

OPEN FILE 1991-12

Sheet 1 of 5

**GEOLOGY OF THE TENQUILLE LAKE, OWL
 CREEK AND LILLOET LAKE AREA**

NTS 092J/1, 2, 7, 10

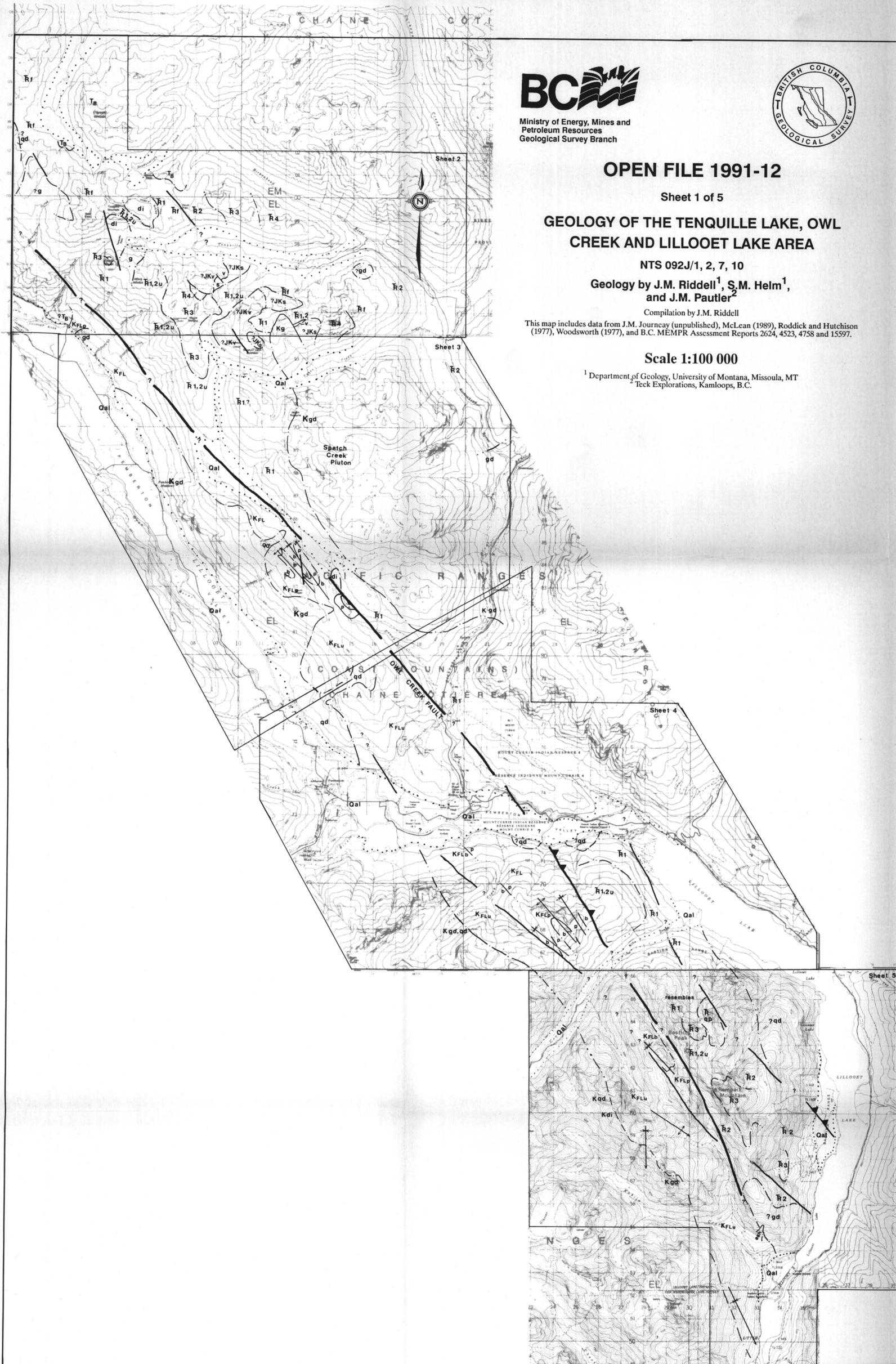
Geology by J.M. Riddell¹, S.M. Helm¹,
 and J.M. Pautler²

Compilation by J.M. Riddell

This map includes data from J.M. Journeay (unpublished), McLean (1989), Roddick and Hutchison (1977), Woodsworth (1977), and B.C. MEMPR Assessment Reports 2624, 4523, 4758 and 15597.

Scale 1:100 000

¹ Department of Geology, University of Montana, Missoula, MT
² Teck Explorations, Kamloops, B.C.



**LEGEND
 VOLCANIC AND SEDIMENTARY ROCKS**

QUATERNARY

Qal Alluvium

TERTIARY

T Basalt flows, columnar basalt flows, basalt breccias, minor rhyolite.

CRETACEOUS

FIRE LAKE GROUP (GAMBIER EQUIVALENT)

KFLU

Undivided Fire Lake Group. Includes Brokenback Hill and Peninsula Formations, and overlying unnamed units comprising greenstone intruded by diorite, lithic and lapilli tuffs interbedded with black shales, siltstones, and minor conglomerate, banded pyroxene and feldspar tuffs, white feldspar-rich tuffaceous sandstones, minor chert.

Peninsula Formation

KFLP

Well bedded and graded quartz-bearing, feldspar-rich tuffaceous sandstone, brown sandstone with coaly beds and plant fossils, volcanic wacke with limestone concretions, black shale, pale green crossbedded feldspar tuff.

Brokenback Hill Formation

KFLB

Andesitic autobreccia with distinctive pale mauve and green colours, pale green feldspar crystal tuffs, and beige feldspar or feldspar-hornblende porphyry flows.

?POST-TRIASSIC

?JKs

Sedimentary section. Basal boulder conglomerate overlain by feldspar-rich calcareous sandstone, grey siltstone, and black shale. Conglomerate contains clasts of coarse plutonic rock, aphanitic and porphyritic volcanic rock, some argillite and chert.

?JKv

Volcanic section. Andesitic mauve and green autobreccia, massive and bedded feldspar crystal tuff, beige andesitic feldspar or hornblende-feldspar phytic flows. (This unit is very similar in appearance and composition to the Cretaceous Brokenback Hill Formation.)

**TRIASSIC
 CORRELATIVE WITH THE CADWALLADER GROUP**

Hurley Formation

TR 4

Cobble conglomerate, feldspar-rich sandstones, grey siltstones, black shales. Locally sandstones are quartz-bearing. Calcareous matrix is common. White cherty beds are present.

TR 3

Bedded lithic, lapilli, and feldspar crystal tuffs, 5 to 2 metre thick grey limestone beds with Norian conodonts, conglomerate, calcareous feldspar-rich wackes, grey siltstone, black shale, fine grained felsic tuffs with cherty tops, limestone breccias, limestone-bearing

TR 3b

Deep-maroon and green basalt breccia with some vesicular clasts. (Unit TR3b is distinguished from TR3 on Rampart Mountain (Sheet 5) where it outcrops over a large area. This unit is present in small amounts at Mount Barbour (Sheet 2), where it is included in unit TR3. Outcrops are marked 'Bbx'.)

TR 2

Massive andesitic lithic, lapilli, and feldspar crystal tuffs. Feldspar-phyric and aphanitic andesitic volcanic rocks are the most dominant clast types in the lithic and lapilli tuffs; aphanitic felsic clasts are abundant at almost all localities.

TR 1

Mafic to intermediate massive flows with abundant feldspar-porphyrific phases, mafic to intermediate pyroclastic breccias with clasts 3 cm and smaller, limestone pods 2-30 metres across with associated epidote-garnet-magnetite skarns. Epidote clots and veins are common in the flows

TR 1,2u

Units TR1 and TR2 undivided

TR 1

Felsic flows and dikes intruded into, and interbedded with units TR1 and TR2. Quartz-feldspar porphyry dikes, white rhyolite flows with large quartz eyes or aggregates of quartz grains up to 1 cm across, minor quartz-eye tuffs.

PLUTONIC ROCKS

CRETACEOUS

K

Granodiorite, quartz diorite, granite, diorite

UNKNOWN AGE

?

Granodiorite, quartz diorite, granite, diorite

TRIASSIC OR OLDER

TR

Diorite

REFERENCES

- Cairnes, C.E. (1925): Pemberton Area, Lilloet District, British Columbia, in Summary Report 1924, Part A, Geological Survey of Canada, p 76-99.
 McLaren, G.P. (1989): Geology of the Tenquille Creek to Owl Mountain Area, (092J/07, 10); British Columbia Ministry Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Open File 1989-26.
 Riddell, J.M. (1991): Geology of the Mesozoic Volcanic and Sedimentary Rocks East of Pemberton, British Columbia; in Current Research, Part A, Geological Survey of Canada, Paper 91-A.
 Roddick, J.A. and Hutchison, W.W. (1973): Pemberton (East Half) Map Area, British Columbia; Geological Survey of Canada, Paper 73-17, 21 pages.
 Woodsworth, G.J. (1977): Pemberton (92J) Map Area, British Columbia; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File Map 482.

SYMBOLS

- Geological contact (observed, approximate, inferred)
 Syncline
 Anticline
 Fault
 Thrust fault with evidence of movement sense
 (Teeth on overthrust side)



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Sheet 2 of 5

**GEOLOGY OF THE TENQUILLE LAKE, OWL
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 and J.M. Pautler²

Scale 1:25 000

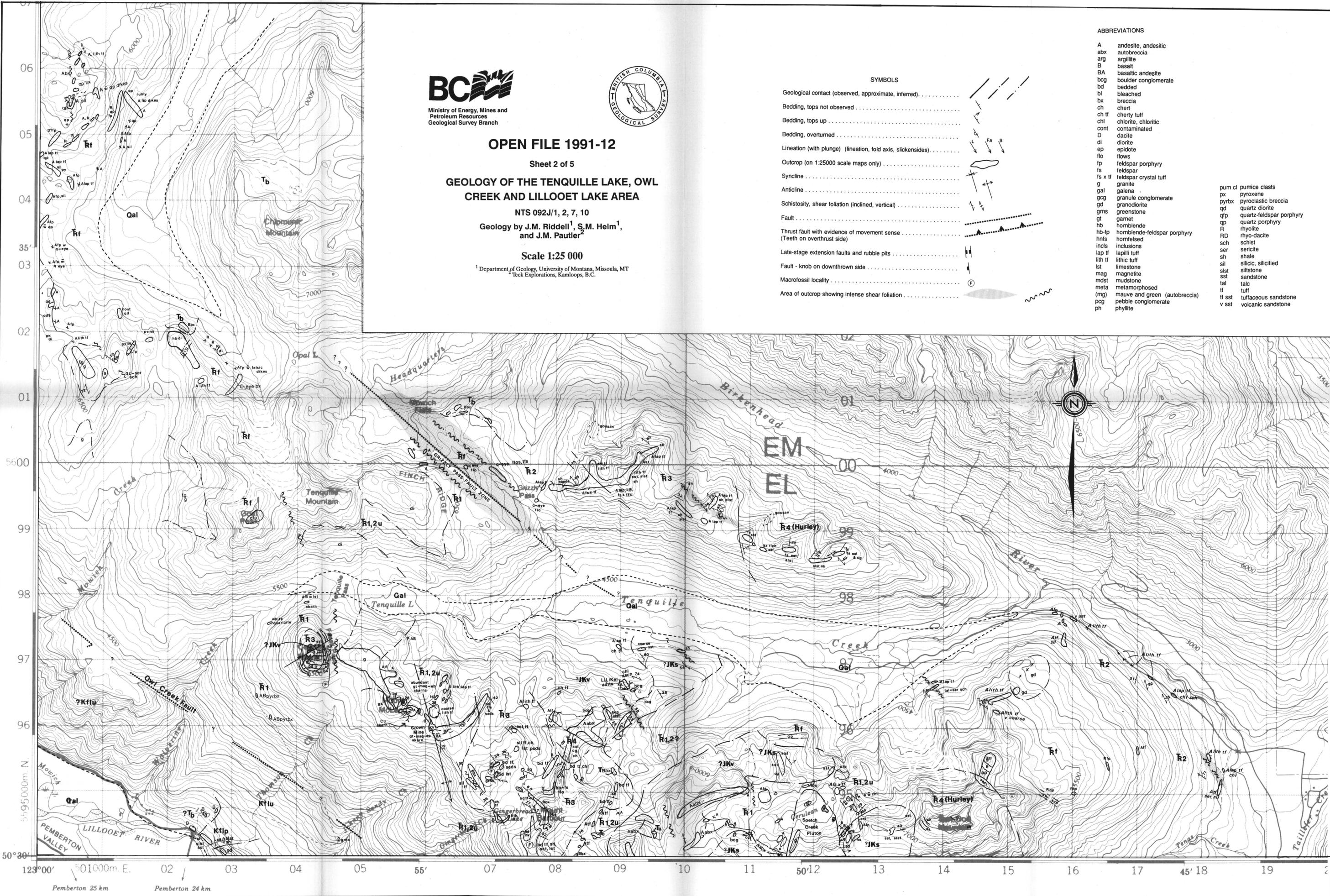
¹ Department of Geology, University of Montana, Missoula, MT
² Teck Explorations, Kamloops, B.C.

SYMBOLS

- Geological contact (observed, approximate, inferred)
- Bedding, tops not observed
- Bedding, tops up
- Bedding, overturned
- Lination (with plunge) (lineation, fold axis, slickensides)
- Outcrop (on 1:25000 scale maps only)
- Syncline
- Anticline
- Schistosity, shear foliation (inclined, vertical)
- Fault
- Thrust fault with evidence of movement sense (Teeth on overthrust side)
- Late-stage extension faults and rubble pits
- Fault - knob on downthrown side
- Macrofossil locality
- Area of outcrop showing intense shear foliation

ABBREVIATIONS

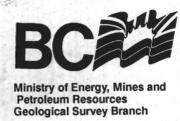
A	andesite, andesitic	pum cl	pumice clasts
abx	autobreccia	px	pyroxene
arg	argillite	pyrbx	pyroclastic breccia
B	basalt	qd	quartz diorite
BA	basaltic andesite	qfp	quartz-feldspar porphyry
bcb	boulder conglomerate	qp	quartz porphyry
bd	bedded	R	rhyolite
bl	bleached	RD	rhyo-dacite
bx	breccia	sch	schist
ch	chert	ser	sericite
ch tf	cherty tuff	sh	shale
chl	chlorite, chloritic	sh	shale
cont	contaminated	sil	silicic, silicified
D	dacite	sist	siltstone
di	diorite	st	sandstone
ep	epidote	tal	talc
flo	flows	tf	tuff
fp	feldspar porphyry	tf sst	luffaceous sandstone
fs	feldspar	v sst	volcanic sandstone
fs x tf	feldspar crystal tuff		
g	granite		
gal	galena		
gcb	granule conglomerate		
gd	granodiorite		
grns	greenstone		
gt	garnet		
hb	hornblende		
hb-fp	hornblende-feldspar porphyry		
hns	hornfelsed		
incls	inclusions		
lap tf	lapilli tuff		
lith tf	lithic tuff		
lst	limestone		
mag	magnetite		
mdst	muistone		
meta	metamorphosed		
(mg)	mauve and green (autobreccia)		
pcg	pebble conglomerate		
ph	phyllite		





ABBREVIATIONS

A	andesite, andesitic
abx	autobreccia
arg	argillite
B	basalt
BA	basaltic andesite
bcg	boulder conglomerate
bd	bedded
bl	bleached
bx	breccia
ch	chert
cht	cherty tuff
chl	chlorite, chloritic
cont	contaminated
D	dacite
di	diorite
ep	epidote
fl	flows
fp	feldspar porphyry
fs	feldspar
fs x tf	feldspar crystal tuff
g	granite
gal	galena
pcg	granule conglomerate
gd	granodiorite
grns	greenstone
gt	garnet
hb	hornblende
hb-fp	hornblende-feldspar porphyry
hms	hornfelsed
incls	inclusions
lap	lapilli tuff
lith	lithic tuff
lst	limestone
mag	magnetite
mdst	mudstone
meta	metamorphosed
(mg)	mauve and green (autobreccia)
pcg	pebble conglomerate
ph	phyllite
pum cl	pumice clasts
px	pyroxene
pyrbx	pyroclastic breccia
qd	quartz diorite
qfp	quartz-feldspar porphyry
qp	quartz porphyry
R	rhyolite
RD	rhyo-dacite
sch	schist
ser	sericite
sh	shale
sil	silicic, silicified
sst	siltstone
sst	sandstone
tal	talc
tf	tuff
tf sst	tuffaceous sandstone
v sst	volcanic sandstone



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Sheet 3 of 5

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Anticline
Schistosity, shear foliation (inclined, vertical)
Fault
Thrust fault with evidence of movement sense (Teeth on overthrust side)
Late-stage extension faults and rubble pits
Fault - knob on downthrown side
Macrofossil locality
Area of outcrop showing intense shear foliation

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Sheet 4 of 5

**GEOLOGY OF THE TENQUILLE LAKE, OWL
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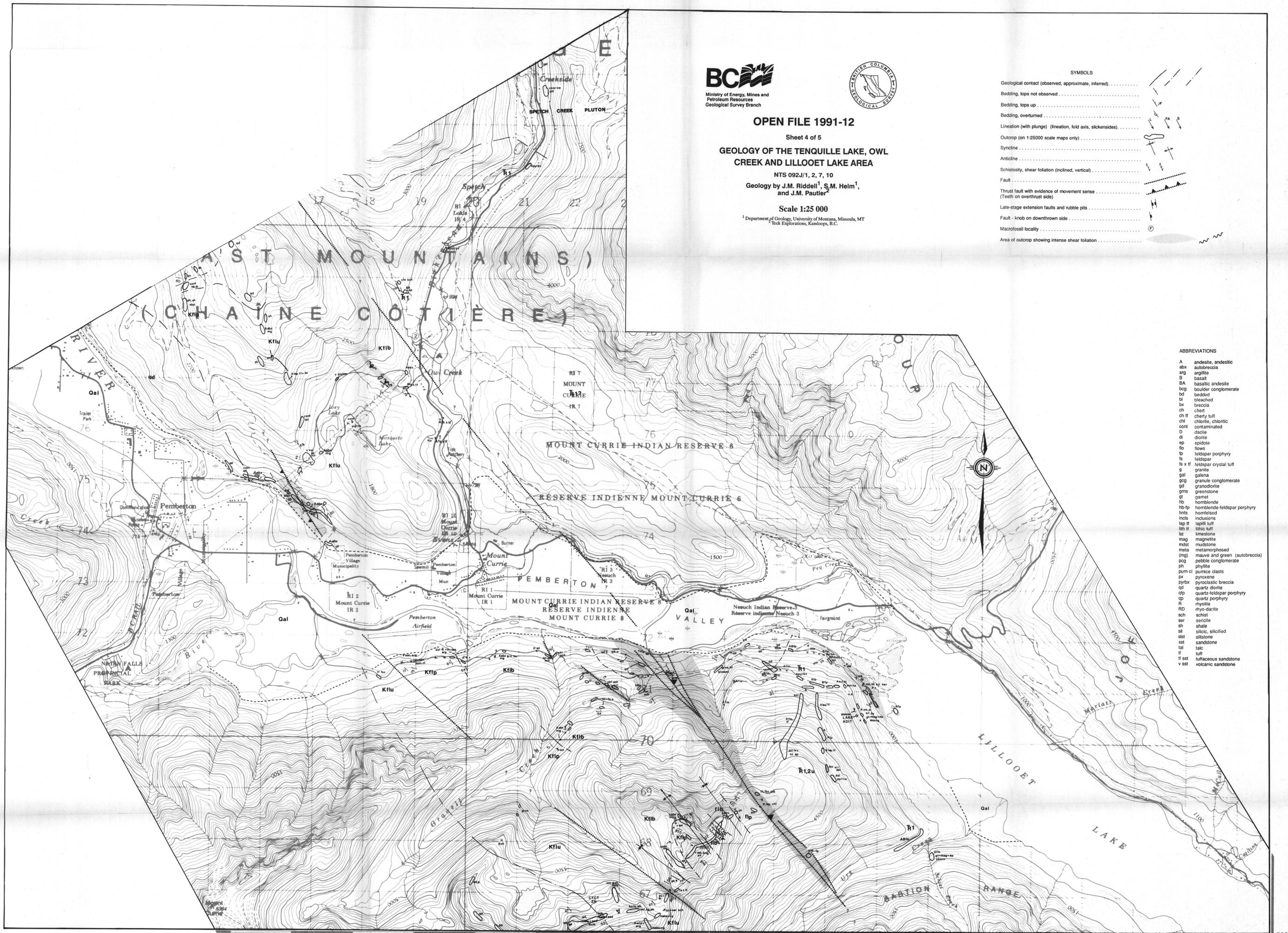
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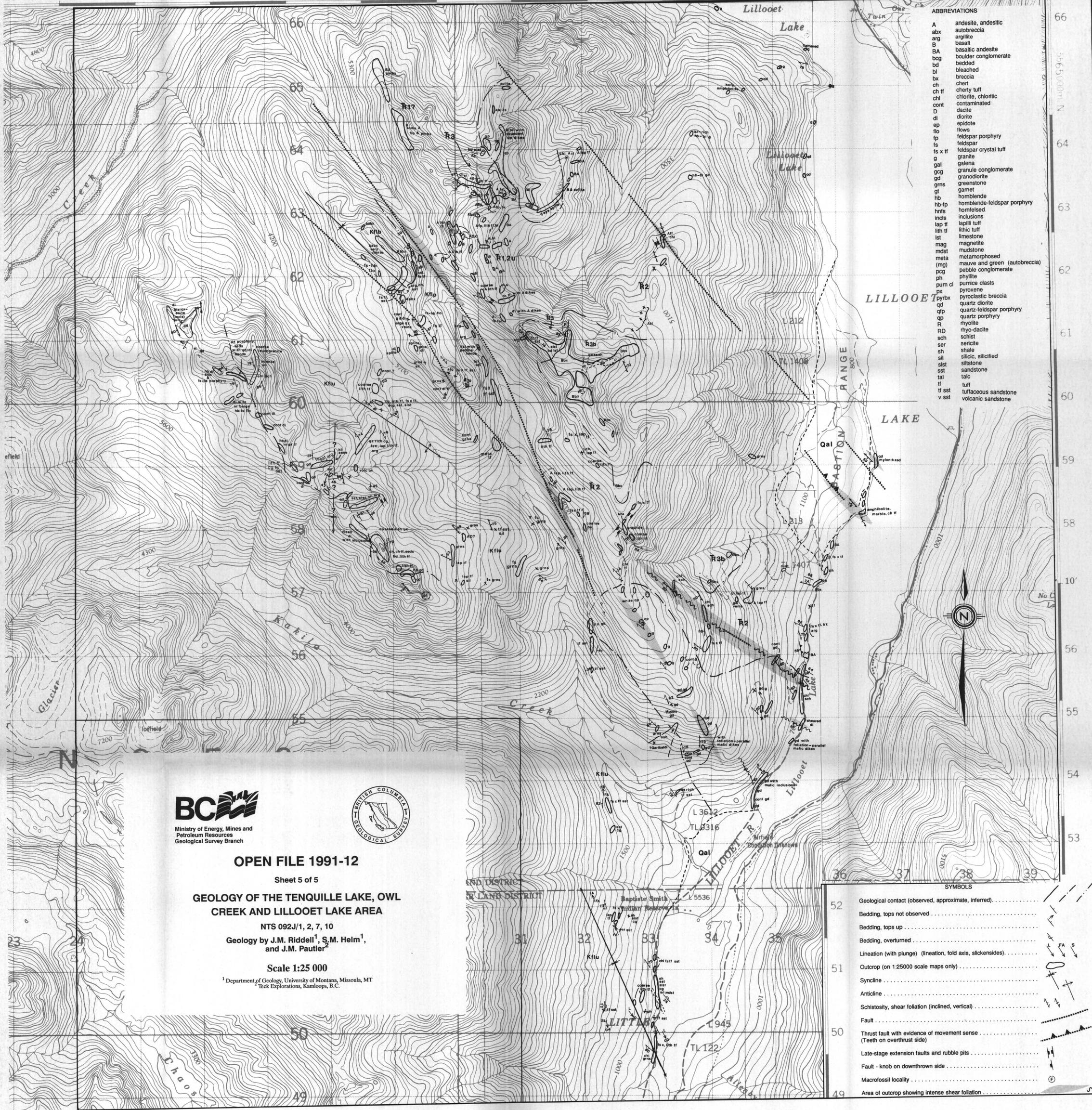
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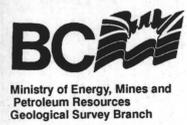
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tf	tuff
tf sst	tuffaceous sandstone
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	Fault	
50	Thrust fault with evidence of movement sense (Teeth on overthrust side)	
	Late-stage extension faults and rubble pits	
	Fault - knob on downthrown side	
	Macrofossil locality	
49	Area of outcrop showing intense shear foliation	