PROSPECTORS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM - 1996/97
INDIVIDUAL PROSPECTOR REPORT

PROJECT DETAILS

NTS	092K/03	**LAT.**	50 09 59	**LONG.**	125 14 10	**TARGET**	Au, Ag, Cu, Vein, Skarn

PROJECT AREA

Quadra Island (WPR Claims)

NTS	092K/03W	**LAT.**	50 12 39	**LONG.**	125 16 39	**TARGET**	Au, Ag, Cu Skarn

PROJECT AREA

Saxon Lake

NTS		**LAT.**		**LONG.**		**TARGET**	

PROJECT AREA

PROGRAM COMPONENTS: Prospecting, Sampling

FIELD VISIT BY: **DATE:**

COMMENT

STRAMBERG LAKE

crown grant # 1502

MIN # 92 K 111 ?

Adit + gossan
1(a) py. cpy. po.
PME. Skarn

CROWN GRANT # 1463
(PLACER-DOME)

DDH.

MIN # 92 K 100 - 500 m S.E. of Stramberg Lk.
4.9 g/ton Au; 13 g/ton Ag.

pond

+ Greenwich Resources
0.1 oz/ton Au over 5 ft.

+ 0.07 oz/ton over 4 ft.
x 0.5 oz. Au / 5 ft. reported
(Greenwich Resources 1981)

pit + narrow shaft
1(a), Q.V. with minor py.

deep pits

SEDIMENT
x 1(a) 5% py.

1(a)(sk) porphyritic (granitized?)

Min # 92 K 85 ?
copper skarn in granitized volcanics
1(a) Skarn

0.18 oz Au. reported !?
-trenches not located
(Greenwich Resources 1981)

INTRUSIVE

overburden

pits - Sk(s) sk.
massive py

MAFIC VOLCANIC

OVERBURDEN

SEDIMENT

KARST FORMATION
(caves)

-(HALL OCCURRENCE)
-MASSIVE BARREN Q.V.
2-3 M. thick with
locally cpy. blebs
RH 28-32

MIN # 92 K 101
(WING)

DETAIL # 3

felsite dyke 3b 80

SEPTEMBER LAKE

overburden

ROAD TO GRANITE BAY

N

creek

RH56
Q.V. 10% py.

WHITES ROAD

DETAILED GEOLOGY
MAP # 4

OVERBURDEN

(SEPTEMBER SHOWING)
MIN FILE # 86
0.5 oz/ton Au.
across 5 feet
reported

DETAIL # 1

DETAIL # 2

DDH

RH 55

0 100 200 300 m.

ROAD TO HERIOT BAY

QUADRA CREEK

LITHOLOGY

UPPER KARMUTSEN FORMATION

1.) MAFIC VOLCANIC
- (a) basalt
- (b) andesite

2.) FELSIC VOLCANIC
- (a) ryolite
- (b) dacite

3.) SEDIMENT
- (a) limestone
- (b) sandstone (quartzite)

COASTAL PLUTONIC COMPLEX

4 (a) Granite
- (b) diorite

MINERALIZATION, ALTERATION

- sk skarn
- gar garnet
- mag magnetite
- po pyrrhotite
- py pyrite
- cpy chalcopyrite
- sil silicified
- ser serecite

geological contact
outcrop
ridge
trail
road
o/B overburden
swamp

m. meter
g. gram
oz. ounce
Au. gold
Min. - Minfile
Q.V. - quartz vein
shaft
trench

W.P.R. CLAIMS

QUADRA ISL. B.C.

DETAIL LOCATION MAP
~~SAMPLE LOCATION MAP~~

SCALE 1 : 5000

NOV. 19, 1996

RAND HODGSON B.Sc. B.Ed.

creek

1(a)

3(a) x

3(a) x (skarn)

80

1(a) minor py.

3(a)

1(a)

1(a)

HALL OCCURRENCE

3(a)

3(a)

1(a)

WING OCCURRENCE

QV with cpy.

3(a) py, skarn

N

O/B

creek

GOLD / ALTERATION ZONE

WHITES RD.

3(a)

1(a) skarn

+3(b)

1(a) vesicles

1(a)

1(a) py

3(a)

3a

road

1(a) QV., 10% py.

RH 56

traverse direction ≃ 60° / 240°

50 m. spacing.

1(a),(b) vesicles

1(b)

1 a,b

GOLD / ALTERATION ZONE

trail

SEPTEMBER OCCURRENCES

80

1(a), 3(a)

1(a), 3(a)

BASE STATION

3(a) 1(b) interbedded

RH 54

80

RH 55

3(a)

3(b)

1(a)

3(b)(a)

1a,b

1(a)

LITHOLOGY

UPPER KARMUTSEN FORMATION

1) MAFIC VOLCANIC
   (a) basalt
   (b) andesite
2) FELSIC VOLCANIC
   (a) ryolite
   (b) dacite
3) SEDIMENT
   (a) limestone
   (b) sandstone (quartzite)

COASTAL PLUTONIC COMPLEX

4 (a) Granite
   (b) diorite

- limit of gold depositional zone.
- ridge
- trench
- swamp
- overbourden
- outcrop

RH = sample #

0 50 100 150 m.

W.P.R. CLAIMS

QUADRA ISL. B.C.

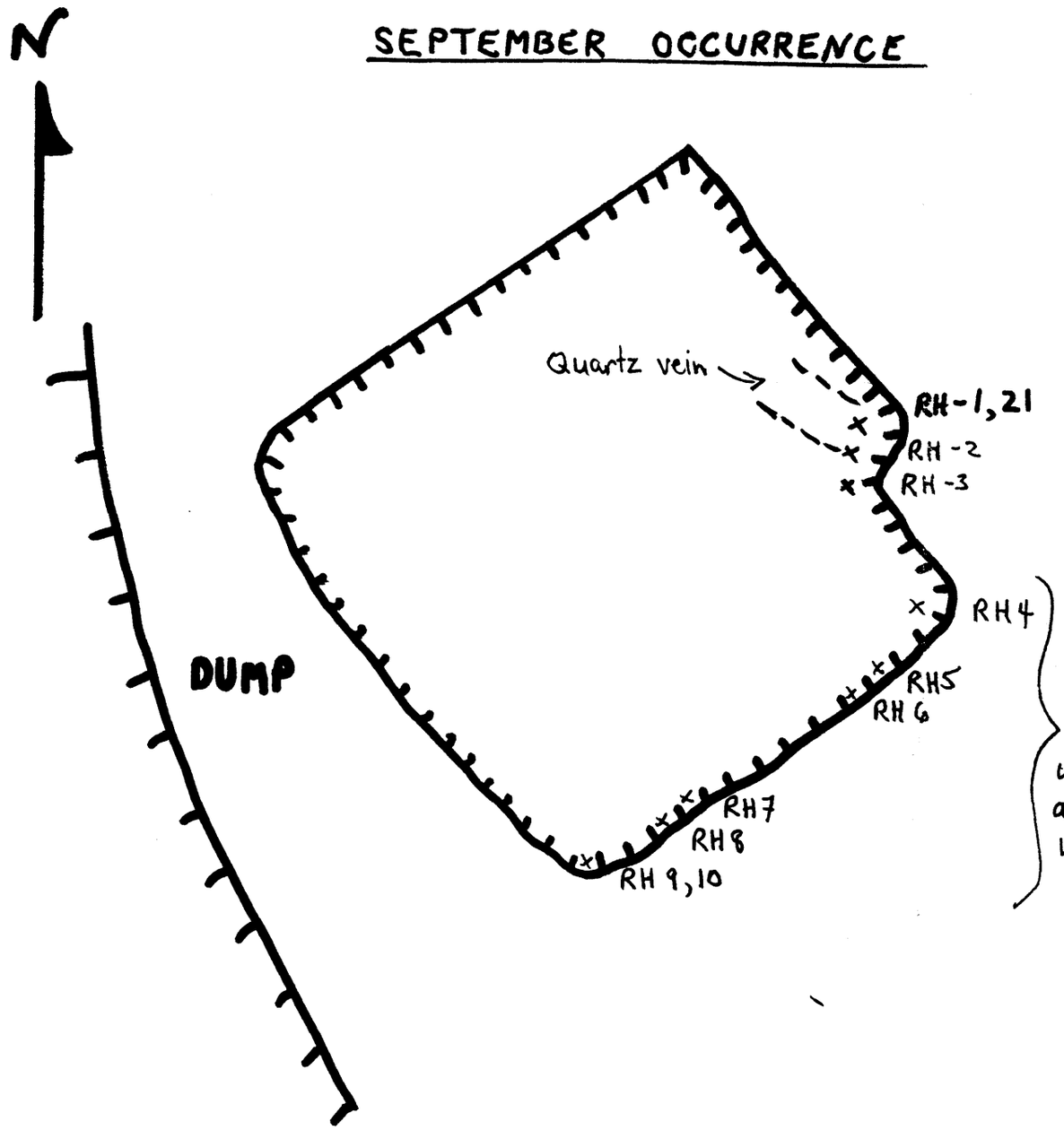
GEOLOGY DETAIL-MAP 4

SCALE 1 : 2500

NOV. 19, 1996

RAND HODGSON BSc, BEd.

SEPTEMBER OCCURRENCE



LITHOLOGY

UPPER KARMUTSEN FORMATION

1.) MAFIC VOLCANIC
- (a) basalt
- (b) andesite

2.) FELSIC VOLCANIC
- (a) ryolite
- (b) dacite

3.) SEDIMENT
- (a) limestone
- (b) sandstone (quartzite)

COASTAL PLUTONIC COMPLEX

4 (a) Granite
- (b) diorite

W.P.R. CLAIMS, QUADRA ISL.

TRENCH DETAIL # 1; AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS

SCALE 1:50

NOV. 1 1996

RAND HODGSON B.Sc., B.Ed.

N

SEPTEMBER OCCURRENCE

RH 23

+ 1(a)

RH 20,22

+ 3(a)

x 1(a)

RH 33-37
CHANNEL SAMPLE
ACROSS 2 METERS

RH 38,39

RH 42-44
CHANNEL SAMPLE
ACROSS 1 METER

RH 40,41

RH12,13,14

80

grey/black limestone (3(a))

RH 11

RH 15,16

RH 18

RH 19

ZONE OF QUARTZ/SULFIDE MINERALIZATION
AT CONTACT BETWEEN VOLCANICS AND SEDIMENTS
AVERAGE THICKNESS OF ZONE IS 2 METERS

trench in o/B

tie-in/base station
post marked
"RH Base"

mafic volcanic
with vesicles 1(a),(b)

rubble/debris from dump

RH 17
float from dump.

o/B

0 1 2 3 4 meters

LITHOLOGY

UPPER KARMUTSEN FORMATION

1.) MAFIC VOLCANIC
- (a) basalt
- (b) andesite

2.) FELSIC VOLCANIC
- (a) ryolite
- (b) dacite

3.) SEDIMENT
- (a) limestone
- (b) sandstone (quartzite)

COASTAL PLUTONIC COMPLEX

4 (a) Granite
- (b) diorite

W.P.R. CLAIMS, QUADRA ISL.

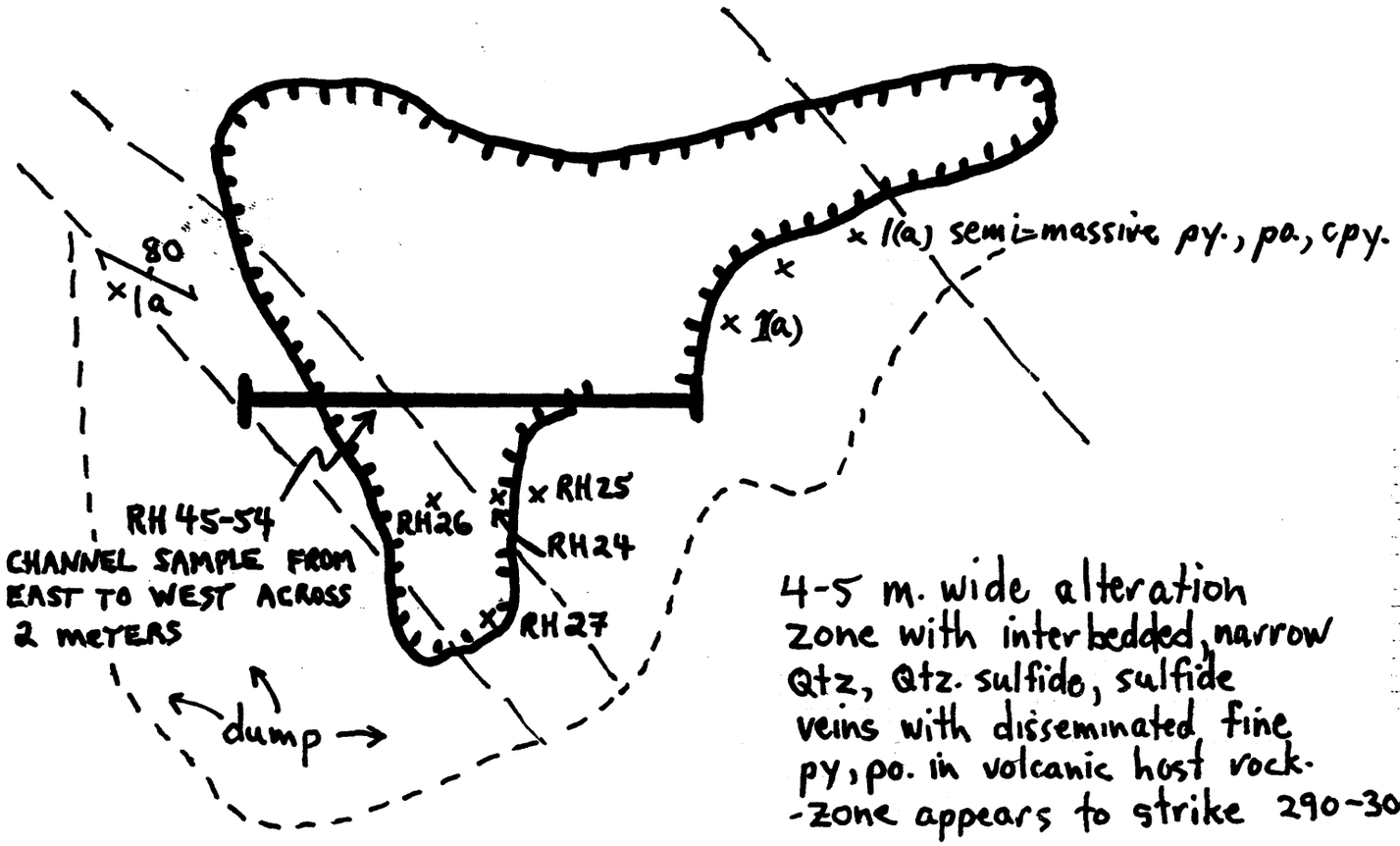
TRENCH DETAIL # 2; AND
SAMPLE LOCATIONS

SCALE 1 : 100

NOV 15 1996

RAND HODGSON B.Sc., B.Ed

WING OCCURRENCE



4-5 m. wide alteration zone with interbedded, narrow Qtz, Qtz. sulfide, sulfide veins with disseminated fine py, po. in volcanic host rock.
-zone appears to strike 290-300°.

LITHOLOGY

UPPER KARMUTSEN FORMATION

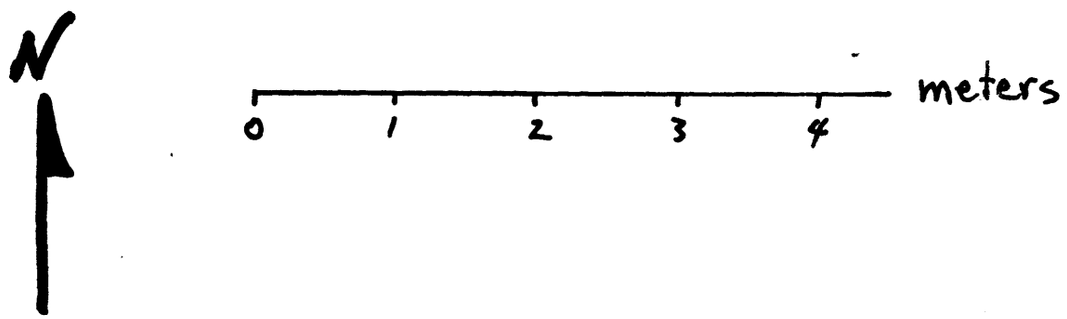
1.) MAFIC VOLCANIC
- (a) basalt
- (b) andesite

2.) FELSIC VOLCANIC
- (a) ryolite
- (b) dacite

3.) SEDIMENT
- (a) limestone
- (b) sandstone (quartzite)

COASTAL PLUTONIC COMPLEX

4 (a) Granite
- (b) diorite



W.P.R. CLAIMS, QUADRA ISL.

TRENCH DETAIL #3; and SAMPLE LOCATIONS

SCALE 1:50

NOV. 30, 1996

RAND HODGSON B.Sc., B.Ed.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
PROSPECTORS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
PROSPECTING REPORT FORM (continued)

B. TECHNICAL REPORT

- One technical report to be completed for each project area.
- **Refer to Program Requirements/Regulations, section 15, 16 and 17.**
- If work was performed on claims a copy of the applicable assessment report may be submitted in lieu of the supporting data (*see* section 16) required with this TECHNICAL REPORT.

Name HODGSON, RANDY Reference Number 96/97 P 71

LOCATION/COMMODITIES

Project Area (as listed in Part A) QUADRA ISLAND MINFILE No. if applicable 92K 86; 92K 101

Location of Project Area NTS 92 K 03 Lat 50° 10' N Long 125° 15' W

Description of Location and Access Access by road - truck - see accompanying technical report.

Main Commodities Searched For Gold

Known Mineral Occurrences in Project Area NUMEROUS - SEE TECNICAL REPORT

WORK PERFORMED

1. Conventional Prospecting (area) 400 meters x 1000 meters - 50 meter spacing
2. Geological Mapping (hectares/scale) 400 meters x 1000 meters - 50 meter spacing
3. Geochemical (type and no. of samples) 56 ROCK SAMPLES
4. Geophysical (type and line km) —
5. Physical Work (type and amount) EXCAVATING TRENCHES - 12 DAYS WORK FOR 1 PERSON
6,. Drilling (no,. holes, size, depth in m, total m) —
7. Other (specify) total line distance traversed = 8000 meters (20 x 400 meters EACH)

SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

Commodities GOLD Claim Name W.P.R.

Location (show on map) Lat 50° 09' 35" Long 125° 14' 20" W Elevation 250 feet A.S.L.

Best assay/sample type GRAB SAMPLE FROM SEPTEMBER OCCURRENCE ASSAYED 4.215 ounces per ton Au from Quartz Vein.

Description of mineralization, host rocks, anomalies

- DELINEATED A REGIONAL ZONE OF LOCALLY ANOMALOUS SULFIDE + GOLD MINERALIZATION. APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS 400 m x 1000 m with narrow mineralized ~~gold~~ Quartz veins at contacts between volcanics and limestones - see supplementary report

Supporting data must be submitted with this TECHNICAL REPORT

Proposed Prospecting Program 1996

The aim of the project is to carry out a detailed stripping and sampling program on the September Showing (MINFILE 92 K 86) and the Hall showing (92 K 101) located on the W.P.R. claims (Claim Map # 92 K 03 E &W). These are the recommendations of my report dated January 1, 1996[1]. These showings yield gold values commonly up to 3 oz/ton from grab samples. The purpose of the sampling is to determine which particular rock type hosts the gold. Once this is known a tonnage estimate can be done with the aim of small scale extraction.

Also, as part of this program, I propose to traverse and prospect the limestone belt on unstaked ground immediately to the northwest of my W.P.R. claim group. All old trenches will be located and sampled. A number of old showings in this area are improperly located. Trenches are caved in and in danger of being lost. Known precious metal skarns within the lime belt make this area one of the most promising in the Karmutsen volcanics of the Coast Complex. (See Hodsgon's report and recommendations enclosed)

Some of the showings in the area which are still unstaked include:

a) "Joy" - 92 K 107
Preliminary sampling returned low gold vaues only but I wish to return and spend another day prospecting for old trenches I might have missed because of the reported values -- 926 g/tonne Au across 30 cm Quartz vein (Ministry of Mines Annual Report - 1926) (See also enclosed summary of 1995 prospecting activity in the vicinity of Saxon Lake).

b) "Trilby" - 92 K 014
P.M.E. Cu skarn 3.5 g/tonne Au, 89 g/tonne Ag, 6% Cu (Ministry of Mines Annual Report, 1916, pg 345). This showing was not located so another prospecting day is required for a more thorough search.

Report on a Detailed Prospecting and Rock Sampling Program

W.P.R. Claim Group - Quadra Island,

Nanaimo Mining Division, British Columbia

N.T.S. 92 K 03 E & W

December 09 1996

Rand Hodgson, B.Sc., B.Ed.
Geologist

Table of Contents

Introduction

This report describes the results of a detailed prospecting and sampling survey conducted over a 375 hectare 4 post claim located centrally on Quadra Island, British Columbia. The property is a precious metal/base metal prospect containing numerous occurrences. The survey was carried out during the months of September, October, and November 1996.

A detailed description of the rock types encountered is provided, along with the character and dimension of veins and mineralized zones, and results of rock assays. The survey was conducted by Rand Hodgson of 5674 Marlatt Ave., Powell River, B.C. V8A 4E7

Property Description, Location and Access

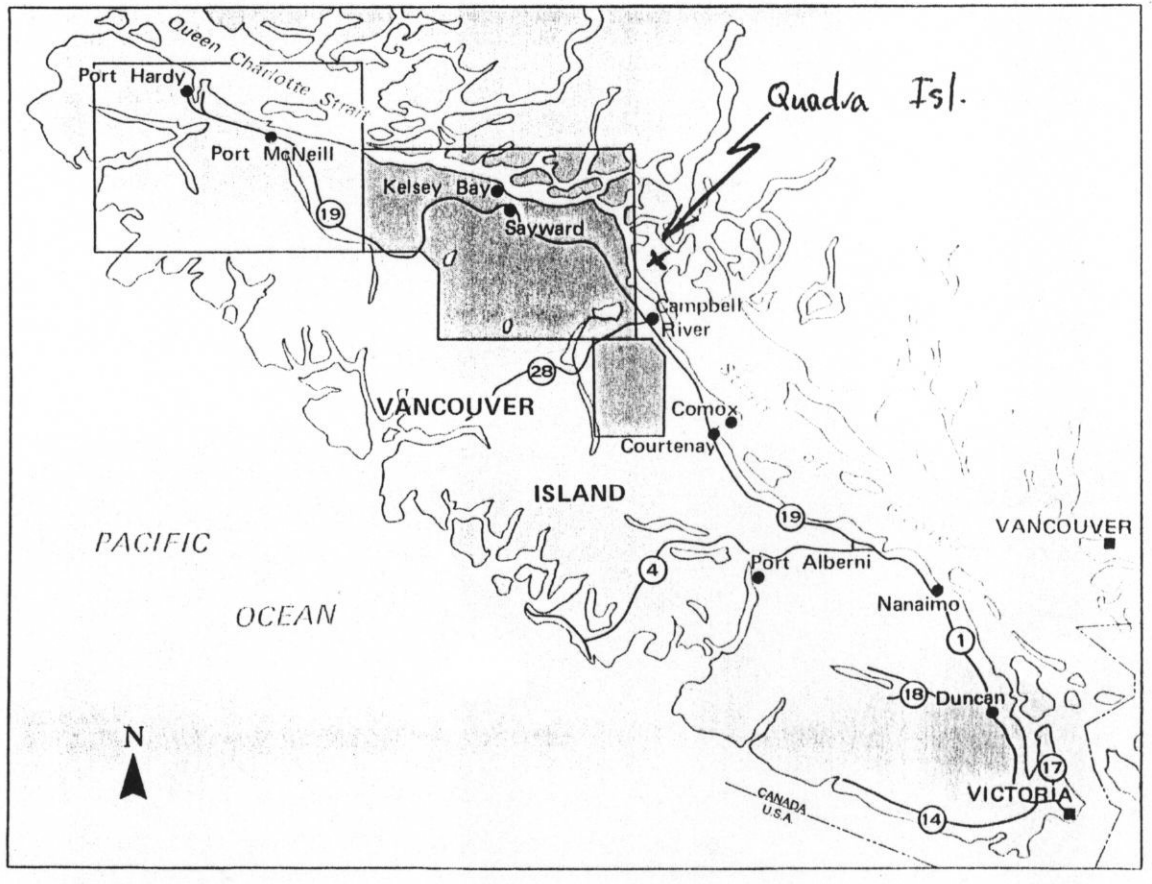
The W.P.R. property consists of 15 claim units of $500m^2$ each, located in central Quadra Island, Nanaimo Minining Division, N.T.S. Reference Sheet No. 92 K 3 Quadra Island. It is approximately eighteen kilometers due north of the town of Campbell River. Access is by car ferry to Quadra Island, then by road to the southern portion of the property.

The claims were staked October 5, 1995 by Rand Hodgson, and are registered same.

Topography and Overburden

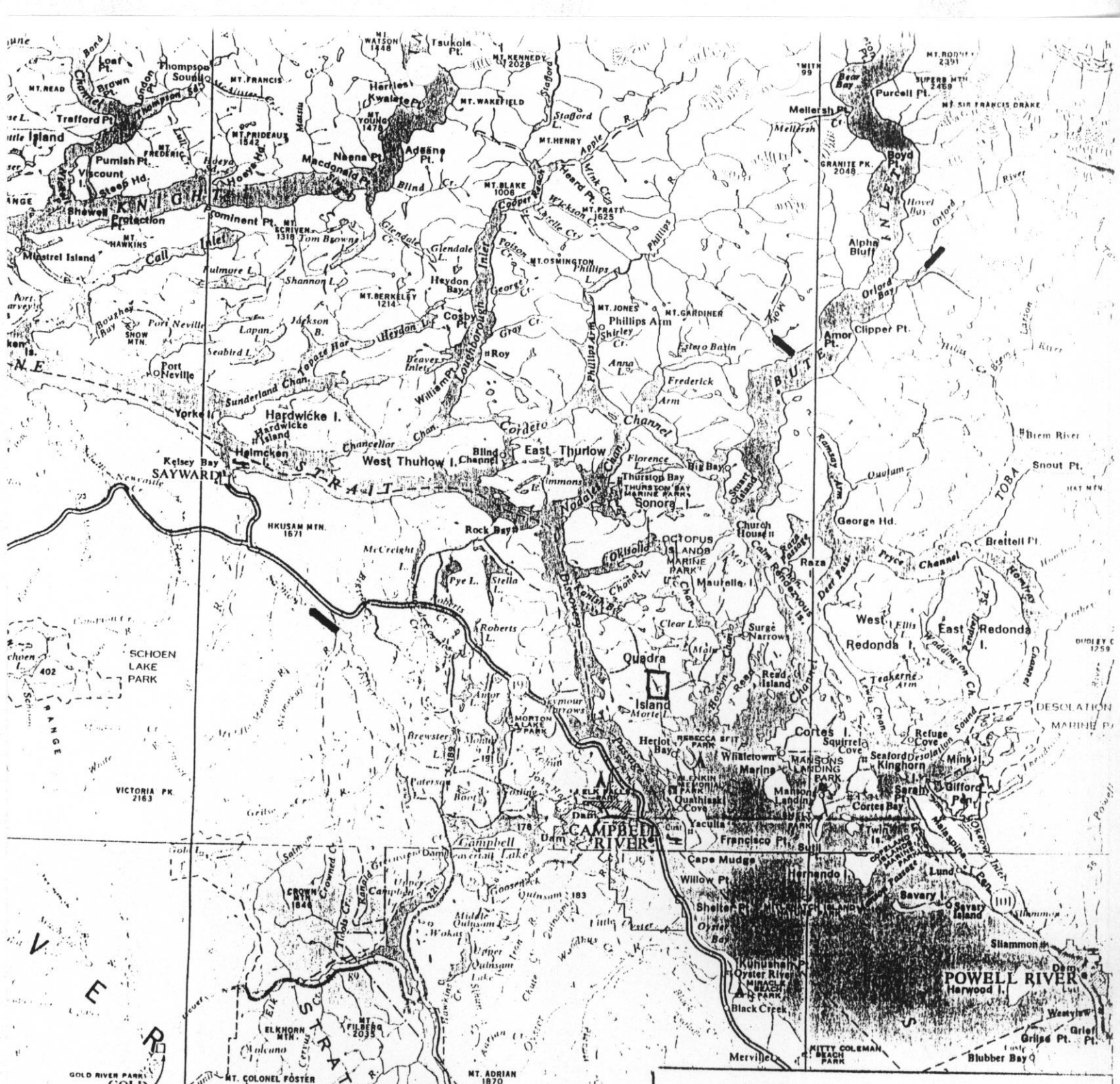
The topographic features correspond to the geology, i.e. striking N 30^0W. Four to six hundred foot ridges separate a central valley which corresponds to the mineralized limestone belt which was the target of the staking. These features are probably attributed to differential erosion of the softer limestones, rather than to block faulting which has been suggested by most previous geological reports.

The side of the ridge west of the limestone belt is covered with a thick layer of glacial till. Fortunately, most of the till appears to overlie the Karmutzen volcanic unit west of the limestones. The target mineralized limestone is relatively flat and/or hummocky with well dispersed outcrop exposure separated by thin layers of overburden only.



W.P.R. CLAIMS

LOCATION MAP

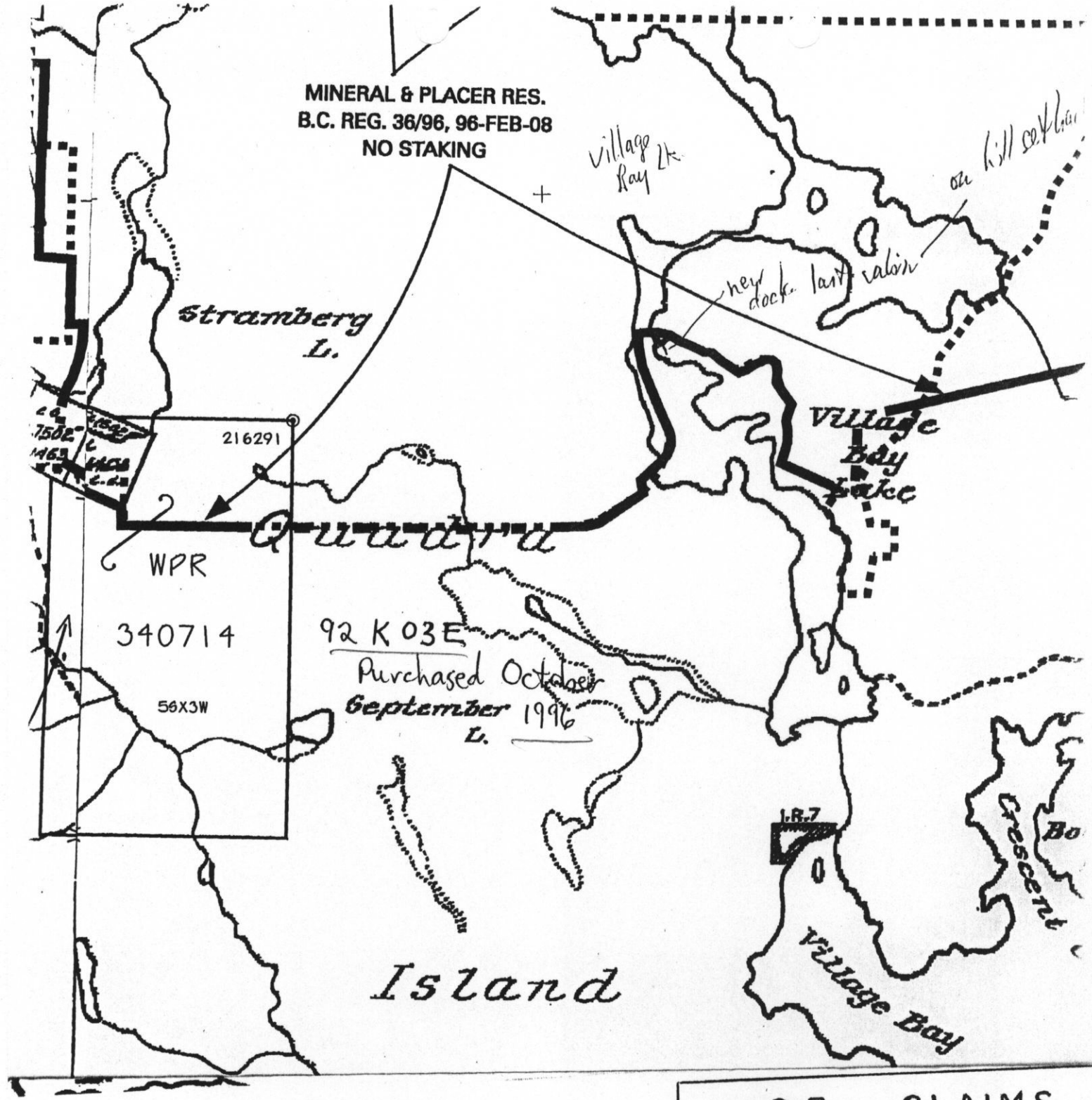


W.P.R. CLAIMS

DETAILED LOCATION MAP

Scale 1:250,000

pg 3.



W.P.R. CLAIMS

CLAIMS LOCATION MAP

QUADRA ISLAND, B.C.

Scale 1:31,680

Regional Geology

The following excellent summary of the regional geology is taken from the B.C. Ministry of Energy, Mines Petroleum Resources *Minfile # 92 K 86*

"The geology of Quadra Island consists of limestones and volcanic rocks in contact with the Juro-Cretaceous Coast Plutonic Complex. Striking northwest through the centre of the island is a soft, dark, banded, tightly folded, crystalline limestone of the Upper Triassic Quatsino Formation. The banding is caused by argillaceous layers a few centimetres thick. To the southwest and stratigraphically below are finely porphyritic andesites of the Upper Triassic Karmutsen Formation. Locally, the volcanics are basaltic and may exhibit pillow and pyroclastic features. The Quatsino Formation limestone and Karmutsen Formation volcanic rocks are intimately interbedded along the cenral zone of the island, which is known historically as the "lime belt". The "lime belt" crosses the island in a northwest direction from Open Bay to Deepwater Bay The north-eastern edge of the belt is in contact (partly intrusive, partly faulted) with the Jurassic to Cretaceous Coast Plutonic Complex. It ranges from quartz diorite to granodiorite in composition."

Table of Lithological Units

Stratified Rocks

- Upper Triassic Vancouver Group
    - Parson Bay Formation: dark limy shale, calcarenite, wacke
    - Quatsino Formation: mainly thick-bedded, light grey bioclastic limestone
    - Karmutsen Formation
        Lava flows, pillow lava, minor limestone, shale within Quastino Formation

Plutonic Rocks

- Granodiorite, Quartz diorite, Diorite, Gabbro

Hypabyssal Rocks

- Felsite

Summary of Previous Exploration and Development

The mineral potential on Quadra Island has been known since the late 1800s. Ore has been produced from the Lucky Jim Mine (Crown Grant L. # 723) where reserves still stand at 13,000 tonnes of 17g Ag, 11g Au, 2% Cu.

There is little doubt that precious metal production from the island is significantly higher than what the literature suggests. The frequency and size of old workings seen on this property alone -- together with extremely high gold assay values -- guarantees that a certain level of unreported production occurred.

In more recent times, the property has been the target of all manner of exploration, including geophysical, geochemical surveys, and limited diamond drilling.

Some companies involved in this exploration include the following:

- Prince Stewart Mines (1972) (various assessment reports)
- Great Bear Mining Ltd. (1975) (Assessment Report 5680)
- Greenwich Resources Inc. (1981) (Assessment Report 10538)
- Lone Jack Resources (1987) (Assessment Report 17797)
- Nation River Resources (1987) (Assessment Report 16143)

Placer Dome currently owns Crown Grant # 1463 which covers an adit on the south shore of Stramberg Lake.

Summary of 1996 Exploration Work

The 1996 field program consisted of the physical excavation and sampling of three pre-existing trenches, two from the September Lake Occurrence (Minfile #92 K 86) and one from the Wing occurrence (Min File # 92 K 101). Detailed geology and sample locations (maps 1-3) are provided. Channel samples were taken across a 2 meter zone of alteration from the September occurrence and a 4 meter zone of alteration from the Wing occurrence.

Prospecting was concentrated on a 150 meter wide zone of alteration/mineralization consisting of series' of parallel limestone beds within the Karmutsen volcanics. Vertically dipping beds of basalt seem to act as the control for deposition of the interbedded mineralization. Bedded quartz veins (silicified volcanics?) include chalcopyrite, pyrite, pyrrhotite, arsenopyrite and gold.

The zone was explore for a length of 1000 meters in the area between the Wing & September occurrences (map 4). The zone was traversed across strike (60^0 - 240^0 lines; 50 m spacing) using pace and compass method of navigation. Good control was maintained using the creeks, trails, and road criss-crossing the zone.

Property Geology and Mineralization

The property overlies a complete section of the Quatsino limestone with parts of the Karmutsen basalts on its western flank and parts of the Coast Pluton to the east. The limestone unit strikes N 30^0W across the length of the claim group and has an average thickness of 1000 metres. Skarn alteration is common throughout the limestone.

This report focuses on two MINFILE occurrences described as follows:

MINFILE # 92 K 86 "September Lake"
Classification - P.M.E. Skarn
Mineralization - Pyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite, bornite, pyrolusite and minor quartz. Significant gold values associated with all the mineral types

sources: *MINFILE capsule geology;*
Sheppard, E.P. (1972) Geological Report on the Contact Claims for Prince Stewart Mines;
Hodgson's geochemical survey (1995).

Host Rock - basalt/limestone contact. Mineralization exposed in numerous trenches 400m along strike, 50m across; massive sulphide mainly hosted by limestone
Highest Reported Assay - 158g/tonne Au; 61g/tonne Ag; 0.9% Cu (grab sample)
*Note: lowest sample from many 27g/tonne Au

MINFILE # 92 K 101"Wing & Hall Showings"
Note: MINFILE capsule geology reports two separate showings in the same general vicinity.
"Wing Showing"
Classification - hydrothermal
Mineralization - quartz veins with pyrite and pyrrhotite
Host Rock - volcanic/ limestone contact, intrusives also present
Highest Reported Assay - 1oz/ton Au, 4 oz/ton Ag from grab samples

source: *Sheppard, 1972, Prince Stewart Mines Contact Claims.*

"Hall Showing" - reported east of wing showing

Classification - hydrothermal

Mineralization - pyrite and pyrrhotite

Host Rock - 4ft thick quartz vein at limestone volcanic contact

Highest Reported Assay - 168g/tonne Au, 83 g/tonne Ag, 5% Cu from grab samples (Sheppard, 1972, Prince Stewart Mines)

Results and Recommendations

The purpose of this program was to delineate the rock type/depositional environment and exact location of know high grade gold values associated with the Wing & September occurrence. Preliminary sampling from last years' program by Hodgson indicated values up to 3.15 oz/ton closely associated with chalcopyrite bearing quartz veins.

Detailed prospecting, trenching and sampling in the vicinity of the Wing & September showings have failed to locate the source of these high values. All of the samples greater than 1.0 oz/ton were taken from dump material at the September occurrence. Quartz vein material taken from trench #2 did routinely assay 0.7-1.0 oz/ton (samples 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 42) but channel sample results failed to correlate with widths with values. The success of the program stems from the identification of a clearly regional gold bearing alteration zone of major dimensions (180 m X 1000 m). Within this zone, mineralized limestone and Karmutsen volcanics are interbedded and control the deposition of enriched quartz veins at the contacts. Stratigraphic control of the quartz veins at limestone/volcanic contacts suggest a syngenetic volcano-sedimentary deposition - possibly the quartz veins are actually re-crystallized siliceous sediments. These bedded quartz veins (cherts??) contain anomalous quantities of pyrite, chalcopyrite, pyrrhotite, arsenopyrite and gold.

Large amounts of overburden has made prospecting difficult. Since this fertile gold depositional environment should not be discounted, alternate methods of exploration must be used.

It is recommended that the identified gold zone deserves the benefit of a detailed geophysical survey using the most sensitive instruments available. e.g. (I.P. induced polarization). Also, a mechanized stripping program would be useful in the immediate vicinity of trench #2 of the September showing.

Statement of Qualifications

I, Rand Hodgson, of 5674 Marlatt Ave., Powell River, B.C. do hereby certify that:

1.) I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Geology from the University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, 1977.

2.) I have based conclusions and recommendations contained in this report on knowledge gained from eighteen (18) years experience in gold and base metal exploration, and on results of field work on the property.

Dec 9 | 96

Rand Hodgson, B.Sc., B.Ed.

Appendix I Sample Descriptions

RH1 Quartz vein with 10% disseminated py, cpy, po., no carbonate

RH2 " " "

RH3 " " "

RH4 10% diss. po. in silicified volcanic, no carbonate

RH5 " " "

RH7 Interm. volcanic with massive arseno?, minor cpy.

RH8 Same as RH7

RH9 Massive po., py. (or arsenopyrite?)

RH10 Massive po., py. (or arsenopyrite?)

RH11 Quartz vein with cpy., py., arsenopyrite (5-10%)

RH12 Quartz vein with " " "

RH13 Same

RH14 Same

RH15 Limestone, 20% py.

RH16 Quartz and cpy.

RH17 Pale blue quartz with 20% cpy. - from dump material

RH18 Quartz with 5% py cpy. in limestone

RH19 " " "

RH20 Quartz vein with minor py in volcanic host

RH21 Quartz with py. cpy.

RH22 Quartz vein with minor py. in volcanics

RH23 Grey sediment and qtz. with minor cpy. from dump

RH24 Quartz/sulfide material from shear zone in Wing showing

RH25 " " "

RH26 Basalt with diss. py. po. - Wing showing

RH27 " " "

RH28 Bull quartz from Hall showing

RH29 White bull quartz with 5% cpy. blebs - Hall showing

RH30 " " "

RH31 White quartz with 20% cpy. blebs.

RH32 " " "

RH33
RH34
RH35 — Channel sample from September occurrence - 5 samples across 2 meters
RH36
RH37

RH38 Quartz with py. po. cpy. arseno - from dump

RH39 " " "

RH40 Mafic volcanic from dump 10-20% diss. py.

RH41 " " "

RH42
RH43 — Channel sample from September occurrence - 3 samples across 1 meter
RH44

RH45
RH46
RH47
RH48
RH49 — Channel from Wing showing - 10 samples across 4 meters
RH50
RH51
RH52
RH53
RH54

RH55 Silicified volcanic with minor py.

RH56 Quartz with 10% py. limestone/volcanic contact

Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists * Geochemists * Registered Assayers

212 Brooksbank Ave., North Vancouver
British Columbia, Canada V7J 2C1
PHONE: 604-984-0221 FAX: 604-984-0218

To: HODGSON, STEVEN **

5674 MARLATT
POWELL RIVER, BC

Project :
Comments:

Page Number :1
Total Pages :1
Certificate Date: 02-OCT-96
Invoice No. :I9634187
P.O. Number :
Account :OED

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS A9634187

SAMPLE	PREP CODE		Au g/t FA+AA	Au FA g/t		oz/T						
01	205	226	2.38	-----		0.09						
02	205	226	0.490	-----		0.016						
03	205	226	0.620	-----		0.02						
04	205	226	0.440	-----		0.014						
05	205	226	2.90	-----		0.096						
06	205	226	0.110	-----		0.003						
07	205	226	6.20	-----		0.206						
08	205	226	7.56	-----		0.25						
09	205	226	>12.00	12.48		0.416						
10	205	226	1.970	-----		0.065						

CERTIFICATION:

Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists * Geochemists * Registered Assayers

212 Brooksbank Ave., North Vancouver
British Columbia, Canada V7J 2C1
PHONE: 604-984-0221 FAX: 604-984-0218

To: HODGSON, STEVEN **

5674 MARLATT
POWELL RIVER, BC

Project :
Comments: ATTN: S. HODGSON

Page Number :1
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Certificate Date: 01-NOV-96
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P.O. Number :
Account :OED

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS A9638417

SAMPLE	PREP CODE		Au FA oz/T								
11	205	226	0.893								
12	205	226	0.539								
13	205	226	0.854								
14	205	226	0.230								
15	205	226	0.752								
16	205	226	0.099								
17	205	226	4.215								
18	205	226	0.082								
19	205	226	0.095								
20	205	226	0.027								
21	205	226	0.013								
22	205	226	0.137								
23	205	226	0.339								
24	205	226	0.247								
25	205	226	0.190								
26	205	226	0.023								
27	205	226	0.003								
28	205	226	0.007								
29	205	226	0.002								
30	205	226	0.003								
31	205	226	0.004								
32	205	226	0.053								

CERTIFICATION: Thank Vonk

Chemex Labs Ltd.

Analytical Chemists * Geochemists * Registered Assayers

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PHONE: 604-984-0221 FAX: 604-984-0218

To: HODGSON, RANDY **

5674 MARLATT
POWELL RIVER, BC
V8A 4E7

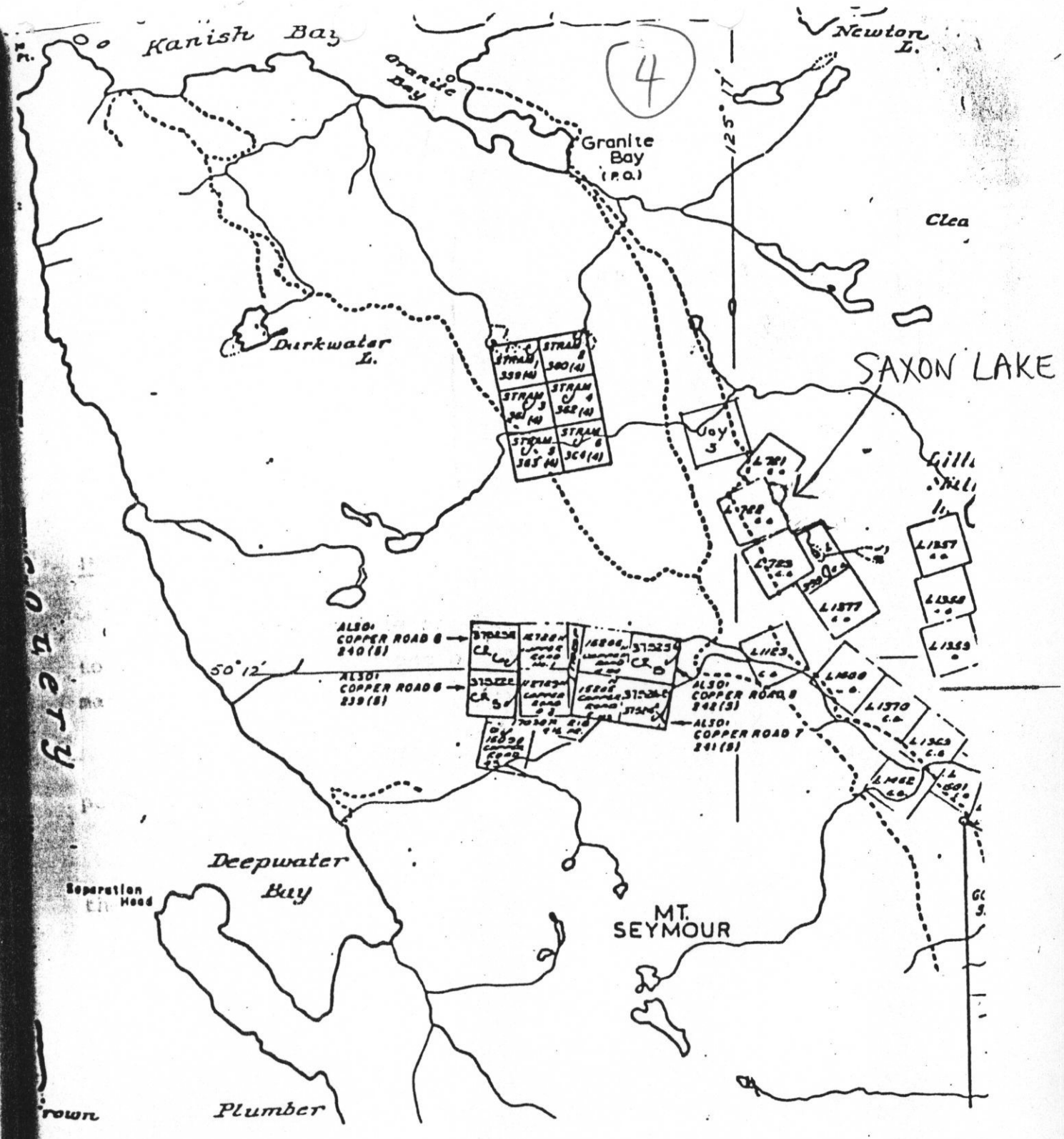
Project :
Comments: ATTN:R.HODGSON

Page Number :1
Total Pages :1
Certificate Date: 21-NOV-96
Invoice No. :I9640323
P.O. Number :
Account :OED

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS A9640323

SAMPLE	PREP CODE		Au FA oz/T
33	208	226	0.041
34	208	226	0.011
35	208	226	0.066
36	208	226	0.010
37	208	226	0.162
38	208	226	1.506
39	208	226	1.031
40	208	226	0.318
41	208	226	0.363
42	208	226	1.040
43	208	226	0.058
44	208	226	0.186
45	208	226	0.082
46	208	226	< 0.002
47	208	226	0.006
48	208	226	0.100
49	208	226	0.012
50	208	226	0.165
51	208	226	0.031
52	208	226	0.002
53	208	226	< 0.002
54	208	226	< 0.002
55	208	226	< 0.002
56	208	226	< 0.002

CERTIFICATION:



IDA MAY RESOURCES LTD.

JOY PROPERTY

QUADRA ISLAND

Nanaimo Mining Division

CLAIM MAP

Scale 1 - 50,000

Summary of Prospecting Activity in the Vicinity of Saxon Lake, Quadra Island, British Columbia N.T.S 092 K 03 W

As part of the Quadra Island program, several traverses were carried out in the vicinity of Saxon Lake, a small lake located 3 km north northwest from the W.P.R. claim goup in the same mineralized Quatsino limestone unit.

Two reconnaissance traverses were planned to include the examination of two known unstaked occurrences: MINFILE #'s 092 K 014 and 092 K 107.

MINFILE # 092 K 107 "Joy"

- highest reported assay 926 g/tonne Au across 30 cm of quartz vein (Ministry of Mines Annual Report - 1926)

MINFILE # 092 K 014 "Trilby"

- P.M.E. Cu skarn 3.5 g/tonne Au; 89g/tonne Ag; 6% Cu (Ministry of Mines Annual Report - 1916 pg 345)
- massive cpy, po, with quartz, garnet, epidote, hornblende in an andesite host. Ore body is 2.5 m. thick, exposed for 90 m.

Only the Joy property (926g/tonne Au reported) was located. Three samples were taken from a mineralized limestone/basalt contact in a pit on the south-east shore of Saxon Lake (RH #'s 30-32) Two other mineralized outcrops were also sampled during these traverses (Rh#'s 29,33) See map #2.

Sources: *i)* *B.C. Government MINFILEs*

ii) *Ida May Resources, "Joy Property Report", Quadra Island*

RUN DATE: 04/05/96

MINFILE NUMBER: 092K 107 NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY:

NAME(S): PLATO, JOY 2

STATUS: Prospect MINING DIVISION: Nanaimo
NTS MAP: 092K03W UTM ZONE: 10
LATITUDE: 50 12 39 NORTHING: 5564350
LONGITUDE: 125 16 39 EASTING: 337500
ELEVATION: 0075 Metres
LOCATION ACCURACY: Within 500M
COMMENTS: Located near the eastern shore of Saxon Lake about 3.5 kilometres southeast of Granite Bay.

COMMODITIES: Gold Silver Zinc Copper

MINERALS

SIGNIFICANT: Pyrite Pyrrhotite Chalcopyrite
ASSOCIATED: Quartz
MINERALIZATION AGE: Unknown
ISOTOPIC AGE: DATING METHOD: Unknown MATERIAL DATED:

DEPOSIT

CHARACTER: Vein
CLASSIFICATION: Hydrothermal Epigenetic
TYPE: Polymetallic veins Ag-Pb-Zn

HOST ROCK

DOMINANT HOST ROCK: Volcanic

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE	GROUP	FORMATION	IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Karmutsen	

LITHOLOGY: Andesite

GEOLOGICAL SETTING

TECTONIC BELT: Insular PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA: Georgia Depression
TERRANE: Wrangell

INVENTORY

ORE ZONE: VEIN

CATEGORY: Assay/analysis YEAR: 1926
SAMPLE TYPE: Grab

COMMODITY	GRADE	
Silver	10.2900	Grams per tonne
Gold	51.4300	Grams per tonne
Zinc	1.0000	Per cent

COMMENTS: Sample across 30 centimetres.
REFERENCE: Minister of Mines Annual Report 1926

CAPSULE GEOLOGY

The area is underlain by Upper Triassic Karmutsen Formation volcanic rocks of the Vancouver Group. These are interbedded with, and overlain to the northeast by a northwest trending belt of Quatsino Formation limestone (Vancouver Group) known historically as the 'lime-belt'. The Vancouver Group rocks are in fault and/or intrusive contact to the northeast with intrusive rocks of the Juro-Cretaceous Coast Plutonic Complex.

A pyritic quartz vein from 5 to 45 centimetres wide, strikes 160 degrees and dips 80 degrees. The vein cuts andesite and can be traced for about 100 metres. Two shafts, considerable open cutting, trenching and stripping were done on the prospect prior to 1911. A sample across 30 centimetres assayed 51.43 grams per tonne gold, 10.29 grams per tonne silver and 1 per cent zinc. Another sample over 30 centimetres assayed 926 grams per tonne gold and 103 grams per tonne silver (Minister of Mines Annual Report 1926).

A shear containing pyrite, pyrrhotite and traces of chalcopyrite were examined in 1984 (Assessment Report 12467).

BIBLIOGRAPHY

EMPR AR *1926-313
EMPR ASS RPT *10357, *12467
EMPR EXPL 1981-270; 1984-236; 1987-C218
EMPR BULL 23, 40
GSC SUM RPT 1913, pp. 53-75
GSC MEM 23, 146pp.
GSC MAP 120A; 1386A
GSC OF 463; 480
GSC P 70-1A, pp. 44-49; 71-1A, pp. 31-33; 72-1A, pp. 21-23; 73-1A,

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH - MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION
MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES

RUN DATE: 04/05/96

MINFILE NUMBER: 092K 014 NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY: 092K3 Au3

NAME(S): TRILBY

STATUS: Prospect MINING DIVISION: Nanaimo
NTS MAP: 092K03W UTM ZONE: 10
LATITUDE: 50 12 29 NORTHING: 5564000
LONGITUDE: 125 16 13 EASTING: 338000
LOCATION ACCURACY: Within 1 KM
COMMENTS: Located 4 kilometres southeast from Granite Bay and 800 metres east from the logging-railroad (Minister of Mines Annual Report 1916).

COMMODITIES: Gold Silver Copper

MINERALS

SIGNIFICANT: Pyrrhotite Chalcopyrite
ASSOCIATED: Quartz Hornblende
ALTERATION: Quartz Garnet Epidote Hornblende
ALTERATION TYPE: Silicific'n Skarn
MINERALIZATION AGE: Unknown
ISOTOPIC AGE: DATING METHOD: Unknown MATERIAL DATED:

DEPOSIT

CHARACTER: Massive
CLASSIFICATION: Skarn
TYPE: Cu skarn
DIMENSION: 0090 x 0002 Metres STRIKE/DIP: TREND/PLUNGE:

HOST ROCK

DOMINANT HOST ROCK: Volcanic

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE	GROUP	FORMATION	IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Karmutsen	
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Quatsino	
Mesozoic-Cenozoic			Coast Plutonic Complex

LITHOLOGY: Andesite
Granitic Intrusive
Limestone
Dike

HOST ROCK COMMENTS: Skarn mineralization occurs in andesite near granitic contact. Limestone outcrops nearby.

GEOLOGICAL SETTING

TECTONIC BELT: Insular PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA: Georgia Depression
TERRANE: Wrangell

INVENTORY

ORE ZONE: DUMP

CATEGORY: Assay/analysis YEAR: 1916
SAMPLE TYPE: Grab

COMMODITY	GRADE	
Silver	89.1400	Grams per tonne
Gold	3.4300	Grams per tonne
Copper	6.2000	Per cent

REFERENCE: Minister of Mines Annual Report 1916, page 345

CAPSULE GEOLOGY

The area is underlain by Upper Triassic Karmutsen Formation volcanic rocks of the Vancouver Group. These are interbedded with, and overlain to the northeast by a northwest trending belt of Quatsino Formation limestone (Vancouver Group) known historically as the 'lime-belt'. The Vancouver Group rocks are in fault and/or intrusive contact to the northeast with intrusive rocks of the Juro-Cretaceous Coast Plutonic Complex.

The Trilby skarn deposit occurs within a metamorphic zone of grey to green andesitic rock near its contact with granitic intrusive rocks and about 15 metres from a body of limestone. A narrow andesite dyke occurs in the orebody and roughly follows the strike of the ore. The deposit consists of pyrrhotite with associated chalcopyrite occurring in a gangue of quartz, garnetite, epidote and hornblende.

The strike of the orebody is nearly west. The dip varies from 30 degrees south to almost vertical. The orebody is exposed along strike by a series of open cuts for a distance of 90 metres. A 6 metre deep incline shaft sunk on the deposit exposes a 2.4 metre maximum ore thickness.

A grab sample from the dump at the mouth of the shaft assayed 3.43 grams per tonne gold, 89.14 grams per tonne silver and 6.2 per cent copper (Minister of Mines Annual Report 1916).

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY BRANCH - MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION
MINISTRY OF ENERGY, MINES AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES

RUN DATE: 04/05/96

MINFILE NUMBER: 092K 097 NATIONAL MINERAL INVENTORY:

NAME(S): REBECCA, GOLD THREAD

STATUS: Prospect MINING DIVISION: Nanaimo
NTS MAP: 092K03W UTM ZONE: 10
LATITUDE: 50 11 56 NORTHING: 5563000
LONGITUDE: 125 16 24 EASTING: 337750
ELEVATION: 0090 Metres
LOCATION ACCURACY: Within 1 KM
COMMENTS: The Rebecca claims were staked in 1932 covering the old Gold Thread claims. The workings are 400 metres at 120 degrees from the house of Mr. Stromberg; the house is approximately 5.0 kilometres southeast from Granite Bay (Stevenson, 1938). Map 120A places it just south of the Lucky Jim (092K 015), Geological Survey of Canada Summary Report 1913. The occurrence may occur on one of the crown grant claims in the area.

COMMODITIES: Copper Gold

MINERALS

SIGNIFICANT: Chalcopyrite Pyrrhotite Pyrite Gold Sylvanite Telluride
COMMENTS: Economic minerals occur as sparse disseminations in quartz vein.
ASSOCIATED: Quartz
MINERALIZATION AGE: Unknown
ISOTOPIC AGE: DATING METHOD: Unknown MATERIAL DATED:

DEPOSIT

CHARACTER: Vein
CLASSIFICATION: Hydrothermal Epigenetic
TYPE: Cu-Ag quartz veins

HOST ROCK

DOMINANT HOST ROCK: Volcanic

STRATIGRAPHIC AGE	GROUP	FORMATION	IGNEOUS/METAMORPHIC/OTHER
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Karmutsen	

LITHOLOGY: Porphyritic Andesite
Andesite Dike

GEOLOGICAL SETTING

TECTONIC BELT: Insular PHYSIOGRAPHIC AREA: Georgia Depression
TERRANE: Wrangell

CAPSULE GEOLOGY

The area is underlain by Upper Triassic Karmutsen Formation volcanic rocks of the Vancouver Group. These are interbedded with, and overlain to the northeast by a northwest trending belt of Quatsino Formation limestone (Vancouver Group) known historically as the 'lime-belt'. The Vancouver Group rocks are in fault and/or intrusive contact to the northeast with intrusive rocks of the Juro-Cretaceous Coast Plutonic Complex.

The Gold Thread showing consists of a lenticular quartz vein striking 155 degrees and dipping 70 degrees to the northeast. The vein follows tight shearing occurring within porphyritic andesite that is also cut by numerous fine-grained andesite dykes.

The vein/lens ranges from 2 to 30 centimetres in thickness. The quartz is sparsely mineralized containing occasional particles of chalcopyrite, pyrrhotite, pyrite, native gold and a black lustrous telluride identified as sylvanite. Two samples, 20 and 30 centimetres in width, both assayed nil in gold and silver (Stevenson, J.D., 1938).

BIBLIOGRAPHY

EMPR PF (*Special Report on the Rebecca claims for Minister of Mines Annual Report 1938 by J.S. Stevenson)
EMPR BULL 23: 40
GSC SUM RPT *1913, p. 72
GSC MEM 23, 146pp.
GSC MAP 120A; 1386A
GSC OF 463: 480
GSC P 70-1A, pp. 44-49; 71-1A, pp. 31-33; 72-1A, pp. 21-23; 73-1A, pp. 42,43

DATE CODED: 850724 CODED BY: GSB FIELD CHECK: N
DATE REVISED: 890510 REVISED BY: GJP FIELD CHECK: N