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THE ALEY CARBONATITE COMPLEX NORTHERN ROCKY MOUNTAINS, BRITISH COLUMBIA* (94B/5)

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INTRODUCTION

The Aley carbonatite complex was discovered in 1980 and staked by Cominco Ltd. in 1982 (Pride, 1983) for its niobium potential. The property is located 140 kilometres north-northwest of Mackenzie, on the east side of Williston Lake, at latitude $56^{\circ}27'$ north, longitude $123^{\circ}45'$ west.

A brief account of the geology was presented by Pell (1986a, 1986c). This contribution is an outline of an M.Sc. thesis recently completed at The University of British Columbia by the author (Mäder, 1986).

GEOLOGY

The Aley carbonatite complex intruded Cambrian sediments (Figure 4-5-1) of the continental margin of ancient North America near the shelf/off-shelf boundary prior to the formation of the northern Rocky Mountains (potassium-argon ages of 340 to 350 million years) (Pell, 1986c; Pell, this volume). The youngest unit affected by the intrusion is the Skoki volcanic sequence (mid-Ordovician?).

The carbonatite complex is oval in outline, 3 to 3.5 kilometres in diameter and occupies an area of about 7 square kilometres. The body is cylindrical in the third dimension with a nearly vertical axis and has probably been only slightly tilted from its original orientation.

The complex consists of an older, outer ring of metasomatically altered syenite that occupies one-third of the volume. The core is formed by dolomite carbonatite with minor calcite carbonatite "sweats" and some rare-earth carbonate-rich "sweats". Rare-earth carbonate-rich ferrocarbonatite dykes intrude the contact aureole. The contact aureole is composed of recrystallized carbonate rocks characterized by a cream to brownish weathering colour, but is little affected by metasomatism and shows no indication of hightemperature contact metamorphism.

The relationship of nearby lamprophyric dykes and the Ospika diatreme (Pell, 1986b; Pell, this volume) to the carbonatite complex is unclear.

The Aley complex and its contact aureole are part of an imbricate thrust sheet of the northern Rocky Mountains, bounded to the west by a high-angle thrust fault juxtaposing Cambrian rocks of the contact aureole against unmetamorphosed Silurian rocks (Figure 4-5-1). The Silurian rocks form part of the tectonically thinned eastern limb of a tight anticline with a Cambrian core to the west. This structural element is dissected by faults striking at high angles to the Rocky Mountain trend. Along the eastern side of the complex a tectonically thinned, reversed stratigraphic section, with a set of subparallel lower angle thrust faults, is thrust onto an imbricate sheet containing Silurian rocks (to the east of the area mapped). Parts of the carbonatite complex may be faulted out above and below the exposed level. The fault zones along the eastern and western side of the Aley complex are mapped as two branches of the Burden thrust (Thompson, 1978).

STRUCTURES RELATED TO THE EMPLACEMENT OF THE COMPLEX

The inner part of the contact aureole forms an annular, cylindrical, ductile shear zone evidenced by "chocolate-tablet" boudinage, shear folds and locally by sheath folds. Horizontal and vertical components of extension near the contact are in the order of 200 to 400 per cent. The ductile shear zone suggests that doming was the major mechanism of emplacement. This is consistent with circular, steeply dipping structural trends in the carbonatite core, outlined by a cleavage and mineral layering (apatite, magnetite, pyrochlore, fersmite, biotite and amphibole). Temperatures within the contact aureole, deduced from calcite-dolomite geothermometry (250°C to 350°C) and metamorphic phase assemblages ($\leq 400^{\circ}$ C), further support the view that at least part of the complex was emplaced at subsolidus temperatures.

MINERALOGY AND MINERAL CHEMISTRY

Approximately 50 mineral species are identified in the four major rock types of the Aley carbonatite complex (Table 4-5-1). The list of minerals is still incomplete. Niobium-rich phases of economic interest include fersmite, pyrochlore and columbite.

Tables 4-5-2, 4-5-3 and 4-5-4 list averaged microprobe analyses of selected minerals.

PETROGRAPHY

DOLOMITE CARBONATITE

Fersmite and pyrite-bearing dolomite-apatite-carbonatite: Different degrees of deformation and alteration resulted in a variety of textures. Fresh dolomite carbonatite has a large range of grain sizes (0.1 to 4 millimetres) with a granoblastic interlocking texture, almost idiotopic in some parts. Apatite occurs as prismatic crystals or disk-like flattened aggregates oriented parallel to the planar fabric. Fersmite forms fibrous to fine-grained aggregates replac ng euhedral pyrochlore (cubic). Primary fersmite (orthorhombic) is rare. Columbite is observed replacing fersmite.

Alteration of dolomite carbonatite includes extensive chloritization and minor silicification of narrow fracture zones with relatively abundant fersmite and/or pyrochlore. Metallic black, granular aggregates are widespread and consist of chlorite-rutile mixtures or dolomite with thin niobian rutile lamellae grown along the rhornbohedral cleavage.

CALCITE CARBONATITE

Magnetite, pyrochlore, amphibole, pyrite-bearing calcuteapatite-carbonatite: Calcute carbonatite typically displays a strong

^{*} This project is a contribution to the Canada/British Columbia Mineral Development Agreement.

British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Geological Fieldwork, 1986, Paper 1987-1.



Figure 4-5-1. Geological map of the Aley carbonatite complex based in part on geological mapping by Cominco Ltd.

TABLE 4-5-1 MINERALOGY

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barite sulphate re1, re2 pyrite sulphide cd, re1, re2, cc galena sulphide re1, cd chalcopyrite sulphide sy	Mg silicate	silicate	сс
pyrite sulphide cd, re1, re2, cc galena sulphide re1, cd chalcopyrite sulphide sy	barite	sulphate	re1, re2
galena sulphide re1, cd sulphide sy	pyrite	sulphide	cd, re1, re2. cc
chalcopyrite sulphide sy	galena	sulphide	re1, cd
	chalcopyrite	sulphide	sy

List of minerals identified in the Aley carbonatite complex with contributions by P.C. LeCouteur and K.R. Pride (Cominco Ltd.): LREE = light rare-earth elements (La, Ce, Nd, Pr); ss = solid solution; cd = dolomite carbonatite; cc = calcite carbonatite; rel = rare-earth element carbonatite dykes (north ridge); re2 = barite-rich rare-earth element carbonatite dykes (northwest ridge); red = rare-earth-rich "swears" within the carbonatite; sy = "syenite"; au = metamorphic rocks of the contact aureole.

TABLE 4-5-2 MINERAL CHEMISTRY, ELECTRON MICROPROBE ANALYSES OF CARBONATE MINERALS

Do	Cc	Ank	
32.11	53.16	28.98	
17.03	0.55	14.12	
3.50	0.14	7.29	
0.33	0.21	3.66	
0.00	0.80	0.24	
46.14	42.87	25.00	
99.11	97.72	99.29	
Normalized Analyses			
54.61	97.39	50.54	
40.31	1.40	34.26	
4.64	0.20	9.93	
0.44	0.30	5.04	
0.00	0.79	0.23	
100.00	100.00	100.00	
	Do 32.11 17.03 3.50 0.33 0.00 46.14 99.11 No 54.61 40.31 4.64 0.44 0.44 0.00 100.00	Do Cc 32.11 53.16 17.03 0.55 3.50 0.14 0.33 0.21 0.00 0.80 46.14 42.87 99.11 97.72 Normalized Anal 54.61 97.39 40.31 1.40 4.64 0.20 0.44 0.30 0.00 0.79 100.00 100.00	

¹ total iron.

² calculated.

Do = dolomite from dolomite carbonatite, Cc = calcite from calcite carbonatite, Ank = ankerite from rare-earth carbonatite dyke.

Samples were analysed with an ARL-SEMQ (University of Calgary) operated at 15 keV and 0.15 μ A with a split beam.

TABLE 4-5-3 MINERAL CHEMISTRY, ELECTRON MICROPROBE ANALYSES OF ARFVEDSONITE AND AEGIRINE

	Wt %		Normalized	Analyses ¹	
	Arf	Aeg		Arf	Aeg
SiO ₂	54.66	52.71	Si	8.09	1.98
TiO ₂	0.21	5.82	Ti	0.02	0.16
Al ₂ Õ ₃	0.13	0.52	Al	0.02	0.02
FeO2	11.00	23.24	Fe	1.36	0.66
MgO	16.31	2.55	Mg	0.12	0.01
MnO	0.94	0.37	Mn	3.60	0.14
CaO	2.45	1.25	Са	0.39	0.05
Na ₂ O	8.34	13.51	Na	2.39	0.98
K ₂ 0	1.78	0.01	Κ	0.34	0.00
BaO	0.01	0.03	Ba	0.00	0.00
F	2.45	0.01	F	1.15	0.00
H ₂ O ³	0.70		OH	0.69	
_			0	22.16	6.00
Total	98.99	100.01	0,0H,F	24.00	

¹ arfvedsonite normalized to 24 (O, OH, F), aegirine normalized to 6 oxygens.

² total iron.

³ estimated.

Arf = arfvedsonite from "syenite", Aeg = aegerine from "syenite".

Samples were analysed with an ARL-SEMQ (University of Calgary) operated at 15 keV and 0.15 μ A.

TABLE 4-5-4 MINERAL CHEMISTRY, ELECTRON MICROPROBE ANALYSES OF PYROCHLORE

	Wt %		Formula A ₂ B ₂ O ₆ (OH,F)		
	Core	Rim	Core	Rim	
Nb ₂ O ₅	61.12	69.08	Nb (B) 1.77	1.96	
Ta ₂ O ₅	0.18	0.32	Ta (B) 0.01	0.01	
ZrO ₂	1.44	0.06	Zr (B) 0.04	0.00	
TiO ₂	3.86	0.82	Ti (B) 0.18	0.04	
-			Total B 2.00	2.01	
CaO	16.38	16.33	Ca (A) 1.12	1.09	
Na ₂ O	7.34	9.16	Na (A) 0.92	1.11	
FeÔ	0.36	0.00	Fe (A) 0.02	0.00	
MnO	0.10	0.01	Mn (A) 0.00	0.00	
La ₂ O ₃	0.07	0.04	La (A) 0.00	0.00	
Nd ₂ O ₃	0.22	0.20	Nd (A) 0.01	0.01	
Ce, 0,	0.89	0.13	Ce (A) 0.02	0.00	
ThO,	3.44	0.26	Th (A) 0.06	0.00	
UO,	0.01	0.00	U (A) 0.00	0.00	
Total	95.41	96.41	Total A 2.15	2.21	

Analyses by Dr. G. Perrault, Ecole Polytechnique, Montreal, Quebec.

parallel fabric marked by a cleavage and mineral layering. Calcite forms a granoblastic-polygonal texture and is much finer grained (0.05 to 0.2 millimetre) than dolomite carbonatite. Apatite forms prismatic crystals or disk-like flattened aggregates aligned parallel to the fabric. Biotite forms hexagonal, prismatic, equant crystals associated with magnetite and/or pyrochlore. Pyrochlore displays its octahedral habit and is zoned with rims relatively enriched in niobium. Amphibole of richterite composition is fibrous to acicular and aligned parallel to the fabric. At least part of the amphibole formed metasomatically near the contact with the "syenitic" ring. Accessory minerals include zircon and rare baddeleyite associated with zirkelite.

Calcite carbonatite is more resistant to weathering than dolomite carbonatite. Small amounts of chlorite and secondary quartz may form in zones of higher strain.

RARE-EARTH CARBONATITE DYKES

Two dyke swarms occur in the contact aureole of the complex (Figure 4-5-1). The dykes across the north ridge are characterized by orange, ovoid aggregates of rare-earth carbonates (mostly burbankite); those across the northwest ridge have dispersed rare-earth carbonates, abundant barite and secondary quartz.

Burbankite, cordylite and huanghoite are probably primary igneous rare-earth carbonates whereas the hydrous carbonates and various calcium-strontium-barium carbonates are part of the alteration assemblage.

RARE-EARTH-RICH "SWEATS" WITHIN THE COMPLEX

Minor rare-earth carbonate-rich differentiates occur at a few localities within the complex. Large (centimetre-scale) irregular crystal aggregates of huanghoite and bastnaesite occur in a dolomite matrix.

METASOMATICALLY ALTERED SYENITE

Aegirine and arfvedsonite-bearing albite-quartz rock to quartz-bearing albite-aegirine-arfvedsonite rock: This unusual rock displays a great compositional and textural variety. Relict microsyenite textures indicate a primary igneous origin as an

TABLE 4-5-5 WHOLE ROCK GEOCHEMISTRY, X-RAY FLUORESCENCE ANALYSES OF SELECTED WHOLE ROCK SAMPLES

Wt %	cd	сс	rel	re2	syl	sy2
SiO ₂	0.50	2.17	0.65	7.30	66.36	53.00
Al ₂ Õ ₂	0.26	0.02	0.21	0.67	4.28	1.33
TiO ₂	< 0.01	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.68	0.35
FeO (tot)	2.95	8.41	10.49	12.00		
FeO		0.97				
Fe ₂ O ₃		1.32				12.91
MnO	0.26		4.11	3.30	0.27	0.35
MgO	17.34	5.85	11.29	7.91	2.55	16.00
CaO	32.89	45.69	28.14	24.59	4.05	3.50
Na ₂ O	0.63	0.48	1.13	0.79	7.79	7.71
K,0	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.24	1.15
P ₂ O ₅	1.74	4.60	0.14	0.09	0.70	0.68
S	0.01	0.21	0.06	1.11	0.02	
Ba			0.69	7.74		
LOI	43.52	38.71	42.55	33.31	0.84	
Total	95.70	99.90	98.77	98.74	98.86	97.88
ppm						
Nb	490	3290	<5	29	71	280
Zr	66	600	580	96	270	390
Y	41	97	13	96	6	21
Sr	360	5280	5550	700	300	670
U	<9	<20	21	<10	<9	< 20
Rb	4	<20	<4	<4	<3	<20
Th	130	65	28	840	<7	<20
Та	18	<20				
Ba	39	315			1340	540
La	310	315	2670	2290	63	235
Ce	750	710	4760	7210	170	110
Nd	240		1020	3580	56	
Ce/La	2.4	2.3	1.8	3.1	2.7	2.1
Ce/Nd	3.2		4.7	2.0	3.0	

cd = dolomite carbonatite, cc = calcite carbonatite, rel = rare-earth carbonatite dyke (north ridge), re2 = rare-earth carbonatite dyke (northwest ridge), sy1 = "syenite", sy2 = "syenite".

Analyses cc and sy2 by Cominco Ltd.

arfvedsonite and quartz-bearing syenite. Alkali metasomatism resulted in extensive overgrowth of fine-grained acicular aegirine and prismatic arfvedsonite and replacement of primary igneous textures by metamorphic textures.

Rounded orthoquartzite xenoliths and minor microsyenite xenoliths occur in various parts of the ring structure and may be more abundant locally (*see* Pell, 1986a). Xenoliths commonly show absorption features and reaction rims.

CONTACT AUREOLE

White mica and potassium feldspar are the only common metamorphic minerals observed in impure marbles, marls and silts. Talc and calc-silicates appear to be absent.

Silicification and growth of richteritic amphibole is observed within 10 to 40 centimetres of the contact. There is no mineralogical evidence for major mass transfer within the contact aureole. Trace element abundancies (Nb, REE, Th, F) and radioactivity can however be correlated with the apparent intensity of alteration. The fluid phase responsible for the formation of the contact aureole was probably highly volatile (CO₂, H₂O, F) and did not affect major element concentrations significantly.

GEOCHEMISTRY

Dolomite carbonatite is very low in silica, alumina and alkalies but high in phosphorus (Table 4-5-5). It is enriched in the incompatible elements thorium, uranium, niobium, tantalum, zirconium and light rare-earth elements but is low in titanium, rubidium, potassium and lead. Dolomite carbonatite is relatively depleted in heavy rare-earth elements and the siderophile and chalcophile metals.

Average calcite carbonatite is higher in silica, phosphorus and sodium than dolomite carbonatite. The trace geochemistry is similar to dolomite carbonatite.

Barium, strontium and total rare-earth elements may reach major element concentrations in the rare-earth-rich carbonatite dykes. The dykes may represent residual, low-temperature liquids derived from a dolomite carbonatite-like parental melt.

The metasomatically altered syenite has variable major element concentrations. Its trace element geochemistry is of "diluted" carbonatite character.

STABLE ISOTOPE RATIOS

Samples of calcite, dolomite and ankerite (mostly single crystals) from calcite carbonatite, dolomite carbonatite and a rare-earth carbonatite dyke respectively, were analysed for oxygen and carbon isotope ratios (Figure 4-5-2). All the ¹³C ratios show values typical of primary igneous carbonatites of mantle origin (Taylor *et al.*, 1967; Pineau *et al.*, 1973). The ¹⁸O values are variable, a feature commonly observed in carbonate minerals. An elevated ¹⁸O s gnature, in comparison with mantle values, is usually taken to be indicative of postmagmatic recrystallization and deuteric alteration (Taylor *et al.*, 1967). Both processes preferentially affect carbonate minerals (rather than silicates) and oxygen isotope ratios rather than carbon isotope ratios. The extremely fresh samples of calcite carbonatite from drill cores are not affected at all by alteration. Dol-



Figure 4-5-2. Stable isotope diagram of selected carbonate minerals (analyses by Dr. K. Muehlenbachs, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta). δ^{13} C ratios normalized to per mill PDB, δ^{18} O ratios normalized to per mill SMOW. Box outlines the range of primary igneous carbonatites unaffected by weathering or dueteric and hydrothermal alteration (Taylor *et al.*, 1967).

omite, carbonatite, almost always with a brownish tint due to weathering, shows ¹⁸O values typical of mantle origin and elevated ¹⁸O values due to recrystallization and deuteric alteration. Ankerite from carbonatite dykes rich in rare-earths shows somewhat elevated ¹⁸O signatures, but ¹³C values of mantle character.

DISCUSSION

The Aley is one of the best exposed and preserved alkalinecarbonatite complexes in the world. Besides its niobium potential the complex provides insight into problems of alkaline-carbonatite rock genesis: mode of emplacement, diversification of alkaline magmas, nature of the mantle source, processes in the mantle source region and metallogenesis.

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