D. W. Gibson of the Geological Survey of Canada in 1979. It is shown in a tabulated form on Figure 5. Jurassic-Cretaceous Kootenay Group strata were investigated.

Withdrawal of the Fernie Sea northeastward and deposition of the Kootenay Group strata were initiated by an epirogenetic uplift of the source area on the southwest during an early phase of the Columbian Orogeny in late Jurassic time.

Kootenay Group strata, a thick sequence of clastic sediments, represent a delta pro-gradation northeastward, an environment favourable for coal deposition. It is a transition from a marine (underlying shales of the Fernie Formation) to a fully alluvial (overlying conglomerates and coarse sandstones of the Blairmore Group) environment.

There is coal present throughout the Kootenay Group strata, however all workable seams occur in the Mist Mountain Formation. The Moose Mountain Member of the Morrissey Formation and the Elk Formation lie respectively under and over the main coal bearing formation. Prior to 1979 these stratigraphic units were called the Moose Mountain, Coal Bearing and Elk Members of the Kootenay Formation.



① The terminology for this report follows that of Gibson 1979.

② The Cadomin Formation does not outcrop on Mt. Michael, but does appear slightly to the northeast on the peak of Mt. Banner.

Crows Nest Resources Limited	
EXPLORATION	
SE BRITISH COLUMBIA	
FORMATIONAL DIAGRAM	
MT. MICHAEL	
A. WHITE 81-03-25	NTS ENCLOSURE NO. AA-543

The Moose Mountain Member is a resistant, generally cliff forming unit comprised of massive, medium to coarse-grained, medium-gray weathering sandstone. There are commonly two coal horizons within this sandstone, but their small thickness (rarely over one meter) and the overlying massive sandstone make them unattractive for economic consideration. The distinctive nature and prominence of this unit makes it an easily traceable marker horizon throughout the Crows Nest Coalfield of southeastern B.C.

The Mist Mountain Formation is the main coal bearing unit of the Kootenay Group. It overlies conformably but abruptly the Moose Mountain Member.

It is comprised of a generally recessive, interbedded sequence of brownish tinted sandstones, gray to brown siltstones, gray and black shales, gray mudstones and coal seams. In the Elk Coalfield this formation ranges in thickness between 400 meters and 660 meters. The coal seams attain a thickness of up to 10 meters and a lateral extent of several kilometers.

The Elk Formation lies conformably but abruptly over the Mist Mountain Formation. It consists of an interbedded sequence of cliff forming sandstones, shales and siltstones and thin (less than 1 m), sporadic coal seams.

The exact base of the Elk Formation is somewhat arbitrary as it is defined as being "the base of the first major sandstone or conglomerate above the uppermost major coal seam in the Mist Mountain Formation" (Gibson, 1979). Therefore the stratigraphic position of the Mist Mountain-Elk formational contact may vary slightly from project to project.

4.2 Regional Structure

The Mount Michael prospect area is affected by two main structural elements, the Fording Thrust Fault and the Fording Syncline.

The Fording Thrust has caused a repeat of the coal bearing Kootenay Group strata. The Fording Thrust and sequences of the lower plates outcrop along the steep east facing slopes and dip westward under the uppermost plate.

The northerly plunging Fording Syncline dominates the upper plate structures. Dry Creek is the surface expression of the synclinal axis with coal licences on the west limb (Burnt Ridge) being held by B.C. Coal Ltd. The west facing slopes of the prospect area are the surface expression of the east limb of this syncline. This so called dip slope situation is favourable for open pit mine development. Such potential is further enhanced by the underlying, coal bearing, lower plate.

Figure 6: "Geologic Compilation" shows the regional stratigraphic and structural features.

4.3 Mt. Michael Geology

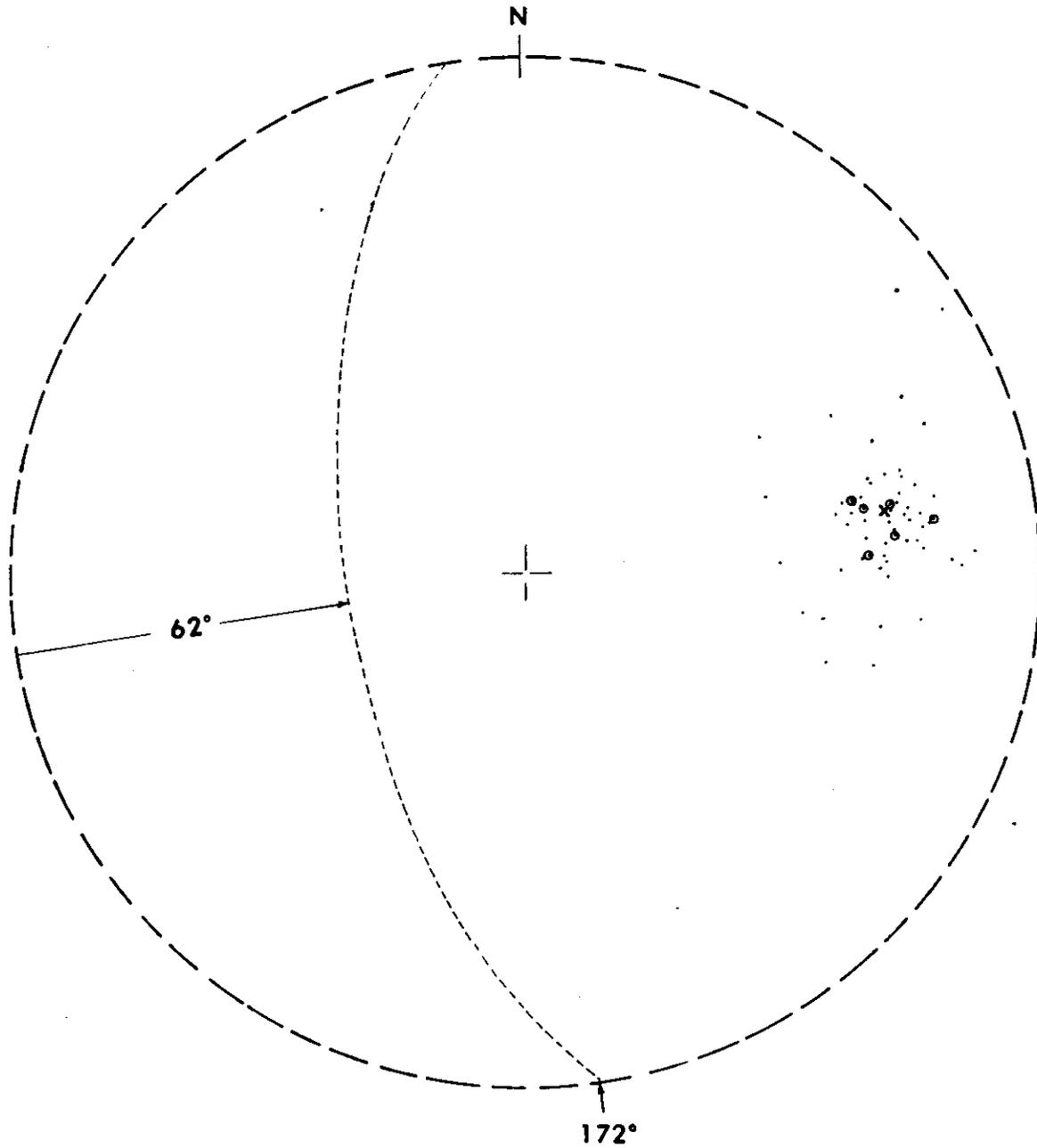
The results of the 1981 mapping program are presented in Figure 7 "Geology Map".

In 1981 the surface outcropping of the Fording Thrust was located on the east slope of Mt. Michael. Kootenay Group strata, which occur below the thrust, are repeated in the upper plate. Near the southern half of the property Moose Mountain sandstone has been thrust over Elk Formation strata, indicating a vertical displacement of 400 - 600 metres along the fault.

Within the upper plate, trenching and mapping revealed 10 to 12 seams, ranging between 1.5 and 7.2 meters in thickness. The aggregate thickness of these seams is 39 meters within a 235 meter stratigraphic section. This coal thickness does not include Seam 10 which occurs just above the Fording Thrust at the north and south ends of the property. This seam, which in trench MS-5 is at least 20 meters true thickness, has a strike length of over 2,000 meters but has been cut off by the thrust in the central portion of the property. A 150 to 200 m section of recessive shales, siltstones and mudstones with only minor (i.e. less than 1.0 meter) coal seams separates Seam 10 from the rest of the major coal seams.

A stereographic analysis of bedding attitudes from the upper thrust plate indicates an average strike of 172 degrees and an average dip of 62° westerly (Figure 8). Bedding measurements taken in 1981 support these averages from 1980.

Figure 9 (Cross Section A-A') is a cross section based on all of the data collected to date. The information on the lower thrust plate is the result of drilling and surface work on the Ewin Pass property while the upper plate interpretation is based on mapping and hand trenching only.



AVERAGE STRIKE AND DIP OF EAST LIMB IS 172°/62°W
 BASED ON 60 BEDDING MEASUREMENTS

- 1 POLE
- o 2 POLES
- x AVERAGE OF POLES

Crows Nest Resources Limited		
EXPLORATION		
FIG. 7		
MT. MICHAEL (WEST)		
EAST LIMB OF SYNCLINE		
POLES TO BEDDING		
AUTHOR: A. WHITE	SCALE:	ENCLOSURE No:
DATE:	REVISED:	DRAWING No: AA-516
To accompany MT. MICHAEL REPORT		

4.4 Mineability

Surface mapping and interpretation indicate that Mt. Michael has good potential for open pit mine development. Eleven coal seams, with an aggregate thickness of 39 meters within a 235 meter section occur in a dip slope situation on the western slope of Mt. Michael. The seams dip an average 62° westerly beneath a 25° west dipping slope. Deep drainage cuts have had the effect of removing a large amount of the overburden, without substantially affecting the coal, thus improving the overburden to coal ratio.

Cross section A-A' (figure 9) gives an indication of the mining potential on Mt. Michael. On the upper plate coal could initially be open pit mined at a very low overburden to coal ratio.

Potential exists to mine over fifty million tonnes of coal from the upper plate at an ratio of approximately seven bank cubic meters waste per tonne of coal. The further potential exists at slightly higher ratios (approximately 9:1) to mine both the upper and lower plates. This would increase the potential to between 100 and 200 million tonnes.

Based on the coal quality of surrounding properties, and the fact that all of the upper Mist Mountain coal seams occur on Mt. Michael, we expect mid to high medium volatile bituminous coal in the upper plate. The coal seams in the lower thrust plate are the same seams which occur on the Horseshoe Ridge and Ewin Pass

properties therefore we expect the coal to range in quality between that of the two properties (i.e. medium volatile bituminous with 24.6% volatile matter at Horseshoe Ridge and 27% volatile matter at Ewin Pass).

In addition to the potential for large reserves of very good quality coal, Mt. Michael is only nine kilometers from the existing Crows Nest Resources prep plant and load out facilities on the railway at the mouth of Line Creek gorge. The Line Creek mine haul road actually extends as far as the south end of Mt. Michael. Only five to seven kilometers of new road would have to be built to allow coal from Mt. Michael to be trucked to the wash plant.

Another option would be to truck the coal to the north along Dry Creek to reach the rail line at the Fording River. This would require about 12 kilometers of new road and a new wash plant.

4.5 Recommendations for Further Work

Mapping and hand trenching in 1981 have further established Mt. Michael as a sound project. It has been shown that not only does a full stratigraphic section of the coal bearing Mist Mountain Formation including the upper, higher volatile seams exist but the section has been repeated by the Fording thrust. This coal bearing section containing large volumes of upper medium volatile coal in a dip slope situation at relatively low overburden to coal ratios has excellent potential for open pit mining.

To date the property has been mapped in detail and 108 hand trenches totalling 759 meters have been dug. The property is now at a stage when drilling is essential to determine the geometry, continuity and quality of the coal seams in the subsurface. It is also necessary to obtain bulk samples of unoxidized coal for quality determinations.

Due to the large volume of machinery work necessary to further explore Mt. Michael road access to the coal measures must be built. It would be unfeasible to attempt to do the required amount of work with helicopter transportation only. Routes for an access road via either Dry Creek from the north or Line Creek from the south, are being examined at to determine the best alternative.



Province of British Columbia
Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

APPLICATION TO EXTEND TERM OF LICENCE

1. LESLIE GRAMANTIK agent for SHELL CANADA RESOURCES LIMITED
(Name) (Name)
P.O. BOX 100 CALGARY
(Address) (Address)
ALBERTA T2P 2M7

Valid FMC No. 244642
278, 279, 282-291, 304

hereby apply to the Minister to extend the term of Coal Licence(s) No(s).
1300, 1301, 15 LICENCES, GROUP NO: 330, 2889 HECTARES

for a further period of one year.
EWIN PASS & MOUNT MICHAEL, KOOTENAY LAND DISTRICT

2. Property name N/A

3. I am allowing the following Coal Licence(s) No(s). to forfeit N/A

4. I have performed, or caused to be performed, during the period FEBRUARY 1, 1981 to
JANUARY 31, 1982, work to the value of at least \$ 737,643.00

on the location of coal licence(s) as follows:

CATEGORY OF WORK

	Licence(s) No(s).	Apportioned Cost
Geological mapping	285, 286, 288-293, & 304	201,755
Surveys: Geophysical	-	-
Geochemical	-	-
Other (LOCATION)	282, 286, 287	14,557
Road construction	286	15,735
Surface work	286, 289, 290, 291	16,484
Underground work	286	100,686
Drilling	282, 286, 287	234,337
Logging, sampling, and testing	282, 286, 287	54,634
Reclamation	282, 286, 287	53,940
Other work (specify)	-	-
Off-property costs	GEOLOGICAL REPORTS	45,515

5. I wish to apply \$ 737,643.00 of this value of work on Coal Licence(s) No(s). 278, 279, 282-291
304, 1300, 1301

6. I wish to pay cash in lieu of work in the amount of \$ N/A on Coal Licence(s) No(s).

7. The work performed on the location(s) is detailed in the attached report entitled
REPORTS WILL BE SUBMITTED IN 90 DAYS

JANUARY 27, 1982
(Date)

(Signature)

ASSISTANT LANDMAN
(Position)

GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

Yes No

Area (Hectares) Scale Duration

Reconnaissance
Detail: Surface 1600 1:2000 & 1:5000 342 MAN. DAYS
Underground
Other* (specify)
Total Cost \$ 201,755

GEOPHYSICAL/GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

Yes No

Method
Grid LOCATION 9,257
Topographic
Other* (specify) LOCATION 5,300
Total Cost \$ 14,557

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Yes No

Length 1,000 M Width
On Licence(s) No.(s)
Access to DRILL SITES
Total Cost \$ 15,735

SURFACE WORK

Yes No

Length Width Depth Cost
Trenching 759 M 0.75 M 1 M
Seam Tracing
Crosscutting
Other* (specify)
Total Cost \$ 16,484

UNDERGROUND WORK

Yes No

No. of Adits Maximum Length No. of Holes Total Metres Cost
Test Adits 1 72M
Other workings*
Total Cost \$ 100,686

DRILLING

Yes No

Hole Size No. of Holes Total Metres Cost
Core: Diamond
Wireline
Rotary: Conventional
Reverse circulation 5 1/8" 5 1643
Other* (specify)
Contractor
Where is the core stored?
Total Cost \$ 234,337

LOGGING, SAMPLING, AND TESTING

Yes No

Lithology: Drill samples [x] Core samples [] Bulk samples []
Logs: Gamma-neutron [x] Density [x]
Other* (specify)
Testing: Proximate analysis [] FSI [] Washability []
Carbonization [] Petrographic [] Plasticity []
Other* (specify)
Total Cost \$ 54,634

RECLAMATION

Yes No

Details Total Cost \$ 53,940

OTHER WORK (Specify details)

Yes No

.....
Total Cost \$

OFF-PROPERTY COSTS

Yes No

Details GEOLOGICAL REPORTS Total Cost \$ 45,515

Total Expenditures \$ 737,643.00

Jan. 28/82 (Date)

[Signature] (Signature)

MANAGER - ACCOUNTING CNRL (Position)

*A full explanation of other work is to be included.

GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

Yes No

	Area (Hectares)	Scale	Duration
Reconnaissance			
Detail: Surface	1600	1:2000 & 1:5000	342 MAN DAYS
Underground			
Other* (specify)			
			Total Cost \$ 201,755

GEOPHYSICAL/GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

Yes No

Method

Grid

Topographic

Other* (specify) (LOCATION)

Total Cost \$ 5,300

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Yes No

Length

On Licence(s) No.(s)

Access to

Total Cost \$

SURFACE WORK

Yes No

	Length	Width	Depth	Cost
Trenching (HAND)	759 M	0,75 M	1 M	
Seam Tracing				
Crosscutting				
Other* (specify)				
				Total Cost \$ 16,484

UNDERGROUND WORK

Yes No

	No. of Adits	Maximum Length	No. of Holes	Total Metres	Cost
Test Adits					
Other workings*					
					Total Cost \$

DRILLING

Yes No

	Hole Size	No. of Holes	Total Metres	Cost
Core: Diamond				
Wireline				
Rotary: Conventional				
Reverse circulation				
Other* (specify)				
Contractor				
Where is the core stored?				
				Total Cost \$

LOGGING, SAMPLING, AND TESTING

Yes No

Lithology: Drill samples	<input type="checkbox"/>	Core samples	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bulk samples	<input type="checkbox"/>
Logs: Gamma-neutron	<input type="checkbox"/>	Density	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Other* (specify)					
Testing: Proximate analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	FSI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Washability	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Carbonization	<input type="checkbox"/>	Petrographic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Plasticity	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other* (specify)					
					Total Cost \$

RECLAMATION

Yes No

Details

Total Cost \$

OTHER WORK (Specify details)

Yes No

Cost

Total Cost \$

OFF-PROPERTY COSTS

Yes No

Details GEOLOGICAL REPORT

Total Cost \$ 19,890

Total Expenditures \$243,429.00

Jan. 28/82
(Date)

W.S. Tomulski
(Signature)

MANAGER - ACCOUNTING CNRL
(Position)

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K-Mount Michael 81(2)A

436

Shell
K-Mt. Michael 81(2)A

436

MEMORANDUM

DATE : JANUARY 26, 1982
TO : CROWS NEST RESOURCES LIMITED (C.N.R.L.)
FROM : SHELTECH CANADA
SUBJECT: MT. MICHAEL (4151-G) - S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA

The survey in the Mt. Michael area consisted of a network of points to be used for photo control. This network was based on the Crows Nest Control Network using results established from the fall of 1980. Sheltech's involvement was to assist Bill Moir in calculations and data collection.

The photo control network consisted of the four stations from the Crows Nest Network "103", "Peak", "Nob" and "Timber" and nine other stations. The nine stations were also referenced.

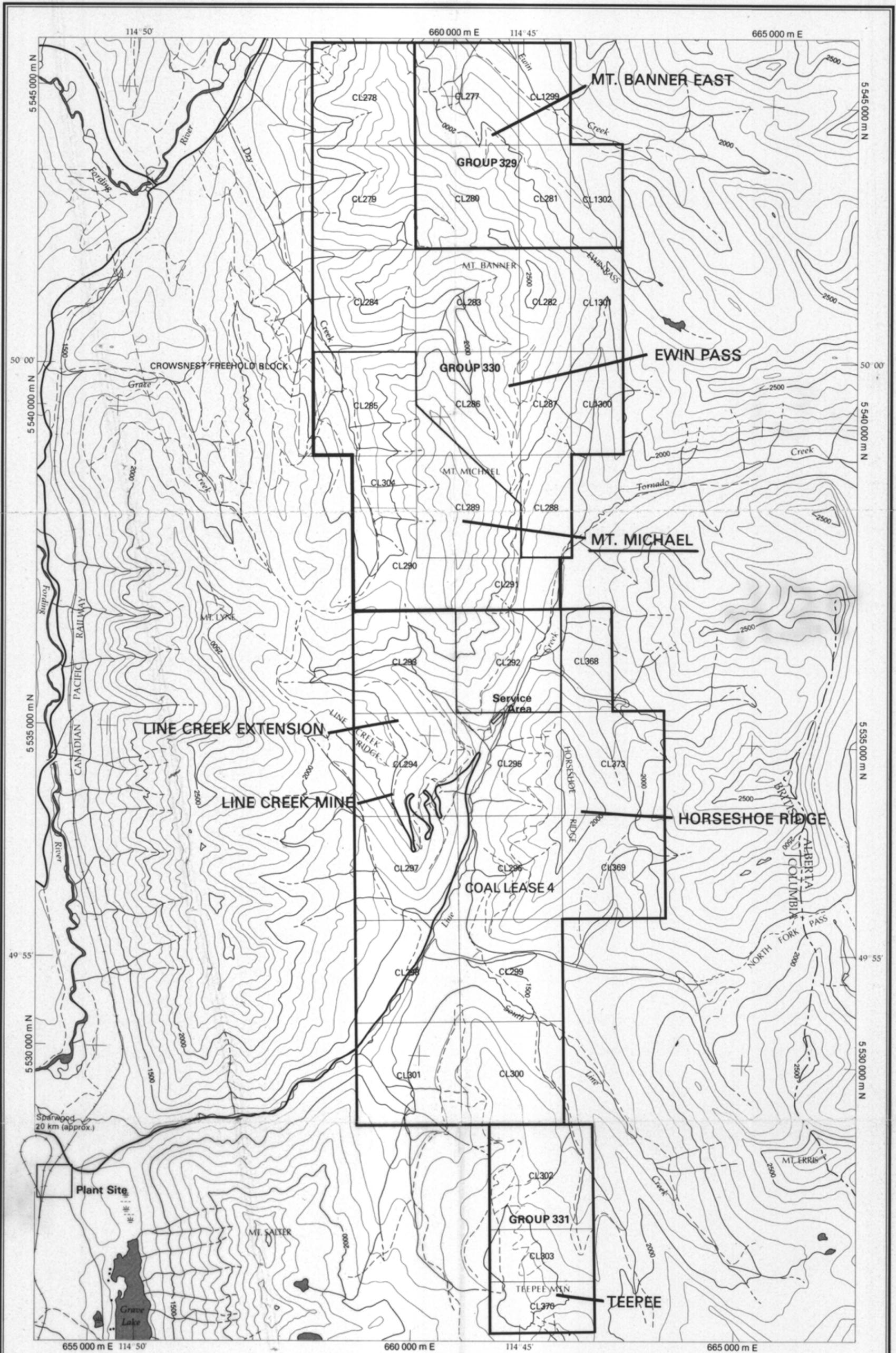
Conventional survey methods using a 1" theodolite and electronic distance measuring equipment were used to obtain survey data. Repetitive observations and reciprocal vertical measurements were used to ensure very accurate results. All calculations were done in the UTM system with distances being reduced to plane and bearings referenced to 117°W. The results were given to C.N.R.L. personnel in both tabular and map form.

A. L. Melton

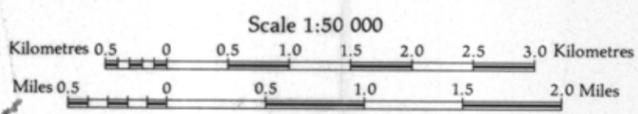
A. L. Melton

RB/cm

s665



Reference map produced by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources in 1975 and updated from 1979 Province of British Columbia 1:100,000 mapping. Metric contours were manually interpolated.



Contour Interval 100m
 Transverse Mercator Projection
 Universal Transverse Mercator Grid Zone II

- Legend**
- Road; Highway, Main road
 - Road; Loose surface, Dry weather
 - Track or trail
 - Railway
 - River
 - Stream
 - Contours
 - Licence boundary
 - Licence group boundary

Shell
K-Mount Michael 81(2)A

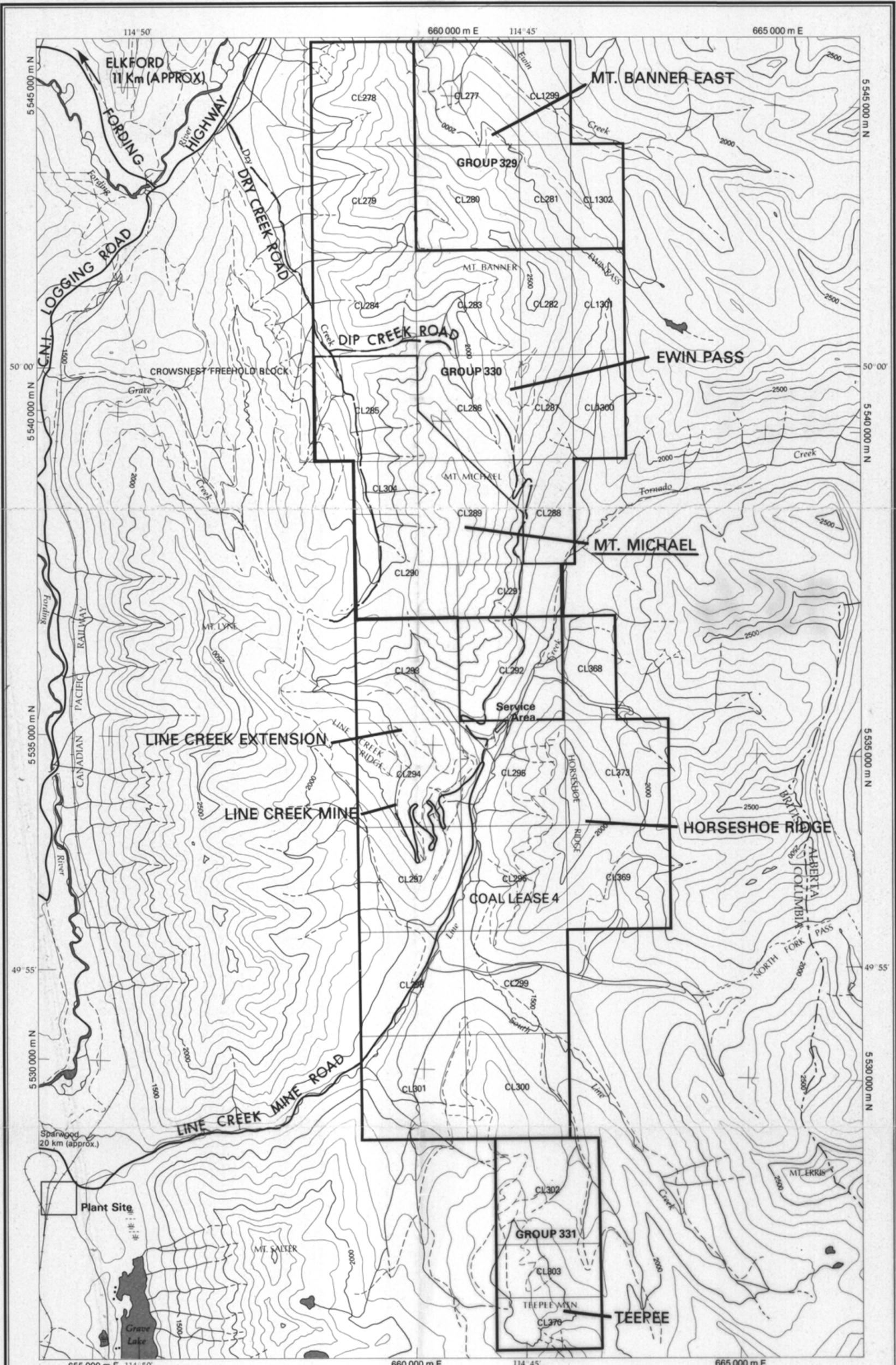
Crows Nest Resources Limited
EXPLORATION

MOUNT MICHAEL
S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA
INDEX MAP
AND COAL LICENSES

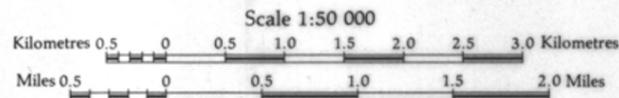
82G/15 & 82J/2		ENCLOSURE No. 1	
Author: A. WHITE	Scale: 1:50,000	Revised:	
Date: 82-01-22			CA-271
To Accompany 1981 GEOLOGY REPORT			

HARDY ASSOCIATES (1978) LTD.

436



Reference map produced by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources in 1975 and updated from 1979 Province of British Columbia 1:100,000 mapping. Metric contours were manually interpolated.



Scale 1:50 000
 Contour Interval 100m
 Transverse Mercator Projection
 Universal Transverse Mercator Grid Zone II

- Legend**
- Road; Highway, Main road
 - Road; Loose surface, Dry weather
 - Track or trail
 - Railway
 - River
 - Stream
 - Contours
 - Licence boundary
 - Licence group boundary



Shell
 K-Mount Michael 81(2)A

Crows Nest Resources Limited
 EXPLORATION

MOUNT MICHAEL
 S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA

LOCATION AND ACCESS

N.T.S. 82 G/15 & 82 J/2

AUTHOR A. WHITE	SCALE 1:50 000	ENCLOSURE No. 1
DATE 82-01-22	REVISED	CA-272
To Accompany 1981 GEOLOGY REPORT		

HARDY ASSOCIATES (1978) LTD.

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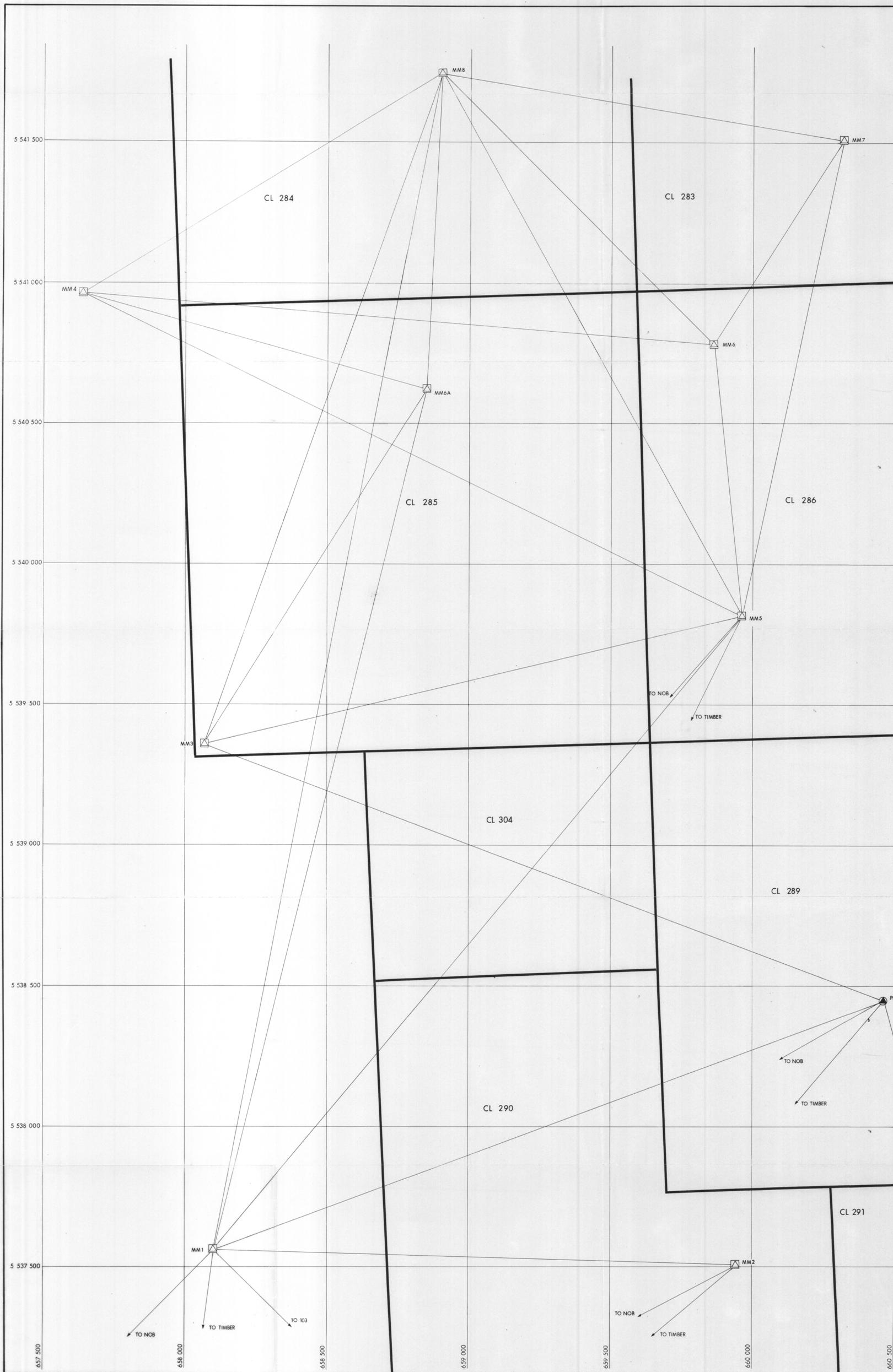


PHOTO TARGET STATIONS

STATION	UTM COORDINATES N	E	ELEV.	GROUND ELEV.
103*	5533521.87	662278.98	2159.1	
Peak	5538446.07	660460.20	2481.1	
Knob	5536912.09	657454.95	2406.0	
Timber*	5535363.99	657849.70	2281.6	
(1980 Sept.)				
mm1	5537560.36	658099.26	2316.34	2316.12
mm2	5537504.94	659944.21	2206.55	2206.38
mm3	5539364.68	658061.28	2097.50	2097.38
mm4	5540962.99	657637.87	1823.09	1823.03
mm5	5539814.78	659963.75	2405.43	2405.00
mm6	5540782.45	659865.80	2111.20	2110.16
mm6A	5540621.18	658852.57	1985.20	1984.99
mm7	5541508.11	660325.37	2072.50	2072.33
mm8	5541749.89	659904.22	2121.64	2121.37
Peak o/s	5538444.10	660459.37	2480.83	2480.83

* Elevations for '103' & 'Timber' are to the top of cement pad, all others are to top of post.

PHOTO TARGET REFERENCES

STATION	REFERENCE	GRID BEARING	SLOPE DISTANCE	DESCRIPTION	NORTHING	EASTING
MM1	1	183°	10.41	NAIL IN 4" PINE	5537549.96	658098.72
	2	267°	7.75	" 4" TAMARACK	5537559.95	658091.52
	3	91°	13.89	" 4" TAMARACK	5537560.12	658113.15
MM2	1	94°	4.57	" 3" SPRUCE	5537504.82	659948.77
	2	143°	9.24	" 10" SPRUCE	5537497.56	659948.77
	3	172°	6.31	" 3" SPRUCE	5537498.69	659945.08
MM3	1	272°	10.42	" 3" SPRUCE	5539365.04	658050.87
	2	314°	11.24	" 6" PINE	5539372.49	658052.18
	3	104	16.83	" 5" PINE	5539360.61	658077.61
MM4	1	270°	16.82	" 3" SPRUCE	5540962.99	657621.05
	2	348°	19.22	" 3" SPRUCE	5540981.79	657633.87
	3	20°	19.24	" 12" PINE	5540981.07	657644.45
MM6	1	9°	8.85	" 10" PINE	5540791.19	659867.18
	2	112°	15.00	" 5" SPRUCE	5540776.83	659876.71
	3	114°	17.85	" 3" SPRUCE	5540788.01	659876.29
MM6A	1	16°	10.80	" 5" SPRUCE	5540631.61	658956.37
	2	59°	13.60	" 10" PINE	5540625.79	658952.84
	3	82°	10.35	" 10" PINE	5540622.62	658952.82
MM7	1	358°	16.21	" 4" SPRUCE	5541524.28	660324.24
	2	103°	11.62	" 4" SPRUCE	5541505.50	660336.69
	3	146°	13.04	" 8" PINE	5541497.30	660332.66
MM8	1	12°	23.80	" 12" SPRUCE	5541773.17	659909.17
	2	75°	21.92	" 2" PINE	5541755.56	658925.39
	3	124°	17.08	" 8" PINE	5541740.34	658918.38

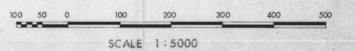
ALL DISTANCES ARE REDUCED TO THE UTM PLANE AND ARE IN METRES AND DECIMALS THEREOF. BEARINGS ARE REFERRED TO 117° W. SURVEY PERFORMED BY Sheltech Canada, 1981

LEGEND

- ☒ PHOTOTARGET IRON POST
- CNRL CONTROL MONUMENT
- 3" REBAR WITH CAP AND MARKER POST
- x 12" NAIL
- 6" NAIL
- DRILL HOLE
- ♦ ADIT
- OUTCROP
- ☐ TRENCH
- COAL LICENCE BOUNDARY (approximate)

TN

ON



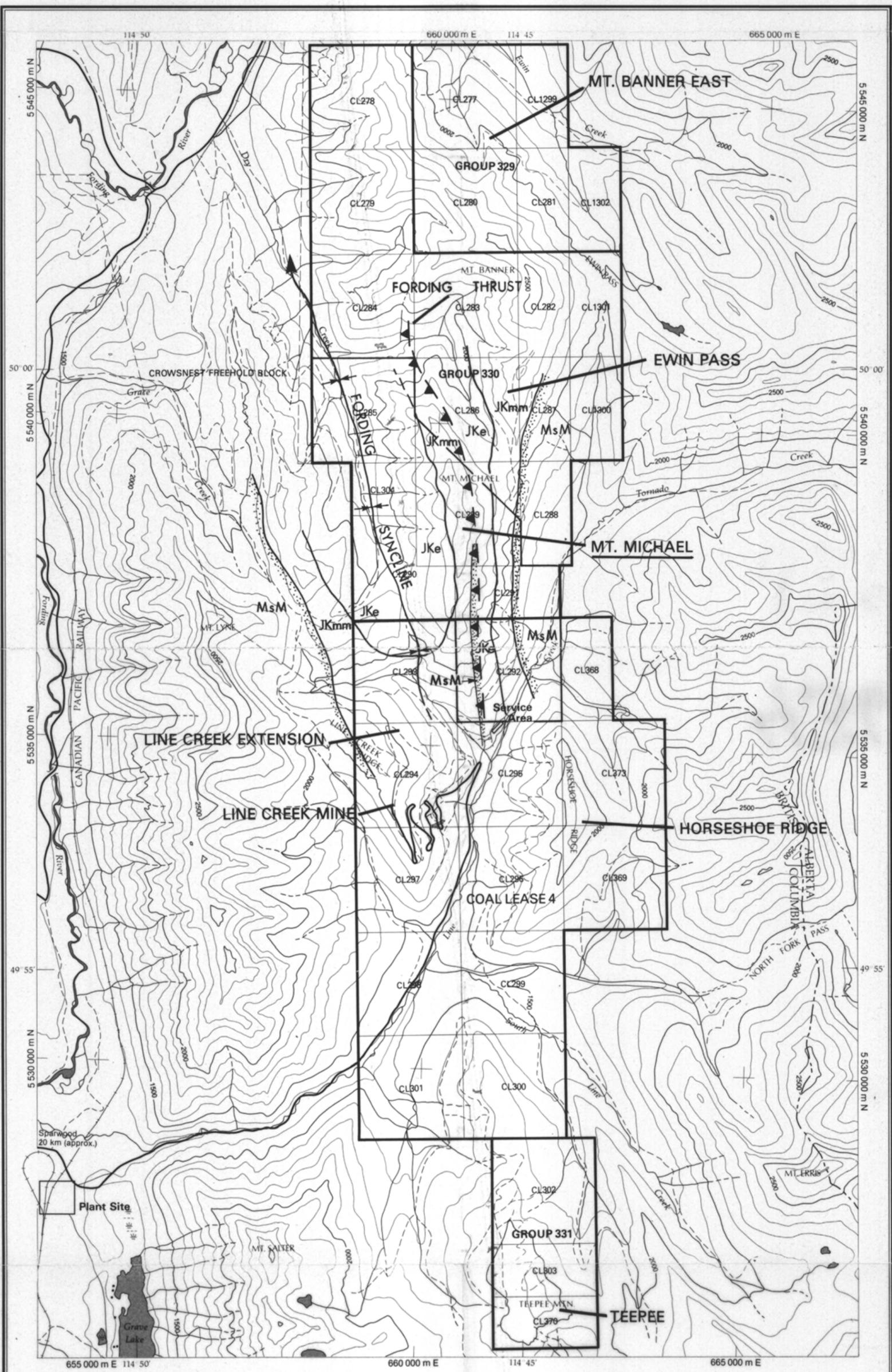
Crows Nest Resources Limited
EXPLORATION
MOUNT MICHAEL
S.E. B.C.

CENTRAL BLOCK
TRAVERSE SURVEY MAP

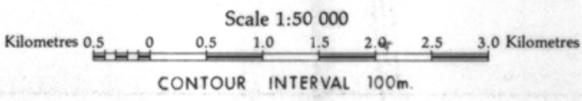
N.T.S. 82 G/15		UTM ZONE 11	
AUTHOR: SHELTECH	SCALE: 1:5000	ENCLOSURE No: 2	
DATE: 81-11-24	REVISED:	DRAWING No: HE-94 A	
To Accompany			

Sub E-Haunt Michael 81(3)79

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Reference map produced by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources in 1975 and updated from 1979 Province of British Columbia 1:100 000 mapping. Metric contours were manually interpolated.



GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

- JURASSIC - CRETACEOUS**
- JKk** Kootenay Group
 - JKe** Elk Formation
 - JKmm** Mist Mountain Formation
 - JKm** Morrisey Formation
 - MsM** Moose Mountain Member
 - WrM** Weary Ridge Member

- GEOLOGICAL SYMBOLS**
- Sandstone
 - Syncline
 - Thrust Fault

- Legend**
- Road; Highway, Main road
 - Road; Loose surface, Dry weather
 - Track or trail
 - Railway
 - River
 - Stream
 - Contours
 - Licence boundary
 - Licence group boundary



Crows Nest Resources Limited
EXPLORATION

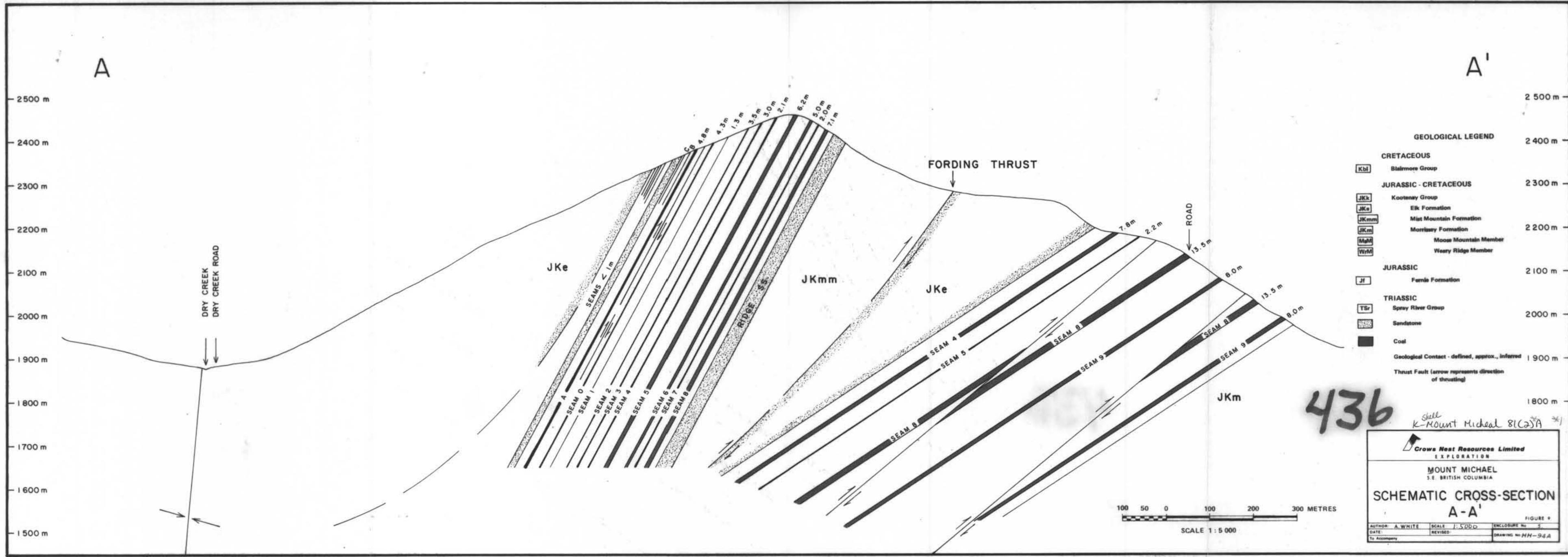
MOUNT MICHAEL
S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA
GEOLOGIC COMPILATION

82G/15 & 82J/2

AUTHOR: A. WHITE	SCALE: 1:50 000	ENCLOSURE No. 3
DATE: 82-01-22	REVISED:	
TO ACCOMPANY: 1281 GEOLOGY REPORT		CA-270

Sheet K-Mount Michael 82G/15

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GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

CRETACEOUS		2500 m
Kbl	Blairmore Group	
JURASSIC - CRETACEOUS		2300 m
Kootenay Group		
JKk	Elk Formation	
JKe	Mist Mountain Formation	
JKmm	Morrissy Formation	2200 m
JKm	Moose Mountain Member	
MaM	Wearry Ridge Member	
WrM		
JURASSIC		2100 m
Jf	Fernie Formation	
TRIASSIC		2000 m
Spray River Group		
TSr	Sandstone	
	Coal	
Geological Contact - defined, approx., inferred		1900 m
Thrust Fault (arrow represents direction of thrusting)		

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Shell K-Mount Michael 81(2)A

Crows Nest Resources Limited EXPLORATION		
MOUNT MICHAEL S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA		
SCHMATIC CROSS-SECTION A-A'		
AUTHOR: A. WHITE	SCALE: 1:5000	ENCLOSURE No. 5
DATE:	REVISED:	DRAWING No. HH-94A
To Accompany:		

location 5538500 m N



GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

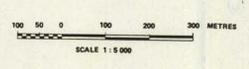
CRETACEOUS	Barren Group	Sandstone (St)	Medium Grain
JURASSIC-CRETACEOUS	Kootenay Group	Sandstone (St)	Fine Grain
	Elk Formation	Siltstone (Stst)	
	Mist Mountain Formation	Shale (Sh)	
	Murray Formation	Coal	
	Moose Mountain Member		
	Wavy Ridge Member		
JURASSIC	Fernie Formation	Geological Contact - defined, approx., inferred	
TRIASSIC	Scey River Group	Thrust Fault	
		Bedding Strike & Dip	
		Hand Trench	
		Axial Trace: Syncline, Anticline	
		Coal Licence Boundary	

REFERENCE

MAIN ROAD	RIVER, LAKE	SPOT HEIGHT
SECONDARY ROAD	INTERMEDIATE RIVER	CONTROL POINT
TRAIL	TRIBUTARY RIVER	
RAILWAY	TRAIL	
HEDGE FENCE	LINE OF TREES	
HEDGE COLLECTY	INDIVIDUAL TREES	
CUT FILL	VERTICAL INTERVAL	
SWAMP	DEPRESSION	
DRILL HOLE	SPOT HEIGHT	

MAP PROJECTION: UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR
CENTRAL MERIDIAN REFERENCE 117° W.

PREPARED BY:
NORTH WEST SURVEY CORPORATION (YUKON) LTD.
JAN 90 11 200



MAP INDEX AND AERIAL PHOTO INDEX

L	K	J	I
E	F	G	H
D	C	B	A

82/2
1:5000

Crows Nest Resources Limited
EXPLORATION

MOUNT MICHAEL
S.E. BRITISH COLUMBIA

GEOLOGY MAP

FIG. 7
UTM ZONE 11

NTS 82G/15
AUTHOR: WHITE-STORBERG SCALE: 1:5000
DATE: 82 01 REVISION: ENCLOSURE No. 4
To accompany 1981 GEOLOGY REPORT DRAWING No: HH-94A

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