

Table 1. Prospective Areas in British Columbia for Intrusion-related Gold-Tungsten-Bismuth Veins.

Area	Major Intrusions	Terrane	Mineral Occurrences	RGS Data	Comments
<b>MID-CRETACEOUS INTRUSIONS</b>					
Loglung-Cassiar	Cassiar and Thudaka batholiths	Cassiar, Slide Mountain	W veins and skarns, W-Mo porphyry (Loglung), beryl, placer Au, Au-quartz veins	No Au, Bi, Sn for 104 O and P; no data for 094L; abundant W anomalies; very weak W+Au response on 104I	interesting potential further east in North American Craton (beryl and W occurrences in Horsaranch Range area, Boysa Hill W occurrences and Au placers)
Germansen Landing	Meslinka Pluton; Oslinka stock; Quesnellia, Cassiar		placer Au and Au-W, Au-quartz veins, pegmatite and beryl localities, a few W vein occurrences away from larger intrusions	no Sn data; numerous Au-W and W anomalies	placer Au and pegmatites near Williston Lake may be related
Prince George (south)	Naver Pluton	Kootenay, Cassiar, Slide Mountain	Au-W-Bi veins, polymetallic veins, numerous Au-quartz and W veins and skarns, minor placer Au, pegmatite and beryl occurrences	no Au or Bi, Sn only for 93G/H; numerous W anomalies	includes mesothermal quartz veins in Barkerville gold camp; however, there are no directly associated intrusions
Valmont-Revelstoke-Kimberley	Battle Range, Bugaboo, Horsechief, Fry Creek, and White Creek batholiths	North American Craton	Au-W-Bi veins, polymetallic veins, numerous Au-quartz and W veins and skarns, minor placer Au, pegmatite and beryl occurrences	Bi only for 82G and J; no Sn for 82M and N; numerous Au-W, Sn+Au, W, and a few Au-W+Sn anomalies	some W vein occurrences do not appear to have been sampled for Au
Creston area (southeast of Nelson)	Bayona and Rykert (Kaniku) batholiths	North American Craton	Au-W veins, Au occurrences, Sn veins, W porphyry, W veins, Sn porphyry, beryl	no Bi for 82F; a few Au-W anomalies, low Sn values may reflect analytical technique	to the east find W veins, Au placers and polymetallic veins
Salmo Camp (east of Trail)	Lost Creek Pluton; Wallace Creek and Hidden Creek stocks	Kootenay	Au-quartz veins, Au-W-Bi veins, minor placer Au	no Bi for 82F; a number of Au-W anomalies, low Sn values may reflect analytical technique	
<b>LATE CRETACEOUS INTRUSIONS</b>					
Atlin-Cassiar	Surprise Lake, Dawson Peaks, Kinkit and Glundeberry batholiths	Cache Creek, Slide Mountain, Dorsey, Cassiar	placer Au and Au-W, Au-quartz veins, tungsten veins, beryl, Au-W-Bi quartz veins	no Au or Bi data; no Sn data for 104Q and P; numerous W+Sn and W anomalies	Surprise Lake Batholith is the most strongly anomalous area for Sn and W in the province
Hazleton	Bulkeley Intrusions/Rocher Deboule	Stikinia	placer Au, Au veins, polymetallic veins, tungsten veins	no Bi; no Sn for 093E or 093N; numerous Au-W and W anomalies extending north from Hazleton	
Terrace		Stikinia	numerous Au-quartz veins, placer Au, W veins	no Sn or Bi for 103I; a number of Au-W and numerous W anomalies	
Bridge River Camp (west of Lillooet)	Bendor Pluton	Bridge River	numerous Au-quartz veins, Au-W veins, W veins	no Sn or Bi data for 092J and 092O; a number of Au + W and W anomalies	Bridge River mining camp, includes Bralorne (B.C.'s largest lode Au producer)
<b>MIDDLE TO LATE JURASSIC INTRUSIONS</b>					
Nelson	Nelson Batholith	Quesnellia	Au and Au-W placers, Au-quartz veins, polymetallic veins, Au-W veins, pegmatites	no Bi for 082F; Au + W and W anomalies, low Sn values may reflect analytical technique	
southwest of Pentlitzon	Oliver Granite; Ospray Lake Pluton	Quesnellia	Au-quartz veins, W veins, W porphyry	no Sn or Bi for 082E; some Au+W and W anomalies	

**BRITISH COLUMBIA**  
Ministry of Energy and Mines  
Energy and Minerals Division  
Geological Survey Branch

OPEN FILE 1999-3

**PROSPECTIVE AREAS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA  
FOR INTRUSION-RELATED GOLD-TUNGSTEN-BISMUTH VEINS**

By D.V. Lefebvre, M.A. Fournier, and W. Jackaman

Scale: 1:2,000,000

**Intrusive Rocks**

- mid-Cretaceous plutons
- Late-Cretaceous
- all other plutons

The geological data extracted from Geological Survey of Canada Open File 2948 (v. 1.0) by Journeay and Williams (1995).

**Mineral Occurrences**

- gold-tungsten-bismuth quartz veins
- gold-tungsten-bismuth sheeted or stockwork quartz veins
- other lode gold occurrences
- placer gold occurrences
- placer tungsten-gold occurrences
- tungsten vein and vein swarm occurrences
- tungsten skarns
- tungsten porphyry occurrences
- pegmatite occurrences
- beryl occurrences (some with pegmatite)
- tin veins and greissoles
- tin skarns
- tin porphyry occurrences

**Regional Geochemistry Survey Anomalies**

- Au (>26 ppb) + W (>3 ppm) + Sn (>3 ppm)
- Au (>26 ppb) + W (>3 ppm)
- Sn (>3 ppm) + W (>3 ppm)
- W only (>3 ppm)
- \* Sn thresholds for 104N > 12 ppm, 104F > 9 ppm, and 93L > 5 ppm

Data is compiled from the British Columbia regional geochemical survey database of all and most soil and sediment samples. The map sheets that have been sampled are shown in Figure 2. Au, Bi, Sn, and W are available for only some of these sheets. In all cases only samples equal to, or exceeding, the 95th percentile of the database have been included. All data is available from the British Columbia Geological Survey.

**LEGEND**

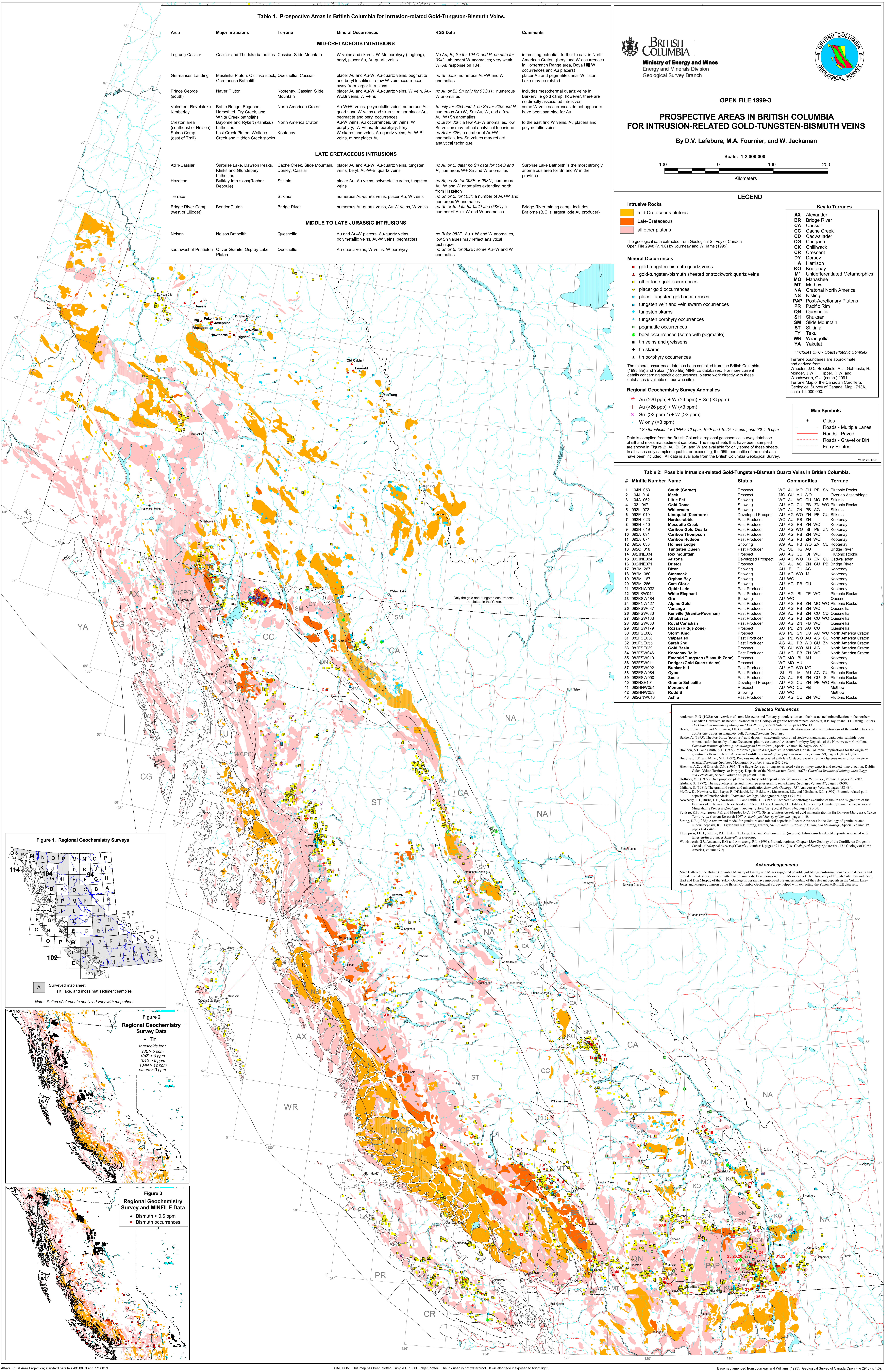
**Key to Terranes**

- AX Alexander
- BR Bridge River
- CA Cassiar
- CC Cache Creek
- CD Cadwallader
- CG Clugach
- CK Chilliwack
- CR Crosscut
- DY Dorsey
- HA Harrison
- HO Horsechief
- MO Manashee
- MT Metathrust
- NA North American Craton
- NS Nisling
- PAP Post-Accretionary Plutons
- PR Pacific Rim
- QNS Quesnellia
- SH Shuksan
- SM Slide Mountain
- ST Stikinia
- TY Taku
- WR Wrangellia
- YA Yakutat

Terrane boundaries are approximate and derived from: Wheeler, J.O., Brookfield, A.J., Gabrielse, H., Monger, J.W.H., Tupper, J.R., and Woodsworth, G.J. (comp.) 1991. Terrane Map of the Canadian Cordillera. Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1713A, scale 1:2,000,000.

**Map Symbols**

- Cities
- Roads - Multiple Lanes
- Roads - Single Lane
- Roads - Paved
- Roads - Gravel or Dirt
- Ferry Routes



**Table 2: Possible Intrusion-related Gold-Tungsten-Bismuth Quartz Veins in British Columbia.**

#	Minfile Number	Name	Status	Commodities	Terrane
1	104N 053	South (Garnet)	Prospect	WO AU MO CU PB SN	Plutonic Rocks
2	104J 014	Mack	Prospect	WO AU WO	Overlap Assemblage
3	104A 062	Little Pat	Showing	WO AU AG CU MO PB	Stikinia
4	103H 047	Gold Dome	Showing	AU AG CU PB ZN WO	Plutonic Rocks
5	093L 073	Whitecreek	Showing	WO AU ZN AU	Stikinia
6	093E 019	Lindquist (Deerhorn)	Developed Prospect	AU AG WO ZN PB CU	Stikinia
7	093H 023	Herdarable	Past Producer	WO AU PB ZN	Kootenay
8	093H 010	Moosefoot Creek	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	Kootenay
9	093H 019	Cariboo Gold Quartz	Past Producer	AU AG WO BI PB ZN	Kootenay
10	093A 091	Cariboo Thompson	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	Kootenay
11	093A 011	Cariboo Hudson	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	Kootenay
12	093A 038	Holmes Ledge	Showing	AG AU PB WO ZN CU	Kootenay
13	093O 018	Tungsten Queen	Prospect	WO AG AU	Bridge River
14	092JN034	Rex mountain	Prospect	AU AG CU BI WO	Plutonic Rocks
15	092JN024	Arizona	Developed Prospect	WO AU AG PB ZN CU	Cadwallader
16	092JN071	Bristol	Showing	WO AU AG CU	Bridge River
17	082M 267	Bizar	Showing	AU BI CU AG	Kootenay
18	082M 080	Stanback	Showing	AU AG WO MI	Kootenay
19	082M 167	Orphan Bay	Showing	AU WO	Kootenay
20	082M 266	Cam-Gloria	Showing	AU AG PB CU	Kootenay
21	082KWO32	Ophir Lode	Past Producer	AU	Kootenay
22	082KWO42	White Elephant	Past Producer	AU AG BI TE WO	Plutonic Rocks
23	082KWO184	Oro	Showing	AU AG PB ZN WO	Quesnellia
24	082FW127	Alpine Gold	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	Plutonic Rocks
25	082FW087	Venango	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	Quesnellia
26	082FSW086	Kerwille (Granite-Poorman)	Past Producer	AG AU PB ZN CU	Quesnellia
27	082FSW168	Alhambra	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN CU	Quesnellia
28	082FSW088	Royal Canadian	Past Producer	AU AG PB WO	Quesnellia
29	082FSW179	Rozan (Ridge Zone)	Prospect	AU PB ZN AG CU	Quesnellia
30	082FSW038	Shawn King	Prospect	AG PB SN CU AU	North American Craton
31	082FSW038	Valparaiso	Past Producer	ZN PB WO AU AG CU	North American Craton
32	082FSW055	Sarah 2nd	Past Producer	AG AU PB WO CU ZN	North American Craton
33	082FSW039	Gold Basin	Prospect	PB WO AU AG	North American Craton
34	082FSW046	Kootenay Belle	Past Producer	AU AG PB ZN WO	North American Craton
35	082FSW010	Emerald Tungsten (Bismuth Zone)	Prospect	WO MO BI AU	Kootenay
36	082FSW011	Dodger (Gold Quartz Veins)	Prospect	WO MO AU	Kootenay
37	082FSW002	Bunker hill	Past Producer	AU AG WO MO	Kootenay
38	082ESW084	Gypo	Past Producer	SI FL IM AU AG CU	Plutonic Rocks
39	082ESW090	Susie	Past Producer	AG AU PB ZN CU	Stikinia
40	082HSE101	Granite Scheelite	Developed Prospect	AU AG CU ZN PB WO	Plutonic Rocks
41	082HW054	Monument	Prospect	AU WO CU PB	Melrose
42	082HW053	Road 8	Showing	AU WO	Melrose
43	082HW013	Ashlu	Past Producer	AU AG CU ZN WO	Plutonic Rocks

**Selected References**

Anderson, R.G. (1988). An overview of some Mesozoic and Tertiary plutonic units and their associated mineralization in the northern Canadian Cordillera; in Recent Advances in the Geology of granitoid-related mineral deposits, R.P. Taylor and D.F. Strong, Editors, The Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Special Volume 39, pages 96-131.

Baker, T., Long, J.R., and Mortensen, J.K. (eds.) (1987). Characteristics of mineralization associated with intrusions of the mid-Cretaceous Trough-Tungsten magmatic belt, Yukon. Economic Geology, 82, 1-14.

Bakka, A. (1992). The Fort Knox porphyry gold deposit: structurally controlled stockwork and shear quartz veins, sulphide-poor mineralization hosted by a Late Cretaceous pluton, east-central Alaska. Ph.D. thesis, University of British Columbia.

Brandao, A.D. and Smith, A.D. (1994). Mesozoic granitoid magmatism in southern British Columbia: implications for the origin of granitoid belts in the North American Cordillera. Journal of Geological Research, volume 19, pages 11-27.

Handerson, I.K. and Miller, M.L. (1997). Proximal metals associated with late Cretaceous-early Tertiary igneous rocks of southwestern Alaska. Economic Geology, Monograph Number 9, pages 242-286.

Hitchcock, A.C. and Oswald, C.N. (1995). The Eagle Zone gold-tungsten sheeted vein porphyry deposit and related mineralization, Dublin Gulch, Yukon Territory. in Porphyry Deposits of the Northwesters Cordillera. The Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum, Special Volume 46, pages 803-810.

Hollister, V.J. (1992). On a proposed pliocene porphyry gold deposit model. International Geology Review, Volume 1, pages 295-302.

Johannes, S. (1972). The magmatism and late-mesozoic granitic rock-forming Geology, Volume 2, pages 295-305.

Johannes, S. (1981). The granitoid series and mineralization. Economic Geology, 75th Anniversary Volume, pages 438-484.

McCoy, D., Newberry, R.J., Lavoie, P., D'Amico, J.J., Bakka, A., Mortensen, J.K., and Macdonald, D.L. (1997). Pluton-related gold deposits of Interior Alaska. Economic Geology, Monograph 9, pages 191-241.

Newberry, R.J., Burns, L.E., Swanson, S.E., and Smith, J.E. (1996). Comparative petrologic evolution of the Sn and W granites of the Fairbanks-Circle area, Interior Alaska. In: H. and Hamann, J.L., Editors, Ore-bearing Granite Systems: Petrogenesis and Mineralizing Processes. Geological Society of America, Special Paper 386, pages 141-142.

Prosser, K.H., Mortensen, J.K., and Murphy, D.C. (1997). Styles of intrusion-related gold mineralization in the Dawson-Mayo area, Yukon Territory. in Current Research 1997. Geological Survey of Canada, pages 1-10.

Strong, D.F. (1988). A review and model for granitoid-related mineral deposits. Recent Advances in the Geology of granitoid-related mineral deposits, R.P. Taylor and D.F. Strong, Editors, The Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Special Volume 39, pages 52-65.

Thompson, J.F.H., Sillitoe, R.H., Baker, T., Long, J.R., and Mortensen, J.K. (in press). Intrusion-related gold deposits associated with tungsten in provinces. International Geology Review.

Woodsworth, G.J., Anderson, R.G., and Armstrong, R.L. (1991). Plutonic regimes, Chapter 15. In Geology of the Cordillera Orogen in Canada. Geological Survey of Canada, Number 4, pages 491-531 (also Geological Society of America, The Geology of North America, volume G-3).

